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For Weak NERVES, KIDNEYS, BAD BLOOD, Nervous Prostration, DYSPEPSIA, and all Languid or Debilitated Conditions,

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ARE OF THE KNIFE,

Sufferers of Rectal Diseases.

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the knife, which either kills right out or
victims of the cruel system suffer the
damned while life lasts.
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ry instance.
ne happy results have accompanied my
for all other rectal diseases and

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painless procedure which has never failed
hen patiently persevered in, undisturbed
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may need my services in this specialty, and
ndorsement of many of our best citizens,
of which I have been known for nearly
Notice my address,
M. L. LITCHTENSTADT, M. D.
in Rectal Diseases by the Brinkerhoff
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16 PAGES.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

PAGES 1 to 8.

VOL. XXI. ATLANTA, GEORGIA, SUNDAY MORNING, AUGUST 12, 1888. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

DRY GOODS.

The "Southside" Saving Bank!

NOT A NORTHSIDE RACKET!

But a Place Where Your Dollars and Dimes can be Deposited with Absolute safety, with a Positive Guarantee of from 25 to 50 per cent net Profit on Each Investment.

J. M. High Regulates and Controls

This Plan of Business, and Herewith are the Figures, which Show More Clearly than any Statement which Might be Made How the Money is Saved.

J. M. High and buyers are now in market. New goods are beginning to arrive daily. Space now occupied by summer goods must be had. We will not carry one dollar's worth of summer stuffs which can possibly be sold, however great may be the sacrifice.

Now is the Time to Invest

—IN—

DRY GOODS.

Our stock must and will be sold. Come to see us, and if you are not satisfied that we save you money, we won't ask you to buy.

During the season we have accumulated a big lot of remnants in almost every line. Remnants of Silks, Woolens, Satines, Lawns, White Goods, Laces and Embroideries. They will be sold this week at 50c on the dollar, a net saving to the customer of 50 per cent.

50 pieces figured Challies that have brought 20c all the season now cut to 12½c.

5,000 yards Figured Lawns, best styles and colors, 5c goods, now at 2½c.

300 pieces Pacific Lawns, Cocheco, Batistes and Organdies in figures and stripes that have been 12½c, now to go at 8½c yard. This is a stunner to the trade.

200 pieces fine Ginghams and Chambrays, just the thing for early fall wear, cut from 10 and 12½c to 7½c yard.

Fine line new domestic Satines at 7½c yard, that are worth 12½c all over the country.

Magnificent line of American Satines, worth and sold at 20c yard, now down to 10c a yard, a saving of just one-half.

Good quality white India lawns at 3½c, worth 25 per cent more.

60 pieces cream plaid India linens marked in stock and sold everywhere at 20c, to go now at 10c yard; a saving of 50c on every dollar invested.

100 pieces white lace striped and plaid lawns, slightly damaged, actually worth 20c; savings price 9½c.

Pure linen lawns, stock must be closed, we have too many, take them at just half what they are marked. This is the very best bargain in the house.

Plain white batistes, beautiful sheer goods worth 35c yard, to be sold now at 19½c.

20,000 yards new linens, jaconet and Hamburg embroideries just in Friday, from 5 to 35c; 25 per cent cheaper than they have been this season.

New hand made Torchons, Smyrna and Egyptian laces, just in; all widths and prices from 5c to the best.

High is Badly Stuck

on Fans; you may now have the benefit; feather, gauze and satin fans at your own price. Stock must be sold.

93 Parasols, sun shades and ladies umbrellas left. They must go and go at once. Here they are in five lots, each being from 40 to 50 per cent less than original price.

First lot consists of only 10 parasols, and will be closed at $1.48.

Second lot will be 23, 22 and 24 inch Lyons Silk with sterling silver handles to go at $2.39.

Third lot is 37 ladies' Umbrellas, genuine silver and gold plated handles, $3.33.

Fourth lot, 14 Silk Umbrellas only $4.19.

Fifth lot, 9 extra fine Lyons and Puritan Silk Umbrellas and sun shades at $5.

For early fall wear we have a beautiful line of embroidered scarfs just received from $1 to $3.75, worth 25 per cent more.

An elegant line of Jersey waists in the new shapes, styles and makes from 50c to $6.

For this week we will sell you ladies' black brilliant Lisle thread hose for 33⅓c. Sold everywhere at 50c.

At 50c we will sell ladies' black Silk Hose cannot be matched for less than 75c.

10c Misses' black and colored Lisle thread hose, a bargain at 20c.

87 dozen gents' double heel and toe, full regular made ½ hose 15c, a saving of 25 per cent.

Gents' Lisle thread half hose reduced from 50c to 33⅓c.

IN THE GENTS' FURNISHING DEPARTMENT AT LEAST 33 PER CENT CAN BE SAVED ON EVERY ARTICLE.

One lot gents' fine Silk Scarfs, satin lined, reduced from 50 and 75c to 25c.

200 pair of fine Suspenders, goods that have sold all season at 35c, at 20c a pair, a net saving of 15c a pair.

Fine 4-ply linen cuffs at 12½c a pair, regular price 20c pair.

Plaited Bosom Shirts at 59c each, cannot be matched in city under 75c each.

Our 50c Shirt acknowledged to be the best shirt at the price in the south, at 40c each this week.

Boys' shirt waist, plaited back and front, reduced from 35c to 25c each, a saving of 33 per cent.

Boys' handsome Percale shirt waist reduced from 75c to 50c each, a saving of 50 per cent.

Closing out all summer underwear, ladies' and gentlemen's, at half drice.

Buy Black Silks Now

and save money. Black silks will be sold at High's until September 1st at actual cost. If you want a dress now or later come to see us this week.

Buy black Surah now at 75c; sold at $1.
Black Rhadzma at 75c; former price $1.25.
Satin Rhadmes at $1.12½; well worth $1.50.
Gros Grain Silk worth $2 cut to $1.49; guaranteed to wear. The entire silk stock in the same proportion. Come to High's this week.

LIGHT WEIGHT BLACK GOODS

Must Be Sold!

Double width Albatross, all wool, 50c goods, cut to 35c; a net saving of 15c yard.

40-inch Albatross, all wool, lovely qualities, sold at 75c; now to go at 49c.

Invisible checks, light weight, all wool, 40 inches wide, reduced from 75 to 50c; just 33⅓ per cent under value.

Priestly's silk warp clariette, prettiest black goods on the market, 42 inches wide, extra fine texture and luster, summer weight, formerly $1.50, to go for 90c.

Cream Albatross, all wool, double width at 30c; worth 50c in any market.

44-inch cream Albatross, worth 60c, to go this week at 35c.

Cream twilled lawn tennis flannel, 40-inch wide, suitable for ladies' suits and shirts for gentlemen, washes perfectly, to close at 50c, worth 75c.

Extra fine quality 52-inch cream twilled flannel worth $1.50, to go at 98c.

Everything in Millinery Goods now to go at New York cost.

We place on sale this week all our C. P. & P. D. corsets that have been $2, $2.50, $3 and $3.50 at one nominal price, $1.25. We will close these two lines, and this is an opportunity rarely offered to buy first-class corsets at such figures. Remember these are the genuine goods guaranteed.

On Bargain Counter Monday and rest of week High will place a line of French wooven Sateen and fancy Corsets, all worth from $1.50 to $2.50 at 85c. Almost every Corset worth double what we ask.

Again we have a line of White and Drab Corsets that are worth from $1 to $1.50 which we will close at 50c.

This week we offer an extra fine toilet soap, Colgate's make, at 50c dozen.

Remember High has the largest stock of dry goods to select from to be found in Atlanta, and will be sure to have what you want.

J. M. HIGH.
46, 48 & 50 WHITEHALL.

GRAND REPUBLIC CIGARROS.

GRAND REPUBLIC BUFFOS AND CIGARROS

ARE THE FINEST GOODS EVER SOLD FOR THE MONEY.

Buffos, 4 for 10c. Cigarros, 5 for 25c.

These Are Warranted Pure by the Manufacturers.

Geo. P. Lies & Co., Factory 200, 3d District, New York.

RETAILERS—Now is your time to reap the benefit of this advertising. Open the boxes and place on your case where your customers cannot miss them. The demand is increasing daily; do not delay mailing us your orders. Every dealer ordering 1,000 of above brands will have name and address put in this ad. Ask salesmen to show your samples of Buffos and Cigarros, or mail your order direct to us.

Guaranteed Long Havana Filler, Fine as Silk. Smokers, Ask Your Dealers for these goods. They Can be Found on Sale at

GROCERS AND OTHERS.
Hoyt & Thorn, 90 Whitehall street.
Spencer & Hancock, 118 Whitehall street.
J H Jentzen, 123 Whitehall street.
E H Corlett, 10 Capitol ave.
C K Buzbee, 102 Peachtree street.
E L Bradley, 508 Decatur street.
Stewart & Rice, 157 Decatur street.
A Flesh, Decatur street.
W D Smith, Decatur street.
J J Lynch, Decatur street.
J H Cooper, 58 Decatur street.
Hanye & Dunlap, 87 Decatur street.
W R Heath, 332 Decatur street.
J R Langford, 528 Decatur street.
J P Crockett, 530 Decatur street.
Tappan & Co., 48 Peachtree.
W J Roberts, 51 Peachtree.
G S Pryor, 53 Peachtree.
A W Farlinger, 265 Peachtree.
Prioleau & Co., 296 Peachtree.
C J Kamper, 369 Peachtree.
Mitchell & Dimmick, 83 Peachtree.
D Cramer, 2 East Alabama street.
H O Resee, 231 Wheat.
J M Markham, Wheat and Young.
Wright & Hilley, Houston and Calhoun.
J W Kilpatrick & Co., Houston street.
Old Book Store, Marietta street.
G R Miller, 11 South Pryor street.
Fred Cummings, 77 Broad.
P R Johnson, 78 Broad.
Rice & Saxe, 19 Washington street.
J W Cotton, 128 Forsyth street.
T J Buchanan, 246 Decatur street.
W J Hogan, 49 Highland avenue.
John Corrigan, 140 Whitehall street.
Lowe and Lynan, 136 Whitehall street.
I S Mitchell, 142 Whitehall street.
Phillip & Johnson, 218 Whitehall street.
S Gutham, 195 Whitehall street.
E L LaFontaine, Jr, Whitehall and Forsyth.
Dan Kline, Windsor and Hood.
W W Little, 86 Capitol avenue.
J H & W A Foster, 96 Capitol avenue.
E G Murphy, Pulliam and Jones.
M K Murphy, Pulliam and Fair.
D G Peel, 38 South Broad.
Stewart & Rice, 158 Decatur.
Lynch & Connolly, 40 South Broad.
W A Boggan, Gate City bank saloon.
J J McMahon, 16 Marietta street.
Kelly & Maher, 23 Marietta.
John M Miller, book store.
G R Reynolds, Broad and Miller.
John Blount, 142 Marietta.
W D Harwell, 250 Marietta.
Shams Bros., 356 Marietta.
C Bridwell, 114 Mitchell.
Schikan, E T depot.
Fincher & Fincher, 251 Mitchell.
L E Gwinn, 8.0 Peters.
C D Ford, 55 Peachtree.
DRUGGISTS.
A J Haltiwanger, Pryor and Decatur streets.
Smith & Bradfield, 102 Whitehall.
C O Tyner, Broad and Marietta.
Mathews, Gregory & Co., 21 Marietta street.
Sharp Bros., 202 Marietta street.
Heely & McCauly, Y. M. C. A. Building, Pryor St.
Fincher & Franklin, 210 Marietta street.
L A Bratton, 91 Peachtree.
R H Johnson, 126 Forsyth.
Hutchison & Bros, Whitehall.
A Dawson, 365 Peters.
M B Avery & Co, 73 Peachtree.
J L Couch, 197 Wheat street.
D S Goldsmith & Co, 168 Whitehall street.
Benjamin & Cronheim, 100 Whitehall.
CONFECTIONERS.
A G Ballard, Union depot.
W E Haney & Co, 1 Peachtree street.
D U Sloan & Co, 43 Peachtree street.
L J Daniel, Pryor street.
J H Nunnally, 42 Whitehall.
S. Marion, 324 Marietta street.

And all other first class dealers. Retailers ordering one thousand of these brands of us can have their name and address in this ad. gratis. Mail your orders to us at once.

CAUTION—We hereby notify jobbers and dealers that we will vigorously prosecute all infringements on our style of package of the Cigarros and Buffos as to Red Seal and Veneer package. Do not forget to call for these cigars—they are the best and will please you. GEO. P. LIES & CO., Factory 200 3d District, New York

W. A. RUSSELL, Wholesale Agent, Atlanta, Ga.

Also Sole Agent for the Celebrated Nicolini 5 cent Cigar

LOTTERY.

UNPRECEEENTED ATTRACTION!
OVER A MILLION DISTRIBUTED

LA S. L.
ouisiana State Lottery Company.

Incorporated by the Legislature in 1868, for Educational and Charitable purposes, and its franchise made a part of the present State Constitution, in 1879, by an overwhelming popular vote.

Its Grand Extraordinary Drawings take place Semi-Annually (June and December,) and its Grand Single Number Drawings take place on each of the other ten months of the year, and are all drawn in public, at the Academy of Music, New Orleans, La.

"We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Quarterly Drawings of The Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness, and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the Company to use this certificate, with fac-similes of our signatures attached, in its advertisements."

G. T. Beauregard
J. A. Early

Commissioners.

We the undersigned Banks and Bankers will pay all Prizes drawn in The Louisiana State Lotteries which may be presented at our counters.

R. M. WALMSLEY, Pres. Louisiana Nat'l
PIERRE LANAUX, Pres. State Nat'l Bk
A. BALDWIN, Pres. New Orleans Nat'l Bk.
CARL KOHN, Pres. Union National Bank.

GRAND MONTHLY DRAWING

In the Academy of Music, New Orleans,
Tuesday, September 11, 1888.

CAPITAL PRIZE, $300,000

100,000 Tickets at Twenty Dollars each. Halves $10; Quarters $5; Tenths $2; Twentieths $1.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1 PRIZE OF	$300,000 is	$300,000
1 PRIZE OF	100,000 is	100,000
1 PRIZE OF	50,000 is	50,000
1 PRIZE OF	25,000 is	25,000
2 PRIZES OF	10,000 are	20,000
5 PRIZES OF	5,000 are	25,000
25 PRIZES OF	1,000 are	25,000
100 PRIZES OF	500 are	50,000
200 PRIZES OF	300 are	60,000
500 PRIZES OF	200 are	100,000
APPROXIMATION PRIZES.		
100 Prizes of	$500 are	$50,000
100 Prizes of	$300 are	30,000
100 Prizes of	$200 Prize are	20,000
TERMINAL PRIZES.		
999 Prizes of	$100 are	99,900
999 Prizes of	$100 are	99,900
,134 Prizes amounting		$1,054,800

NOTE—Tickets drawing Capital Prize are not entitled to terminal Prizes.

For Club Rates, or and further information, apply to the undersigned. Your handwriting must be distant and Signature plain. More rapid return mail delivery will be assured by your enclosing an Envelope bearing your full address.

Send **POSTAL NOTES**, Express Money Orders, or New York Exchange in ordinary letter. Currency by express (at our expense) addressed to

M. A. DAUPHIN,
New Orleans, La
or M. A. DAUPHIN,
Washington, D. C.

Address Registered Letters to
NEW ORLEANS NATIONAL BANK,
New Orleans, La.

REMEMBER That the presence of Generals Beauregard and Early, who are in charge of the drawings, is a guarantee of absolute fairness and integrity, that the chances are all equal, and that no one can possibly divine what number will draw a Prize.

REMEMBER, that the payment of all Prizes is GUARANTEED BY FOUR NATIONAL BANKS of New Orleans, and the Tickets are signed by the President of an Institution, whose chartered rights are recognized in the highest Courts; therefore, beware of any imitations or anonymous schemes. sun mon we

DRY GOODS.

D. H. DOUGHERTY & CO.

The Disorganizers of High Prices!

We have made the prices so VERY LOW on the following Goods that we are actually ashamed to name the prices that we are going to sell them at.

—VIZ:—

Figured Lawn, Satteens, Batiste, Chambrays, Ginghams, White Goods, 45-inch Swiss Flouncing, Lace Flouncing, Lace of every style to be closed out with the summer clearance sale. Just here we are going to take the pleasure of telling you that our entire Summer Stock must go at some price, for our Mr. Dougherty is now in the eastern market buying the largest stock of Dry Goods, etc., ever brought to Atlanta. To make room for this stock we have got to sell!

DON'T FORGET US ON SHOES!

The Disorganizers of High Prices

Extend to ALL ATLANTA and those who may visit Atlanta for the next two weeks an invitation to come and see the

Biggest Bargains

ever shown in the Dry Goods Line. Don't wait, but come early and you will be sure to stay late when you find us selling our 10 and 12½c Figured Batiste and Lawns at 5c. Our French Satteens at 12c, former price 35c, 40c and 50c. Our 10c, 12½c and 15c Ginghams at 5c, 6¼c and 7½c. Our French and Zephyr Ginghams 10c formerly sold at 25c 35c and 40c. Our 20c, 25c, 35c and 40c White Organdies in plain, plaid and stripes (all at one price) 10c.

DON'T FORGET US ON SHOES!

D. H. DOUGHERTY & CO.

Housekeepers! Housekeepers!

You will do yourself a great favor, by calling on us before you purchase anything in the following line:

Table Damask, Napkins, Towels, Spreads, Sheetings, Tidies, Lace and Scrims, Curtains, Table and Sideboard Scarfs, Table Felt, etc. All we ask is a look on these goods and if goods suit, we will be sure to make prices suit. We mean all we have said and more too. For on Bleachings, Sea Islands and Domestics of every kind we are going to give you some of the biggest bargains you ever saw. COME TO SEE US.

DON'T FORGET US ON SHOES.

The Disorganizers of High Prices!

Are determined that there shall be no excuse for people not having Shoes, for we have made prices so all can have a pair of nice Shoes.

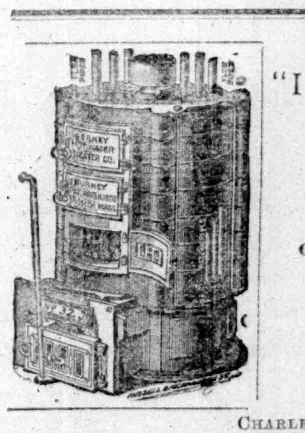
COME TO SEE US!

D. H. DOUGHERTY & CO.

Would be more than glad to give you a general price list naming prices for this week, but the prices are so exceedingly low on the entire stock that we do not want to tax you with so much reading when you can come and see for yourself and take the advantage of shaking hands with your neighbors and getting acquainted with the north and south. A word to those who cannot come to this clearance sale, we have five experienced Dry Goods men who look exclusively after mail orders. If you will send us your orders they will receive prompt attention and satisfaction guaranteed. Yours truly,

D. H. DOUGHERTY & CO.

39 and 41 Peachtree, Atlanta, Ga. Telephone 98.



"I TAKE PLEASURE IN RECOMMENDING IT."

GURNEY HOT-WATER HEATER

GOLD MEDAL, BOSTON, 1887,
HIGHEST AWARD, NEW YORK, 1887.

CHARLESTON, S. C., March 19, 1888.
Dear Sirs: The Gurney Hot-Water Heater put in residence of George A. Wagener, Esq., in this city, is working quite satisfactorily. I take pleasure in recommending it.
Respectfully, HENRY L. CADE, Builder.

Get Illustrated Catalogue and Testimonial Sheet

GURNEY HOT-WATER HEATER CO.

Office and Showroom: 237 Franklin St., Boston, Mass.

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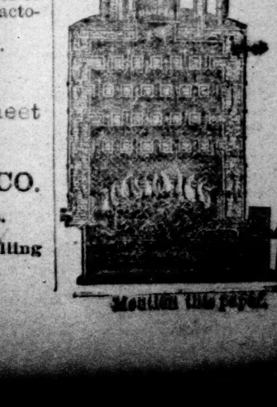

Mention this paper.

ATLANTA POLICE.

From the Days of Marthasville, in '44, to Atlanta, in '88.

WHEN THE MARSHAL WAS

Chief of Police, and There Were Only Four Policemen.

For the Constitution.

If Atlanta has been blessed above other cities in one respect more than in any other, it has been in her police department.

That's a fact—and in view of that fact it might be interesting to trace the evolution that has developed the force of today from the rough-and-ready old time marshal and his four policemen.

It was Marthasville in 1844, with Formalt as mayor, and the marshal was a Frenchman named Antonio. His deputy was Jim Kelley. They were elected for one year and then the marshal selected two policemen. These were confirmed by the council. The country people that came into Marthasville thought the town was "gettin' stuck up" when all this was done, and if they could give the marshal any trouble they were pretty sure to do so. The idea of arresting a free white man just because he got drunk and cut somebody or exchanged a friendly shot or two—why, they might do that way in New York, but they couldn't do that way in Marthasville.

So the policemen had a hard time.

In '45 Marthasville changed her name to Atlanta. There were nineteen voters in favor of the change and three against it. William McConnell, still living in Atlanta, was the first marshal of Atlanta, and Ben Williford, at present in charge of Peters's park, was his deputy. The number of policemen was changed to four.

The first guard house was a little shed under what is now the rear of the Metropolitan hotel. The only railroad in town was the "State road," the Western and Atlantic, stopping at the car shed here and running to Marietta as the then terminus. The present Pryor street crossing is all filled in now, and the train used to run through a cut about ten feet high along the rear of P. & G. T. Dodd's. It was on the south bank of this cut that the first station house was built.

In '46 Pat House was marshal, and German Lester was his deputy. Both are dead now. House was killed in the war. It was in '46 that the famous 4th of July fight occurred in Atlanta at the Whitehall street crossing. Those were "know-nothing" days, and the fight was between a party of Irishmen and a party of "know-nothings." Nobody was killed, but it was a big thing, and talked of here for years afterward.

In '47 and '48 German Lester was marshal. The little old stationhouse on the railroad bank was abandoned. The friends of the prisoners would undermine it, the house would roll down the cut, and the prisoners escape. They hoisted the old shed back two or three times, and finally built a new shed from fifteen or twenty feet from the bank. One night as the State road engine was about to pull out, some boys tied a stout rope around the shed and fastened it to the engine. When the engine started the house was pulled over and all the prisoners escaped.

Then a new stationhouse was built where the hook and ladder company stands now, by the Broad street bridge, and in the rear of an old market that used to front on Alabama street.

In 1849 Tom Shivers was marshal, and in 1850 Ben Williford was marshal. The town had been growing rapidly and it was about this time that the number of policemen was increased to ten. "Snake Nation," along Peters street on the south side of the old Macon road, was in its glory. For that matter Peters street always was the most lawless street in town. Pat House was deputy in 1850.

Then for the next few years there was a famous old clique at the head of police matters. In '51 Ben Williford was marshal and E. T. Hunnicutt, at present foreman with Hunnicutt and Bellingrath, was deputy. In '52 it was Hunnicutt and Williford, in '53 it was Williford and Hunnicutt, and in '54 it was Hunnicutt and Williford again.

In '55 Willis Carlisle was marshal and Hunnicutt deputy.

In '56, when Hunnicutt was marshal and Carlisle deputy, there was a famous murder in Atlanta.

Out on the old McDonough road, Gabe Jones, Crockett and Cobb killed old man Landrum. He was beat over the head with a sling shot, and killed for the purpose of robbery. He usually carried a considerable amount of money with him, but the murderers found only 60 cents in the dead man's pockets.

Afterwards, one of the party confessed, and all three of them were captured and tried. Cobb and Crockett were hung by Sheriff S. B. Lowe. Gabe Jones was sentenced to the penitentiary for life, and remained there until during the war, when he was turned out by Sherman's soldiers. These three men were all noted desperadoes.

In '57 Williford was marshal and Hunnicutt was deputy. It was in '57 that three more of the worst desperadoes in northwest Georgia were run off from Atlanta.

The first was John Humphries. Humphries killed John Tiller at the old West End race track. He was arrested and then released on a $20,000 bond. Then he killed John Teal and skipped his bond. He was caught at Wadesboro, Ky., a little town about twenty miles from Paducah, by Ben Williford. A reward of $1,700 had been offered for Humphries and was paid to Williford. Humphries afterward broke jail and escaped.

The other two were Joe Harrison and Jess Wood. Harrison had killed three or four men when he and Wood beat a man named Atkinson over the head, and so fearfully was Atkinson injured that he became insane and was sent to the asylum.

Snake Nation began to decline.

In '58 Hunnicutt was marshal and Whit Anderson deputy. It was in '58 that Bill Choice shot Webb and killed him, and the attempt was made to lynch Choice. The stationhouse was still where the hook and ladder building is now, and the number of policemen was twenty. This was one of the most famous murders ever committed in Georgia. Choice finally came clear.

In '59 Whit Anderson was marshal and Hunnicutt deputy.

In '60 and '61 Tom Borgus was marshal. Times were troubled and the police department was decidedly a military rather than a civil institution.

In '62 and '63 Ben Williford was marshal and Tom Shivers deputy.

While Shivers was still deputy he was killed by Whit Anderson. The story runs that Anderson had been wounded and was home on furlough. Shivers made a sneering allusion to Anderson's presence at home, and said that he was here to look out for the marshal's place. Anderson heard of it, and passing Shivers on Whitehall street one day he shot him across the street. Shivers fell just in front of where Eiseman Bros. are now. Anderson was tried and came clear.

It was about the same time that Captain W. A. Fuller made his famous capture of the yankee engineer. The man came to Atlanta disguised, and choosing his own time he started out of the depot on an engine. Chase was given by W. A. Fuller on another engine, and after a long chase the yankee's engine burned out, and he jumped off his engine. Captain Fuller jumped off his own engine and ran after him. He finally captured him and brought him back. The prisoner acknowledged that he was to receive $10,000 if he got away with the engine. He was brought back and hung, and at the same time five yankee bridge burners were hung.

In 1864 Oliver Jones was marshal, and in 1865 too. It was in the fall of 1866 that nine yankee soldiers were found dead in what is now known as Kenny's alley. They were shot, cut, bruised—dead. They all had their pockets full of confederate buttons. They had been going about with orders to cut off every confederate button they saw. They tried it one afternoon, and a strong feeling was aroused against them.

In '66 G. W. Anderson, the "Whit" Anderson that had killed Tom Shivers, was marshal, and W. P. Lanier was his deputy.

The stationhouse was moved down between Line and Decatur streets, in the rear of the old Masonic hall, where Dauberger now is, and then to the corner of Pryor and Mitchell streets, where Elsas, May & Co. now are.

In '67 and '68 L. P. Thomas was marshal and E. C. Murphy was deputy. This L. P. Thomas was the father of the present sheriff.

In '69 John Thomas, "Hog-Eye" Thomas, was marshal and Ed Murphy was deputy, and in '70 G. W. Anderson was marshal again.

The stationhouse had been moved from the corner of Pryor and Mitchell to an old brick house on the North side of Line street, where the street car shed now stands.

In '71 Tom Williams was marshal, and John L. Johnson deputy. At this time there were five democrats, five republicans and one independent in the council. Colonel Bob Lowry supported Williams, the republicans one, and the democrats one. They balloted for two or three days, and it was broken by the republicans voting solidly for Lowry's candidate, giving Williams a majority.

In '72 G. T. Anderson, the famous General "Tige" Anderson, was marshal, and in '73 John Thomas was marshal while John Johnson was his deputy.

In '74 James O. Harris was marshal and Tom Jones his deputy, and it wus during this year that a great change was made. Heretofore the deputy marshal was in charge of the police. There was no chief of police, and no captains as they have now, and only two lieutenants of police under the deputy marshal. Each lieutenant had charge of a squad, and the men served twelve hours.

In 1874 the office of chief of police was created, and officered as it is now.

The council created the office of chief, and as the deputy had always had charge of the police he was elected chief.

So Tom Jones was the *first* chief of police. Before his term was out he wos discharged, having been tried by the city court, and Recorder Anderson was the second chief. He served out the unexpired term and a full term.

Then came Colonel L. P. Thomas, then "Tige" Anderson, and then Connolly, the present urbane and capable head of Atlanta's police force.

* * *

From Birth to the Grave

We carry with us certain physical traits, as we do certain mental characteristics. Insomuch that psychologists have striven to designate by generic titles certain temperaments—as the bilious, the nervous, the lymphatic. The individual with a sallow complexion is set down as bilious, often rightly so. If the saffron in the hue of his skin is traceable to the bile in the blood, its presence in the wrong place instead of the liver, will also be evinced by fur on the tongue, pain beneath the right ribs and through the right shoulderblade, sick headache, constipation, flatulence and indigestion. For the relief of this very common, but not essentially perilous complaint, there is no more genial and thorough remedy than Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which is also a beneficient tonic and strength promoter, and a widely esteemed remedy for and preventive of fever and ague, rheumatism, kidney and bladder troubles.

* * *

RANCH LIFE IN TEXAS.

A Northern Young Lady Gives Her Experiences in the Land of Flowers.

From the New York Press.

Some persons believe Texas to be the monstrous waste of mesquite bush that they watch from the car windows, a day on horseback through one of the 30,000 or 40,000 acre pastures, which form the Texas that the cowboy knows, but they are mistaken. San Antonio, for instance, in central Texas, has become a large railroad center, and civilization is fast driving away the picturesque element which is the souvenir of its Spanish and Mexican life, yet away from the main streets that look just like any other business streets, its 50,000 inhabitants still find room to place their frame or stone houses in the middle of an acre or two of grass and cultivate a few rose bushes between themselves and their neighbors.

One might, however, live in the city proper for a long time, and know all its history and statistics, drive over and over again to watch the dress parade at the beautiful government post and eat chili at the smoky little oil lit stands at which the Mexican supper is spread all night in the center of two of the main plazas, and yet know nothing of the character of what is really the country of Texas.

I remember one morning starting out from San Antonio with a party of Texan friends, determined to show me ranch life, rain or shine. The sun, admiring our pluck, no doubt, soon ordered all the clouds below the horizon, and only yielded his undisputed possession of the heavens to the pale moon. As we rode a little beyond the city great sailing shadows floated over us; carrion crows and buzzards topped all the fences. A few minutes later, passing unpleasantly close to one of the many butcher shops in the waste fields beyond the city, we came in sight of a small boy on its roof repeating a musical bugle call which gathered the carrions to their morning meal. Most of the roads are bounded by pasture fences and are, as a rule, very good. And so we galloped along for some eight or ten miles. At about noon we arrived at the gates of the ranch, which was our destination.

A long, winding lane, that is often nothing more than a track beaten by the wagons among the flowers, leads around the little hill to the ranch house on its crest, then perfectly golden with the bloom of the wild mustard. The house itself represented the more luxurious class of ranch homes, and could hardly be taken as a fair sample of the average. It was broad, cool and roomy, built, as are most of the houses in and around San Antonio, of a soft rock from the quarries about the city.

The color of this rock is between gray and yellow, crossed with veins of saffron, and red and brown. Imagine such a house, half buried in ivy and roses. Live oak trees hundreds of years old shade the barns and porches. As we ride under one of them to dismount lanky, picturesque cowboys lazily disappear. When the heat of midday was passed we again started across the corner of one of the 20,000 acre pastures belonging to our host to see another ranch still further from civilization.

Nothing could possibly be more beautiful than the scenes of that ride. It was the perfect time of the year when every bud seemed to have freshly burst and the delicate green of the trees seemed more like a hazy veil than leaves. Everywhere there were beautiful rounded clumps of live oaks and dark clusters of low bushes. Here and there a cat claw bush, with every branch and thorn powdered with tiny white blossoms, stood out clear against its dark background.

As our horses picked their own path their hoofs sank at every step into carpets of flowers and it seemed as if on every twig one could see the active little gray tail of a mocking bird or the pretty crested head of a redbird. There is none of the tangle of briers and underbrush that links every feature into monotony, but each cluster of low shrubs is as clear and well defined as in a fine old parks.

In this bewitching surrounding a horseback party, both gentlemen and ladies wearing the broad, soft cowboy hats, made a picture not easily forgotten.

But for the branches of the delicate pink blossoms of the buckeye beau that we gathered as our horses brushed through them the memory was beautiful enough to seem enchantment.

Part of Texas may be a prickly waste of thorns and cactus and uninteresting prairie, but people hear of that part all the time. Why do they never find out what the other part is like? Only the cowboys know that other part, and they are not, as a rule, writers.

Surely there is no place where the wild flowers are so varied and so lavishly wasted and where every kind of game is so abundant. Of the wild flowers the pale purple verbena forms, in early spring, the groundwork of all the color, for it grows everywhere. The scarlet and white verbena covers every thing.

Then these beautiful yellow daisies and dark purple bells and lupin in every shade of blue, from dark purplish to white, and large, bright yellow primroses nestled close down among their dark leaves, star the ground with golden constellations.

One other flower has dusty gray leaves nearly closed over a heart of crimson and pink. A little later in the spring the yucca, called there bear grass, everywhere sends up its waxen shafts of flowers to bloom and die, and leaving only their burnt, blackened stump to bear testimony through the whole year of its early beauty. And thousands of these beautiful acres lie scattered over Texas, smiling all through the spring days of March and April, seen only by straying cattle and wandering cowboys, while nineteenths of the rest of the world insist upon believing that Texas is nothing but a waste of prairie and thorns and cactus; some part of it may be, but all of it no, decidedly no.

THE STREET CAR MULE.

A Few Words About a Well Known Animal.

HIS FIRST START IN BUSINESS

The Peculiarities of the Street Car Mule Noted.

For the Constitution.

He is far from a fool—
The street car mule.

As a poetical contribution to the literature of modern times, there is very little to recommend these introductory lines. But as a two line record of a well-known fact it covers the subject fully.

The life and death of a street car mule—but who ever heard of a street car mule dying. And if so, when and where did this uncommon event occur.

This is a stubborn subject, particularly that part of it which refers to the life of an animal that is as necessary to the south and street car companies as a fan in July. But the mule probably doesn't appreciate this fact and takes his work, his rations and his clubbing with no disturbing philosophical reflections as to what might have been.

The mule is here to stay, and he does his humble duty in a matter-of-fact, go-as-you-please style, that sometimes calls forth the deep condemnation of his driver and if he be a street car promoter the patrons also add their muttered opinion.

But let us take the mule that comes into the possession of the street car company, fresh from the country, where he knows nothing of the rush and bustle of city life. This remark about the bustle of city life has no reference to anything but business.

His first duty, after being relieved of the evidences of country life that cling to his anatomy, is a tour of observation over his branch of the street car system. This initial trip he makes in company with an old veteran in the service, a mule who has become thoroughly acquainted with every driver's whip and who knows how to slow up when going into a turnout and can always tell when a man is running to catch a car—for when he hears any one in pursuit he considers it his bounden duty to hustle. If you have ever tried to catch a car and have wondered why it moved faster then than at any other time, you may charge it to the mule.

But to return to the instruction trip of the country mule. He does not appear at his best under the circumstances that always surround him on this occasion, but as it is not a matter of choice he generally goes right along, evidently wondering why the track does not run into a pile of fodder instead of going out into the suburbs, when nothing disturbs him, though the up-grades and the driver's whip keeps him steadily in step to the music of the bell. Generally two or three trips suffice to train the country mule so that he doesn't want to lay down whenever the car stops and when this stage in his education is reached he is generally considered fit for service and they give him a name and a stall.

Of course there is much more for the country mule to learn, but he has lots of time ahead and eventually gets there. The well informed street car mule knows when it is time for him to go out on a trip and sometimes he will assist the stable boy by going out before he has been properly harnessed and this always creates a bad feeling between the boy and the mule. The latter gets the worst of it as far as blows are concerned, but he manages to make it interesting for the boy who tries to catch him. Such little episodes as these show very plainly that there is a well-developed strata of humor running through the mule and gives strong evidence of his desire to mix a little play with his daily measure of fodder and work.

Few people, even those who regularly patronize the street cars, give a thought to the eccentricities and intelligence of a well trained mule. Few people are aware that the mule knows all about his work, and, above all other things, knows when it is time for him to quit. He does not learn this by looking at the town clock, but he evidently keeps a close count of the number of trips made each day, and when this number has been covered, if, by reason of any extra demand for cars, he is harnessed up for an extra trip, it usually requires two men, three boys and a baseball club to start him from the stable.

The street car mule knows every street on his route, and the more highly educated they become the greater assistance they are to the driver. Notice one of the old trained veterans in the mule army of the street car service as he approaches a street corner and observe how he slows up. The three-minute pace, with which everybody who rides on a street car is familiar, is toned down to a jog trot, and if he sees a probable passenger approaching the car he comes down into a walk and stops at exactly the right time, and with no suggestion from the driver, and the brake is not needed. Any old street car driver will tell you this and he will also tell you that when he has a team of well-trained mules they watch the streets of both sides of the track as closely as he does himself, and they always know when to stop.

Old drivers will tell you how the mules, when well trained, will slow up when they hear a passenger ask for change, and particularly if it is a lady. They also listen for the click of the nickel as it drops in the fare box and some drivers assert that the mules always know how many passengers are on the car, though this is not well verified.

There are exceptions in mules as well as in drivers, and no set rule can be laid down for the guidance of an observing public who may perhaps desire to study the peculiarities of this public servant.

It was intended to say a few words about the end of the street car mule, and pay a touching tribute to his faithfulness. But after a full consideration of this branch of the subject, and knowing how a mule can kick, it is considered safer to postpone the obituary portion of this sketch until there is every assurance that the mule is dead.

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HE WASN'T IN THE GAME.

A Valdosta Church Member Who Was Taken For a Poker Player.

From the Savannah, Ga., News.

A good story is told on a Valdosta man who was recently a passenger on one of the New York steamers. The gentleman is a prominent citizen of thriving little Valdosta, and is a leading member in his church. A friend who accompanied him north, related the occurrence to a Morning News reporter: "Several of us," he said, "were engaged in a quiet game of poker. We left my friend on deck. After playing some time without losing or winning any considerable sum, we gave up the game, and each went to his room for a rest. During the game I borrowed 75 cents from one of the players, and neglected to return it. Later in the evening my friend was engaged in a conversation with a couple of ladies and a well known clergyman, who was a passenger on the ship, when a brisk little man, who had been in the game with us, walked up to him and said: "My friend, you slipped out of that game last night without paying me the seventy-five cents you borrowed. Come along now, I want it."

The gentleman was nonplussed. The minister got up and went to his room and the ladies moved to another portion of the deck. My friend perspired freely, and he developed symptoms of swooning. He remonstrated with the little man, but the latter would not listen, and finally closed the conversation by threatening to plunge my friend headlong into the briny deep if he did not "ante up." I reached the scene just in time to see him slip the money into the hands of the other to save being cast to the fishes. I explained the matter and paid the money. My friend grasped my hand, remarking what a lucky dog he was. He hastened to the party that had left him in disgust, to explain matters, and the last I saw of him before leaving the steamer at New York, he was explaining.

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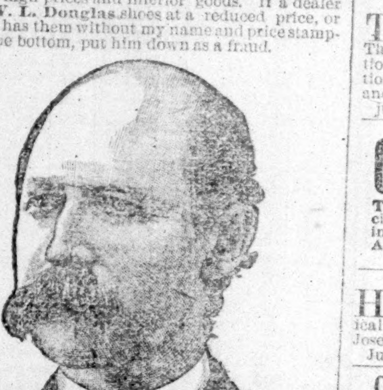

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TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the undersigned until 12 m., Tuesday, August 14th, 1888, for the erection of a brick courthouse for Mitchell county, at Camilla, Ga. Plans, specifications and drawings can be seen at the office of Bruce & Morgan, architects, Atlanta, Ga., and at the office of the ordinary at Camilla, Ga.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids and the usual state bond required of the contractor.
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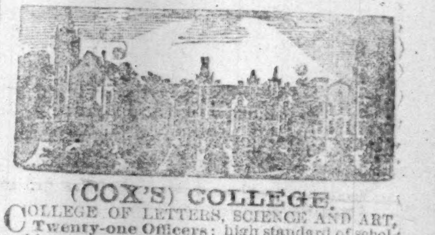
aug7 6t Ordinary, Camilla, Ga.

Southern Female



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Mrs. I. F. COX, President, LaGrange, Ga.
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LAW SCHOOL
UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

Term opens September 19th, 1888. Write for catalogue to
PROF. ANDREW J. COBB,
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Salem Female Academy, Salem, N. C.

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SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES,
(TWENTY-FIFTH YEAR.)
6 and 8 East 53d street, New York.
July 17-Tues Thurs Sat.

Georgia Capital Female College

And Southern Conservatory of Music, will open September 3d, 1888, at Angier Terrace, Capitol Avenue, Atlanta, Ga.
Literary School—Prof. G. C. Looney, A. M., and Mrs. C. D. Crawley, M. A.
Natural Sciences—Dr. J. C. Lynes.
Music—Prof. E. A., Madame Von der Hoya, and Amadeo Schultze.
Vocal Culture—Mrs. Hugh Angier.
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As may be seen from the eminent and experienced ladies and gentlemen who compose the above Faculty, this school is complete in all its departments. These are progressive, energetic educators, who have given their lives to this noble work, and who keep pace with the improvements and advancements of the age.

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Thos. D. Davidson, A. M., Ph. D., Principal.

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References—Rev. Dr. Barnett, Rev. Dr. Strickler, Mr. W. A. Moore, Mr. S. M. Inman, Captain T. L. Langston, Mr. Hugh T. Inman, Major Jos. Van Holt Nash, Mr. J. C. Courtney. aug 8 tues fri 1m

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Prepares for business, and for the best Colleges. Backward boys taught privately.

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WASHINGTON AND LEE UNIVERSITY, LEXINGTON, VA.

July 17-30t.

St. Mary's Hall, Burlington, N. J.

THE OLDEST CHURCH SCHOOL IN THE country for girls, will begin its fifty-second school year on Wednesday, September 26th. For catalogue stating terms, etc., apply to Miss Julia G. McAlister, the principal, Burlington, N. J., or to the Bishop of New Jersey, the president.

July 17-1m.

UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA.

SUMMER LAW LECTURES (nine weekly) begin 12th July, 1888, and end 12th September. For circular apply (P. O. University of Va.) to JOHN B. MINOR, Prof. Com. and Stat. Law.

may 20 2w june15 2w

CINCINNATI, WALNUT HILLS.

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Will re-open Sept. 26. Pupils may join special classes in Languages, Literature and Art, or may take the full course of study fitting for College Examination. Circulars and further information can be had during the Summer on application to the above address. sat sun

MISS SPALDING'S SCHOOL,

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Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute,

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Examinations for admission to this, the oldest school of Engineering in the United States, will be held in Atlanta, at High School Building, 47 Washington street, on May 30th, 1888. Candidates will report at 9 a. m. on that day to Mr. W. F. Slaton, who will conduct the examinations, in the following subjects: Spelling, English grammar, geography, arithmetic, algebra, through equations of the 2d degree—including radicals—and in plane geometry. The examinations will be wholly written, and a fee of $5 will be required of each candidate. For further information address

D. M. GREENE, Director, Troy, N. Y.

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For Boys and Young Men. Send for Catalogue.

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july 29—sat tu thu sun

NOTICE!

TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the undersigned until 12 m., Tuesday, August 14th, 1888, for the erection of a brick courthouse for Mitchell county, at Camilla, Ga. Plans, specifications and drawings can be seen at the office of Bruce & Morgan, architects, Atlanta, Ga., and at the office of the ordinary at Camilla, Ga.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids and the usual state bond required of the contractor.

H. C. DASHER, Ordinary, Camilla, Ga.

aug 6t

Southern Female

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A DAY AT THE FRONT.

What Plunkett Saw When He Visited the Trenches.

HIS FIRST AND LAST TRIP.

The Old Man's Arrival at the "Front" on a Rainy Day.

For The Constitution.

"The first time I seed a camp of soldiers," said old man Plunkett, as he loosened the top button of his pants and threw the half rind of a watermelon into a pigin that sat near, "I didn't think it was so bad to be a soldier.

"They had good tents with floors in 'em and er plenty to kiver with, and they had formed into 'messes' of six or eight men to a tent, and most ingenerally had er nigger to do the cooking, and the soldiers lay erround and talked and played cards and read books and sich like and only had to drill er little every day and they looked fine and walked proud, for there was always more than apt to be ladies er looking at em, and big boxes came from home every day or two with boiled ham and turkey and chicken and cakes and pies, and dinged if I didn't fare better while I was on my visit than I did one day with another at home, and I begin to think that it was all foolish for the old mothers and the wives to be er grieving for I thought to myself, if I could call back twenty years and was clear of the rheumatics thar wouldn't be no better fun for me."

The old man stopped talking, loosened another button of his pants, remarking: "I bleve I eat too much of that melon," and then proceeded.

"The next time I seed that regiment it was different and if any one had er told me that fourteen months would er brought such a change I wouldn't er believed it.

"On my first visit I had seed white tents er looming up erlong in straight rows long before I got to the camp, and big log heap fires were burning and I could smell the cooking, the men were well dressed and fat and joking and kicking up their heels and prancing erround like young fillies and some were wrestling and some er hollering, and over at another place there was singing going on and when they seed me they come er running and picked me up and made loud demonstrations, but this time, my second visit, it was different, and it was so different till it has impressed me from that day to this.

"They were at the "front" now—they were in the trenches, and as I passed over the hill I saw down in the valley another camp of these same soldiers. I stopped for breath.

"Little smouldering fires were burning here and there seeming to struggle against the misty rain that was falling.

"Dingy brown blankets and oilcloths were stretched over a bended bush under which two men were expected to shelter, by laying close. These had taken the place of the large white tents that met my vision on my first visit. Many had only bushes between them and the clouds above.

"There was an absence of the smell of cooking meats, but as I followed my guide on through the dismal camp I could see the solitary camp-kettle by the smouldering fire, and the feet of two men coming out to the edge of the stretched blanket with a seeming desire to bask by the little fire."

"I've seed 'em," interrupted Brown, "when they had to lay with their feet in the branch to keep the green rawhides that they wore for shoes from drawing up and getting as hard as er bone."

"Well," returned Plunkett, without taking notice of Brown's remarks, "I went on through regiment after regiment till I got to the old Ninth's camp, or where was said to be their camp. I found a few wagons and a few sick men—all strangers to me—and was told that the regiment was over the hill in the trenches, but that they would be relieved as soon as it got good dark—as they had been in there twenty-four hours. One of the drivers got up and give me a chunk of wood that he had been setting on and I drawed it over under one edge of a wagon and poked my feet out to the small fire that they had burning.

"I didn't have to wait long, for pretty soon it was so dark that you couldn't see a gray mule ten feet off, and directly I heard the rumbling of walking men coming down through the woods that lay out toward the trenches. Everything was quiet, nothing but the tread and now and then a stumble over a chunk of some tired soldier could be heard, but in a minit, without any command being given that I could hear, little fires began to dot the woods all over, and I wondered how it was done with the wet wood.

"The men had their blankets rolled up into a tight roll not much bigger than your arm and tied together at the end till they were in the shape of a horse collar as they hung over their shoulders. This was all they had, except a haversack, cartridge box, frying pan and gun. The little brown blankets were soon being stretched—two men to a blanket, this giving them one to kiver with—and then there was a scramble for a minute or two to draw their rations. The beef was cut up by one of the men and placed in as many piles as there were men, and then a fellow would turn his back with a list of names and another fellow stood by the piles of beef with a stick in his hand and, touching a pile, he would ask who shall have this, and the fellow with his back turned would call out a name, skipping all about on the list. This kept down partiality and made all satisfied.

"I heard familiar names being called, and I stepped among the men from out of the darkness, and if an angel had er drapped down it would not have caused more surprise.

"Everything stopped, the men gathered erround me—there warnt more than thirty of 'em—and some cried and some jist stood still and couldn't say er word, for the memories of their homes back in Georgia rushed in upon 'em and they were too full for utterance.

"I had letters for many of 'em, and I never shall forget how eagerly they gathered 'em and went off to a little fire and got down on one knee sorter sideways and read em, and I never will forget how sad the ones looked that I didn't have nothing for—it makes me think of them fellows every time I go to these reunions that they are having and see the wives and old mothers and sisters and children of the fellows that are not here to reunite—they look lonely like—God bless 'em, I hope that there will be a great reunion some day, where there won't be none absent and all will be at home.

"I was the hero of that occasion, and as first one and then another would ask me erbout their homes and loved ones and I begin telling in er general way, I was soon surrounded by eager listeners, and now and then first one and then another would turn his head to one side and wipe his eyes with the sleeve of his jacket; but they wouldn't leave me, as tired as they were, till the rattle of guns in direction of trenches scared me so bad that I hushed, and then the men went to cooking the rations that they had, for there was no telling when they would have to double-quick back to the trenches.

"The cooking wasn't mor'n done till, sure enough, the whole camp was broke up and everybody had to go into the trenches. The report was that the yankees were going to attack and there was so much bustle and confusion in the darkness, that I didn't know what else to do but to go along with the crowd and so, pretty soon, I was in a trench and in sight of the first yankee line of battle that I had ever seed.

"It was erbout twelve o'clock when we got into the trenches and still dark and er raining and the mud was ankle deep and here and there a puddle of water. In er minit I heard a splashing up the line erbout fifteen or twenty feet that sounded like a hog er floundering in a mudhole and I heard a soldier say 'I wish I was a dog,' and then the fellows laughed, but I can't see to this day how one soldier could laugh at another, when they were all in such a bad fix.

"I was longing for daylight to come, for it was chilly and worse than anything, I thought, that could be, but daylight hadn't more'n come till I was er longing a heap worse for darkness to come ergin. As soon as day broke, a fellow pretty close by me 'lowed that he would freeze to death if he kept crampt up there, and so he kinder straightened himself and peeped over the bank, but he raised most too high and before he could jerk his head down er ball hit him and he drapped over on the fellow next to him and give one or two kicks in the mud and water, and that was the last of him. That started things. Our fellows begun to pick at them, and by sun-up I thought to myself I'm er dead man, but I didn't have to be told to keep down—I done it without any telling, and how the soldiers got used to the thing, and set there cramped up in the trench and laughed and joked, with every now and then a fellow getting hit with a ball, is more'n I can understand. So it went all day. Every now and then the fellows would start to shooting, and the balls would zip erround and I'd lay low, and then things would sorter quiet in the trenches, and the big guns on the hill would commence pecking at each other, and them squealing shells would pass over us and I layed lower still. Things wouldn't mor'n get er little quiet and I'd begin to git up offen the leg I'd been setting on and straighten it out in front to get the cramp outen it and feel in my breeches pocket for a piece of tobacco, till some devilish fellow would put his cap on er ram-rod and poke it up above the banks and before you could say scat a ball would hit it and I'd drap. Thus the day was spent in the trenches and as soon as darkness came ergin I didn't have to have no guide to take me away from there.

"Most any of the old soldiers will squat down on one leg and whittle with a knife and talk to you from sun up till sun down erbout the war, and never git tiard, but it will all be erbout the charging of batteries and the clash of sabres, but I can tell you that the fighting was only a part of the war. Hunger and thirst and marching and losing sleep and lying still, cramped up in trenches, would make a man take fighting as a desert." SARGE.

MR. BERNER'S SPEECH.

A Chaste and Classic Presentation of Democratic Doctrine.

The speech delivered before the late democratic state convention by Hon. R. L. Berner, on taking the chair, will pass into history as one of the most finished productions of its kind ever delivered. The speech, which follows, is worthy of preservation:

Gentlemen of the Convention—I thank you most sincerely for this marked expression of your confidence and regard. To preside over the deliberations of this convention, eminent for its wisdom, and charged with its high responsibility, is certainly an honor to which any citizen may worthily aspire and feel proud to accept. Thanks, my friends; it is a simple word, but as I speak it this morning it is a volume full of gratitude and good will. I thank you also for the cordial demonstration that accompanied this mark of your confidence; but I accept that not so much as a compliment to myself, as an outburst of the hopeful enthusiasm that is warming with strength and thrilling with gladness every democratic heart throughout this mighty republic. You have reason to rejoice. Since peace came back to us, no democratic convention has assembled in this state under conditions so bright and auspicious.

You meet today for the selection of your presidential electors. Hitherto you have met and selected them under the depressing gloom of repeated failure and with the shadow of coming defeat upon your faces, but today you meet to execute that trust with confident spirits and with the triumphant freshness of hope upon your hearts. Four years ago the people of this union committed to the democratic party the destinies of the republic, and the preservation of its free institutions. Environed with a thousand difficulties it accepted the sacred trust, and today points to an administration free from jobs, free from pilferings, and full of honest patriotic effort to lift the burdens from an oppressed people. Hitherto you have gone forth to battle with an enemy proud in the prestige of repeated triumph. Today the democratic party stands upon the field, its ranks strengthened by unnumbered recruits, cheered by the shouts of an approving people, and animated by the consciousness that it has nobly and bravely redeemed every pledge made to the country. Facing with such a record the foe, victory stretches out to you its assuring hand and beckons you to the battle. This is not the occasion for an extended review of the field and its issues.

But it is always helpful to remember the righteousness of our cause. "Thrice are they armed" who have their quarrel just, and cheering it must be to every patriot heart to feel that in this mighty combat, reform fights against protection; simple revenue against grinding extortion. It is the people against the monopolies; the people against the trusts. For twenty-five years the republican party has proven itself the faithful patron of protection. The network of its corruption and crime covered the land like a wreath of festering ulcers run to seed. Under the fostering influence of its legislation, the infant industries have grown into the defiant giants of monopoly. Trusts have sprung up and seized upon the necessaries of life in every nook and corner of this fair land. The laws of supply and demand have become dead letters upon the statute books of trade. Competition has lost its healthful influence upon prices. The sweat of the toiling poor has gorged the treasuries of the rich, till the pitiable spectacle exists—of fifty millions of working people, the slaves of fifty millionaires. A servitude most damnable in a free land! A servitude that not only chains, but starves.

And liberty numbers in her calendar no day so bright as that on which when all her sons stood halting, Grover Cleveland stepped to the forefront of the battle; struck the brazen shield of monopoly till it rang from sea to sea, and challenged to mortal combat the trusts that starve the people.

By this sign, democrats, you will conquer. There is victorious might and magnetism in this man who comes from the people, was elevated by the people, rules this land for the people, and is in all the heighth and depth of its sublime meaning the child of the republic. At last liberty has found a leader whose courage knows no faltering; whose loyalty hath no stain. At last the people have found a platform upon which they can stand without shame; upon which they can fight with pride. I greet you, therefore, fellow-democrats, with a hopeful heart today upon the auspicious conditions under which you nominate the electors that are to cast the vote of Georgia for the next president of the United States.

You have met to perform another duty. You are to name the citizens to whom is to be intrusted the administration of the affairs of the state for the next two years. They have already been "weighed in the balance." They need no words of praise from me. A stainless administration is the noblest eulogy of a public servant. They have executed their trust in perfect loyalty to the people, and I am sure it will be a grateful task for you to commit it once more to their faithful hands. Let us pass from persons to the party. It will be wise for us to remember that the democratic party of this state during the next two years will be confronted with grave and serious questions. The highest duty of patriotism just now is to preserve the Western and Atlantic railroad, unspoiled to the people and the people's children. And that duty done to dispose of in honesty and wisdom. This responsibility, doubles itself, when we reflect that the legislation needed for its settlement is a thing of contract and binding forever. If mistakes are made in general legislation they may be remedied by the amendment or repeal of the vicious law. But the state is bound by the terms of its contract as absolutely as its humblest citizen. If by the indifference of its friends the state should ever consent to the payment of a sum not justified by the contract of 1870, the error will stand and the people must pay. If by the management of interested parties this magnificent property should be exposed for lease under embarrassing conditions and rented at less than its true value, I know of no way in which to redeem the loss. Experience should be of some value to the state, and the gravity of the question calls for the wisest vigilance. But we have reason to congratulate ourselves that, as the time approaches for the settlement of this important question and the disposition of this valuable property, the government of the state is absolutely and completely in the hands of its own people. Let us hope that the courage and wisdom of the democratic party will be equal to the occasion. I confidently believe it may be trusted to settle this question in perfectly loyalty to the contract, in fairness to all parties, and at the same time with the amplest protection to every interest of the people. When that is done and the road restored to the state, let us trust that the wisdom and integrity of the party will dispose of it to the satisfaction of all, and to the best interest of the people. The burden of these issues rests upon the democratic party and it will be held responsible by the people and by posterity for an honest and patriotic settlement of them.

Let it be done clean handed. Let no suspicion attach to the legislation that adjusts these issues. Let no loathsome investigations follow it to tarnish the record of the state or the fair name of the party. Let this work be done with an eye single to the honor and prosperity of the state, that it may stand forever as a monument of the honesty, the patriotism and the strong business sense of the democratic party.

You will pardon a word of caution and I am done. Let us never forget that in our union is our invincible strength. Let us never forget that a wily foe awaits our dissension to make us once more its prey. Whatever disputes exist, let us adjust them around our own democratic hearthstone. Whatever differences of opinion prevail, let us settle them by a free and fair expression of the will of the party, at the ballot box, in a primary election, guarded if need be by the laws of the state, but guarded above all by the loyalty and integrity of the democratic party. Let the conservative wisdom of the party settle them. Let its patriotic loyalty acquiesce. Let this be one constant alarm, the party divided is the party destroyed. Let this be our constant strength and comfort—the party preserved, 'this government of the people, and for the people, and by the people, shall never fail in the earth,"

Nothing is cheap that is not good. See and price with Chamberlin, Johnson & Co. for Dry Goods, Carpets, Millinery and Shoes.

SOUTHERN WRITERS.

Their Literary Productions Are Among the Best.

PECULIAR STYLES OF WRITING

And Southern Character Equa With the Most Famous.

For the Constitution.

At No. 48 Windsor street yesterday a reporter of THE CONSTITUTION found Hon. W. L. Scruggs seated in a comfortable rocker in his well furnished library, enjoying one of the latest biographical works on the "Life of Patrick Henry."

A conversation being started up, it soon drifted into a discussion of southern writers, in which the reporter sought for information, which was readily given by Mr. Scruggs.

"The present age," said he, "is an age of fiction, and the works of the novelists are read more extensively than those of any other kind of writers.

"There are some very fine works of fiction by southern writers, exhibiting an elegance of style and vividness of expression, that places them in the front rank of literary productions.

"The most popular southern writer in this line is, perhaps, Miss Murfree, better known as Charles Egbert Craddock. The pictures of life in the mountains of Tennessee, North Carolina, and Virginia, presented to the reader in her works, are the truest of all presentations of that life. She was the first person to work up this special subject, and certainly made a great success of her work.

"Of all her works, I like 'The Prophet of the Mountains' best, because it presents in the clearest and most comprehensive form the mountain character before referred to.

"The value of her works, as I conceive them, is the life-like picture of the social system and habits of thought among the lower strata of society in the mountains.

"As a counterpart to the writings of Miss Murfree may be mentioned those of George W. Cable. His pictures of Creole life in Louisiana must be regarded as among the finest of modern literary works. He delineates the character of the creole and his manner of living in a masterly way.

"I regard him as a writer of great power and chasteness of style.

"Joel Chandler Harris," said Mr. Scruggs, "has no equal as a delineator of the negro character as represented in ante-bellum times.

"He seems to have gotten an insight into the spirit of the negro character, as that character was presented under the old slavery regime.

"His 'Uncle Remus' is a most valuable contribution to literature, and is rendered valuable because it preserves that phase of southern society now slowly fading away.

"'Uncle Remus' will be read one hundred years from now as the picture of the times in which slavery existed.

"Like most home productions, the real merits of the book are often overlooked by home people. We are so familiar with it ourselves that it does not strike us as being anything extraordinary, or as meriting a place among the best of literary productions, but when we stop to think about it, its immense importance as a contribution to the literature of the south appears at once to us.

"In the historical line, it may be well to say that the south boasts of no very great historian, although Mr. Stephens may be regarded as a very clear and forcible writer.

"In the biographical line, Moses Coit Tyler may be regarded as the best of southern writers. One of his works, 'The Life of Patrick Henry,' has just been published in the American Statesman series," and Mr. Scruggs picked up the book he had laid aside a few moments before. "This book is very valuable as a literary production, because the style is excellent, but its real value is that it is an authentic correction of a great many popular mistakes concerning the life of Henry and the character of Jefferson. 'The Life of Patrick Henry,' by William Wirt, contained a great many gross inaccuracies which were accepted as the truth for a long time. Mr. Tyler, in his work, shows that many of these were totally unauthorized, and, in doing this, necessarily reflects more or less upon the character of Mr. Jefferson.

"In my opinion, this is the only standard biography of Patrick Henry, and far excels that of Wirt.

"The style of writing is a very remarkable one.

"In regard to southern poetry I cannot venture much of an opinion, but of all the works I have read those of Edgar Allan Poe afforded me the most pleasure.

"In a certain line of poetry, the weird, wild untamable, he had no equal in the United States.

"His 'Raven' stands out prominently by itself as one of the most remarkable productions in the English language.

"There is a great deal of humor among southern writers, but there is no southern writer who makes humorous writing a specialty. The humor of the southern writer is very good, however.

"The south has produced her share of editorial writers as well as other kinds of writers:

"John M. Daniel, who was killed just at the close of the war, was one of the best, if not the best, in this line the south ever produced. He was editor of the Richmond Examiner, at Richmond, Virginia.

"William C. Rives, a relative of Amelie Rives, was another Richmond man, who was at the front as a political writer in the time of Andrew Jackson.

"John Forsyth, editor of the Mobile Register, at Mobile, Ala., was a very vigorous and forcible editorial writer.

"There is one other class of writers that might be mentioned, and that is the class of political writers.

"The south has certainly had fine political writers. As such, Mr. Calhoun never had an equal in the southern states, being the most scholarly and logical of southern political writers.

"I wish it to be understood, however," said Mr. Scruggs, "that I do not believe in the theories advanced by Mr. Calhoun. His theory was but the elaboration of Mr. Jefferson's theory, and Mr. Jefferson's theory was after all an elaboration of that of Rousseau.

"What is needed in the south is a review, in which could be published articles on philosophy, politics, history, criticism, fine art and other things, so as to develop and stimulate the habit of independent thought. With the aid of such a review, there could be developed in the south in a very short while a high order of political writers.

"Just at the beginning of the war, there was published in the south a magazine called "De Bow's Review." Among the many able articles it contained were several on the pro-slavery side of the heated controversy then going on. They were written by George Fitzhugh, a Virginian. The publication of this Review was suspended after the war, and has never been revived.

"The most accomplished literary man of the south, in my opinion, was John R. Thompson, of Richmond, Va. He was editor of the Southern Literary Messenger, succeeding Edgar Allan Poe in this position. The publication of this paper was suspended during the war.

"Mr. Thompson never had an equal for general information, breadth of view, and accuracy as a scholar. This magazine, during the years 1858, '59 and '60, contained very many able articles upon critical, miscellaneous, and historical matters, and were equal to anything ever seen in English magazines.

"In comparing the northern and southern writers, it may be said; that the northern writer deals more in statistics, and is more matter-of-fact; while the southern writer has more imagination, feeling, vividness of style, but at the same time less accurateness as to facts.

"As a rule it is a characteristic of a southern mind to be more tropical, the language more ornate, caused by the cultivation of the poetic faculties to the exclusion of the reasoning."

LIFE is burdensome, alike to the sufferer and all around him, while dyspepsia and its attending evils hold sway. Complaints of this nature can be speedily cured by taking Prickly Ash Bitters regularly. Thousands once thus afflicted now bear cheerful testimony as to its merits.

LOVE IN THE MOUNTAINS.

M Quad in Detroit Free Press.

The next day after the affair at Burton's in Tennessee I went over to Andrews' Fork, seven or eight miles away, and was made heartily welcome at the largest of the three cabins. Andrews had a daughter about 20 years old, and I soon understood that she was to be married next day. Indeed, the lucky young man was on the ground and waiting. He was a six footer, slim as a toothpick, awkward as a calf, and dead in love. The girl was more shy, but not to be bluffed by my presence. When I entered the front door, the young man, who answered the name of Davy, ran out of the back. He felt confused and embarrassed, and, taking his seat on a log about thirty feet from the house, he hid his face as much as possible behind a sapling. Andrews called to him, then Mrs. Andrews called, but he put his finger in his mouth and would not come. Then his Susan went out and said:

"Now, Davy, what's the scrimmage? He'un hasn't come yere to hurt we'uns."

"I ain't scart."

"Then come along in. All of us will be ashamed of ye."

"Got a headache," said Davy, as he hung back.

"Honest?"

"Yes, orful honest. Feels like it 'ud split."

"Shucks! You's bashful! You's afraid he'll poke fun at we'uns! But he won't, Davy. Pop's dun told him we're to jine, and he says it's right. He'un won't laff, Davy."

"Fur shore?"

"Fur snake shore. Come in, Davy."

She came leading him by the hand, and I did my best to put him at his ease. In this I succeeded so well that after dinner he took me into his confidence. We were lying under a tree, and I had given him the first cigar he ever saw, when he suddenly said:

"Would you—you—run away?"

"What! From getting married?"

"Yes."

"No, sir-e-e! You are a lucky man to get such a girl as Sue."

"But folks'l laff."

"Let 'em laugh."

"And wink and titter and make fun?"

"Pooh! What of it?"

"It's jist orful, but mebbe I kin do it. I've killed b'ars and rattlers and wildcats, and I've had fights and rows, but this skeers me."

I got him braced up after an hour's talk, and then we took a cut through the woods to see the new cabin which had been erected for the bridal couple. It was an humble structure made of poles, with no door to the doorway and no sash in the window. The ground was beaten down hard for a floor, there was a rude fireplace at one end, and a bedstead had been made of poles laid in crotches. Davy's mother had given him a bear skin, a kettle, a skillet and jug, and these were placed in a corner. Susan's parents had given her a pan, a kettle, three tin plates, two spoons, two knives and forks and a bottle of vinegar, and these were placed in another corner. That was the whole outfit.

The mountaineers were my friends. They had gone to every trouble to oblige me, and here was an opportunity to requite their kindness. There was a genuine country store about a mile away, and I got rid of Davy and went down there. I had a little talk with the storekeeper, and wrote out a list of things and tendered the pay, and his voice actually trembled as he said:

"Twelve hull dollars! Stranger, ye can't mean it!"

"Oh, but I do."

"And all a free gift to Dave and Sue?"

"Wall, it beats sarpints! 'Deed, it beats b'ars and wildcats! Put it thar', stranger! I've seed strange things in my time, but this clutters me!"

That evening Andrews and his wife had to go over to sit up with a sick neighbor, leaving me alone with the lovers. After the "sputter" had been lighted Sue said to me:

"You won't keer, will you?"

"About what?"

"And pop said you wouldn't laff nor titter."

"What at?"

"Dave and me is goin' to court."

"Go right ahead, my dear girl. I am very near-sighted and hard of hearing, and you needn't be afraid of me."

They sat down on the door sill, and after a minute Dave queried:

"Hain't nobody lookin', be thar?"

"Guess not."

"Then I'm goin' to!"

"No, you hain't!"

"But I must, 'cause I orter!"

He put his arm around her waist, and there was anoter long silence. Then he said:

"Kin I squeeze yer hand!"

"Noap."

"But I orter."

"Well, mebbe."

"And you hain't kissed me fur an hour."

"David!"

"But I orter be kissed. And you orter be kissed."

"I can't consider."

"But you orter. Nobody'll see."

"Well, mebbe you know best."

"Course I know best. Haven't I killed b'ars and wildcats?"

"Sartin, fur I seed their hides."

"Don't sot way off thar, Susan. Sot clusser."

"Noap."

"But you orter. Your pop would say yer orter. Hain't we most married?"

"Well, mebbe I orter."

"We's gwine to be crackingly happy."

"Yes."

"Never git mad?"

"Noap."

I went off to bed and left them there, and I shouldn't wonder if they put in most of the night at it. At about ten o'clock next morning the people begin to drop in, and at eleven the marriage took place. The groom had a weak spell, but I braced him up, and when the fatal noose was adjusted and the trap sprung his conduct was fair to medium. After dinner we formed in procession and escorted them to their new home. Almost everybody had come laden with a present of some sort. In the center of the cabin was my surprise, and no crowd of people were ever so dumfounded. Mrs. Andrews drew the articles out and it took every one's breath away as she shouted:

"Real tea and coffee and salaratus! And here's cotton cloth and pins and thread! And here's sugar and molasses and soap! And here's crockery—real crockery—and knives and forks and spoons and——"

But all the women were crying by that time, and all the men were trembling with excitement. They laid it onto me, and I had to own up, and then Andrews called out:

"Yere—Dave, Sue—git right down yere on yer knees and sw'ar to the stranger that you'll pot-luck with him an' his'n as long as grass grows and water runs, and may the Lord never desert him!"

And who could ask for a greater reward?

Purely Personal.

Attorney-General Garland has left Rock Enon Springs for his home at Hominy Hill, Ark. He is somewhat improved in health.

Ex-Governor Alger, of Michigan, is visiting the Cincinnati exposition. He loaned his fine collection of paintings to the exposition art gallery.

Dr. Robert Morris, who recently died at La Grange, Ky., was one of the only two poets laureate the Freemasons have ever had. Robert Burns was the first.

Dr. N. G. Tobey is running for congress in the Fifth district of Kansas. Tobey or not Tobey? is now the question which confronts the voters of that locality.

Chicago has some appropriately named citizens. A man named Anguish is a dealer in green fruit, while a Mr. Culcher represents a Boston firm that manufactures buttons.

An item of current gossip is to the effect that Chairman Quay, of the republican national committee, cannot bear the sight of a dog. He has, as it were, a Quaynine prejudice.

The desertion of the Boston league team by ten-thousand-dollar Kelly at this crisis is a really sad event. A ten-thousand-dollar man ought to have more loyalty in him than to abandon a sinking ship.

It is reported that Queen Victoria intends to purchase the Villa Zirio at San Remo, the residence for a time of the late Emperor Frederick. She intends to leave the apartments as they were during the distinguished patient's occupancy.

At President Cleveland's reception Wednesday about one hundred persons were present. Among them was a little boy of six who boldly walked up to Mr. Cleveland, seized his hand and announced that his name was "Grover Cleveland Washington." "Is that so?" asked the president. "Well, that's a pretty big name for a little fellow." And now come forward malicious people who wonder which part of the name the president considered the largest.

MEDICAL.

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offer my entire and immense stock of furniture, embracing over 600 suites—and hundreds of extra pieces—at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

Remember this offer is for one week only, as workmen will be tearing out the partitions on Monday, August 20th.

If you wish to buy Furniture at your own figures call at T. C. F. H. I. G. during

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WM. A. HARRIS, President, Staunton, Virginia.

july 5 d & w 6w

TWO FLATTERING OFFERS.

How an Editor Down South Proposed to Make a Man Famous.

From the Arkansaw Traveler.

Some time ago while Mark Twain was taking a reminiscent float down the Mississippi river, the boat upon which he had embarked was compelled one night to "tie up" at Flay's Point, a village in Louisiana. The humorist had gone to bed, and had just sank into a doze when there came a sharp rap at his stateroom door. Twain opened the door. A squint-eyed fellow wearing a check shirt and rawhide boots stepped into the room.

"Is this Mark Twain?"

"Yes, I am known by that name."

"Well, sir, I have some mighty important business with you."

"Please state it."

"Kain't do it here, but ef you'll come with me you'll soon find out."

"I don't care to go anywhere tonight—except to bed," Twain replied.

"But I tell you this is important—something that should be attended to at once. You just come with me a few minutes, and I'll be dinged if you ever regret it."

"I don't care to meet any one."

"You won't have to meet any one but me. You may have had a trick played on you, but I tell you this is to your advantage. It won't take you ten minutes. The only reason I want you to go with me is that I may prove my good faith."

He continued with such strong importunity that Twain finally consented to go with him. The humorist was conducted through a muddy street and down a dark alley to a small, wooden building. His conductor unlocked a door, entered a room and lighted a smokey lamp.

"Come right in an' set down."

The humorist looked around and discovered that he was in a printing office, fitted up with a hand press and a few "cases" of type.

"Set down."

Twain seated himself on a box. His conductor added:

"You are now, sir, within the portals of the Weekly Progress, a paper that circulates extensively throughout the country, and of which I am the editor. I wanted to bring you here, to show you as convincin' proof of my standin', the tools and appliances of my honorable profession. I could, on the boat, have give the information that I intended to deliver, but, suh, without these here surroundin's of sincerity, you mout have thought me a fraud. Now, this is what I want to tell you, Mr. Twain. I have hearn of you, and I want to say that anything you write that you want printed w'y you send it to J. Casper McIntosh and I'll be blamed if I don't print it for you. Yes, I will," he added, meeting the humorist's stare of amazement. "Yes, I'll be dinged if I don't. You jest go ahead now and write out a lot of your fool things and I'll be hanged if I don't publish 'em, and I don't care a blame whut folks say. Don't be snatched, Mr. Twain, for I am a telling of the truth. I'll publish your articles. Wall, if you must go, good-night. When you get down thar to the corner of the fence turn to the right if you don't wanter git dog bit."

Beecher's Farm Going to Waste.

New York Cor. Philadelphia Ledger, August 6.

Henry Ward Beecher's beautiful country place at Peekskill-on-the-Hudson, which, with its buildings and beautiful lawn, its orchards and farm cost the celebrated clergyman upward of $300,000, is running to waste. It is for sale, but no offer has been made at the price at which it is held by the family. Large country places of this kind which require a large income to maintain are always difficult to sell. During a quarter of a century Mr. Beecher earned at the rate of about $50,000 a year, but with the exception of this beautiful estate, little remains as a monument to his enormous expenditure. His books and engravings have been sold at auction and scattered far and wide among many purchasers.

BANGS AND BANCROFT.

The Legs of the One and the Glorious Beauty of the Other.

From the New York Press.

The comedy of "Judge Not" is in the legs of Mr. Bangs. The physical beauty of it is in the graceful lines of Helen Bancroft. The actress is quite a divine dummy. In the midst of elocution her facial expressions are not pretty. But reclining languidly on the end of a sofa, moving a pink feather fan to and fro in lazy rhythm and sweeping sidelong gleams of oriental fire out of the dark night of her eyes, Helen is a good thing. If she were a great actress we might speak of her genius instead of the velvety curve of her graceful throat. But as it is we stop at the throat. This is usually gratifying to a woman. You are taking chances when you continually remind a girl of her talents and never speak of her Grecian nose. Bernhardt would doubtless rather be the most gloriously perfect beauty alive than the greatest actress. It is sad to contemplate this weakness in women, but when we consider how much sadder it is to contemplate a lack of beauty in them, we discover their excuse for being constituted that way. And so the rippling satin of Bancroft's eloquent shape is spoken of. We are unable to say: "You are theatrically satisfying." So we tell her to exult in her spherical gorgeousness. Imagine a fine fall of sculptured snow on a pink satin sofa, and there is Bancroft. Her glance is not assuring, but there is an equatorial throb in her moon colored flesh which would inspire a Gautier to another colorful tale of Cleopatra. She should never smile, never frown, but just exist in the lime-lighted air. There are lots of other women on the stage like her. Why do not they form themselves into a great troupe of statuary and go around the country as freight?

The Warfare of Science.

From the Boston Courier.

The stories illustrating the struggles of the youthful mind with the intricacies of theology are well nigh innumerable, and each generation of children add to the supply. Little Pearl was recently walking with her mother on the seashore, when the latter sought to improve the shining hour by turning a little moral and implanting a little instruction in regard to cosmogony.

"Pearl," she asked, "who made all these rocks?"

"God," replied the six-year-old maiden, digging busily at the well she was constructing in the sand.

"What did he make them of?" proceeded the mother, pleased with the readiness with which the expected answer was given.

"Of dirt, I suppose."

"But where did he get the dirt?" still asked the questioner.

The little one looked up with the weary air of one who sees a long line of querries marshaled behind those already put forward, and gave an impatient flirt with her shovel.

"Oh, do be still, mamma," she said. "The next thing, you'll be asking me where God came from."

Bugs Bury an Objectionable Snake.

From the McKeesport News.

A short time ago a small snake was killed near the residence of Mr. Fillabaum, the Lincoln township gardener. The reptile was left lying on the field of slaughter, and nothing more was thought of it until a few days later, when Mr. Fillabaum had occasion to go near the spot, when his attention was attracted to a number of pinch bugs crawling around in that vicinity.

The gentleman watched the operations of the little insects, and soon discovered that they were digging a ditch or trench, which, when completed, was used as a receptacle for the body of the snake, which was rolled into the ditch and the dirt carefully relaid.

Mr. Fillabaum investigated the matter, and claims that the snake was thrown near a nest of the insects, and they took objections to the body when it began to decompose, and consequently buried it.

CANNIBALS OF THE NIGER.

They Discuss Whether to Eat Explorer Johnson and Party.

From the New York Sun.

The Sun gave a brief description the other day of the cannibals of the Congo basin, who are numbered by millions, and extend over a vast extent of country. Though the Congo region is the home of most of the cannibals of Africa, some tribes of man-eaters may be found much nearer the sea than in the Congo country. Along the delta region of the Niger, and on some of the neighboring rivers emptying into the Bight of Biafra, are some of the worst cannibals in the world. Unlike many of the Congo cannibals who have provided themselves by their arts and tribal governments to be among the most advanced of savage peoples, the cannibals living near the Gulf of Guinea are among the most degraded of human beings.

Mr. H. H. Johnston, the British consul at Cameroon, recently made a trip up the Cross river, which empties into the Gulf of Guinea, about 181 miles east of the main branch of the Niger. Mr. Johnston is well known by his geographical work on the Congo and his book on Mount Kilima-Njaro. He had not ascended the river more than fifty miles before the people he met began to be very wild and excitable. In a communication just published in the proceedings of the Royal Geographical society, Mr. Johnston say the people are all inveterate cannibals. They are continually fighting with each other in order to supply their larders with fresh food. In one hut which he entered a human ham was hanging from the smoke-blackened rafters, and above a hundred skulls were ranged round the upper part of the city walls. One old chief who wished to convince Johnston of his very friendly feeling took a necklace from his neck and presented it to the white man. The ornament was made from human knuckle bones.

At one point on the river where the traveler was received with great apparent friendship, he learned that the natives were debating the question whether to treat the visitors as honored guests or to eat them, or at any rate to eat the Kroo boys who had paddled Mr. Johnston up the river. He decided that it would not be safe to extend his explorations further, and he started down the river while the natives were still debating what to do with him. As he turned his canoe down stream, however, the noisy villagers gave chase, and there were a few minutes of terrible anxiety when the canoe ran aground, and hundreds of the yelling savages attempted to wade across the shallow water and seize the fugitives. Even little children, Johnston says, armed themselves with knives, and, standing ankle deep in the water, shrieked at the top of their voices that they would like to eat the white man. The explorer, however, managed to keep out of the clutches of the savages, and to get away without firing.

The cannibal tribes near Niger delta, in Angola and the Congo basin, are probably the only natives of Africa who habitually eat human flesh. Some tribes in East Africa, however, indulge in cannibal practices during religious exercises, and they also sometimes eat the bodies of enemies slain in battle. They believe that they are thus imbued with the virtues of the victim.

Boodle.

From the American Notes and Queries.

It is probably derived from the old English word bottel, a bunch, or a bundle, as a bottel of straw. "The whole kit and boodle of them" is a New England expression in common use, and the word in this sense means the whole lot. Latterly boodle has come to be somewhat synonymous with the word pile, a term in use at the gaming table, and signifying a quantity of money. In the gaming sense when a man has "lost his boodle," he has lost his pile or whole lot of money, whatever amount he happened to have with him. The word may be an Anglicized form of the German word beutel a purse, and in a figurative sense, money.

When young life's journey I began, the glittering prophet charmed my eyes; I saw along the extensive plain, joy after joy successive rise, so much so for smoking Grand Republic Cigarros and Bullos. Sold by all reliable dealers.

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INSTRUCTION.

MISS MOLLIE STEVENS WILL RESUME THE exercises of her school, at 377 Whitehall street, September 3, 1888. sun wed fri 8t

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I HAVE JUST TRADED FOR AN ELEGANT large black walnut sideboard which I will sell at a bargain. Also a few bedsteads and Bureaus and washstands at less than cost. Atlanta Office Furniture Co., 33 S. Broad st.

REFRIGERATORS AT COST—THE BEST MANufactured, to make room for fall goods. Thos. Kirke & Co., 57 and 59 Peachtree.

FOR SALE—A FINE LOT OF PLATED KNIVES and forks, tea and tablespoons, table knives and forks, packet knives, shears and scissors, and all kinds of cutlery at half prices, to make room for new stock. One week at 81 Whitehall street. Chas. Vittur.

LOST.

$25 REWARD—FOR RECOVERY OF ONE 6-shot Winchester shot-gun, one 8-day clock, 1 small 7-shot revolver, with evidence to convict thief. Keep a lookout for him. B. A. Warlick, 41 Broad street.

STOLEN OR STRAYED—ONE DARK BAY mare mule, about 13 hands high, blind in right eye, with a small knot on one fore foot. A liberal reward offered. M. B. Almand, 431 Whitehall st., Atlanta, Ga.

LOST—ON FRIDAY, A GENTLEMAN'S SCARF pin, with an oblong amethyst stone in it. A suitable reward will be paid for it. W. D. Ellis, 41 South Broad street. 2t

FOUND.

FOUND—DIAMOND FOUND. OWNER CAN GET it by calling at 70 Nelson street and describing the same.

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WOLFE'S BARGAIN HOUSE—WE ARE NOW selling out stock at slaughtering prices, as we are crowded and must have room.

Bureaus and dresser, $3 to $12.
Bedsteads—all grades and styles, $1.50 to $10.
3 fine pianos on liberal terms.
1 fine buggy horse, handsome, kind and gentle
1 lot good oil paintings, regardless of value.
3 refrigerators, 3 sideboards, 4 extension tables and eight extra-fine bedsprings—must be sold.
Good wool pants, $1.25 to $1.75.
Fine cassimere S. H. coats, $1.50 to $4.
Boys' knee-pants, 50c.

And other goods in proportion. Money advanced on consignments. Auction sales attended to. H. Wolfe, Agent, 98 Whitehall street.

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FOR SALE—56-INCH VICTOR BICYCLE, IN fair condition. Will sell at a great sacrifice. Address, or call in afternoon, E. P. Chalfant, 62 S. Broad street.

WANTED—HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC.

WANTED—TO RENT SUITABLE OFFICES FOR the Atlanta and Florida railroad company. Parties owning such property will please notify W. A. Hemphill, chairman.

WANTED—BY A GOOD TENANT, A CONVENiently arranged house of 8 or 9 rooms, in good repair and in first-class neighborhood, with not less than three bedrooms of good size on second floor. Modern conveniences and sanitary plumbing. Address T. R., Constitution office.

WANTED — BY TWO YOUNG GENTLEMAN room in private family. Reference given. Address E., P. O. drawer 29.

WANTED—TO RENT, A THREE OR FOUR room house within five or six blocks of Constitution office. A nice, well located, in first ward preferred. H. W. B., Constitution office.

WANTED—TO BUY FOR A CUSTOMER A four or five room cottage well located on south side. Krouse & Welch, No. 2 Kimball house, Wall street.

WANTED—A DWELLING IN THE SUBURBS to take care of or several weeks at nominal rent. Address B., care Constitution office.

FARM WANTED—A SMALL PLACE OF FROM 5 to 10 acres, improved if possible, within 3 or 3½ miles of Kimball house. The vicinity of West End preferred. Must be eligibly situated and without fancy price. Address Gardener, care Constitution.

WANTED—AGENTS.

REASONABLE CHARGES ARE MADE FOR THE use of a reliable messenger boy to serve you, call telephone 199 and get one. Atlanta Messenger Co.

AGENTS WANTED—$75 A MONTH AND EXpenses paid any active person to sell our goods. No capital required. Salary paid monthly, expenses in advance. Full particulars free. Standard Silverware Co., Boston, Mass. 1m

WANTED—AGENTS EVERYWHERE TO SELL the lives of Harrison and Morton, and Cleveland and Thurman. The best selling books of the nineteenth century. Write quick for good territory and terms. J. M. Jones, General Agent, 20 E. 8th street, Chattanooga, Tenn. aug 9 12 19

WANTED.—A GOOD CARRIAGE AND WAGON woodworkman can get a steady job and good wages, by addressing or telegraphing F. McManus, Montgomery, Ala. sun mon tues

WANTED—LADY AGENTS FOR THE IMproved combination bustle-skirt. Removable hoops. Can be laundried. Latest Paris style. One agent sold 500 in Columbus last spring, and made $200. Spring trade now. Address with stamp, E. H. Campbell & Co., 484 W. Randolph street Chicago. sun thus wed

AGENTS—BOTH SEXES COINING MONEY selling "O. K" potato peelers; samples and terms 10 cents. Other goods. F. Gates, 39 Dey st., New York. sun wed sun

WANTED—LADY AGENTS FOR BUSTLE AND extender combined; just the thing for winter dresses. Also the "B" hose supporter. Both entirely new. Ladies' Supply Co., 287 Washington Boulevard, Chicago. tues thurs sat sun

AGENTS, HERE IS BIG MONEY FOR YOU—10,524 sold last week. Seven states assigned in 3 days. The universal oil Heater and Burner consumes most of the smoke and soot, which is the great objection to all cartridge shaped oil burners. No pail used; no dripping to the carpet or stove. Cooks a meal or heats a room at a cost of 2 cents per hour. It is the best selling oil heater and burner in the market. Address Universal Manufacturing Co., 84 Market street, Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS—THE "MATCHLESS" LIGHTING Co., 132 Reade street, New York, patentees and manufacturers of "Matchless" self-lighting gas burners. Startling, useful, quick selling. Thousands sold. Sample by mail, 50c. Special terms offered.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—TO SELL A GOOD LEFFELL WIND mill, three thousand gallon cypress tank and tower, all in good order. Apply at 85 Courtland avenue, Atlanta, Ga. su we su we

CALL TELEPHONE 199 WHEN YOU WANT A reliable boy to go an errand. Atlanta Messenger & G. I. Co.

COUDEN PAINTS EVERY KIND AND STYLE of sign work. Studio 11½ South Broad street.

WANTED—A STRONG, SECOND-HAND ROAD cart, sulky or skeleton buggy in good order, cheap. J. A. Sams, 26 South Pryor street, city. sat sun

WANTED—A SECOND HAND PORTABLE boiler with steam gauge inspirator, etc., 20 to 100 H. P. Must be cheap. J. R. Tolleson, Secretary and Treasurer.

WANTED—REAL ESTATE.

G. W. ADAIR—REAL ESTATE CONSIGNments wanted. I have a cash customer with $5,000 to invest in good rent-paying property. I also want a $3,000 house in 4th or 6th wards. Also, a $2,000 cottage, with large lot, on south side of railroad. I have a good demand for vacant lots. Bring on your consignments, if you want your property sold. G. W. Adair, 5 Kimball house. Telephone 79. sun and tues

HOUSE AND LOT WANTED.

WE HAVE A CUSTOMER WHO IS WILLING to pay as much as $5 000 for an attractive house and lot. Prefers to have it close in. Thos. H. Willingham & Son. tf

PERSONAL.

HENRY POTTS, SUCCESSOR TO H. AND F. Potts, No. 24 Peachtree, Atlanta, Ga., carries in stock pure old rye and Kentucky bourbon whiskies, fine old port and sherry wines, pure peach and apple brandies, pure imported cognac brandy, gin, rum, etc. Bass ale and Guiness extar stout, bottled by E. and J. Burk, Liverpool. Telephone No. 175.

IT WILL PAY YOU TO CALL ON COUDEN, 11½ South Broad street, for your sign work.

FEVERS OF ALL KINDS CAN BE PREVENTED by freely using Ladd's prepared disinfecting lime. Carload just received. $1 per barrel delivered in the city. Terms cash on delivery. A. C. Ladd 16 S. Forsyth st.

HENRY POTTS, SUCCESSOR TO H. AND F. Potts, No. 24 Peachtree, Atlanta, Ga., wholesale dealer in fine whiskies and agent for the world wide celebrated Joseph Schlitz "Pilsener" Milwaukee bottled beer. Prompt and careful attention given orders from a distance. Goods delivered in any part of the city free of charge. Telephone No. 175.

BEFORE YOU MAKE A TRADE FOR YOUR signs, call and see Couden, 11½ South Broad street. Prices to suit the times.

DISINFECT YOUR PREMISES WITH CRUDE carbolic acid, same used by sanitary department city of Atlanta, 25 cents per gallon. O. A. Smith, corner Walton and Forsyth. sun tues thurs

PERSONAL—PREDICTION—SEND 20 CENTS for complete written prediction of your future life. With photo of future husband or wife, 30 cents. Give age and description. Prof. Marceau, Cleveland, O. sun

HELPING HAND, BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRAted, contains nearly 300 advertisements from ladies and gentlemen wanting correspondents. Sent three months for 10 cents. Address Helping Hand, 70 La Salle street, Chicago, Ill. sun

GENTS—3 TEASING LOVE LETTERS, READ two ways. Mail 10c to Box 52, Baltimore, Maryland. sun per

DIVORCE LAW OF ILLINOIS—SEND 10 CTS. Advice free. Cornell & Spencer, Chicago, Ill. sun

BUSINESS MEN DERIVE GREAT SATISFACtion from the use of our "Ironclad" notes which waive homestead rights and all the exemptions. We now send, postpaid, the above described note, 100 in a book, for 40c, or a book of 50 for 25c. We have also the above form with seven lines blank for taking a mortgage, which we call an "Ironclad note with mortgage clause." We send these, postpaid, 100 in a book, for 60c; 50 in a book for 35c. Address The Constitution. d&wkytf

BUSINESS CHANCES.

PARTY WITH $500 CAN GET A BUSINESS that will pay big results. Business needs partner, either active or silent. Address "X," care Constitution office.

TELEPHONE 199, AND GET A BOY TO GO AN errand; calls quickly answered. Atlanta Messenger Co.

WANTED—EVERYBODY TO KNOW THAT the "Domestic Sewing Machine office" has been removed to 42 Marietta street.

FOR SALE OR RENT—A NEW HOTEL OF 37 rooms, handsomely furnished, in a flourishing town in southwest Georgia. For particulars apply to Elliott Estes, Macon, Ga. 4sun

WANTED—A GOOD MAN WHO UNDERSTANDS the mill business to buy half interest in a saw-mill in a good locality. A rare chance to the right man to make money. B. H. Askew, Milford, Ga.

A WELL ESTABLISHED BUSINESS FOR SALE in Gainesville, Ga. Address B. J. & Co., Box No. 53.

EXPERIENCED BUSINESS MAN WANTS A live man with $1,000 to $2,000 as partner or employe. Business legitimate, safe and profitable. "Strictly Business," care Constitution.

LADIES' COLUMN.

THE "DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE OFFICE" has been removed to 42 Marietta street. Domestic fashions for August just out.

LADIES ONLY—ELEGANTLY ILLUSTRATED paper (monthly) prepared especially for ladies use; valuable, indispensable; 3 mos. 10c; 6 mos. 25 cts. 1 year 25 cts. Ladies' Journal, 74 La Salle st., Chicago, Ill. sun

WANTED—LADIES TO USE "CHICHESTER" English, Diamond Brand, Pennyroyal Pills. Safe. Always reliable. The original. The only genuine. Ask druggists or send 4c stamps for particulars, return mail. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa. su we

FEATHERS CLEANED, CURLED AND DYED also kid gloves, at Phillip's, 14 Marietta street

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED — FIVE GOOD BRICKLAYERS, wages $5 per day of nine hours. Apply to Barnes & Palliser, Galveston, Texas. sun tues thur

TRAVELING SALESMAN WANTED—AN EXperienced salesman on the road, in groceries and provisions, can learn of an opening by addressing "Merchant," P. O. Box 505, Atlanta, Ga. sun wed

WANTED—A GOOD BOY ABOUT 15 YEARS old. Simon & Frohsin.

WANTED—2 COLLECTORS, 1 GROCERY CLERK 2 traveling salesmen, 1 barber, 2 porters Prompt attention paid to all business I trusted. Inquiry office 119½ Whitehall st., Room No. 5.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS TINNER AND cornice worker competent to take charge of a shop as foreman; good pay to the right man. Address A. H. Jones, Anniston, Ala.

WANTED—AT SOUTHERN PHOSPHATE CO., on Richmond and Danville railroad, licensed fireman, to do night work.

WANTED—AT ONCE, TWO GOOD HARNESS makers and one collar maker. Good, sober workmen are the kind I want. D. F. Vance, Buford, Ga. aug 12 2t

CARPENTER WANTED TO DO A FEW DAYS work around the house. Apply 20 Larkin st.

DAIRYMAN WANTED—I WANT AN EXPErienced Dairyman with help to milk 25 cows School and church convenient. Permanent home offered. Address E. Napier, Thompson, Ala., M. & E. R. R., near Montgomery. sun wed

WANTED—ONE YOUNG MAN TO KEEP books and do office work. Address P. O. box 134, city.

WANTED—TRAVELING MAN, WITH SOME experience on the road in dry goods and notions, or millinery. Address at once, Postoffice box B, Athens, Ga. thur&sun

WANTED—TWO FIRST CLASS MOULDERS AT Schofield's Iron Works, Macon, Ga. aug10 3t

WANTED—TRAVELING AND LOCAL SALESmen for agricultural and machinery specialties to sell to the trade. State age, references, amount expected for salary and expenses. Address Massey & Co., Montezuma, Ga. 1m

SHORTHAND—CRICHTON'S SCHOOL, 49 WHITEhall st. A wide awake practical school. Has few equals and no superior in America. Illustrated catalogue.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED SALESLADIES AT Simon & Frohsin.

LADY CANVASSERS WANTED THAT ARE good talkers and walkers to canvass the city with an article that every housekeeper needs. Apply Monday, at room 8, 8½ Marietta st.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED LADY TEACHer to take charge of the French department of a high school in north Georgia. Salary $600. Address, with references and testimonials, Box 29, Oxford, Ga.

WANTED—A SINGLE WOMAN TO GO TO THE country to cook. Call at room 410, 8½ Marietta street.

WANTED—A COLORED FEMALE COOK AT 354 Whitehall street. Mrs. A. J. Wiley.

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE GIRL TO DO housework and attend to children. Must be willing and neat, and have good references. To such, a good home and wages will be given. Apply at 386 Whitehall street, corner McDaniel.

WANTED—YOUNG LADIES AT HOME TO color photographs for us by a new process. No instructions to buy. Fascinating employment. Work can be mailed anywhere. $1 to $2 per day can be made. Particulars mailed with a sample cabinet photograph, beautifully colored, for four cents. Address Home Co., P. O. Box 1816, Boston Mass. sun

SHORTHAND — CRICHTON'S SCHOOL OF shorthand and correspondence. 49 Whitehall st. Special terms to ladies. Large enthusiastic classes. Send for illustrated catalogue.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—TYPEWRITING OR SHORTHAND work by stenographer of the Standard Wagon company. Call on or address the above house.

GOOD BOOKKEEPER, TELEGRAPH OPERAtor, stenographer and machine writer, owning machine, desires position, through ripe business experience, city experiences. X. X., care Constitution.

WANTED—BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRApher owning machine desires position, city, or will travel; knows southwest, south Georgia and middle Florida trade. X, care Constitution.

WANTED—A POSITION IN A COTTON OR INsurance office, or any other position, to write, by a sober, steady gentleman. Good reference furnished. H. M. D., 50½ Decatur street. fri sun.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES

WANTED—A YOUNG LADY DESIRES A POsition as stenographer and typewriter. Can give best of references. Address B. W. W. Constitution office.

WANTED—PLACE AS HOUSEKEEPER, WHITE or help in hotel or nice family by middle aged woman. Address "M. A. R.," Constitution office.

A YOUNG LADY OF EXPERIENCE DESIRES A situation to teach in a private family. Is qualified to teach Latin, French, German and music, and the usual English branches. Address Miss M., Box 12, Scottsville, Va.

WANTED—BY A TRAINED TEACHER, WHO has had experience in both normal and graded school work, a position; one in Georgia or Florida preferred. Best references given. Address Miss S. J. K., Meador, S. C. sun mon

A LADY WHO HAS HAD EXPERIENCE IN office work and bookkeeping is in immediate need of a position. Best of references. Willing to do anything. W., this office.

WANTED — POSITION AS TEACHER BY A lady of several years' experience. Normal training. P. O. box 52, Rome, Ga.

A LADY OF EXPERIENCE DESIRES A SITUAtion in a school or family to teach the English branches and music, or a situation as companion to a lady. The best of references given. Address "K," care Atlanta Constitution.

WANTED—POSITION AS GOVERNESS, COMpanion, housekeeper, or to take charge of children. Addres J. Rosa, Waverly Mills, S. Cs References given.

BOARDERS WANTED.

WANTED BOARDERS—ONE OR TWO COUples to board. Pleasant rooms, good fare, with pleanty of pure, rich milk. Apply 73 Forest avenue.

BOARD—A NICELY FURNISHED ROOM WITH board at No. 43 Walton st. References required

FOR A PLEASANT PLACE TO SPEND A FEW months, none better than at the Brunswick hotel at Norcross, Ga. J. M. Holbrook, general manager.

NO. 5 CHURCH, CORNER PEACHTREE, NEW, elegant, just opened, table unexcelled, piano in parlor, gas, bath. Terms $4 to $5 per week.

NO. 66 NORTH FORSYTH STREET IS CONVEniently located for persons desiring board, either with or without rooms. The rooms are large and airy. House newly furnished.

PERMANENT OR TRANSIENT BOARDERS will find nice rooms and good board at Mrs. Fuller's, 43 and 45 East Mitchell street.

PERMANENT, DAY OR TRANSIENT BOARDers can obtain pleasant rooms and good board at No. 100 Walton street, three blocks from postoffice. 1w

35 N. PRYOR ST—FIRST-CLASS BOARD, comfortably furnished rooms, two front rooms just vacated, center of city. Terms reasonable.

A PRIVATE FAMILY, CLOSE IN, HAVE AN elegant room, bath attached, will take acceptable married couple or two young men. "Private Family," care Constitution.

WILL TAKE 6 GENTLEMEN BOARDERS AT reasonable rates. Call at 188 Whitehall.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS WITH BOARD, can be had in private family, 30 Church street, one block from Peachtree; day solicited.

LOCAL AND TRANSIENT BOARDERS CAN get good accommodations at No. 33 North Forsyth street.

THE CAMBRIDGE, FIFTH AVENUE, CORNER Twenty-third street, New York, is a palatial, model home, with all hotel conveniences. Cuisine unsurpassed. Lorenz Reich, Proprietor. sat sun tues

THE BELMONT—60 AND 62 WALTON STREET, handsomest, best furnished and best ventilated rooms in the city. Baths on each floor. sun tue thurs tf

AT DECATUR, GA.—BOARDERS WANTED—Six miles from Kimball house, on Georgia railroad; 6 daily trains each way, fare same as street car; first-class board; large, airy, elegant rooms; large shady grounds, cool, pure water; only a few hundred yards from depot. Terms reasonable. Apply early, as accommodations are limited. Address "Allen Home," Decatur, Ga. 4 sun

THE MANAGEMENT OF THE FURTELL House, Nos. 26 and 28 N. Forsyth st., has changed hands. Mrs. Dr. Robt. W. Westmoreland and Miss Rosa Pope now having charge of this well known house. It will hereafter be maintained in first-class order in every particular. It is one of the best arranged and most conveniently located houses in the city, being only one block from the present capitol building, and its accessible position and excellent management specially commends it to persons desiring homelike comforts within the center of the city. Correspondence or inquiry solicited.

SUMMER BOARDERS WANTED—BY MRS. E V. Rice, Hayesville, N. C. The best table, the choicest location, amid the flowery region of the old north state. Rates reasonable. Send for terms.

BOTTLES WANTED.

F. REVSON, 168 WEST PETERS STREET, PAY highest cash price for second-hand bottles send for price list. sun 1

REAL ESTATE.

TO EXCHANGE—AN ELEGANT 10 RESIDENCE in the town of Lithonia for Atlanta property. Call on R. H. Randall, No. 1 Kimball house.

A GARDEN FARM—A NICE SIX-ROOM HOUSE, out houses and ten acres land, 1½ miles from city limits, ½ mile from Edgewood; will exchange for city cottage worth $2,500; or sell cheap for cash. Easy payments. Apply at once to Randall & Turner, 1 Kimball house.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE PRETTIEST VAcant lots on the market, on Richardson street, opposite Captain Hynds's beautiful home. Call at adjoining lot, corner. Ira.

FOR SALE—COMFORTABLE HOME, 6-ROOMS, double galleries, excellent water, good neighborhood. Fifteen minutes walk from postoffice. Price, $2,000, cash $500, balance on time. Easy payments. Address P. O. box 532 sun tu th

TEXAS STOCK-FARM FOR SALE—A FINELY improved stock farm, containing about 4,5 0 acres, in central Texas; location high and healthy, and only about seven miles from a growing railroad town; water plentiful, and fine range good. Might be willing to take, in part payment, approved, Georgia real estate. Address John E. Morgan, Barnesville, Ga. su 4t

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—FOR CITY PROPerty, 40 acres of land adjoining Piedmont Chautauqua. Apply to Perry Chisolm, 37 Marietta street.

Partial Sale List, August 12th, 1888.

$20.000 AN ELEGANT NEW 35 room boarding house, near center of city; very select.
$10,000—Splendid brick residence, corner lot.
$9,000—The best brick residence on Whitehall street; close in.
$8,000—Nine room house, corner lot, 93x200, West Peachtree.
$9,000—One of the best places in West End.
$18,000—Whitehall street store property, running through to Broad street.
$3,500—Lot, 50x334, Whitehall, corner Hood; a bargain; runs through to Orange street.
$4,000—A splendid 8 room house, Smith street.
$2,800—Beautiful cottage, Windsor street.
$2,600—Large vacant lot, Powers street, near Peachtree.
$2,500—Lovely cottage, nice lot; Williams street.
$5,000—Two splendidly built 4 room cottages, on Luckie street; easy terms.
$600—Three room house, three blocks from Marietta street.
$850 to $1,200—Nice 3 and 4 room cottages, on good street, on installments. Call and examine.
$2,000—A splendid 7 room house, Pulliam street; easy terms.
$750—Three 3 room cottages, rent well; easy terms.
$1,200—Four room dwelling, Pulliam street; part cash, balance easy.
$450—Three room house, nice lot, near Peters street; terms to suit.

We have on our rent list some very desirable property. Centrally located business places, nice dwellings, pretty cottages. If you have vacant property place it in our hands; if you desire to buy or rent a house, call on us. Leak & Lyle, 37 Marietta street.

For Sale by Smith & Dallas, No. 43 South Broad Street.

WE WILL EXCHANGE FOR LAND IN FLORida, a 10-room house and good lot near State Road Shops. And we will exchange 1,000 acres of land in Montgomery county, Texas, for property in or near Atlanta.

And we offer for sale store and 4 room residence, $2,250, splendid farm of 100 acres 2½ miles of the car shed, well improved, superior orchards and vineyards, well watered, a very superior place, $16,000.

A lot of two acres, in West End, 50 steps of street cars, $2,000.

A splendid shaded lot, 60x200, very near Park Street church, $2,200.

A great bargain in a very large lot with two story brick house, near street cars, three-fourths of a mile from car shed; or will exchange for suburban property.

Ten acres in West End, in a block.

If you want to buy anything, call and tell us what you want.

MACHINERY FOR SALE.

TWELVE HORSE-POWER ECLIPSE ENGINE, second-hand, in good fix; price $400. W. F. Smith, Social Circle, Ga.

SECOND HAND ENGINES AND BOILERS AND other machinery for sale cheap and on easy terms. Perkins Machinery Co., 67 South Broad st., Atlanta, Ga. su&wky 1t

FOR SALE—A GOOD RIP-SAW WITH WEATHer-boarding attachment. Price $40; original cost $135. Can be seen running at George S. May & Co., 139 West Mitchell street, Atlanta. aug8—1wk.

ATTENTION FARMERS AND GINNERS—OUR Gullett Steel Brush Gins are "paralyzing" all other makes. Three brushes comb the lint and make finest samples; take custom right away from other gins. Cotton ginned on our Steel Brush Gins sells for ⅛c to ½c higher than if ginned on any other gin. Write us for circulars, prices, etc. Perkins Machinery company, 67 South Broad street, Atlanta, Ga. sun wky

AS RECEIVER OF JOHN MILLER & CO., STAIR builders and contractors, at corner of Western and Atlantic railroad and Bartow street, I offer for sale all or any part of their complete set of machinery, same in good condition and consisting of one single spindle shaper, one 27-inch band saw, one single surfacing six roll 20-inch planer, one molding machine, one 18-inch wood turning lathe and tools, one 12-horse stationary steam engine, and many other pieces of machinery too numerous to name. Also a lot of lumber for sale. Purchasers wishing a bargain, will call on or write, John W. Cox, receiver, 11½ East Alabama street, or Mayson & Hill, attorneys, 8½ Marietta street. 2t

NEW COTTON GINS, FEEDERS AND CONdensers, best makes, for sale at half price to close them out. We have a few good second hand gins, feeders and condensers in good order for sale at your own prices. They must go. Perkins Machinery Co., 67 South Broad street, Atlanta, Ga. su&wky1t

FOR SALE—HORSES, CARRIAGES.

WE HAVE A LARGE STOCK OF NEWLY REmodled extention top carriages, phaetons and buggies at prides ranging from $35 to $100, for the phaetons and buggies, and $100 to $150 for carriages. We also have one first-class Cunningham Landau, worth $700, at $450; and two delivery wagons in good repair. Call and see these jobs before you buy. Weitzerr & Fitzgibbon.

CHEAP HORSE (WELL BROKE) AND BUGGY for sale. Ladies can drive him. Ivy street, No. 71.

WE HAVE JUST FINISHED TWO MORE OF those elegant, gold mounted Ladies' Saratoga Carts. These carts are unexcelled in style and riding qualities. Also an elegant extention top carriage, mounted on full platform springs, with pole and shafts. Also Canopy Top Surreys; ladies' phaetons and light top buggies of our own make. Weitzerr & Fitzgibbon.

DON'T BUY A CARRIAGE OR BUGGY OF ANY kind this week without calling on us before buying. Weitzell & Fitzgibbon.

FOR SALE CHEAP—COMBINATION HORSE, stylish, fast, good for lady, 1 pair mules and wagon, 2 mowing machines. Address John Green, room 29, Gate City bank building.

WE HAVE A FINE BARGAIN IN A NEW York made coupe rockaway, finely trimmed in silk, lace, bevel glass, with elegant appointments and shifting front. Can be used as a summer or winter carriage, was used only 90 days and cost $500 in New York without freight. Will sell at $400. Weitzell & Fitzgibbon.

ROAD CARTS, VARIOUS KINDS; PRICE lower than ever. 39, 41 and 43 Decatur street Standard Wagon Co. sun-wk

JUMP-SEATS AND SURREYS; CANOPY TOPS of every style; largest assortment in the south. 39, 41 and 43 Decatur street, Standard WagonCo. sun-wk

LANDAUS AND VICTORIAS, McLEAR & KENdall's make; best quality; reasonable prices easy terms. 39, 41 and 43 Decatur street. Standard Wagon Co. sun-wk

BUGGIES, PHAETONS AND BUCKBOARDS, every style and price. Call and examine. 39, 41 and 43 Decatur street. H. L. Atwater, manager. sun-wk

FAMILY CARRIAGES, LATEST STYLES AND first-class goods; a large variety. 39, 41 and 43 Decatur street, Standard Wagon Co. sun-wk

FARM WAGONS, DRAYS AND DELIVERY wagons, low wheel, wide tire, one, two and three horse wagons. 39, 41 and 43 Decatur street. H. L. Atwater, manager. sun-wk

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS

SECOND HAND NO. 2 CALIGRAPH, IN GOOD order, for sale at $35, or will exchange it for good second hand No. 1 caligraph. Perkins Machinery company, 67 South Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.

SEED—RYE SEED, OAT SEED, BARLEY, NEW rye, genuine winter grazing oats and rust proof oats. Beware of white oats, sold as winter grazing oats. T. H. Williams, 27½ Broad street. 2t

TWO FINE MILCH COWS FOR SALE CHEAP, if sold within ten days; can be seen at any time at No. 20 Larkin street.

COUDEN SIGNS OF ALL KINDS, STUDIO 11½ South Broad street. Bed rock prices.

I HAVE A FEW HUNDRED DOLLARS TO INvest in some good profitable business. Address, Monday to T. C. G., care Constitution.

ATLANTA MESSENGER CO. WILL FURNISH your with a reliable boy to carry a note, package, etc., telephone 199.

THE LEXINGTON ROLLER MILLS COMPANY challenge the milling world to produce a flour superior to their celebrated "Roller Extract" brand. In "whiteness" it is the "top" flour of America. In purity, strength and sweetness, it stands unrivalled. Ask your grocer for this celebrated brand, if you want the very highest type of flour. 4 sun

MISCELLANEOUS.

PICTURE SIGNS AND FINE BANNER WORK A specialty. Couden studio, 11½ South Broad street.

REAL ESTATE.

Randall & Turner, Real Estate Agents, No. 1 Kimball House.

$4200—ELEGANT 7 R H CREW ST., First-class place.
$6000—Splendid Hunter st home, 9 rooms, close in.
8000—Vacant lot West Peachtree 200x160. At a bargain for a few days. We call the attention of capitalists to this place. Money in it.
$1600—A special bargain in 5 room house, Connally street.
$1700—Good Davis 4 r h on lot 50x150.
$2000—Excellent Davis st 4 r h, easy terms.
$1300—Farm 110 acres near Marietta, very cheap.
$8000—Elegant country residence and 321 acres good land, fine improvements, fruits, etc., 3 miles from Marietta. Good terms.
$1400—4 r cottage, Vine st, $300 cash, bal. $100 every 6 months.
$1150—4 r cottage, Georgia Ave. $200 cash, bal. $20 per month.
$500—New 2 Room house, lot 50x190. One half cash, bal $10 per month.
$500—Two beautiful va lots 50x190 each, cheap.
$1500—Very cheap cottage, 5 rooms Nelson st.

Our renting department is in the charge of Mr. S. B. Turman. Give him your property to rent. Randall & Turner.

Ansley Bros.—Real Estate Agents.

$4.500—BIGGEST BARGAIN IN THE city; handsome residence and three vacant lots, on paved street, and in good neighborhood.
$6,500—Eight room house, South Pryor street; near in.
$4,500—Nine room house, Jones street, near in.
$2,650—Nice 7-room cottage, with large lot on paved street, near in.
$2,200—Nice cottage and large lot, Richardson street.
$5,200—Seven room house and lot, Merritts avenue

We have some fine bargains in residences on Capitol avenue and South Pryor street.

$2,200—For two large and beautiful residence lots, on one of the nicest streets in the city, less than cost; very cheap.
$2,000—For improved property, paying over sixteen per cent.

Bargains in residences and vacant lots on Peachtree, West Peachtree, Washington and South Pryor streets, and Capitol, Forest and Georgia avenues; also on every desirable street in the city.

$1,600—Beautiful large shady lot, South Pryor street. Two pretty lots on Washington street, very cheap.
$5,100—Beautiful home at Decatur, near depot; three acre lot, and fine fruit and shade.

Plenty of pretty houses and vacant property at Decatur, Kirkwood and Edgewood; also fine line of truck farms.

If you want bargains, come and see us. Office 28 South Pryor street.

Harry Krouse. M. M. Welch

Krouse & Welch, Real Estate, Renting and Loan, 2 Kimball House, Wall Street.

CONOLLY ST. 2 FOUR ROOM COTTAGES $1,500, ⅓ cash, bal. 6 and 12 months.

WERNER AVE. 6 THREE ROOM COTTAGES, renting for $45 monthly only $4,250.

GEORGIA AVE. 4 ROOM COTTAGE $1,150, $300 cash balance monthly.

CLARKE ST. 2 FOUR ROOM COTTAGES $1,800, ½ cash, balance 6 and 12 months.

GEORGIA AVE. CORNER LOT 100x140 EACH, only $1,200, ⅓ cash, balance 6 and 12 months.

GORDON ST. 5 LOTS 47x140 EACH, ONLY $1,800 on easy payments.

PRYOR ST. 9 ROOM RESIDENCE NEAR IN $3,750 $800 cash, balance long time.

JACKSON ST. LOT 50x260 FEET $1,050, ONE-third cash, balance monthly.

ORMOND ST. NEAR CAPITOL AVE. 190x150 FT. only $1,000 for a few days.

CAPITOL AVE. 50x190 FT. $700, ONE THIRD cash, balance easy payments.

WHITEHALL 7 ROOM RESIDENCE, LOT 75x325 feet, $5,500, $2,500 cash, balance 3 years.

GEORGIA AVE. LOT ONLY $450, $150 CASH, balance monthly.

EAST FAIR ST. 200x100 FEET, NICELY LOCATED, only $800, $200 cash, balance long time.

WERNER AVE. 2 THREE ROOM COTTAGES, lot 110x185, only $1,500, rent $15 a month.

CHATHAM ST. NEW 3 ROOM COTTAGE, CORner lot, $650, good neighbor, long time.

BUTLER ST. 3 NEW 4 ROOM COTTAGES AT A bargains, terms to suit.

ELLIS ST. NEW 5 ROOM COTTAGE NEAR IN, only $3,500, $1,000 cash, balance monthly.

BOWDEN ST. NEAR PEACHTREE, 2 ROOM house, lot 79 feet front, only $700.

JACKSON ST. NEAR NORTH AVE. 200 FEET front, only $2,500, bargain.

$950 FOR 2 FOUR ROOM COTTAGES south side, renting for $12 per month.

WANTED—5 OR 6 ROOM COTTAGE, SECOND ward, cash $2,000 to $3,000.

WANTED—5 OR 6 ROOM COTTAGE, NORTH side for $1,500 to $2,500.

REAL ESTATE.

W. M. Scott & Co., Real Estate Agents, No. 6 Kimball House.

EDGEWOOD—7-ROOM COTTAGE WITH STORE room, closets, etc. Lot 113x278; grapes, fruit, shade trees, etc. W. M. Scott & Co.

CHURCH STREET—CLOSE IN, 7-ROOM RESIdence, with gas in every room, fine shade trees. Lot 70x103; will sell cheap. W. M. Scott & Co.

CREW STREET—NEW 5-ROOM COTTAGE ON lot 50x200; one block from school; choicest part of the street; cheap. W. M. Scott & Co.

FORSYTH STREET—7-ROOM RESIDENCE ON corner lot 53x127; cheap; close in for business man; stable, gas and water; paved streets; ⅓ cash. W. M. Scott & Co.

PULLIAM STREET—2 STORY 7-ROOM RESIdence on finely shaded lot, 50x150; gas, paved street, street cars, etc. W. M. Scott & Co.

WEST END—GORDON STREET, ADJOINING E. P. Howell's residence, handsome vacant lot, 100x350; choice property. W. M. Scott & Co.

110 ACRE FARM, 15 MILES FROM ATlanta, on the Johnson ferry road, one mile from Sandy springs church, near to flour and saw mills; watered by two branches; has good carp pond; sixty to sixty-three acres in woods well timbered, balance in cultivation; 5-room dwelling, with all necessary outbuildings; good orchard; owner in town and must sell; worth $1,500; will sell for $1,100; cheapest farm in Fulton county. W. M. Scott & Co.

WINDSOR STREET—NEAR RICHARDSON; choice vacant lot, 53x179, $1,500. W. M. Scott & Co.

HOUSTON STREET—BETWEEN JACKSON and Boulevard, vacant lot, 50x250, $1,000; a choice location. W. M. Scott & Co.

CAPITOL AVENUE — TWO-STORY 8-ROOM residence. W. M. Scott & Co.

WEST BAKER STREET—TEN-ROOM RESIdence, elegantly furnished; heated by furnace; gas and water; $5,000; liberal terms. W. M. Scott & Co.

SOUTH PRYOR STREET—NEW AND MODERN 9-room brick residence, on beautiful lot, 50x185; close in and desirable; easy payments. W. M. Scott & Co.

WASHINGTON STREET—BEAUTIFUL GROVE lot, on street car line; just high enough over the street to lie well; original forest trees; 60x190 to alley; a gem and bargain; only $1,100; $400 cash, balance six and twelve months. W. M. Scott & Co.

N. BUTLER STREET—4-ROOM HOUSE ON lot 50x108½; now rented for $9; price $700. W. M. Scott & Co.

WASHINGTON STREET—CLOSE IN; CHOICE vacant lot, 50x210; choicest vacant property on the street; liberal terms. W. M. Scott & Co.

MILLS STREET—4-ROOM COTTAGE ON CORner lot; $1,600; liberal terms. W. M. Scott & Co.

WEST END—GORDON STREET, CORNER ATwood; choice vacant lot, 70x210, to an alley nice grove, lot high and level; southern exposure, just beyond Mills' residence and opposite old chimneys. W. M. Scott & Co.

83 PLUM STREET—COMFORTABLE 3-ROOM house in good order for $50 cash and $15 per month. W. M. Scott & Co.

2 BLOCKS FROM GOVERNOR'S MANSION, 7-room residence, 2 stories, for $2,000; a bargain. W. M. Scott & Co.

10 SHARES WEST END IMPROVEMENT Stock for sale cheap. W. M. Scott & Co.

Partial list of Bargains for Sale by Clarke & Shockley, Real Estate Agents, 51 S. Broad Street.

$3.200—SIX ROOM HOUSE, COURTland street.
$2,200—Four room house, East Pine; cheap.
$2,500—Six room house, large lot, East Fair street.
$3,000—Four room house, lot 50x210, South Pryor; terms easy.
$2,650—Five room house, North avenue.
$2,100—Four room house, Hilliard street, corner lot.
$3,975—Seven room house, corner lot, close in.
$3,000—Eight room house and store, large lot, Decatur street.
$9,000—Eight room house, Forest avenue; desirable.
$950—Three room house, Alexander street.
$4,900—Seven room house, Ivy street.
$1,100—Corner lot, Fort street, 90x200, close in; great bargain.
$350—Each, three choice lots near glass works.
$800—Lot 50x150 to 12 foot alley, Boulevard.
$1,200—Lot 90x200, Fort street; a bargain.

We have some splendid farms near the city, for sale or exchange for city property. Come in and see us. Clarke & Shockley, real estate agents, 51 Sutho Broad street.

DOGS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—THOROUGHBRED NEWFOUNDland puppies. Apply at 212 Decatur st.

TRUNKS, VALISES.

DO YOU NEED A LADIES' TRUNK?

DO YOU NEED A GENTS' TRUNK?

DO YOU NEED A VALISE OR SATCHEL?

DO YOU NEED A SAMPLE CASE?

DO YOU NEED A CLUB OR TOURIST BAG?

DO YOU NEED TRUNK OR SHAWL STRAP?

DOES YOUR TRUNK OR VALISE NEED REpairing?

IF SO, BEAR IN MIND THE ATLANTA STEAM Trunk Factory.

WE ARE THE CHEAPEST HOUSE IN THE South. We save you big money.

WE HAVE SPECIAL BARGAINS FOR NEXT ten days.

OUR FACTORY AND SALESROOM IS AT NO. 92 Whitehall.

COME AROUND AND SEE US TURN OUT 100 trunks per day.

WE ARE SHIPPING THEM ALL OVER THE country.

MONEY MADE IS MONEY SAVED. CALL AND see us and we will prove it. Atlanta Trunk Factory, Lieberman & Kaufman, 92 Whitehall st.

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FOR RENT—AN ELEGANT 26 ROOM BROWN stone house, just completed, 86 Ivy, between Wheat and Houston; every convenience for first-class boarding, near Peachtree and Union depot; alley on two sides, splendid location. J. W. B. Edwards, 22 Wheat st.

FOR RENT—A COSY FIVE-ROOM COTTAGE 311 Rawson street. Apply to A. W. Bealer at Journal office.

FOR RENT—A SPLENDID NEW BOARDING-house, 15 rooms, all modern conveniences; street cars, 150 yards from Union depot, near Peachtree, most eligible location. Will rent for 12 months or more; eight or ten additional adjoining rooms if desired. Most of rent in board if preferred. 22 Wheat street.

FOR RENT—SEVEN ROOM HOUSE, 2 BLOCKS from car shed, 39 Courtland street. Apply 148 East Hunter street. James Coyen.

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FOR RENT—ONE HOUSE, 10 ROOMS, WITH gas, water, electric bell, and all other improvements: one minutes' walk from postoffice. Apply to F. J. Stilson, 55 Whitehall street.

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FOR RENT—EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE, (WHOLE OR a part) close in, large lot, $40. Randall & Turner, 1 Kimball house.

FOR RENT OR SALE—MY HOME, 8 ROOM house, with two acres of good land. It is on the McDonough road, about two miles from the car shed. Apply on premises or at Fred Cole, Atlanta Home InsuranceCo. Mrs. M. D. Cole. sun wed

Rooms.

NICE OFFICE OR SLEEPING ROOMS OVER my store for rent cheap. M. M. Mauck, 27 Hunter street, opposite courthouse.

FOR RENT—TWO CONNECTING ROOMS AT 8 Jones street, in one block of Whitehall street car line. Very reasonable.

FOR RENT—ONE LARGE PLEASANT FRONT room, centrally located. 55 Walton street.

FOR RENT—NICE, FRONT, UNFURNISHED room to two gentlemen or man and wife, with board; gas in room; rates reasonable. Apply 108 Mangum street. sat sun

Furnished Rooms.

ROOMS FOR RENT—TWO NICELY FURNISHED rooms, with bath room adjoining. Will rent to one or two gentlemen, who will be made to feel at home. 25 E. Pine street.

3 NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET. GENtlemen preferred. 76 Calhoun st. Telephone 181.

FOR RENT—ONE OR TWO FURNISHED ROOMS at 58 North Pryor street; also furniture carpet and cooking stove for sale.

A NICELY FURNISHED ROOM FOR RENT over 50 Peachtree street. Apply to M. B. Hallman.

For Rent—Furnished or Unfurnished Room

FOR RENT—4 OR 5 NICE LARGE ROOMS, UNfurnished. Good water and good neighborhood. Call at once at 153 Mangum street.

FOR RENT—THREE NICE ROOMS, SEPArately or together; furnished or unfurnished. 42 W. Peters street; very close in.

FOR RENT—SEVERAL VERY PLEASANT AND desirable rooms, furnished and unfurnished, at 58 Washington street. Board convenient.

FOR RENT — FRONT ROOM FURNISHED ON first floor to gentlemen for sleeping room. References required at 119 Ivy st.

TWO OR THREE ROOMS, FURNISHED OR unfurnished, for rent; centrally located, either with or without board. Apply at 57 W. Mitchell st.

FOR RENT—TWO ROOMS, FURNISHED OR unfurnished, 265 Peachtree street.

For Rent—Rooms with or without Board

FOR RENT—TO A SINGLE GENTLEMAN, A comfortable, well-furnished room, with or without breakfast, in private family. Location healthy, and convenient to car lines. Address Home, Constitution office.

FOR RENT—WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD, TWO nicely furnished rooms, 65 Fairlie street.

Miscellaneous.

STORE FOR RENT—NO. 50 PEACHTREE street. One of the best locations in the city for a grocery store or bakery and confectionery; good oven, in perfect order. Apply to M. B. Hallman.

FOR RENT—OFFICES AND SLEEPING ROOMS in Vandalia building 20 East Alabama st. Apply Hoppie Bros., 24 East Alabama st. su—tf

For Rent by Smith & Dallas, 43 South Broad Street.

DESIRABLE PEACHTREE RESIDENCE OF 8 rooms, with stable and carriage house—all in good order.

10 room boarding house on north side, close in, and very reasonable price.

12 room brick, two-story boarding house, very close in, on north side—low rent.

10 room residence, large lot, good condition, near new capitol.

8 room furnished house, very desirably located—everything nice.

7 room cottage, furnished or unfurnished, near Ponce de Leon springs—fine garden, fruits, stable, etc.

7 room residence—a most elegant, well arranged house, every convenience—very near the postoffice.

7 room cottage, very nice, on South Pryor street.

7 room cottage, gas and water, on East Fair street, close in.

6 room cottage Crew street.
6 room cottage East Fair street.
7 room cottage Formwolt street.
2 desirable houses in West End.

For Rent by John J. Woodside, Renting Agent, No. 20 North Broad Street, Corner Walton.

13 R. H. 67 IVY, ALL MODERN CONVENiences, very large lot	$55.00
9 r h, 212 Jones, water etc	25.00
8 r h, 103 Washington, gas and water	30.00
7 r h, 61 Wheat, gas and water, close in	35.00
6 r h, 39 West baker, gas and water	31.50
6 r h, 39 Church, gas and water	22.50
6 r h, 55 East Harris	16.00
4 r h, 74 North Pryor	22.50
4 r h, 186 Luckie, (stable)	12.00
4 r h, 200 Randolph	8.00
4 r h, 138 Alexander, neat and new	12.50
4 r h, 213 Cooper, near E. T. V. & Ga. shops	10.00
4 r h, 21 Scott	11.50
5 r h, Corner Thompson and Brotherton, neat and new	18.00
4 r h, 510 South Pryor, servant's house very large lot, stables, cow house etc., Eddleman's home	15.00
4 r h, 478 Decatur	9.00
8 r h, 219 Spring, all conveniences, stables etc	35.00
3 r h, Fowler, near Gresham	6.00
3 r h, 58 Rock	5.00
3 r h, Lovejoy near Pine	5.00
3 r h, 108 Walker	6.50
3 r h, 11 McAfee	7.50
Store room and basement, 50 Peachtree	65.00

Desirable furnished and unfurnished sleeping rooms on North Broad and Peachtree suitable for gentlemen.

AFTER THE SIEGE

How Mayor Calhoun Sur
dered Atlanta to Sherma

UNDER A WHITE F

A Blue Wave Rolls Over
Gate City.

NINTH ARTICLE.

For the Constitution.

The evacuation of Atlanta by Hood's
left the city without police protection, w
a municipal government, and practically
out any law, except the mob-like rule
majority.

***

Under the circumstances, however, thi
of anarchy could last only a few hours.
citizens knew that when the federals e
the place they would be compelled in
own interest to restore order, and the
that even an oppressive government wo
better than no government. But it was
that the first day of the enemy's occ
of the city would be marked by lawlessn
violence.

***

The mob continued to plunder the sto
vacant dwellings. They did not find
articles of value, but for several hou
streets were filled with a ragged crowd o
women and children, who were helping
selves to everything in sight. They pick
buckets, tinware, canteens, pieces of furn
old tents, and all kinds of rubbish. Of
they found little or nothing in the sha
provisions. The confederates had carri
everything that could be eaten. In the
of all this confusion there was no drunke
and no violence. Men forgot their old qu
and differences, and met in a friendly wa
The unionists suddenly loomed up int
portance, and not a few of their confe
neighbors hunted them up, and requested
to use their influence to secure the prot
of their property. In no instance was th
fused. The union people felt as une
anybody, and showed a disposition to ke
the best possible terms with their f
townsmen.

***

The hours slipped by, and still there w
sign of the enemy's approach. Amon
prominent citizens who had remained w
Hon. James M. Calhoun, the mayor c
city, Mr. Calhoun was a man of cool
ment and indomitable courage, and he w
voted to his people. He was unwilli
such perilous times to ab
Atlanta until the worst
gers were over, and he therefore remain
his post, regardless of his personal inte
As the confederates had made no forma
render of the town, Mayor Calhoun de
that it was necessary for the civil auth
to act in the matter. Without such actio
federals would be in ignorance of the rea
dition of affairs, and it would be natu
them to march in prepared for a hostile
tion. It was the paramount duty of the
to avert bloodshed, if possible, and wit
object in view the mayor and his friends
that it would be best to meet the invade
fore they swarmed over the breastworks.

***

During the morning Mayor Calhoun
conference with several members of the
cil and other prominent men. They me
the site of the present artesian well. Be
the mayor, Messrs. J. E. Williams, E. E. Ra
son, Thomas G. Crusselle, William Markham
Thomas Kile, Julius Hayden and a number
others were present. They were all mo
on horses, and were prepared for a
ride.

The members of the committee coul
disguise the fact that they were abo
undertake a dangerous trip. They di
know exactly where to find General She
but it was thought that his camp was
few miles out on the Marietta road.

***

"Shall we go armed?"

When one of the committe asked thi
tion it created a genuine sensation.

"It will never do," said Mayor Ca
"for us to go with a white flag into th
my's lines carrying weapons with us. It
be violating the customs of war. Befo
explanation could be made serious t
might occur and our mission would be
ure."

"But we may be bushwhacked," sug
several. "Are we to run the risk of
shot down without having a single pi
the crowd for our defense?"

"I admit there is danger," replied the
"but we must face it. The trees have al
cut down for miles, and our ride will be th
the open country in broad daylight. Our
flag will be our best protection. If w
fired upon we must take our chances."

After this talk several gentlemen pro
their pistols and turned them over to
friends to keep until their return. One
reluctantly turned over four six-shooters
his companions felt relieved. With su
arsenal in the party a battle could hardly
been avoided.

***

The citizens with the mayor at their
rode out Marietta street. Nearly every
dence had been abandoned, and many
houses had been knocked into piles of
tered timber by the shells. The sidewal
the street were badly torn up, and ev
daylight the riders sometimes found it di
to thread their way through the sca
debris.

In a short time the dismantled breast
were reached. They were entirely de
and with the exception of a spiked
here and there no traces of recent occu
were left. A peaceful quiet brooded ov
red redoubts and the empty trenches,
bird perched upon one of the big siege
looked inquisitively at the horsemen, and
a few prefatory flirts and twitters poured f
flood of silver notes—a song of welco
jubilee carol of peace.

***

Beyond the red clay fortresses—ov
fragments of army wagons and caissons,
eyes averted from the skulls and bon
gleamed like so many white horrors i
fierce sunlight, the little band rode on
passed the rifle pits and entrenchments
enemy. Not a human being, not a
thing was in sight. Two,
four miles, and not a
of the enemy. A sudden turn in th
brought them face to face with a marchi
tachment of men in blue. A brief halt,
ried explanation. A federal colonel rode
the spot and asked a few questions. The
flag, the appearance of the strangers i
zens' garb, and the calm, measured wo
Mayor Calhoun satisfied the officer, a
orderly was at once detailed to guide th
tors to the commander's camp.

***

When the mayor and his friends were
duced to General Sherman, they saw
them a man of forty-five who looked ful
years older. His bronzed face was s
with lines of care, and his eyes told a t
sleepless nights. His wrinkled brow, a
rough, closely-trimmed beard, together
his weather-beaten field uniform, made
look like anything but a holiday soldie
his appearance contrasted strikingly wi
glitter and flaring colors of the imposin
around him.

Still, there was an air of leadership an

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10 room residence, large lot, good condition, near new capitol.

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9 r h, 61 Wheat, gas and water, close in	35.00
6 r h, 25 West Baker, gas and water	31.50
6 r h, 89 Church, gas and water	22.50
4 r h, 55 East Harris	16.00
4 r h, 74 North Pryor	22.50
4 r h, 186 Luckie, (stable)	12.00
4 r h, [illegible] Randolph	8.00
4 r h, 138 Alexander, neat and new	12.50
4 r h, 213 Cooper, near E. T. V. & Ga. shops	10.00
4 r h, 21 Scott	11.50
3 r h, Corner Thompson and Brotherton, neat and new	18.00
7 r h, 510 South Pryor, servants house, very large lot, stables, cow house etc., Eddleman's home	15.00
3 r h, 478 Decatur	9.00
4 r h, 219 Spring, all conveniences, stables etc.	35.00
3 r h, Fowler, near Gresham	6.00
3 r h, 58 Rock	5.00
3 r h, Lovejoy near Pine	6.50
3 r h, 108 Walker	5.00
3 r h, 11 McAfee	7.50
Store room and basement, 50 Peachtree	65.00

Desirable furnished and unfurnished sleeping rooms on North Broad and Peachtree suitable for gentlemen.

AFTER THE SIEGE.

How Mayor Calhoun Surrendered Atlanta to Sherman.

UNDER A WHITE FLAG.

A Blue Wave Rolls Over the Gate City.

NINTH ARTICLE.

For the Constitution.

The evacuation of Atlanta by Hood's army left the city without police protection, without a municipal government, and practically without any law, except the mob-like rule of the majority.

* * *

Under the circumstances, however, this state of anarchy could last only a few hours. The citizens knew that when the federals entered the place they would be compelled in their own interest to restore order, and they felt that even an oppressive government would be better than no government. But it was feared that the first day of the enemy's occupation of the city would be marked by lawlessness and violence.

* * *

The mob continued to plunder the stores and vacant dwellings. They did not find many articles of value, but for several hours the streets were filled with a ragged crowd of men, women and children, who were helping themselves to everything in sight. They picked up buckets, tinware, canteens, pieces of furniture, old tents, and all kinds of rubbish. Of course they found little or nothing in the shape of provisions. The confederates had carried off everything that could be eaten. In the midst of all this confusion there was no drunkenness, and no violence. Men forgot their old quarrels and differences, and met in a friendly way.

The unionists suddenly loomed up into importance, and not a few of their confederate neighbors hunted them up, and requested them to use their influence to secure the protection of their property. In no instance was this refused. The union people felt as uneasy as anybody, and showed a disposition to keep on the best possible terms with their fellow-townsmen.

* * *

The hours slipped by, and still there was no sign of the enemy's approach. Among the prominent citizens who had remained was the Hon. James M. Calhoun, the mayor of the city. Mr. Calhoun was a man of cool judgment and indomitable courage, and he was devoted to his people. He was unwilling in such perilous times to abandon Atlanta until the worst dangers were over, and he therefore remained at his post, regardless of his personal interests. As the confederates had made no formal surrender of the town, Mayor Calhoun decided that it was necessary for the civil authorities to act in the matter. Without such action the federals would be in ignorance of the real condition of affairs, and it would be natural for them to march in prepared for a hostile reception. It was the paramount duty of the hour to avert bloodshed, if possible, and with this object in view the mayor and his friends agreed that it would be best to meet the invaders before they swarmed over the breastworks.

* * *

During the morning Mayor Calhoun held a conference with several members of the council and other prominent men. They met near the site of the present artesian well. Besides the mayor, Messrs. J. E. Williams, E. E. Rawson, Thomas G. Crusselle, William Markham, Thomas Kile, Julius Hayden and a number of others were present. They were all mounted on horses, and were prepared for a rough ride.

The members of the committee could not disguise the fact that they were about to undertake a dangerous trip. They did not know exactly where to find General Sherman, but it was thought that his camp was only a few miles out on the Marietta road.

* * *

"Shall we go armed?"

When one of the committe asked this question it created a genuine sensation.

"It will never do," said Mayor Calhoun, "for us to go with a white flag into the enemy's lines carrying weapons with us. It would be violating the customs of war. Before an explanation could be made serious trouble might occur and our mission would be a failure."

"But we may be bushwhacked," suggested several. "Are we to run the risk of being shot down without having a single pistol in the crowd for our defense?"

"I admit there is danger," replied the mayor, "but we must face it. The trees have all been cut down for miles, and our ride will be through the open country in broad daylight. Our white flag will be our best protection. If we are fired upon we must take our chances."

After this talk several gentlemen produced their pistols and turned them over to their friends to keep until their return. One man reluctantly turned over four six-shooters, and his companions felt relieved. With such an arsenal in the party a battle could hardly have been avoided.

* * *

The citizens with the mayor at their head rode out Marietta street. Nearly every residence had been abandoned, and many of the houses had been knocked into piles of splintered timber by the shells. The sidewalk and the street were badly torn up, and even in daylight the riders sometimes found it difficult to thread their way through the scattered debris.

In a short time the dismantled breastworks were reached. They were entirely deserted, and with the exception of a spiked cannon here and there no traces of recent occupation were left. A peaceful quiet brooded over the red redoubts and the empty trenches, and a bird perched upon one of the big siege guns looked inquisitively at the horsemen, and after a few prefatory flirts and twitters poured forth a flood of silver notes—a song of welcome—a jubilee carol of peace.

* * *

Beyond the red clay fortresses—over the fragments of army wagons and caissons, with eyes averted from the skulls and bones that gleamed like so many white horrors in the fierce sunlight, the little band rode on. They passed the rifle pits and entrenchments of the enemy. Not a human being, not a living thing was in sight. Two, three, four miles, and not a sign of the enemy. A sudden turn in the road brought them face to face with a marching detachment of men in blue. A brief halt, a hurried explanation. A federal colonel rode up to the spot and asked a few questions. The white flag, the appearance of the strangers in citizens' garb, and the calm, measured words of Mayor Calhoun satisfied the officer, and an orderly was at once detailed to guide the visitors to the commander's camp.

* * *

When the mayor and his friends were introduced to General Sherman, they saw before them a man of forty-five who looked fully ten years older. His bronzed face was seamed with lines of care, and his eyes told a tale of sleepless nights. His wrinkled brow, and his rough, closely-trimmed beard, together with his weather-beaten field uniform, made him look like anything but a holiday soldier, and his appearance contrasted strikingly with the glitter and flaring colors of the imposing staff around him.

Still, there was an air of leadership and command about this man, and the messengers from Atlanta would have picked him out among a million. There was nothing stately or dignified about him. His face showed that it had never been a handsome one, and his head, phenomenally large and bulging at the top, sloped precipitately down to the neck at its back. The peculiar shape of this remarkable head had caused many officers at the beginning of the war to insist that its owner was mentally unbalanced, but our followers of the white flag did not waste any time in such idle speculations. They saw Slocum's corps moving rapidly onward, and not a moment was to be lost in stating their business.

* * *

The stern commander, after a searching scrutiny of the faces before him, looked down at the ground, while Mayor Calhoun quietly informed him of the helpless condition of the city, and briefly surrendered it upon the condition that life, liberty and private property should be protected.

Then the general looked up again, and in a curt, business-like way, said that he would grant the conditions requested. He said that the civil authorities had taken the proper course in seeking him, and expressed the hope that their relations would be pleasant and satisfactory.

"But this is war, you know," he said in his abrupt way, "yes, G—d—n it, this is war, and I must place your town under martial law. That won't hurt good citizens, but it will play the devil with the bad ones."

"Now that we have surrendered," remarked one of the citizens, "you will probably come in at once?"

The general darted a quick glance at him.

"Come in!" he answered, "I think some of my men are already there—they are marching in that direction as fast as they can walk."

With a few words of parting the committee started to return.

"One word more," said Sherman, "I suppose it is understood that none of your people will fire upon my soldiers?"

He was assured that nothing of the kind would occur, and the mayor and the others then rode back to the city, entering it with the advance guard of the federals only a few hundred yards behind them.

* * *

Shortly after mid-day the streets were blue with companies and regiments of federals. They had marched down Marietta street, and had scattered after reaching the center of the city. With the exception of a few stray shots on Decatur street, fired by half a dozen confederate cavalrymen who immediately dashed off at a gallop, they encountered no opposition.

By three o'clock the army wagons began to roll in, and with them came the sutlers, bringing immense stocks of goods. In another hour the streets were enlivened by the cries of the army newsboys who were shouting: "Here's your New York Herald," "Here's your Harper's Weekly!" Before the sun went down the quartermasters and sutlers had occupied most of the stores. A news agent filled the old postoffice on Whitehall with novels and newspapers. A sutler opened a store just below Trinity church and exhibited a tempting stock of canned goods. There were several clothing stores. The United States sanitary commission opened a big depot of supplies on Whitehall. The McNaught & Ormond building was filled with quartermaster's stores, and Mr. E. E. Rawson's fine building was similarly utilized.

* * *

All night the wagons and troops were moving into the city, and the next day the place was crowded. There were billiard rooms and drinking saloons over some of the stores, and bills were out advertising a minstrel show for that night on Decatur street.

A dozen generals occupied the best houses, in some cases compelling the original occupants to move into other quarters. General Sherman established himself very comfortably in the present high school building on the corner of Mitchell and Washington streets, and engaged for a housekeeper an old lady who two days before had been denouncing him as a savage for whom even the worst fate was too good. The two got along very agreeably, and in less than a week the housekeeper told her friends that the general was the nicest man in the world, and had been shamefully slandered.

* * *

At first the soldiers took what they wanted, but in the main they behaved tolerably well. They did not insult women, and they were courteous to the citizens generally. Families in need of rations were promptly supplied, but the people were made to feel that they were under the iron rule of a conqueror. There was no certainty about anything. It was not known whether the army would stop in Atlanta or move on. Some thought that the confederates would besiege the city, but the general opinion was that Hood would tear up the State road and force Sherman to return to north Georgia or Tennessee.

* * *

In the course of a few days many important things occurred. The citizens were notified that they must leave, and either go south or north. Thousands left everything behind them and went into the confederate lines. Thousands, also, went north, being provided with transportation to Nashville or Louisville. Only a few hundred remained. As the dwellings were vacated they were quickly occupied by officers, but Judge Erskine's residence and other fine houses were torn down and the lumber was used in building cabins for the troops.

Thus were the people of Atlanta driven from their homes into exile. Their city was turned into a vast camp occupied by 80,000 soldiers, and a new line of fortifications was erected to defend it from a possible confederate siege.

* * *

The object of these sketches was to give an inside view of the siege, and they may very properly come to a close with the occupation of the city by Sherman's army. The burning of Atlanta and the march to the sea are familiar matters of history and have no place in this hastily written chronicle of events.

Atlanta's fame as one of the historic cities of the continent will grow as time rolls on, and future generations will pronounce her heroic defense in a siege of forty days, one of the most glorious chapters in the history of the war. To those generations must be left the task of raising monuments on our battlefields, and on the spots where our heroes fell; and to their historians must be left the work of writing the complete story of the bloody struggle for the Gate City.

THE OLD COLONEL.

Did You Ever?

W. H. Revels, M. D., of Baltimore, M. D., says: "I have been in the practice of medicine for over eighteen years, but never have I seen the equal of Hodges' Sarsaparilla. It has worked miracles here in curing Rheumatism and Scrofula. Sold at wholesale by A. G. Candler & Co., Atlanta, Ga., and D. W. Curry, Rome, Ga. Retail at Jacobs' Pharmacy, Atlanta, Ga.

A Surprise for the President.

From the Philadelphia Record.

WASHINGTON, August 6.—People who daily pass Oak View, the president's country residence, were greatly surprised a few days ago by the sudden appearance of a new building in the landscape. It went up almost in a night, while the president was absent on his fishing excursion, and is a perfectly finished ornamental cottage, 27 by 30 feet, with wide piazzas and complete equipment. It is made of Michigan wood, painted stone gray, with brown trimmings and red roof, and is a present from Western Michigan friends of the president to him and Mrs. Cleveland. It will be used as an office and summer house. It is a decided addition to the charm of the landscape, and is much admired.

Do you have occasional attacks of biliousness, with bitter taste, offensive breath, headache, dizziness? Hood's Sarsaparilla contains the best anti-bilious remedies. Try it now.

THE SHORT RACE

Of a Georgia Aspirant to the Presidency.

AN ELBERT REMINISCENCE.

The Fun Which the Boys Had With an Eccentric Citizen.

For the Constitution.

In 1860, at the beginning of the presidential campaign of that year, there lived in Elbert county, about three miles below Elberton, a man by the name of Hiram Davis, whose information was very limited, but who imagined he knew a good deal.

At the time there was a theatrical company spending some time in Elberton with a large tent stretched on the west side of the public square, in which the men of the town would frequently congregate to discuss the exciting political questions of the day.

On one occasion an unusually large crowd was present in the tent, Davis being one of the number when it was proposed to hold a national nominating convention to nominate candidates for president and vice-president of the United States.

After the meeting was organized Hon. Amos T. Akerman (then a resident of Elberton) arose and after a brilliant speech on the gravity of the situation, and especially of that particular occasion, placed in nomination the name of Hiram Davis, of Elbert county, Ga., for president, and Don Pedro Castro, of Mexico, for vice-president. The nomination was seconded and carried by acclamation amid tremendous applause.

A committee was appointed to notify Davis of his nomination, and called on him for a speech. He asked for an hour's time to prepare himself. In the meantime the crowd had grown to such proportions that the canvas would not hold them, and it was decided to have the speech delivered from a varanda in front of the courthouse. Davis's friends, prominent among whom was Captain Ben C. Henry, then a resident of Elberton, took him off and rigged him up in a large old style blue military coat, with epaulets on the shoulders, an immense collar that reached above his ears, a very tall stovepipe hat and an old pair of No. 12 ditcher's boots.

At the appointed time he appeared on the veranha, and a more comical looking appearance never presented itself to the people of Elberton. But Davis meant business. He thought that he was the bonafide nominee for the office, and visions of the white house and $25,000 a year had been poured in his ear by his accommodating friends until he was worked up to to the highest point of excitement. He delivered a senseless harangue of an hour's length with as much earnestness as was ever displayed by Stephen A. Douglas in those days.

During the speech Captain J. A. Sanders, now deceased, pretended to become offended at some remark made by Davis, and at its conclusion sent him a challenge to fight a duel. Davis was averse to spilling human blood and wanted to decline the combat, but his friends urged him that he was occupying a position in which it would be a disgrace to decline, and that certain defeat would be the result of such a course. This nerved him up to the point, and he accepted the challenge, and acting under the advice of his second (Captain Ben Henry) chose double barrell shotguns as the weapons, and twenty paces as the distance.

Everything being arranged, a level street in the front of the Methodist church was selected as the duelling ground. The distance was measured, the guns loaded (with powder only, but Davis thought with buckshot also) and the principals placed in position. At the command, "Fire," Sanders fired his gun off immediately, but Davis took cool and deliberate aim and fired. Sanders, of course, fell and his surgeon ran up and bent over him, at the same time emptying a bottle of red ink on his bosom, and announcing that he was mortally wounded.

Davis saw the blood (as he thought) and his friends advised him to flee. This he at first declined to do, stating that he had killed his man in a fair duel and had committed no crime, but when he saw the sheriff of the county approaching him, his courage failed and he made a break for liberty. He started down the street at a tremendous rate. The crowd raised a yell, and a very large dog took after him. The dog overtook him as he turned the first corner, fastened his teeth in Davis's pants and tore them completely off of him. He increased his gait, out ran the dog, and as he turned the top of the first hill, he ran out of his big boots, they flying in the air over his head as he sped onward. He ran to his home but made no halt, running through the house and garden, breaking down a panel of the latter as he went out. He turned up Beaverdam creek and never made a halt until he reached a relative's house in the vicinity of Hartwell, having run twenty-six miles in about three hours. For a year afterwards Davis could not be induced to put his foot on Elbert county soil.

Thus commenced and ended undoubtedly the fastest presidential race ever run in the United States.

THE ROYAL ARCANUM.

What it is, and What it is Doing—A Talk with Dr. Amos Fox.

Down by the shady side of Alabama street, sauntered one of our favorites the other afternoon, on a hunt for paragraphs, when he espied the robust form of Dr. Amos Fox, setting in front of his office, weilding with vigorous measures a palm-leaf fan and intensely watching the thermometer. Responding to the reportorial salutation, the doctor said: "Let me show you some quick work. Here's two receipts for three thousand dollars each; one from Mrs. John Keely, and the other from Mrs. Dr. Link, for insurance in the Royal Arcanum paid in less than ten days after the respective deaths of two worthy and beloved members; rather prompt payments, don't you think?"

The pencil pusher doffed an affirmative nod to encourage the doctor, who continued: "And, here is the last report of the supreme council, which I have just received; it contains the proceedings of the eleventh annual session of our order, recently convened at Toronto, Canada. Now can you guess how many thousand members are within our councils, and what is the annual increase on our rolls?"

The faberite confessed his ignorance in regard to these interesting figures, when his interlocutor informed him that this beneficent order now numbered over 84,000 members, and was increasing at the rate of nearly a thousand accessions per month. That it numbered nearly 1,100 councils throughout the United States and Canada, and was organizing a new council every week in the year, and that this remarkable growth was attracting the wonder of those who had studied the subject of insurance and co-operation, and was eliciting the admiration of the thinking men of the whole country.

"And what sum, do you suppose, has been paid out to the widows and orphans of our deceased members during the past year?" To the look of ignorance which greeted his question, the worthy exponent of the loyal secret replied: "Nearly two millions of dollars, or to be exact, just $1,940,500, making a grand total for the eleven years of our existence of $9,039,759, paid out to those who needed our fraternal care. How is that for a fair exhibit of co-operative insurance, and the incalculable good which follows it?" "And, continued the doctor, warming up, "when I consider the careful business management which has characterized the working of the order—and I have watched it closely, and compared it with similar organizations—I do not deem it boastful to assert that the Royal Arcanum has achieved a position in the financial and insurance world, of which any organization might well be proud."

"Is life insurance its sole object," asked the newspaper man.

"No," answered Dr. Fox; "the Royal Arcanum is an outgrowth of our modern civilization; it is built upon the eternal principles of mercy, virtue and charity; it is based upon a broad view of life, its privileges and ist duties. Its catholic purpose is to make men happier, wiser and better, and to work out its high mission, it seeks the wisdom and experience of all ages and pursues its beneficient plans along those lines which experience has proved to be safe, economic and systematic. It aims to provide for the material, moral and intellectual welfare of its members; it comforts the distressed; it cares for the sick and it buries the dead, and is proud to be known as the 'Order of the Home.' We claim that it appeals to the best instincts of men and makes them better fathers, thriftier citizens and more helpful neighbors, and that its work is in harmony with all that tends to elevate mankind."

"How do the rates of insurance compare with those of the old time companies?"

"The average cost of insurance to a member of the Royal Arcanum at the age of 30 is about $5.52 per $1,000 per annum, while in the regular insurance companies the premium will average about $17.20 per $1,000 per annum. Again, the annual cost per thousand of insurance to a member of the Royal Arcanum at the age of 40 is about $8.24, and in the old line companies it averages $24.30, in both instances furnishing a comparison not very complimentary to some of the verbose solicitors whose anxiety to secure their commissions befogs their veracity in regard to the merits of our order."

"But is insurance in the Royal Arcanum safe insurance?" queried the searcher after news and truth.

"We have compiled our tables upon the safest, most conservative and scientific basis extant, and, thus far, our experience has been more than satisfactory. We have no 'loadings,' nor expensive salaries, advertising, commissions and 'surplus' to maintain at the cost of our members. No one is invited to our membership but those that lead healthful and temperate lives. All applicants submit to a rigid medical examination, supervised in three separate medical departments. Our mortuary statistics will compare favorably with the most conservative company in this country or Europe, and our deaths last year were but a fraction over eight to the one thousand members; and, further, we claim that the 'surplus' of the old-fashioned life companies is not commensurate with the increased cost of insurance necessary to secure this so-called 'extra indemnity.'"

"Yes," continued the worthy exponent of co-operative insurance, "it is safe insurance, and to the man of moderate means, I unhesitatingly commend the Royal Arcanum as the best method of securing the most insurance at the least cost; and when we are assailed by the old 'regulars' I feel like pitching into their 'surplus millions,' unnecessarily, filched from their unwitting insurers to stand as a temptation for peculation, a menace to the poor man, and a weapon to combat the principles of coöperative insurance. Yes, insurance in the Royal Arcanum is cheap and safe, but should the order be annihilated today, I could consider my payments of its assessments as money well expended, and a safe investment for the future, either in this world or the next, in view of the incalculable benefit which it has done for the thousands of widows and orphans who have been blessed by its ministrations during the past eleven years."

"Has it a large membership in the south?"

"No. Its southern field embraces Tennessee, Arkansas and portions of Virginia, Kentucky and Georgia. Its largest per cent of deaths, as compared with membership, is in Arkansas, and, I regret to add, that Georgia follows next. We thus enjoy a privilege that is worth considering, when we know that the assessments are levied irrespective of state lines and sectional localities."

"What is the membership of the order in Georgia?"

"Georgia reports thirty-five councils and 1,855 members for the past fiscal year. It paid over to the supreme treasury $49,849.98 in assessments, and has received on twenty-nine deaths occurring in the state the sum of $87,000."

"How many assessments are called for in the course of a year?"

"About one per month, each assessment including from forty to forty-five deaths."

"What progress is the order making in Atlanta?"

"We are growing rapidly, and have every reason to continue our zeal in the work. We are working harmoniously, and our council finances are in a prosperous condition. We now have the names of nearly three hundred of our best citizens upon our roll book, and four of Atlanta's leading men were initiated at our last meeting, while several applications for membership are in the hands of the medical examiner. We have several thousand dollars to our credit in bank or invested in safe securities commanding fair rates of interest. Our sick are looked after promptly, and our needy members cared for when necessary. Our council has just completed the tenth year of its existence; it is well officered by men of experience and business capacity, and our entire membership is en rapport with our cause and our work; for we believe that when we voluntarily obligate ourselves to aid and assist our neighbor, and are willing to make a sacrifice for the good of others, we have a reasonable assurance that we can secure a practical demonstration of fraternal obligation and regard in every time of need, and upon this royal plano of devotion and brotherhood fittingly illustrate the obligation resting upon every man, no matter what his creed may be, to do unto others as he would be done by."

Just here the kind-hearted doctor was interrupted by a summons from a sick brother of the order he so worthily represents, giving the reporter the opportunity to close his notebook and cogitate upon the luxury of doing good. The doctor arose from his chair, placed his thumbs behind his braces, and filled the doorway of his little office with his ponderous presence. "Surely," thought the man of paragraphs, "'tis hard to tell which is Doctor Fox in his office, and which is the office of Doctor Fox; but one thing is certain, Atlanta has another Abou Ben Adham, and may his tribe increase, for surely this one loves his fellow men.

"Just a word more," said the doctor. "You may say that I must not be understood as decrying old life insurance. No, I believe in it, and I believe a man sins who neglects to insure his family against want in the event of his death. Regular and co-operative insurance should go hand in hand, and help each other. There is plenty of room for both to work in, for not one man in ten is yet educated to the duty of insurance. I know that many of my friends have increased their insurance either upon one plan or the other from their knowledge of its benefits derived from either one quarter or the other. Do you see that picture of London on the wall? How kindly does the dome of old St. Paul's cathedral seem to brood over the vast city which lies at its feet, and how unselfishly she seems to cast her shadow over every humble inhabitant, never once asking about nationality, creed or preference. So I would liken life insurance, no matter what particular form may shape her blessings. May her ages continue to hover over the land, until all men learn to court the benefits and appreciate the blessings which she lovingly waits to bestow."

Beauty and Fragrance.

These are both attributes of the lovely. Beauty of the teeth, fragrance of the breath, are twin benefactions conferred by SOZODONT. The queens of society, the brightest ornaments of the lyric and dramatic state, the refined everywhere commend it.

The Dudes Know It

Or if they don't they should know that Rangum Root Liniment cured Big Head in mules for W. E. Hunt, of Adairsville, Ky. J. H. Mallory, of Fort's Station, Tenn., cured his hogs of blind staggers with it. In fact this King of Liniments is invaluable for man and beast, and no family should be without it. Sold at wholesale by A. G. Candler & Co., Atlanta, Ga., and D. W. Curry, Rome, Ga. Retail at Jacobs' Pharmacy, Atlanta, Ga.

Merchants, Take Notice!

We will close a number of lots of White Goods, Woolens, Hosiery, Shoes, etc., regardless of cost to make room for fall purchases. See and price them. Chamberlin, Johnson & Co.

SENT FREE Samples Wall Paper, with price and book on how to apply to M. M. MAUCK, Atlanta, Ga.

DO YOU WANT A JOB?

A Brief Description of Some Very Easy Work.

PECULIARITIES OF TRAVELERS

And the Way They Show Them—The Gatekeeper's Duties.

For the Constitution.

If you want a real nice position, try and get an appointment as watchman, gatekeeper, baggagemaster, or some of the many other sinecures afforded at that popular resort known as the carshed, alias the union depot, in Atlanta.

You will not have much to do, and when you draw your salary you will probably regret that you did not have more opportunities for earning it. If your conscience is at all tender in matters of this kind, don't accept a position, except it is expressly understood when you begin work that you are to have plenty of opportunities to make yourself useful.

Take the doorkeeper's position for example. The gentleman who is employed in the capacity at present is enjoying a season of perfect rest. All that the traveling public require of him is to answer questions and smile whenever they approach. This is not hard work, but it becomes monotonous after the 1,111th person asks what time the train goes out. It is possible that the doorkeeper may not remember exactly what train is refered to and this embarrasses him, temporarily of course, and he gets there just the same. This question is slightly varied in form, but you will recognize it if you ever get to be a doorkeeper. The clock, too, is an object of admiration with hundreds of travelers, but they do not seem to be familiar with the hands, and after contemplating it in silent wonder for a few moments they give the doorkeeper a chance to show his learning by asking him what time it is. You will get used to this question when you receive your commission as doorkeeper and will be able to answer without looking at the clock, and it will make you extremely popular with the clock. In addition to these questions you have only to show the dear people where to go, watch the babies, lift your hat to the ladies and answer one or two incidental queries about the weather, the Chautauqua and who you think will be the next president of the United States if Harrison is not elected. You can go home about six o'clock every day and Sundays too, which will enable you to rest up considerably.

If you think the work afforded in the doorkeeper's position would hardly afford you sufficient exercise, the baggage master's office will give you an opportunity that you will never regret accepting—that is, if it is exercise you want. All you will have to do in this position is to throw small trunks around with one hand and collect excess baggage with the other. Occasionally you may get a chance to answer a few questions, and it will fill you with glad tidings of great joy, for an opportunity to converse with your fellow man is what you need when nervous and low spirited. Very few travelers know to what point their trunk should be checked, but you can quickly tell by looking at it where it ought to go. If you send it there and the owner objects, you may have some correspondence in regard to it.

Do not allow anything like this to annoy you, but go right along, to the best of your ability, and even if the trunk is never found and you have to pay for it, remember there are few who have such opportunities as you enjoy and all will be well.

If this brief outline of the pleasures that cluster around the baggagemaster's domain does not catch your fancy, it may be that a chance to get rich as a gate keeper would please you. You have only to open and shut the gates when trains arrive and depart, and as there are but seventy-six incidents of this kind at present, you will readily perceive what a fat job this is. Of course you will have to stand out in the sun and your uniform will fade, but the glory is there just the same. Whenever travel is heavy you can amuse yourself by keeping people from getting killed or otherwise made useless for anything except as the beneficiaries of an accident insurance company. In the gloaming, when the freight trains begin to arrive you can go out on the crossings and wave a red flag at everybody who tries to walk through the moving trains. This will add to your popularity and will give a chance for intimate acquaintance with the traveling public who patronize the foot route.

And then last, but by no means least, is the ticket seller's position. This is a job that may be said to yield one continued round of pleasure. It would suit almost anybody. The work is light and you will handle so much money that it will become a sort of second nature with you. If you like a change, as a ticket seller you would be immensely popular—there is lots of change in the business and you make it yourself. No particular qualification is necessary in this position, as you have only to remember the rates to about 1,700 stations and learn to tell the truth. In addition to this, when a man pushes a five dollar bill through the window and says, "Give me a ticket!" you ought to know exactly what he wants, and give it to him as quickly as possible. Do not delay him by asking where he wishes to go, but smile pleasantly and bid him good-bye, making the accurate change, and everything will work as smoothly as Standard Oil. There may be a few questions asked you in the course of the day, but this happens in almost every other walk of life, and you should not be proud simply by reason of having attention shown you in this respect.

There may be other sinecures about the carshed, but you will be hard to suit if one of the positions that have been briefly mentioned does not catch your fancy.

For Mental Depression

Use Horsford's Acid Phosphate.

DR. L. C. S. TURNER, Colfax, Ia., says: "I am very much pleased with it in mental depression from gastric troubles."

WHY! YOUR LIVER IS OUT OF ORDER

You will have SICK HEADACHES, PAINS IN THE SIDE, DYSPEPSIA, POOR APPETITE, feel listless and unable to get through your daily work or social enjoyments. Life will be a burden to you.

DR. C. McLANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS

Will cure you, drive the POISON out of your system, and make you strong and well. They cost only 25 cents a box and may save your life. Can be had at any Drug Store.

Beware of COUNTERFEITS made in St. Louis.

IVORY POLISH For the TEETH, PERFUMES THE BREATH. ASK FOR IT. FLEMING BROS., - Pittsburgh, Pa.

CAMPAIGN GOODS

Our new CATALOGUE OF CAMPAIGN OUTFITS, with constitution, drill tactics and full information about organizing and drilling Marching Clubs. ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE FREE.

A. G. SPALDING & BROS., 108 Madison St., CHICAGO. 241 Broadway, NEW YORK.

BIG G. Cures in 1 TO 5 DAYS. Guaranteed not to cause Stricture. M'f'd only by the Evans Chemical Co. Cincinnati, Ohio. Trade Mark

Big G has given universal satisfaction in the cure of Gonorrhœa and Gleet. I prescribe it and feel safe in recommending it to all sufferers. A. J. STONER, M.D., Decatur, Ill. PRICE, $1.00. Sold by Druggists.

CUTICURA REMEDIES.

Scratched 28 Years.

A Scaly, Itching Skin Disease with Endless Suffering Cured by Cuticura Remedies.

If I had known of the Cuticura Remedies twenty-eight years ago it would have saved me $200.00 (two hundred dollars) and an immense amount of suffering. My disease (Psoriasis) commenced on my head in a spot not larger than a cent. It spread rapidly all over my body and got under my nails. The scales would drop off of me all the time, and my suffering was endless, and without relief. One thousand dollars would not tempt me to have this disease over again. I am a poor man, but feel rich to be relieved of what some of the doctors said was leprosy, some ring-worm, psoriasis, etc. I took.... and.... Sarsaparillas over one year and a half, but no cure. I went to two or three doctors but no cure. I cannot praise the CUTICURA REMEDIES too much. They have made my skin as clear and free from scales as a baby's. All I used of them was three boxes of CUTICURA, and three bottles of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, and two cakes of CUTICURA SOAP. If you had been here and said you would have cured me for $200.00 you would have had the money. I looked like the picture in your book of Psoriasis (picture number two, "How to Cure Skin Diseases,") but now I am as clear as any person ever was. Through force of habit I rub my hands over my arms and legs to scratch once and a while, but to no purpose. I am all well. I scratched twenty-eight years, and it got to be a kind of second nature to me. I thank you a thousand times. Anything more that you want to know write me, or any one who reads this may write to me and I will answer it.

DENNIS DOWNING.

WATERBURY VT., Jan. 20 1887.

Psoriasis, Eczema, Tetter, Ringworm, Lichen, Pruritis, Scall Head, Milk Crust, Dandruff, Barbers', Bakers', Grocers' and Washerwoman's Itch, and every species of Itching, Burning, Scaly, Pimply Humors of the Skin and Scalp and Blood, with loss of hair, are positively cured by CUTICURA, the great skin Cure, and CUTICURA SOAP, an exquisite Skin beautifier externally, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new Blood Purifier internally, when physicians and all other remedies fail.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 50c; SOAP, 25c; RESOLVENT, $1. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston Mass.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials.

PIMPLES, Black-heads, chapped and oily skin prevented by CUTICURA MEDICATED SOAP.

Free! Free From Pain!

In one minute the Cuticura Anti Pain Plaster relieves Rheumatic Sciatic, Sudden, Sharp, and Nervous Pains, Strains and Weakness. The first and only pain killing Plaster, 25 cts.

NOTICE.

RAILROAD CONTRACTORS, WE HAVE A complete contractors outfit for sale. Consisting of

25 CARTS AND HARNESS,

a fine Dray Scraper, 20 Wall Tents 10x12, Wheelbarrows, Shovels, Picks,

BLACKSMITH TOOLS,

and in fact everything required for a first-class outfit. All Carts, Tools, etc., in good condition. The same can be seen at Carrollton, Ga. We will sell for one-half their value. Address,

LIPSCOMB & DOWDELL, Auburn, Ala.

sat mon wed fri

THE GENUINE CALHOUN TOBACCO

MANUFACTURED BY

D. H. Spencer & Son, Clay County, Va.

Is the the finest chewing tobacco in the world. To prevent consumers from being imposed on by dealers, the genuine in future will have a tag with the likeness of Calhoun on each 10c piece. For sale by W. A. RUSSELL, Sole Agent.

For sale at stands by C. O. Tyner, A. G. Ballard, C. J. Kamper, A. J. Haltiwanger. july29 1m su tu fri

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the undersigned up to October 1st, at noon, for the erection and completion of a new courthouse at Calhoun, Gordon county.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of W. H. Parkins, Architect, Atlanta, Ga., or at the office of County Commissioners, Calhoun, Ga.

The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids, and do not bind themselves to accept the lowest bid.

Committee { J. M. HARLAN, J. G. FITS, N. J. BOAZ.

aug 2 fri sun

PETER LYNCH

95 Whitehall Street,

ATLANTA, - - GEORGIA.

Retail Dealer in

Foreign and Domestic Liquors.

Fine Liquors and Wines for medicinal purposes a specialty. Also bottled English Ale, Dublin Porter and Lager Beer. Tobaccos, Cigars and Snuff; Guns and Ammunition; Pistols and Cartridges; also Field and Garden Seeds in their seasons; Glass and Crockeryware, Boots and Shoes, and many other goods too numerous to mention. A perfect Variety Store. Terms cash. Prices as low as the lowest.

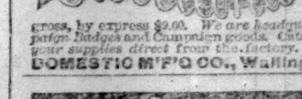
PETER LYNCH

A little higher in price, but of unrivalled quality.

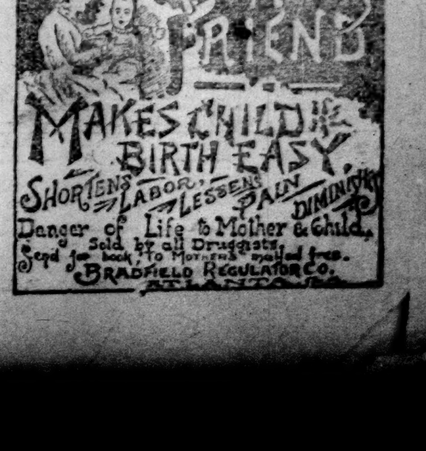
USE

"OUR CONSTANT AIM IS TO MAKE THEM THE FINEST IN THE WORLD."

CLEVELAND BADGE.



This fine rolled GOLD PLATE BADGE is the best seller out. Sample postpaid 10 CTS., 1 doz. 85 cts. Price per gross, by express $9.00. We are headquarters for Campaign Badges and Campaign goods. Catalogue free. Get your supplies direct from the factory. Address THE DOMESTIC M'F'G CO., Wallingford, Conn.



MOTHERS FRIEND
MAKES CHILD BIRTH EASY
SHORTENS LABOR, LESSENS PAIN, DIMINISHES
Danger of Life to Mother & Child.
Sold by all Druggists.
Send for book "To Mothers" mailed free.
BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.
ATLANTA, GA.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

Showing the arrival and departure of all trains from this city—Central Time.

EAST TENN. VA. & GA. R'Y.

ARRIVE.	DEPART.
*No. 14—from Savannah, Brunswick and Jacksonville....6 55 am	*No. 12—for Rome, Knoxville, Cincinnati, Nashville and Memphis.12 55 pm
*No. 11—from New York, Nashville and Cincinnati....	*No. 14—for Rome, Nashville, Cincinnati and Memphis ....7 00 am
*No. 13—from Cincinnati and Nashville....6 pm	*No. 13—for Savannah, Brunswick and Jacksonville....7 25 pm
*No. 16—from Savannah Brunswick and Jacksonville....10 0 pm	*No. 15—for Savannah, Brunswick and Jacksonville....0 am
*No. 15, from N. Y., Knoxville and Alabama points....6 00 am	No. 16, for Knoxville and New York....10 5 pm

CENTRAL RAILROAD.

From Sav'h*....6 40 am	To Savannah*....6 50 am
" Griffin†....7 5 am	To Macon*....9 10 am
" Griffin‡....9 5 am	To Macon*....50 pm
" Macon*....58 am	To Griffin†....3 00 pm
" Hapeville†..1 40 pm	To Griffin‡....6 15 pm
" Sav'h*....5 40 pm	To Savannah*....7 15 pm
" Macon*....9 00 pm	To Hapeville†....12 01 pm

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

From Chat'ga*....6 32 am	To Chattanooga*..7 50 am
" Marietta....8 35 am	To Chattanooga*..1 35 pm
" Rome....11 05 am	To Rome....3 45 pm
" Chat'ga*....1 45 pm	To Marietta....4 40 pm
" Chat'ga*....6 3 pm	To Chattanooga*..5 57 pm
" Chat'ga*....10 30 pm	To Chattan'ga*....11 15 pm

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD.

From Montg'ry*..7 40 am	To Selma*....1 55 pm
" Opelika....5 45 pm	To Opelika....6 40 am
" Selma....1 10 pm	To Montgom'ry*12 01 am

GEORGIA RAILROAD.

From Augusta*....6 30 am	To Augusta*....8 00 am
" Covington*.7 55 am	To Decatur....8 55 am
" Decatur....10 15 am	To Clarkston....12 10 pm
" Augusta*....1 00 pm	To Augusta*....2 45 pm
" Clarkston....2 20 pm	To Covington....6 20 pm
" Augusta*....5 45 pm	To Augusta*....11 15 pm
" Decatur....4 45 pm	To Decatur....3 45 pm

PIEDMONT AIR-LINE.
(Richmond and Danville Railroad.)

From Athens....9 00 am	To Washington .7 10 am
*From Wash'g'n..11 00 am	To Athens....4 30 pm
*From Wash'g'n...9 40 pm	*To Washington..6 00 pm

GEORGIA PACIFIC RAILROAD.

*From Starkville..6 15 am	To Birming'm*...1 25 pm
From Tallapoosa..8 50 am	To Tallapoosa....5 00 pm
*From Birm'g'm..5 25 pm	*To Starkville....11 00 pm

CLARKSTON TRAINS—Daily except Sunday.

Lv. Atlanta....12 10 pm	Lv. Clarkston....1 25 pm
Lv. Decatur....12 42 pm	Lv. Decatur....1 48 pm
Ar. Clarkston....12 57 pm	Ar. Atlanta....2 20 pm

ATLANTA AND FLORIDA RAILROAD.

From Fort Valley, 9 30 a m and 9 10 p m	To Fort Valley, 5 20 a m and 4 15 p m

*Daily—‡Sunday only. All other trains daily except Sunday. Central time.

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

DARWIN G. JONES. OLIVER C. FULLER

JONES AND FULLER

STOCKS, BONDS AND LOANS,

16 West Alabama Street, Atlanta, Ga.

Money to loan on improved City Real Estate

MADDOX, RUCKER AND CO

BANKERS,

36 WEST ALABAMA STREET,

Transact a general banking business.
Receive deposits subject to check at sight.
Buy and sell exchange.
Discount approved paper.
Allow 5 per cent interest on time deposits.

The Tolleson Commission Co.

BROKERS IN

STOCKS AND BONDS

W. H. Patterson,

BOND AND STOCK BROKER.

24 South Pryor Street.

WANTED—GEORGIA STATE 6's, DUE JANUary 1st, 1889.
FOR SALE—AMERICUS, PRESTON AND LUMPKIN railroad 7's, 1906.
ATLANTA GASLIGHT COMPANY'S STOCK.
EXPOSITION COTTON MILL STOCK.
WALKER COAL AND IRON COMPANY 7 PER cent bonds.
CITY OF DALTON 5 PER CENT BONDS.
FURMAN FARM IMPROVEMENT STOCK.
PETERS PARK STOCK.

GEO. W. WARE

FINANCIAL AGENT.

PRATT STEEL COMPANY.
CARTERSVILLE STEEL AND FURNACE COMPANY.

(Address Cartersville, Ga., until September 1, 1888)
CARTERSVILLE, GA. BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

THE GATE CITY NATIONAL BANK

Of Atlanta, Ga.

UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY.

Capital and Undivided Profits,

$375,000.

Issues Certificates of Deposit Payable on Demand with Interest.

Four per cent per annum if left four months.
4½ per cent per annum if left six months.
5 per cent per annum if left twelve months.

CAPITAL CITY BANK,

OF ATLANTA, GA.,

COR. WHITEHALL AND ALABAMA STS

Capital and Undivided Profits, $452,000.

A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS

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Collections made direct on all points in the United States and remitted for promptly. Particular attention paid to the business of correspondents. The accounts of Bankers, Merchants and Manufacturers solicited. Special feature made of the Savings Department. Interest paid on time deposits. oct15 tf

HUMPHREYS CASTLEMAN

Bond and Stock Broker,

12 East Alabama Street.

MARIETTA & NORTH GEORGIA R'Y.
Schedule in effect May 16, 1888.

NORTH BOUND.

	No. 1.	No. 3.
Leave Atlanta (W. & A. R.R.)	7 50 a m	3 45 p m
Leave Marietta	8 50 a m	4 50 p m
Arrive Canton	10 14 a m	6 16 p m
Arrive Jasper	11 29 a m	7 30 p m
Arrive White Path	1 14 p m	....
Arrive Murphy	3 08 p m	....

SOUTH BOUND.

	No. 2.	No. 4.
Leave Murphy	9 55 a m	....
Leave White Path	11 50 a m	....
Leave Jasper	1 42 p m	4 45 a m
Leave Canton	3 00 p m	6 00 a m
Arrive Marietta	4 21 p m	7 21 a m
Arrive Atlanta (W. & A. R.R.)	6 37 p m	8 35 a m

All trains daily except Sunday.
julyl4-dlm F. B. CHANDLER, G. P. A.

Finance and Commerce.

Bonds, Stocks and Money.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE.
ATLANTA, August 11, 1888.

New York exchange buying at ⅛ premium and selling at ¼ premium.

STATE AND CITY BONDS.

	Bid.	Asked.
New Ga., 4½ 30 year	107½	109
Ga. 6s, 1889	100½	101
Ga. 7s, gold	104	105
Ga. 7s, 1896	113	—
S. C. Brown	105	—
Savannah 5s	103	105
Atl'ta 8s, 1902	123½	—
Atl'ta 6s, 1892	106	—
Atl'ta 7s, 1904	119	—
Atl'ta 7s, 1899	113	115
Atl'ta 6s, L. D.	111	113
Atl'ta 6s, S. D.	100	102
Atlanta 5s	100	—
Atlanta 4½s	99	101
Augusta 7s	110	112
Macon 6s	110	114
Columbus 5s	100	103

ATLANTA BANK STOCKS.

	Bid.	Asked.
Atlanta Nat'l	300	—
Merch'ts B'k	140	145
B'k State Ga	140	—
Gate City Nat.	142	—
Capital City	100	—

RAILROAD BONDS.

	Bid.	Asked.
Ga. 6s, 1897	106	108

R. R. BONDS.

	Bid	Asked.
Ga 6s, 1910	109	—
Ga. 6s, 1922	112	—
Cent. 7s, 1893	107	—
C., C. & A. 1st	104	—
A. & C. 1st	117	119
A. & C. inc	101	—
W. of A. 1st	100	—
do. 2d	105	107
Ga. Pac. 1st	106	109
Ga. Pac. 2d	40	45
Am'cus, Prest. &L'mkn 1st 7s	101	107
M. & N. G. 1st	100	—
Ga. Mid. & Glf 1st 6s, 1926	92	94

RAILROAD STOCKS.

	Bid	Asked.
Georgia	198	200
At. & Char.	80	—
Southwest'n	124	125
S. Carolina	5	15
Central	115	117
Central deb	100	101
Aug. & Sav	127	129
A. & W. Pt	106	108
do. deb	100	101
C., C. & A.	20	20

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Stocks as Reported at the New York Stock Exchange.

NEW YORK, August 11.—There was an exceeding dullness at the board this morning and bears seized the opportunity to assume control of affairs, and were successful in getting quotations off fractions in most of the list. The temper of the room at the opening was still comparatively bullish, and buying orders in the market were sufficient to raise prices from ⅛ to ⅜ per cent above last evening's closing figures, but brokers with western connections were free sellers of the list, and Chicago also had selling orders in its specialties. The unfavorable crop news of the day was supposed to be responsible for this, but selling was very concentrated, while buying, except in Reading, was scattering all through. Reading was run up even 1 per cent in the face of the falling market, and its example had some effect upon the general list, for after the first half hour the pressure against the list became less and everything rallied. Dealings in the last hour were small and possessed of no feature of interest. Besides Reading, Delaware and Hudson and San Francisco preferred showed some strength, but trading in those stocks was very small, and of no influence upon the market. The close was quiet and steady, generally at small fractions under the opening figures. The number of shares sold amount to 98,000.

Exchange quiet and heavy at 486@488. Money easy at 1@1½. Subtreasury balances: Coin $157,897,000; currency, $20,601,000. Governments dull but steady; 4s 127⅞; 4½s 107⅛. State bonds neglected.

Ala. Class A 2 to 5	104	N. O. Pac. 1st	95½
do. Class B 5s	108	N. Y. Central	107¾
Ga. 7s mortgage	103	Norfolk & W'n pre	50⅞
N. C. 6s	123	Northern Pacific	25½
do. 4s	93	do. preferred	56⅞
S. C. con. Brown	105	Pacific Mail	37
Tenn. settlement 3s	70½	Reading	68⅛
Virginia 6s	48	Rich. & Allegheny	6
Virginia consols	37	Richmond & Dan	—
Chesap'ke & Ohio	—	Rich. & W. P. Ter'l	21
Chicago & N. W.	113⅝	Rock Island	108¼
do. preferred	143¾	St. Paul	73
Del. & Lack	137¾	do. preferred	112½
Erie	28⅞	Texas Pacific	25⅜
East Tenn., new	10	Tenn. Coal & Iron	28
Lake Shore	96⅝	Union Pacific	60¾
L. & N.	61⅞	N. J. Central	87⅞
Memphis & Char	50	Missouri Pacific	82⅛
Mobile & Ohio	11½	Western Union	83½
N. & C.	83	Cotton oil trust cert.	37¼

*Bid. †Ex-dividend. ‡Offered. ‖Ex-rights.

THE COTTON MARKETS.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE.
ATLANTA, August 11, 1888.

Consolidated net receipts today 1,691 bales; exports to Great Britain 52; to France —; to continent 792; stock 164,853.

Below we give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures in New York today:

	Opening.	Closing.
August	11.38@....	11.30@11.31
September	9.84@....	9.85@ 9.86
October	9.63@....	9.66@.....
November	9.54@ 9.55	9.56@ 9.57
December	9.53@ 9.55	9.55@ 9.56
Janaury	9.60@ 9.61	9.61@ 9.62
February	9.67@ 9.69	9.69@ 9.70
March	9.75@ 9.77	9.77@ 9.78
April	9.83@ 9.84	9.85@ 9.86
May	9.91@ 9.93	9.93@ 9.94

Closed quiet; sales 31,700 bales.

Local—Cotton steady; middling 9⅞c.

The following is our table of receipts and shipments for today:

RECEIPTS.

By wagon	
Air-line Railroad	1
Georgia Railroad	—
Central Railroad	
Western and Atlantic Railroad	1
West Point Railroad	—
East Tennessee, Va. and Ga. Railroad	2
Georgia Pacific Railroad	—
A. and F	—
Total	4
Receipts previously	112,415
Total	112,419
Stock September 1	81
Grand total	112,500

SHIPMENTS.

Shipped today	—
Shipped previously	100,083
Taken by local spinners	11,480
Total	112,563
Stock on hand	937

The following is our comparative statement:

Receipts today	4
Same time last year	—
Showing an increase of	4
Receipts since September 1	112,419
Same time last year	122,834
Showing a decrease of	10,415

NEW YORK, August 11—Hubbard, Price & Co., in their circular today, say: Liverpool advices this morning failed to realize the improvement which it was expected the bureau report would effect and opened and closed rather lower than last evening. Private advices from there are rather bearish in tone, but the continent evidently places more belief in the unfavorable tone of the bureau, as most of the buying orders for the distant positions came from there. The customary reaction was forced on August, bringing out some long cotton when yesterday's sellers stopped in purchasing all offerings. The feature of the decline was the selling of about 5,000 bales August, which is thought to be short cotton.

NEW YORK, August 11—The total visible supply of cotton for the world is 1,050,823 bales, of which 624,223 bales are American, against 1,344,490 bales and 728,390 bales respectively last year. Receipts at all interior towns 6,434 bales. Receipts from plantations 6,615 bales. Crop in sight 6,917,760 bales.

Cotton Receipts.

AMERICUS, GA., August 11.—[Special.]—Cotton receipts today 28 bales, received previously 43; total 71. Prices paid today 9½@9¾c. Cotton is opening rapidly in this county.

ALBANY, GA., August 11.—[Special.]—202 bales of new cotton received up to date; 80 received by wagon.

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, August 11—12:15 p. m.—Cotton dull and in buyers favor; middling uplands 5 11-16; middling Orleans 5 11-16; sales 7,000 bales; speculation and export 500; receipts 7,000; American 1,700; uplands low middling clause August delivery 5 40-64; August and September delivery 5 34-64, 5 32-64; September and October delivery 5 21-64, 5 20-64; October and November delivery 5 15-64; November and December delivery 5 13-64; December and January 5 13-64, 5 12-64; January and February delivery 5 13-64; futures opened steady.

LIVERPOOL, August 11—1:00 p. m.—Sales of American 4,600 bales; uplands low middling clause August delivery 5 40-64, sellers; August and September delivery 5 33-64, buyers; September and October delivery 5 20-64, buyers; October and November delivery 5 14-64, buyers; November and December delivery 5 13-64, sellers; December and January delivery 5 12-64, buyers; January and February delivery 5 12-64, buyers; February and March delivery 5 13-64, buyers; futures closed steady.

NEW YORK, August 11—Cotton dull and easy; sales none bales; middling uplands 11 5-16; middling Orleans 11 7-16; net receipts none; gross 485; stock —.

GALVESTON, August 11—Cotton quiet; middling 10; net receipts 57 bales; gross 57; sales 39; stock 628.

NORFOLK, August 11—Cotton steady; middling 10½; net receipts 86 bales; gross 86; stock 932; sales 27; exports coastwise 49.

BALTIMORE, August 11—Cotton nominal; middling 10¾; net receipts none bales; gross none; sales —; stock 5,012; sales to spinners —.

BOSTON, August 11—Cotton quiet; middling 11⅜; net receipts none bales; gross 11; sales none; stock none.

WILMINGTON, August 11—Cotton steady; middling 10⅝; net receipts 16 bales; gross 16; sales none; stock 842; exports coastwise 49.

PHILADELPHIA, August 11—Cotton firm; middling 11⅜; net receipts none bales; gross 355; sales none; stock 4,592.

SAVANNAH, August 11—Cotton firm; middling 10⅛; net receipts 946 bales, 113 new; gross 946; sales 57; stock 2,018, exports coastwise 173.

NEW ORLEANS, August 11—Cotton nominal; middling 10½; net receipts 159 bales; gross 183; sales 100; stock 20 070; exports to Great Britain 52; to continent 792; coastwise 1,279.

MOBILE, August 11—Cotton steady; middling 10; net receipts 8 bales; gross 23; sales 50; stock 1,403; exports coastwise 111.

MEMPHIS, August 11—Cotton steady; middling 10; net receipts 27 bales; shipments 187; sales none; stock 4,750.

AUGUSTA, August 11—Cotton quiet but firm; middling 10½; net receipts 11 bales, 2 new; shipments —; sales none.

CHARLESTON, August 11—Cotton nominal; middling 10; net receipts 7 bales, 2 new; gross 7; sales 25; stock 414; exports coastwise 253.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Features of the Speculative Movement in Grain and Provisions.

CHICAGO, August 11—Wheat was fairly active with the greater portion of the business transacted during the early part of the session. The feeling was unsettled, while prices ruled considerably higher, the advance was not sustained. The opening was decidedly strong and prices ⅞@1⅛c higher than yesterday. This advance was due to the government crop report, but the advance brought out some free realizing, a local trader selling freely, which induced others to sell and a weak feeling set in, prices declining ⅝c. Later on a rumor that a supplementary report had been issued by the agricultural department making the yield of spring wheat larger than the figures of percentage and and acreage would indicate helped to further weaken the market and prices declined ½c more. There was a slight recovery from inside prices, and the market closed about ¼@½c lower than yesterday.

Corn was active but weak and lower. Offerings were large from all sources, while the demand was limited to the wants of local shorts. Opened a shade better than yesterday, but soon ruled weak, declining in all 1⅛c, ruled steady and closed ¾@1c lower than yesterday. The weakening features were heavy receipts and the government crop report.

Oats were easy with tendency downward, and the closing prices show a decline all around.

Quite an active speculative trade was reported in mess pork, and prices ruled with considerable irregularity. The opening sales were made at 5@7½c advance, but the market soon weakened under pressure to sell, and prices declined 30@35c. Later the demand showed some improvement and prices rallied 15@20c and closed comparatively steady. Lard was in light request and slightly irregular, closing about 2½c below yesterday's closing figures. A fairly speculative and active trade was reported in short ribs, and prices on the whole range exhibited little improvement, though fluctuating considerably.

The following was the range in the leading futures in Chicago today:

	Opening.	Highest.	Closing.
WHEAT—			
August	83¾	83¾	82⅝
September	84	84	82⅞
CORN—			
August	44½	44⅞	44
OATS—			
August	25½	25⅝	25
PORK—			
September	13 65	13 65	13 50
October	13 65	13 65	13 50
LARD—			
August	8 65	8 65	8 62½
September	8 67½	8 67½	8 65
SHORT RIBS—			
September	8 05	8 07½	8 07½
October	8 05	8 10	8 07½

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE.
ATLANTA, August 11, 1888.

Flour, Grain and Meal.

ATLANTA, August 11—Flour—Best patent $5.50; extra fancy $5.25; fancy $5.00; extra family $4.75; choice family $4.50; family $4.00; extra $3.75. Wheat—No. 2 red 85c; Georgia red 80. Bran—Large sacks 95c; small 95c. Corn Meal—Plain 72c; bolted 70c. Pea Meal—90c. Grits—$4.25. Corn—Choice white 72c; No. 2 white Tennessee 71c; No. 2 mixed 68c. Oats—No. 2 mixed 47c. Hay—Choice timothy, large bales, $1.10; small bales $1.10; No. 1 large bales $1.10; small bales $1.10; clover 95c; wheat straw baled 80c. Peas—Stock —.

NEW YORK, August 11—Flour, southern steady; common to fair extra $3.00@$4.00; good to choice $4.10@$5.15. Wheat, cash firm but quiet; options rather unsettled; No. 2 red August 93¾@94¼; September 93@93⅝. Corn, cash quiet and rather weak; options closed heavy at the bottom with speculation rather slow; No. 2 August 53@53⅝; September 53@53¼. Oats, cash ¼@½c higher; options unsettled; No. 2 August 32¼@32⅝; September 29¼@29⅝; No. 2 spot 37; mixed western 35@39. Hops unchanged; state 3@12; California 7@12.

ST. LOUIS, August 11—Flour quiet, ranging from $2.40@4.50. Wheat lower and excited; a sharp and higher opening was the result of the government report placing the condition of spring wheat 9 points under July, but selling was pressing enough to move prices down, and there was no recovery to speak of afterward; the close was weak at ¼@⅜c below yesterday; No. 2 red fall cash 83@83⅛; August 83⅝; September 83½@83⅝. Corn weak and lower; No. 2 mixed cash 42½@42⅝; August 41¾. Oats firm; No. 2 mixed cash 24¼@24½; August and September 23.

BALTIMORE, August 11—Flour active and firm; Howard street and western superfine $2.50@$2.85; extra $3.00@$3.85; family $4.15@$4.65; city mills superfine $2.50@$2.85; extra $3.25@$3.75; Rio brands $4.60@$4.85. Wheat, southern active, strong and higher; western steady; southern red 88@94; longberry 90@93; No. 2 western winter red spot 90½@90¾. Corn, southern quiet but firm; white 59@61; yellow 56@57.

CHICAGO, August 11—Cash quotations were as follows: Flour firm; spring wheat $3.40@4.25; spring patent $3.50@$4.80. No. 2 spring wheat 82½; No. 3 do. 76@79; No. 2 red 85⅛. No. 2 corn 44⅜@44½. No. 2 oats new 25.

CINCINNATI, August 11—Flour steady; family $3.50@$3.75; fancy $3.75@$4.00. Wheat easy; No. 2 red 84¼. Corn easier; No. 2 mixed 48½. Oats easier; No. 2 mixed new 28.

LOUISVILLE, August 11—Grain quiet. Wheat, No. 2 red 75; new No. 2 longberry 76. Corn, No. 2 mixed 50; do. white 55. Oats, new No. 2 mixed 26.

Groceries.

ATLANTA, August 11—Coffee—Choice 18c; prime 17¾c; good 17¼c; fair 17; low grade 14½c. Sugar—Cut loaf 9c; powdered 9c; standard granulated 8⅞c; standard A 8¼c; extra C 7½c; yellow extra C 7c. Syrups—New Orleans choice 50@55c; prime 33@35c; common 20@25c. Teas—Black 35@60c; green 35@60c. Nutmegs 75c; Cloves 35c. Allspice 12½c. Cinnamon 12c. Sago 50c. Ginger 10c. Mace 60c. Pepper 20c. Crackers—Milk 7c; Boston butter 8c; pearl oyster 7½c; X soda 5c; XXX do. 5½c. Candy—Assorted stick 10c. Mackerel — No. 3 bbls $15.00; ½ bbls $6.75; kits 80c. Soap $2.00@$5.00 ℔ 100 cakes. Candles — Full weight 11c. Matches — Round wood ℔ gross $1.15; ℔ 200 $2.60; ℔ 3.50; ℔ 400 $4.50. Soda—in kegs 4½c; in boxes 5½c. Rice—Choice 6½c; prime 6c; fair 5½c. Salt—Virginia 75c. Cheese—Cream 14c; factory 13c.

NEW ORLEANS, August 11—Coffee quiet and steady; Rio cargoes common to prime 12½@15¾. Sugar quiet; Louisiana open kettle choice 5⅝; prime 6⅞; fully fair 6⅛; fair to good fair 5½; good common 5¾; centrifugals, off plantation granulated 7@7⅛; choice white 6½; off white 7⅜@7¾; choice yellow clarified 7½; prime do. 6⅞; off do. 6¾; seconds 5½@5¾. Molasses steady; open kettle fancy 38; choice 33@35; strictly prime 29@30; good prime 25@26; prime 21@23; common 25; fair to good fair 19@20; common to good common 15@17; centrifugals prime 20@22; prime to good prime 18; fair to good fair 16@17; inferior to good common 10@15. Louisiana syrup 20@26. Rice dull; Louisiana ordinary to good 3@4½.

NEW YORK, August 11—Coffee, fair Rio firm at 14¼; options higher and fairly active; No. 7 Rio August 11.00@11.10; September 10.50@10.60; October 9.90@10.00. Sugar firm; fair to good refining 5 5-16; refined steady; C 6⅛@6⅜; extra C 6⅝@6¾; white extra C 6⅞; yellow 6⅛@6¼; off A 6⅞@6⅞; mould A 7½; standard A 7@7⅛; confectioners A 7⅛; cut loaf and crushed 8¼; powdered 7⅞; granulated 7⅛; cubes 7¾. Molasses firm steady; 50-test —. Rice steady; domestic 4½@5⅜.

Provisions.

ST. LOUIS, August 11—Provisions dull. Pork $14.00@14.50. Lard, prime steam 8.25. Dry salt meats, boxed lots shoulders 7.50; long clear 8.50; clear ribs 8.55@8.62½; short clear 9.12½. Bacon, boxed shoulders 8.00@8.25; long clear 9.37½@9.50; short ribs 9.37½@9.50; short clear 9.62½@9.72½; hams 12½@14.

NEW YORK, August 11—Pork quiet but firm; old mess $14.25; new $15.25@$15.50. Middles nominal. Lard lower and dull; western steam spot 9.00; September 8.74@8.77; city steam 8.50; refined to continent 8.50.

LOUISVILLE, August 11—Provisions dull. Bacon, clear rib sides 9.50; clear sides 10.25; shoulders 8.50. Bulk meats, clear rib sides 9; clear sides 9¼; shoulders 7½. Mess pork $15.00. Hams, sugar-cured 12@13. Lard, choice leaf 10½.

CHICAGO, August 11—Cash quotations were as follows: Mess pork $13.50@$13.60. Lard 8.60@8.62½. Short ribs loose 7.95@8.00. Dry salted shoulders boxed 7.45@8.00; short clear sides boxed 8.70@8.90.

ATLANTA, August 11—The following are ruling cash prices today: Clear rib sides 9¾c. Sugar-cured hams 13½c. Lard—Pure leaf, tierces 10¾; refined 9c.

CINCINNATI, August 11 — Pork quiet at $14.50. Lard firm at 8.37½. Bulk meats quiet; short ribs 8⅝. Bacon steady; short ribs —; short clear 9¾.

Fruits and Confectioneries.

ATLANTA, August 11—Apples—$2.00@$2.50 per bbl. Lemons—$4.75@$5.00. Oranges—$6.50@$7.00. Cocoanuts—6c. Pineapples—$1.50 ℔ doz. Bananas—Selected $1.75@$2.00; grapes 6@10c ℔ pound. Figs — 13@18c. Raisins — New London $3.25; ½ boxes $1.75; ¼ boxes 90c. Currants—7½@8c. Leghorn citron—27c. Almonds—19c. Pecans—10@14c. Brazil—10@11c. Filberts—12½c. Walnuts—13c. Dried Fruit—Sundried apples 8½@14c; sundried peaches 8½@10c; sundried peaches pealed 11c.

Naval Stores.

WILMINGTON, August 11—Turpentine firm at 34¼; rosin quiet; strained 70; good strained 72½; tar firm at $1.65; crude turpentine firm; hard $1.00; yellow dip $1.75; virgin $1.75.

CHARLESTON, August 11—Turpentine firm at 33¾; rosin quiet; good strained 80.

SAVANNAH, August 11—Turpentine firm at 33¾; rosin firm at 80.

NEW YORK, August 11 — Rosin dull at $1.02½@$1.07½; turpentine dull at 35¾.

Hardware.

ATLANTA, August 11—Market steady. Horse shoes $4.25@$4.50; mule shoes $5.25@$5.50; horseshoe nails 12@20c. Ironbound hames $3.50. Trace-chains $2@70c. Ames' shovels $9.00. Spades $10.00. Well-buckets $3.50@$4.50. Cotton rope 15@16c. Sweed iron 5c; rolled or merchant bar 2½c rate. Cast-steel 10@12c. Nails, iron, $2.50; steel $2.60. Glidden barbed wire, galvanized, ℔ ℔ 5@5½c. Powder, rifle $5.00; blasting $2.15. Bar lead 7c. Shot $1.00.

Live Stock.

ATLANTA, August 11—Horses—Plug $65@90; good drive $150@$200; drivers $125@$140; fine $250@$300. Mules—14½ to 15 hands $115@$125; 15 to 15½ hands $135@$160.

CINCINNATI, August 11—Hogs dull; common and light $5.00@$6.25; packing and butchers $5.90@$6.40.

Country Produce.

ATLANTA, August 11—Eggs—14@16c. Butter—Choice Tennessee 18@20c; other grades 12½@15c. Poultry—Hens 25@27c; young chickens large 13@18c. Irish Potatoes — $2.75@3.00. Sweet Potatoes—90c@$1.00. Honey—Strained 6@8c; in the comb 8@10c. Onions—$2.50@$3.00. Cabbage—2½@3c.

Whisky.

CINCINNATI, August 11—Whisky steady at $1.14.

ST. LOUIS, August 11—Whisky steady at $1.14.

CHICAGO, August 11—Whisky $1.20.

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ATLANTA AND FLORIDA R. R.

Time Table No. 11.

Following schedule goes into effect August 5th, 1888, at 5 o'clock a. m.

SOUTH BOUND.

	NO.1* A. M.	NO 3p P. M.	NO.5† A. M.
Leave Atlanta	5 20	4 15	6 40
" E T, V & G Ry Junction	5 32	4 30	6 50
" Buchanan	5 40	4 38	6 57
" Haasville	5 55	4 50	7 07
" Riverdale	6 14	5 10	7 22
" Selina	6 20	5 15	7 27
" Blalock	6 30	5 22	7 35
" Fayetteville	6 45	5 32	7 45
" Woolsey	7 06	5 50	8 05
" Lowry	7 18	6 02	8 15
" Kalula Junction	7 25	6 07	8 20
" Zetella	7 37	6 18	8 30
" Williamson	7 52	6 30	8 40
" Zebulon	8 10	6 46	8 52
" Meansville	8 25	6 57	9 02
" Piedmont	8 43	7 14	9 15
" Topeka Junction	8 55	7 25	9 25
" Yatesville	9 15	7 40	9 40
" Culloden	9 30	7 55	9 55
" Knoxville	10 10	8 30	10 20
Arrive Fort Valley	11 00	9 10	11 00

NORTH BOUND.

	NO.2* A. M.	NO 4p P. M.	NO.6† A. M.
Leave Fort Valley	5 00	4 15	4 10
" Knoxville	5 40	5 00	4 45
" Culloden	6 10	5 35	5 10
" Yatesville	6 25	5 50	5 25
" Topeka Junction	6 40	6 05	5 40
" Piedmont	6 50	6 16	5 50
" Meansville	7 02	6 32	6 05
" Zebulon	7 12	6 47	6 17
" Williamson	7 25	6 58	6 30
" Zetella	7 36	7 10	6 42
" Kalula Junction	7 50	7 20	6 50
" Lowry	7 55	7 26	6 55
" Woolsey	8 05	7 36	7 05
" Fayetteville	8 20	7 55	7 20
" Blalock	8 30	8 05	7 30
" Selina	8 40	8 15	7 40
" Riverdale	8 45	8 20	7 45
" Haasville	9 00	8 40	8 00
" Buchanan	9 10	8 52	8 10
" E T V & G Ry Jun	9 16	9 00	8 16
Arrive Atlanta	9 30	9 15	8 30

*Daily except Sunday.
†Sunday only.
p Daily only
All trains leave from and arrive at E. T., V. & G. Ry. passenger depot. Mitchell street.
H. L. COLLIER, Supt.
AARON HAAS, Vice-President.

CHATTANOOGA, ROME AND COLUMBUS RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE NO. 4.

To take effect at 8 o'clock a. m. Sunday, August 5, 1888.

SOUTH. Pass'ng'r No. 1.	STATIONS.	NORTH. Pass'ng'r No. 2.
6 30 a m	Lv....Chattanooga....Ar	3 10 p m
6 50 a m	East End	2 50 p m
....	Rossville	....
9 00 a m	Mission Ridge	2 40 p m
9 12 a m	Crawfish Spring	2 28 p m
9 27 a m	Rock Spring	2 13 p m
9 52 a m	LaFayette	1 48 p m
10 06 a m	Chattooga Creek	1 34 p m
10 14 a m	Martindale	1 26 p m
10 34 a m	Trion	1 06 p m
10 51 a m	Summerville	12 49 a m
11 02 a m	Raccoon Mills	12 38 p m
11 29 a m	Clarke	12 11 p m
11 50 a m	Camp	11 50 a m
11 57 a m	Lavender	11 43 a m
12 17 p m	R. & D. Junction	11 23 a m
12 35 p m	Ar....Rome....Lv	
12 55 p m	Lv....Rome....Ar	11 05 a m
1 00 p m	East Rome	10 55 a m
1 15 p m	Silver Creek	10 40 a m
1 33 p m	Summit	10 22 a m
2 07 p m	Cedartown	9 58 a m
2 35 p m	Dug Down	9 30 a m
3 03 p m	Buchanan	9 12 a m
3 41 p m	Kramer	8 38 a m
3 57 p m	Mandeville	8 20 a m
4 20 p m	Carrollton	8 00 a m

GEO. D. LAWRENCE, Superintendent.

BLUE RIDGE AND ATLANTIC R. R.
TIME TABLE NO. 5.

To take effect Sunday, July 1, 1888. Eastern Time:

STATIONS.	50 Daily	52 Daily
	A. M.	P. M.
Leave Tallulah Falls	7 35	6 30
" Turnerville	7 50	6 45
" Anandale	8 05	7 00
" Clarkesville	8 20	7 12
Arrive Cornelia	8 45	7 35
	A. M.	P. M.

STATIONS.	53 Daily	51 Daily
	A. M.	P. M.
Leave Cornelia	10 55	10 15
" Clarkesville	11 15	10 35
" Anandale	11 25	10 45
" Turnerville	11 40	11 00
Arrive Tallulah Falls	11 55	11 15
	A. M.	P. M.

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CANADIAN CATARRH CURE CO.—Gentlemen: Several weeks ago, I called at your office, and you gave me a sample bottle of your "Catarrh Cure." I had suffered with a bad case of catarrh for some time. I have only used the sample bottle you gave me, and it has completely cured me. I heartily recommend it to any one suffering with catarrh. One small sample bottle has cured.

Yours truly,
W. B. WATTS,
91 Whitehall Street.

ATLANTA, Ga., January 7, 1888.

CANADIAN CATARRH CURE CO., Atlanta, Ga.—Gentlemen: My sister, Maggie Peyton, was cured of a dangerous cause of catarrh, in a very short time, by the use of "Canadian Catarrh Cure;" and I will further testify that all hopes were given up. Drs. Hutchison, druggist of this city, recommended the above medicine to me. I appeared in person at the Canadian Catarrh Co.'s office, and voluntarily offer the above testimonials. Write or call on me, and hear more. Respectfully,

MISS ROENA PEYTON, City.

LITHONIA, Ga., May 16, 1888.

CANADIAN CATARRH CURE CO., Atlanta, Ga.—Gentlemen: Your remedy has cured my daughter of a severe case of catarrh. I shall encourage others to use it.

Very truly yours,
C. WESLEY POWELL.

The quantity in one bottle of "Canadian Catarrh Cure" will last for some time. Therefore, the expense is a mere trifle, and there is no excuse for neglect. If you are suffering with catarrh, it will pay you to use "Canadian Catarrh Cure." Send for our free book of information. Large size bottles $1, small size 50c. If your druggist does not keep it, send direct to

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JACOB MOERLEIN, Treas. JOHN MOERLEIN, Supt.
GEO. MOERLEIN, Vice-Prest. WM. MOERLEIN, Ass't Supt.

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CENTRAL RAILROAD of GEORGIA

No change of cars between Atlanta and Jacksonville, Fla., and intermediate points, or to Savannah, Ga.

ATLANTA, GA., July 15th, 1888.

On and after this date Passenger Trains will run daily, except those marked †, which are run daily, except Sunday. And those marked * are run on Sunday only.

Leave Atlanta	6 50 am	7 15 pm	3 50pm	9 10am	†6 15pm	*3 00pm	†12 01pm
Arrive Hapeville	7 13 am	7 38 pm	4 15pm	9 35am	†6 52pm	*3 30pm	†12 30pm
Arrive Griffin	8 20 am	8 43 pm	5 40pm	10 43am	†8 20pm	*5 00pm	....
Arrive Macon	10 25 am	10 50 pm	7 50pm	1 00pm	....	....	....
Arrive Columbus, via Griffin	11 20 am	....	9 45pm	....	....	....	....
Arrive Columbus, via Macon	....	7 30 am	....	5 50pm	....	....	....
Arrive Eufaula	3 47 pm	....	4 58am	....	....	....	....
Arrive Albany	2 55 pm	....	12 45am	....	....	....	....
Arrive Millen	2 28 pm	3 20 am	....	....	....	....	....
Arrive Savannah	5 00 pm	6 15 am	....	....	....	....	....

Passengers for Carrollton, Thomaston, Perry, Fort Gaines, Talbotton, Buena Vista, Blakely, Clayton Ala., Sylvania, Sandersville, Wrightsville, Eatonton, Milledgeville, should take the 6:50 a. m. train from Atlanta.

Leave Savannah	7 10 am	8 20 pm	....	....			
Leave Millen	9 45 am	11 00 pm	....	....			
Leave Eufaula	....	....	....	....			
Leave Albany	....	....	....	....			
Leave Columbus, via Macon	6 00 am	....	2 10 am	10 47 am			
Leave Columbus, via Griffin	1 10 pm	6 45 pm	....	11 55 am			
Leave Macon	2 05 pm	3 10 am	6 00 am	5 25 pm			
Leave Griffin	4 01 pm	5 11 am	8 20 am	7 17 pm	* 7 45 am	† 5 15 am	
Leave Hapeville	5 15 pm	6 15 am	9 35 am	8 33 pm	* 9 05 am	† 6 47 am	† 1 10 pm
Arrive Atlanta	5 40 pm	6 40 am	9 58 am	9 00 pm	* 9 35 am	† 7 25 am	† 1 40 pm

Sleeping Cars on all night trains between Atlanta and Savannah, Savannah and Macon, Savannah and Augusta, Atlanta and Albany.

Through car between Atlanta and Columbus, via Griffin on 6:50 a. m. train.

Tickets for all points and sleeping car berth tickets on sale at Union Depot ticket office, in Atlanta.

The best and cheapest passenger route from Atlanta to New York and Boston is via Savannah, and elegant steamers thence. Passengers, before purchasing tickets via other routes, would do well to inquire first of the merits of the route via Savannah, by which they will avoid dust and a tedious all rail ride. Fare from Atlanta to New York and Boston, including meals and stateroom on steamer, $24. Round trip tickets will be placed on sale June 1st, good to return until October 31st. New York steamer sails tri-weekly; Boston steamer weekly from Savannah.

For further information apply to
CLYDE BOSTICK, Passenger Agent,
ALBERT HOWELL, Union Ticket Agent.
D. W. APPLER, General Agent,
E. T. CHARLTON, Gen. Pas. Agent, Savannah, Ga.

THE STAGE W

A Manager Talks on ject of the Stag

WHAT MANAGERS HA

Death of William Davidg arations for the Sea

He was a well known manager, o seen the ups and downs of the pro who has been riding the wave for t ty years. The yellow fever scare h him from south Georgia, where h rusticating, and as he sat in the Kin lobby he grew wise—as managers will.

"People don't realize," he said, " a manager is to a star. More often th wise the stars don't realize it th Your average star is afflict the worst kind of abnormal head deve and he thinks that he, and he alone drawing power. A study of the caree successful stars of today shows that in the manager has contributed largely after success of the star, and in many c manager has been almost everything.

"I have been before the public fo twenty years now. To the average at of the theater I am not but to the profession and theater managers throughout the coun known, and, if I do say it myself, well I have been the business head of a num well known attractions, and have the tion of having never been connected w thing poor. The result is that the m have confidence in me, and when my att is unknown I can book it on my own tion. I have done that quite a num times, and you will find that many of prominent actors got their start that wa

***

"Some instances? Yes, I can thin few. Joe Mack, who has made Robert ing. Of course Downing has ability, but push and energy and money gave h start and carried him through all his tr Arthur Chase piloted Rhea, Janish and to success, and is now at the head of th Booth and Barrett combination. Gus responsible for the success of Robert Scanlan, Murray and Murphey and others. Gus Mortimer and Louis Jame the honors of the success of James and ented wife. J. M. Hill made Margaret all she is. Hudson and O'Neil gav Warde his long-hoped-for opportunity. he goes under the management of Brooks, another excellent manager, fr on.

"These are some of the many insta might give. Mr. Palmer, Mr. Hill, Mr. Mr. Daly, Colonel McCaull, the Aron all of these gentlemen stand at the fro if a young actor gets the benefit of their ance, success is almost certain.

"I don't pretent to say that everythi pends on the manager, but I do say that deal does. The manager gets very little but he often gets a fair share of the sh

***

The death of William Davidge re from the stage one of those "old time" whose mission it has been to furnish ment and happiness to the people thro medium of many different roles. He Englishman who came to this country He made his first appearance in New Y Sir Peter Teazle. During the nex years he was in the support o stage favorites of the tim New York, including Edwin Forrest, Burke, Lola Montez and Julia Dean. this he made a tour through the United Mr. Davidge was a member of F. B. Co "Star Combination," and in 1863 a played in Mrs. John Wood's company Olympic theater. Later he participated in Shaksperian revivals at Winter Garden. August, 1867, he impersonated Eccles "Caste," at what was then the new Broadw theater, near Broome street.

From 1869 till 1877 he was a mem Daly's Fifth Avenue Theater company. he went "on the road" with a company by Miss Fanny Davenport. He was the nal Dick Deadeye in the production of fore" at the Standard theater, in 187 some years after this he was with traveling companies, and since 1885 belonged to the company of the M Square theater. It is said that in his t cal career of over half a century he ha more than 1,000 parts. He was an adm trained comedian of the old school, with dry humor which was individual. H also remarkably effective in some strong tric characters. He was well versed in traditions of the stage, and was alw faithful, painstaking actor. Some best known parts, besides those already m were Crabtree in "The School for Sca Hardcastle in "She Stoops to Con Cracker in "The Good-Natured Man old Scotch servant Bishopriggs in "Ma Wife," and Old Hardy in "The Belle's gem." His successful parts in Shaks comedy include Touchstone, Dogberry, ban, Old Gobbo and Bottom.

***

There are two American attractions i don which have made great hits. One is ard Mansfield's "Dr. Jekyl and Mr. and the other is the fire engine in "Th Alarm."

It is a gratifying fact that Bandman extraordinary personage who tried Richard Mansfield of his London succ jumping in ahead with his version of Dr. Mr. H., has made an egregious failure. what he deserved, and nobody on this the "pond" will mourn. Mansfield is an of decided ability and he has achieved t tistic success he deserved.

The "Still Alarm" has made an even g hit than it did in this country. The newspapers declare that their fire depar does its hitching-up and getting away is time than do Joe Arthur's men, but the don people give contradiction to that ment by crowding to the play. A L writer says that it takes a London e fifteen minutes to get to a fire half a away from its house.

***

How is this for an "Uncle Tom's C cast? That old chestnut is to be revive in the hands of such people as Alice Ha Milt Barlow and the others it will cr sensation.

The cast is:

Phineas Fletcher, Frank Mordant; Uncle Milt G. Barlow; Simon Legree, Frank Losee; Harry Webber; George Harris, Mark Price; St. Clair, J. N. Long; Tom Loker, George F George Shelby, Charles J. Green; captain of s Natchez, W. A. McCormick; Eva, little Webber; Eliza Harris, Lillian Eldridge; Cass cides Malarini; Aunt Ophelia, Louisa El Chloe, Addie Davis; Queen 'Lizabeth, Louis Topsy, Alice Harrison.

***

Frederick Warde will produce "W Tell," a revised version, in addition other plays this season. He will be un management of Joseph Brooks, and w supported by Adele Belgrade, Ida V Emma Maddern, Gertrude McGill, Alli Gill, Henry Aveling, Harry Weaver James F. Deane, John Marble, H. C. E. N. Hoyt, L. J. Henderson, Char Clark, W. C. Andrews, E. Delamater, Kline and Robert Brower; Robert E. St business manager, and J. J. Brady, ad agent.

***

Mlle. Rhea is now in Paris, supervisi making of her new costumes and the reportoire wardrobe, something very han being promised in that line. Her rep will embrace Sardou's revised play, "A gerous Game," and his new play, entitled Case Vidal," which is said to be very ef in action, strong in dialogue, and stri situations and tableaux. "Much Ado Nothing" will be handsomely mounte "Adriene Lecouvreur" will be reproduc

The Rhea company, for the coming will embrace the following people: W Harris, Charles McManus, J. R. Amor Francoeur, W. R. Owen, C. J. Bir Charles Burrows, Lawrence Rees, Mi Bowers, Miss Helene Davis, Mrs. Ella V Mariè Dantes, Ada Vanetta, Mrs. Jos Rand. The business staff is: Mr. J. H. sole manager; Mr. J. J. Coleman, b manager; Mr. Joseph Francoeur, stage ager.

***

After Modjeska's admirers have

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ADAMSON & JACKSON,
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SPECIFIC FOR CATARRH AND HAY-FEVER
CANADIAN CATARRH CURE CO.
ATLANTA, GA.
A SAFE AND RELIABLE CURE.

CATARRH!

A Dangerous Disease Can be Cured by the Use of Canadian Catarrh Cure. A Safe and Reliable Specific for Catarrh! Hay Fever! Sore Throat and "Cold in the Head."

We ask you to read the following testimonials, and if not satisfactory write to the parties:

ATLANTA, GA., April 5, 1888.

CANADIAN CATARRH CURE Co.—Gentlemen: Several weeks ago, I called at your office, and you gave me a sample bottle of your "Catarrh Cure." I had suffered with a bad case of catarrh for some time. I have only used the sample bottle you gave me, and it has completely cured me. I heartily recommend it to any one suffering with catarrh. One small sample bottle has cured.

Yours truly,
W. B. WATTS,
91 Whitehall Street.

ATLANTA, Ga., January 7, 1888.

CANADIAN CATARRH CURE Co., Atlanta, Ga.—Gentlemen: My sister, Maggie Peyton, was cured of a dangerous case of catarrh, in a very short time, by the use of "Canadian Catarrh Cure;" and I will further testify that all hopes were given up. Drs. Hutchison, druggist of this city, recommended the above medicine to me. I appeared in person at the Canadian Catarrh Co.'s office, and volunteerily offer the above testimonials. Write or call on me, and hear more. Respectfully,

MISS ROENA PEYTON, City.

LITHONIA, Ga., May 16, 1888.

CANADIAN CATARRH CURE Co., Atlanta, Ga.—Gentlemen: Your remedy has cured my daughter of a severe case of catarrh. I shall encourage others to use it. Very truly yours,

C. WESLEY POWELL.

The quantity in one bottle of "Canadian Catarrh Cure" will last for some time. Therefore, the expense is a mere trifle, and there is no excuse for neglect. If you are suffering with catarrh, it will pay you to use "Canadian Catarrh Cure." Send for our free book of information. Large size bottles $1, small size 50c. If your druggist does not keep it, send direct to

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14 East Hunter Street, Atlanta, Ga.

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erlein Brewing Co.,
ATI, OHIO.
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THE FINEST BRANDS OF
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AL EXPORT" which is brewed from the finest grade and according to the most approved methods. It is a free of any injurious ingredients, and being also by the most prominent physicians for the NAL EXPORT" was brewed originally for the Australia, we are now prepared to furnish it to our custom-

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Atlanta Agent.
OMPTLY FILLED.

ROAD of GEORGIA
Atlanta and Jacksonville, Fla.,
nts, or to Savannah, Ga.

ATLANTA, GA., July 15th, 1888.
n daily, except those marked †, which are run daily,
nday only.

pm	3 50pm	9 10am	†6 15pm	*3 00pm	†12 01pm
pm	4 15pm	9 35am	†6 52pm	*3 30pm	†12 30pm
pm	5 40pm	10 43am	†8 20pm	*5 00pm	
pm	7 30pm	1 00pm			
	9 45pm				
am		5 50pm			
	4 [illegible]am				
	12 45am				

Gaines, Talbotton, Buena Vista, Blakely, Clayton on, Milledgeville, should take the 6:50 a. m. train from

pm					
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		10 47am			
	2 10am	11 55am			
pm					
am	6 00am	5 25pm			
am	8 20am	7 17pm	* 7 45am	† 5 15am	
am	9 35am	8 33pm	* 9 05am	† 6 47am	† 1 10pm
am	9 58am	9 00pm	* 9 35am	† 7 25am	† 1 40pm

and Savannah, Savannah and Macon, Savannah and

via Griffin on 6:50a. m. train.
ckets on sale at Union Depot ticket office, in Atlanta.
lanta to New York and Boston is via Savannah, and hasing tickets via other routes, would do well to inquire which they will avoid dust and a tedious all rail ride. ding meals and stateroom on steamer, $24. Round trip urn until October 31st. New York steamer sails tri-

D. W. APPLER, General Agent,
E. T. CHARLTON, Gen. Pas. Agent, Savannah, Ga.

THE STAGE WORLD.

A Manager Talks on the Subject of the Stage.

WHAT MANAGERS HAVE DONE

Death of William Davidge—Preparations for the Season.

He was a well known manager, one who has seen the ups and downs of the profession and who has been riding the wave for these twenty years. The yellow fever scare had strated him from south Georgia, where he had been rusticating, and as he sat in the Kimball house lobby he grew wise—as managers sometimes will.

"People don't realize," he said, "how much a manager is to a star. More often than otherwise the stars don't realize it themselves. Your average star is afflicted with the worst kind of abnormal head development, and he thinks that he, and he alone, is the drawing power. A study of the careers of the successful stars of today shows that in all cases the manager has contributed largely to the after success of the star, and in many cases the manager has been almost everything.

"I have been before the public for about twenty years now. To the average attendant of the theater I am not known, but to the profession and to the theater managers throughout the country I am known, and, if I do say it myself, well known. I have been the business head of a number of well known attractions, and have the reputation of having never been connected with anything poor. The result is that the managers have confidence in me and when my attraction is unknown I can book it on my own reputation. I have done that quite a number of times, and you will find that many of today's prominent actors got their start that way."

***

"Some instances? Yes, I can think of a few. Joe Mack, who has made Robert Downing. Of course Downing has ability, but Mack's push and energy and money gave him his start and carried him through all his troubles. Arthur Chase piloted Rhea, Janish and others to success, and is now at the head of the great Booth and Barrett combination. Gus Pitou is responsible for the success of Robert Mantel, Scanlan, Murray and Murphey and several others. Gus Mortimer and Louis James share the honors of the success of James and his talented wife. J. M. Hill made Margaret Mather all she is. Hudson and O'Neil gave Fred Warde his long-hoped-for opportunity. I see he goes under the management of Joseph Brooks, another excellent manager, from now on.

"These are some of the many instances I might give. Mr. Palmer, Mr. Hill, Mr. Abbey, Mr. Daly, Colonel McCaull, the Aronsons—all of these gentlemen stand at the front, and if a young actor gets the benefit of their assistance, success is almost certain.

"I don't pretent to say that everything depends on the manager, but I do say that a great deal does. The manager gets very little credit, but he often gets a fair share of the shekels."

***

The death of William Davidge removes from the stage one of those "old time" actors whose mission it has been to furnish amusement and happiness to the people though the medium of many different roles. He was an Englishman who came to this country in 1850. He made his first appearance in New York as Sir Peter Teazle. During the next five years he was in the support of the stage favorites of the time in New York, including Edwin Forrest, G. V. Burke, Lola Montez and Julia Dean. After this he made a tour through the United States. Mr. Davidge was a member of F. B. Conway's "Star Combination," and in 1863 and 1865 played in Mrs. John Wood's company at the Olympic theater. Later he participated in the Shaksperian revivals at Winter Garden. In August, 1867, he impersonated Eccles in "Caste," at what was then the new Broadway theater, near Broome street.

From 1869 till 1877 he was a member of Daly's Fifth Avenue Theater company. Then he went "on the road" with a company headed by Miss Fanny Davenport. He was the original Dick Deadeye in the production of "Pinafore" at the Standard theater, in 1879. For some years after this he was with various traveling companies, and since 1885 he has belonged to the company of the Madison Square theater. It is said that in his theatrical career of over half a century he has acted more than 1,000 parts. He was an admirably trained comedian of the old school, with a fine dry humor which was individual. He was also remarkably effective in some strong eccentric characters. He was well versed in all the traditions of the stage, and was always a faithful, painstaking actor. Some of the best known parts, besides those already named, were Crabtree in "The School for Scandal," Hardcastle in "She Stoops to Conquer," Cracker in "The Good-Natured Man," the old Scotch servant Bishopriggs in "Man and Wife," and Old Hardy in "The Belle's Stratagem." His successful parts in Shaksperian comedy include Touchstone, Dogberry, Caliban, Old Gobbo and Bottom.

***

There are two American attractions in London which have made great hits. One is Richard Mansfield's "Dr. Jekyl and Mr. Hyde" and the other is the fire engine in "The Still Alarm."

It is a gratifying fact that Bandmann, the extraordinary personage who tried to rob Richard Mansfield of his London success by jumping in ahead with his version of Dr. J. and Mr. H., has made an egregious failure. It was what he deserved, and nobody on this side of the "pond" will mourn. Mansfield is an actor of decided ability and he has achieved the artistic success he deserved.

The "Still Alarm" has made an even greater hit than it did in this country. The London newspapers declare that their fire department does its hitching-up and getting away is better time than do Joe Arthur's men, but the London people give contradiction to that statement by crowding to the play. A London writer says that it takes a London engine fifteen minutes to get to a fire half a block away from its house.

***

How is this for an "Uncle Tom's Cabin" cast? That old chestnut is to be revived, and in the hands of such people as Alice Harrison, Milt Barlow and the others it will create a sensation.

The cast is:

Phineas Fletcher, Frank Mordant: Uncle Tom, Milt G. Barlow; Simon Legree, Frank Losee; Marks, Harry Webber; George Harris, Mark Price; Henry St. Clair, J. N. Long; Tom Loker, George P. Wall; George Shelby, Charles J. Green; captain of steamer Natchez, W. A. McCormick; Eva, little Carrie Webber; Eliza Harris, Lillian Eldridge; Cassy, Mercides Malarini: Aunt Ophelia, Louisa Eldridge; Chloe, Addie Davis; Queen 'Lizabeth, Louise Rial; Topsy, Alice Harrison.

***

Frederick Warde will produce "William Tell," a revised version, in addition to his other plays this season. He will be under the management of Joseph Brooks, and will be supported by Adele Belgrade, Ida Vernon, Emma Maddern, Gertrude McGill, Allie McGill, Henry Aveling, Harry Weaver, Jr., James F. Deane, John Marble, H. C. Barton, E. N. Hoyt, L. J. Henderson, Charles H. Clark, W. C. Andrews, E. Delamater, Albert Kline and Robert Brower; Robert E. Stevens, business manager, and J. J. Brady, advance agent.

***

Mlle. Rhea is now in Paris, supervising the making of her new costumes and the entire repertoire wardrobe, something very handsome being promised in that line. Her repertoire will embrace Sardou's revised play, "A Dangerous Game," and his new play, entitled "The Case Vidal," which is said to be very effective in action, strong in dialogue, and striking in situations and tableaux. "Much Ado about Nothing" will be handsomely mounted, and "Adriene Lecouvreur" will be reproduced.

The Rhea company, for the coming season, will embrace the following people: William Harris, Charles McManus, J. R. Amory, Jos. Francoeur, W. R. Owen, C. J. Birkbeck, Charles Burrows, Lawrence Rees, Milton C. Bowers, Miss Helene Davis, Mrs. Ella Wrenn, Marie Dantes, Ada Vanetta, Mrs. Josephine Rand. The business staff is: Mr. J. H. Laine, sole manager; Mr. J. J. Coleman, business manager; Mr. Joseph Francoeur, stage manager.

***

After Modjeska's admirers have worked themselves into a frenzy of despair at the solemn and reiterated announcement of the famous actress's retirement comes a statement to the effect that she will probably play a six weeks' engagement in the west during the winter, and the following year appear in these regions with a new play added to her repertoire. Mme. Modjeska will not go to Poland after all, but will remain in her ranch.

***

William Gillette is at work upon his new play, "A Confederate Casualty," which he hopes to present at the Madison Square theater about October 15. This play will bear no resemblance to "Held by the Enemy," although it touches upon the subject of the war.

***

Rose Coghlan is to be under the management of Augustus Pitou this year, her play being "Jocelyn," which was written by her brother, Charles Coghlan, for Mrs. Langtry. Pitou will spend all the money necessary for a splendid production, and Charles Coghlan is devoting all his time to the rehearsals.

***

Eugene Field names Lawrence Barrett as the one prominent actor who has made advances in his art in the past ten years.

***

Patti Rosa, now Mrs. John Dunne, and six members of her company are in England, where they will tour this season.

***

Alice Evans, the sweet little soubrette with the "A Night Off" company, will be with "A Brass Monkey" this year.

***

Minnie DuPree, than whom there is no more talented young lady on the American stage, will play Susan in the chief "Held by the Enemy" company this year. Miss DuPree is young and ambitious, and combines all the charms of youth with decided ability. She made many friends in the south last season.

***

The startling accuracy of some correspondents is illustrated in a recent bit of Macon correspondence in THE CONSTITUTION. In that the suffering public is informed that Lamar Clay "made a hit everywhere he went;" that John Sturgeon "held a high position with Booth and Barrett last season" and so forth. John Sturgeon is one of the most promising young actors in the legitimate, but he was not with Booth and Barrett last season. Lamar Clay is a young man who is just winning his spurs in his profession, and while he did not "make a hit everywhere he went," he has done well.

Clay will be a member of the combination with Messrs. Garrick and Sturgeon at its head. They are all young men, and here's to them all!

The East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railroad—Its Rapid Success.

There is no line of rail in the state of Georgia that is held under a more aggressive and prosperous management than the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad. The employes of this road, actuated by a lively interest are effectively attentive, polite and kind in the discharge of their duties, making their necessary intercourse with passengers a work of pleasure; so much is this the case that it cannot escape remark.

Entering the state in her mountain regions, where the undulous landscape presents at all seasons a picture that will captivate the eye of a dullard, and shame the pencil of a master in the art of coloring it passes almost like a line of longitude the full length of the state to the seaboard. Its terminus here is the beautiful and thriving city of Brunswick, washed by the placid waters of the safest and most commodious harbors of the south Atlantic coast. But all along the line, as it sweeps through a hundred towns and villages that are pictures of the prosperity of the empire state of the south, the eye is charmed by a panorama of scenery as varied as it is delightful. The vast ocean of beautiful green in the north, the more gently undulous view of the central part of the state, give place to the aromatic breezes that breath through the whispering forests of the pine-belt, until, like a vision, the sight of the Atlantic bursts upon the eye, beyond the city of Brunswick. Although from mountain to sea, it is the most direct line, none other can furnish so beautiful, so complete a picture of Georgia's scenery and wealth. The management, up to all the requirements of the times, furnishes everything for comfort and rapidity of transit. The coaches and sleepers are luxurious, the rails solid, and the employes attentive, and safe.

Mr. Porter King Better.

The many friends of this popular gentleman will be glad to know that he has moved into his new and elegant residence corner Merritt's avenue and Calhoun street and since his removal is gradually improving. He hopes to be out before a great while.

LEMON ELIXIR.

Its Wonderful Effect on the Liver, Stomach Bowels, Kidneys and Blood,

As prepared by Dr. H. Mozley. A pleasant lemon drink, that positively cures all Billiousness, Constipation, Indigestion, Headache, Malaria, Kidney Disease, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Fevers, Chills, Blotches, Pimples, Pain in the Back, Palpatation of the Heart, and all other diseases caused by a disordered liver, stomach and kidneys, the first great cause of all fatal diseases. 50 cents and $1 per bottle. Sold by druggists generally. Prepared only by H. Mozles, M. D., Atlanta, Ga.

Lemon Hot Drops

Cures all Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Pneumonia, and all throat and lung diseases. Price 25 cents. Sold by druggists. Prepared only by Dr. H. Mozley, Atlanta, Ga.

CLEVELAND AND HARRISON

May Join Issue in the Coming Campaign,

And they may not, but that will not interfere with you getting a solid 14 karat gold case with fine American movement for $50—$1 a week.

Six watches were given out on Tuesday. Seventh club now forming. Join now, and remember, we guarantee to save you $10 on each watch you get in our clubs. This is not an installment plan. Read our two column ad. in this paper. The J. P. Stevens Watch Club Co., Caulfield and Underwood, managers.

For Rent.

One house, ten rooms, with gas, water, electric bells, and all other improvements; one minutes' walk from postoffice. Apply to F. J. Stilson, 55 Whitehall street.

A BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT

Of Flannel Overshirts, that cannot be equalled for the money, at A. & S. Rosenfeld's, 24 Whitehall street, corner Alabama.

REMEMBER!

That you can now get some extraordinary bargains in Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry and Silverware at the closing out sale of my stock at No. 5 Whitehall street, at nominal prices. Why, you can get a watch or anything else you want for less than you can buy it anywhere North or East, and at the same time buy it at home of a responsible party. Mr. Pickert must dispose of his entire stock as rapidly as possible, preparatory to locating exclusively and permanently at No. 51 Whitehall street. Genuine bargains await you. Call for them at once at A. F. Pickert's, No. 5 Whitehall street. Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry sacrificed in order to close out.

PRICE THE GOODS

And determine as to quality and cheapness. Chamberlin, Johnson & Co.

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Services Today in the Various Temples.

HOURS FOR COMMENCEMENT

Of Services—The Atlanta Sunday Schools.

METHODIST.

Trinity church, corner Whitehall and West Peters streets, Rev. J. W. Lee, D. D., pastor. Preaching today at 11 a m and 8 p m by the pastor. Subject of morning sermon, "Lessons from the Transfiguration;" evening, "Origin and Cure of Evil Thoughts." Sunday school at 9:30 a m. Class meeting Monday 8 p m, Prayer meeting, and lecture on "St. Paul's Travels," Wednesday at 8 p m. Young men's meeting Friday 8 p m.

Trinity Home-Mission Chapel, F. M. Richardson, superintendent. Sunday school this afternoon at 4 o'clock. Preaching this evening at 8 o'clock. Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. All are cordially invited to these services.

First Methodist Episcopal Church South, junction of Peachtree and North Pryor streets—Rev. H. C. Morrison, D. D., pastor. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m., R. A. Hemphill and H. E. W. Palmer, superintendents. There will be preaching at 10:45 a m by the pastor. Subject, "Christian Perfection." No services at night. Class meeting at 5 p m. Young men's prayer meeting Tuesday at 7:30 p m and general prayer meeting on Wednesday at 7:30 p m. The public is cordially invited. Seats free.

Marietta Street Mission Sunday school (179 Marietta street) at 9 a m, John F. Barclay, superintendent. Services every Sunday and Thursday evenings.

Decatur Street Mission Sunday school (162 Decatur street) at 3 p m, N. C. Spence, superintendent. The public is cordially invited.

West Side Mission Sunday school at 3 p m, W. B. Jackson, superintendent.

St. Paul M. E. church, Hunter street, near Bell—Rev. M. L. Underwood, pastor. Preaching today at 11 a m and 7:45 p m by Rev. W. W. Wadsworth, presiding elder. Sunday school at 9:30 a m, J. E. Gullett superintendent. Class meeting every Friday night at 7:45. General prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 7:45. Young men's prayer meeting Monday evening at 8. Parsonage Aid Society meets every Monday at 4:00 p m. All are cordially invited. Seats free.

Walker Street Methodist church, junction of Walker and Nelson streets—Rev. H. J. Ellis, pastor. Preaching at 11 a m and 8 p m by the pastor. Sabbath school at 9:30 a m, E. H. Orr, superintendent. Young men's meeting Tuesday and regular prayer meeting on Wednesday at 8 p m. All are cordially invited to attend these services.

Pierce church, Ira street, near E. T., V. and Ga. railroad shops—Rev. W. S. Stevens, pastor. Preaching at 10:30 a m. Communion service by Rev. W. P. Patillo, Services at 7:45 p m, led by the pastor. Sunday school at 9 a m, W. S. Hubbard, superintendent. Prayer meeting Wednesday at 7:45 p m. Class meeting Monday night at 7:45. Everybody invited.

Asbury church, corner Davis and Foundry streets—Rev. J. T. Richardson, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p.m. by the pastor. Sunday school at 3 p. m., F. M. Akin, superintendent. Rev. Joseph Chorcn will lecture the stranger's class. Prayer meeting Wednesday at 7:30 p. m. All are cordially invited.

Grace Church, corner Houston and Boulevard—Rev. G. E. Bonner, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and at 7 p. m by the pastor. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m., J. C. Hendrix, superintendent. Prayer meeting Wednesday night. Class meeting Friday night. All invited.

Marietta Street M. E. Church, between Spring and Bartow streets—Rev. A. F. Ellington, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. by the pastor. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Consecration meeting Monday at 3 p. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday at 7:30 p. m. All are cordially invited.

Merritt avenue church, near Peachtree—Rev. T. J. Christian, pastor. Preaching at 11 a m by Rev. S. S. Sweet and at 8 p m by Rev. H. P. Myers. Sunday school at 9:30 a m, E. H. Frazier, superintendent. Prayer meeting Wednesday night.

North Atlanta mission Sunday school at 3:00 p. m. J. L. Logan, superintendent.

Preaching at No. 4 Henry street, old barracks, every Sunday at 11 o'clock, except the second Sunday of each month.

BAPTIST.

First Baptist church, corner of Forsyth and Walton streets, Rev. J. B. Hawthorne, D. D., pastor. Preaching at 11 a m by Rev. C. H. Strickland, D. D., pastor First Baptist church of Nashville, Tenn. No services at night. Sunday school at 9:30 a m. Young men's meeting at 8 p m Monday. Prayer and lecture meeting at 8 o'clock Wednesday. All are invited.

North Avenue Mission of the First Baptist church, near Technological school. Sabbath school at 4 p m, Ed White, Jr., superintendent. Everybody welcome.

Exposition Hotel Mission of the First Baptist church, Marietta street—Gospel and Prayer meeting every Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock, in charge of R. A. Montieth, A. W. Bealer, J. A. Awtry and other. Persons living in the city cordially invited to attend.

North Atlanta Mission of the First Baptist church, on the North Atlanta car line—Sabbath school at 9:30 a m., J. D. Carter in charge. Strangers are welcome.

Edgewood Mission of the First Baptist church. Sunday school at 4 o'clock p m, J. C. Bridger, superintendent.

Second Baptist church, corner Washington and Mitchell streets—Rev. Henry McDonald, D. D., pastor. Preaching at 11 a m, by Rev. R. J. Willingham D. D., of Chattanooga. No service at night. Sunday school at 9:30 a m, A. C. Briscoe, superintendent. Prayer and conference meeting Wednesday at 8 p m. Gospel meeting for men and boys only at 8 p m Monday. All are cordially invited to these services.

Sixth Baptist Church, 179 W. Hunter street.—J. H. Weaver, pastor. Preaching at 11 a m and 8 p m by the pastor. Sunday school at 9:30 a m, J. C. Wilson, superintendent. Prayer meeting Wednesday night. Young people's meeting Thursday night All are invited to attend these services.

Central Baptist church, corner W. Fair and Peters streets. Preaching at 11 a m by Dr. D. Shaver. Sunday school at 9:30 a m, D. E. Moncrief, superintendent. Regular monthly conference Wednesday evening, August 15th, when it is expected that the church will go into an election for pastor.

Primitive Baptist church, corner Boulevard and Irwin streets—Elder J. T. Jordan. Preaching at 11 o'clock every third Saturday and Sunday in each month. All are cordially invited to attend.

East Atlanta Baptist church, Bradley street—T. E. McCutcheon, pastor. Preaching at 11 a m and at 7:15 p m by the pastor. Sunday school at 3 p m, George Andrews, superintendent Prayer meeting at 9:30 a m. Preaching every Wednesday at 7:30 p m by Rev. Dr. Horniday. All are cordially invited to come.

PRESBYTERIAN.

First Presbyterian church, Marietta street—Rev. E. H. Barnett, D. D., pastor. Divine services at 11 a m and 8 p m by the pastor. Young men's prayer meeting Tuesday at 8 o'clock p m. Regular prayer meeting Wednesday at 8 o'clock p m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. All are cordially invited.

Marietta street mission Sunday school of the First Presbyterian church will meet just to the right and opposite the Exposition hotel, on Marietta street, at 3:30 p. m. There will be preaching at the same place on Friday at 8:00 p. m. by Rev. E. H. Barnett, D. D. All are cordially invited.

Central Presbyterian church, Washington street—Rev. G. B. Strickler, D. D., pastor. Preaching at 11 a m by Rev. T. P. Cleveland. No service at night. Sunday school at 9:30 a m, Professor W. W. Lumpkin, superintendent. Regular prayer meeting Wednesday at 8:00 p m. Young men's prayer meeting Thursday 8:00 p m. All are cordially invited.

Rankin Chapel, corner Martin and Glenn streets—F. DeS. Helmer in charge. Preaching Sunday night at 7:45. Sunday school Sunday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock, Dr. J. W. Rankin, superintendent. Prayer meeting Tuesday night at 7:45. A cordial invitation to all.

Campbell Wallace Chapel, corner Stonewall and Chapel streets—F. De S. Helmer in charge. Sunday school Sunday afternoon at 3:30, B. H. Cameron, superintendent. Preaching Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. Gospel meeting Sunday night at 7:45, conducted by the young men. Prayer meeting Friday night at 7:45, opened by song service for half hour. A cordial welcome to all.

Fourth Presbyterian church—Rev. T. P. Cleveland, pastor. Preaching at 11 a m and at 8 p m by the pastor. Sabbath school at 9:30 a. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday at 7:45 p m. Men's prayer meeting Monday at 7:45 p m. A cordial invitation to all to attend.

West End Presbyterian church, corner Oak and Ashby streets—Rev. N. B. Mathes, supply. Services at 11 a m, and song service at 8 p m. Sunday school at 9:30 a m, George B. McGaughy, superintendent. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. All are cordially invited.

The Sunday-school of the Wallace chapel will meet at 3:30 p. m., at the corner of Stonewall and Chapel streets. B. H. Cameron, superintendent. All are cordially invited to attend.

EPISCOPAL.

St. Luke's Cathedral, corner Pryor and Houston streets—Rev. R. S. Barrett, dean. Communion service at 8:45 a m. Morning prayer and sermon at 11 a m. Short service and lecture at 6 p m. Sunday school at 9:30 a m, F. M. Scott, superintendent. Everybody will be welcomed and strangers will be provided with seats.

St. Philip's church, corner Washington and Hunter streets—Rev. Byron Holley, rector. Morning prayer and sermon at 11 o'clock. Evening prayer and address at 5 o'clock. All invited.

St. Philip's Mission of the Redeemer, corner West Fair and Walker streets—Rev. Augustine Prentiss, rector. Holy communion at 7:30 a m. Evening prayer and sermon at 8 p m. Sunday school at 3 p m. All invited.

In Culberson's Hall, West End—Rev. Augustine Prentiss, rector. Services and sermon at 11 a m. Sunday school at 10 a m. All invited.

In St. Philip's Chapel, corner Washington and Alabama streets—Rev. Augustine Prentiss, rector. Sunday school at 4 p m for the colored children.

Good Shepherd chapel, Plum street—Sunday school at 4:30 p. m.

Emanuel chapel, North Atlanta. Sunday school at 3:30 p. m.

Epiphany chapel, Jackson street. Sunday school at 4 p. m.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH.

Church of Christ, on Hunter street—Rev. T. M. Harris, pastor. Preaching by the pastor at 11 a m, and at 8 p m. Sunday school at 9:30 a m. W. S. Bell superintendent. Bible class at 10 a m, Rev. T. [illegible], teacher. You are cordially invited to attend.

Central Christian church, Peters street, between Whitehall and Forsyth—Services conducted by Dr. A. G. Thomas at 11 a. m. Sunday school at 9:45 a. m., C. A. Rauschenberg, superintendent. No service tonight. All are cordially invited to these services.

CONGREGATIONAL.

Berean Congregational church, East Atlanta, near the Fulton cotton factory.—Preaching at 11 a m and at 7:30 p m by the pastor, Rev. S. C. McDaniel. Sunday school at 3 p m, E. L. Bradley, superintendent. Prayer meeting every Wednesday night at 7:30. All welcome.

GERMAN LUTHERAN.

German Lutheran church, corner Forsyth and Garnett streets, J. H. Klerner, pastor. Service at 11 a m. Sunday school at 10 a m. Everybody is welcome.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Elder Wm. R. Hooper will preach at the Exposition cotton mills at 11 a m and 3 p m Lord's day, August 12, 1888. Text: "And the streams thereof shall be turned into pitch, and the dust thereof into brimstone, and the land thereof shall become burning pitch." Isaiah xxxiv. 9. Seats free and no collection.

Dr. Robert J. Willingham, who preaches at the Second Baptist church today, is a preacher of wonderful power. During the late session of the Southern Baptist convention, at Richmond, Va., Dr. Willingham preached at one of the largest churches in the city. A writer in the Religious Herald says of the sermon: "It was probably the finest sermon ever preached in the church."

COLORED CHURCHES.

Butler Street C. M. E. church—N. F. Haygood, pastor. Preaching at 11 a m, 3 p m, and 8 p m by the pastor. Sunday school at 9:30 a m, D. C. Clayton superintendent. Class meeting on every Wednesday at 8 p m.

The West Atlanta C. M. E. church, S. E. Poer, pastor, have moved out of Schell's hall on Peters street in their own church on Markham street that have just been finished. Preaching at 11 a m, 3 p m and 8 p m by the pastor. Sunday school at 9 a m, R. W. White, superintendent. All are cordially invited to attend.

CHOICE FRUIT.

The Finest Brought to Market this Season—More to Come.

A CONSTITUTION representative was passing down Whitehall yesterday afternoon and saw some of the choicest fruit ever brought to this city. Everybody in Atlanta and for miles around knows John Lagormasino, and they know also that he keeps just such fruits and confections as will please the public. Frequently he sends "nice boxes" of choice selections to purchasers in distant states, and they are always delighted with them. Mr. Lagomarsino knows his business thoroughly, and the fact that he keeps strictly first-class goods and sells them at low prices is enough for the public to know. His peaches, grapes, pears and all kinds of fruit are far above the average, and you will do well to call and get it. It is good.

A WORTHY INSTITUTION.

The Means High School for Boys—Its Discipline.

In Means' High School every inducement is held out to stimulate the pupil to be self-reliant and industrious.

All pressure is brought to bear, which the faculty may deem wise, being careful to encourage when occasion offers.

While cautious as to the mode of leading the young, yet they are made to understand that something must be done by them if success is attained, and the faculty will not strain a point for the purpose of deceiving parents and friends as to their progress or behavior.

EXPANDING.

John Ryan's Sons New Cloak Room Will Soon be Ready.

One of the largest stores in the city is that of John Ryans' Sons. Their store runs from Whitehall to Broad and is four stories high. So great has been the trade here of late that more space was demanded and now a cloak room is being built on the right hand side as you enter on Whitehall. It will be one of the best arranged and most elegant cloak rooms in the south when it is completed. Mr. Steve Ryan is now in New York buying cloaks and fall goods for his large establishment and is preparing to offer unusual bargains in them. The success of this house has been almost phenomenal and still their trade continues to increase. The facts behind it all is their low prices and good goods. If you want a bargain don't forget to go to John Ryan's Sons and you will not be disappointed.

PREFERRED THE DEAD TO THE QUICK

A Colored Pastor Gives a Forcible Rebuke to His Congregation.

From the Chicago Times.

A city undertaker relates that he had a funeral recently at one of the high-toned colored churches on the south side. The preacher, who is a good deal of a common-sense man, got up and read a chapter and then closed the book without selecting a text, but he spoke as follows:

"Brudders and sisters, de church am crowded today as I habent seed fo' many a day. In fac' as de theaters sometimes puts it, dar am standin' room only. Now, why am dis? I can tell yo-all, and I'se gwine fo' to speak my mind to de p'int. Yo-all come heah fo' to see dé deceased in de coffin dar. I remembah, brudders and sisters, when Brudder Johnson de deceased was a-libbin', and when he ust to come to de church, which I am proud to say fo' his mem'ry he did, yo-all was never berry much consirned about flockin' in heah to see him den. When he was libbin' de deceased wa'n't much run after. Some of yo-all wouldn't speak to him. But now dat de deceased am dead yo-all kin come heah and block up de iles and de spar room, kase yo-all t'ink dat de coffin will be open and you kin march aroun' and take a look at de deceased. I'se gwine to disappint yo-all. De coffin won't be open, not in dis yeah church. Mister Undertaker, proceed wid de necessary preprashuns for removin' ob de body ob de deceased while de congregation will rumain stan'in and jine de choir in de chant, Blessed Are de Dead What Die in de Lawd. De deekins will improve de opportunity by passin' de baskets. I want you cullud people what's in de habit ob flockin' to de funerils ob deceased members and won't come to church to know dat you got to pay fo' yo' fun."

Sensational Scene in a Cemetery,

From the South Wales, Eng., Times.

An unseemly display of popular sentiment was witnessed at Penzance cemetery on Sunday. Thomas Oates, who had only been married twelve months, committed suicide on Tuesday night by throwing himself into the deepest part of Penzance harbor, with 140 pounds of old iron round his neck, to which it was secured by a piece of his mother-in-law's clothes-line. The deceased, his wife and one child lived with the wife's mother, and popular opinion attributed the suicide to an unhappy home. Two thousand persons attended the funeral. When the clergyman left, the mob tried to hustle the young widow and her mother into the grave. Failing this, they stripped the younger woman of her widow's dress, bonnet, gloves and wedding ring. A policeman got her into the sexton's house, and he and three volunteer preservers of the peace saw her safely home. They were followed by a jeering and shouting crowd, the worst offenders being women.

An old smoker says that a man who would pay five cents for any other cigar than the Grand Republic Cigarro ought to be bored for the simples—so say we. Sold by all reliable dealers.

To Dam the Canyons of the Rockies.

From the Denver Tribune.

No grander idea has ever been suggested than that proposed by our national survey—to dam the canyons of the Rocky mountains in order to form vast reservoirs of water, that may be used as needed to keep the arid lands of the great dry basins irrigated and fertile. The plan will, if carried out, be equally valuable in preventing floods in the Missouri and Lower Mississippi valleys. It is believed that 150,000 square miles of land may thus be reclaimed for cultivation. The extent of this may be seen by the fact that the total extent of land now under cultivation in the United States is less than 30,000 square miles. Dams can be constructed strong enough absolutely to regulate the spring flooding, retain the supply and feed it out slowly, as may be needed, all summer. We shall by such works not greatly surpass the engineering feats of the ancients.

OLD SENATORS.

The Patriarchs Who Conduct Legislation.

THE VIGOR OF AN OLD AGE

Which Has Been Reached After a Well Spent Youth.

WASHINGTON, August 10.—[Special.]—It has been said that Allen G. Thurman, should he be elected, will be unable to preside over the senate on account of his age. This is all bosh, for Mr. Thurman is yet hearty and strong, and besides, there are many useful old men yet in both houses of congress who are not nearly so well preserved as Mr. Thurman. Let us see who they are.

SENATOR MORRILL.

There is Senator Morrill, of Vermont. He served twelve years in the house and had been in the senate twenty two years last April. He is now 78 years of age, and will be 82 when his present term expires. He is the oldest member of congress in both houses, and is still useful. Vermont, it is said, will re-elect him as long as she is permitted to do so. From his appearance one would judge him twenty years younger than his true age.

PAYNE, THE STANDARD OIL KING.

Senator Payne, of Ohio, is another senator older than Mr. Thurman. He is only about eight months the junior of Senator Morrill. This is Senator Payne's first term in the senate. He was elected from Mr. Thurman's own state when 75 years of age. He is the father-in-law of Secretary Whitney.

PIG IRON KELLEY.

In the house there is Judge Kelley, of Pennsylvania, who is 74 years of age and is yet one of the most useful men on the republican side. He has been in the house uninterruptedly for twenty-seven years and appears to be good for half that many more. He is the oldest member, both in years and service, and will probably retain his seat, if he should so choose, until death shall remove him. Being the oldest member he is allowed to choose his own seat at the opening of each congress without resorting to the general raffle. He also swears in the speaker. Up to the past few years he was a slave to tobacco. He even slept with a quid in his mouth. His continued use of the weed, however, caused the necessity of having his palate cut out, and since that time he has never touched it. He is yet one of the hardest worked members of the house.

EDWARD J. GAY, OF LOUISIANA,

ranks next to Judge Kelly in the house. He is seventy-two, and never held a public office until he was sixty-nine, when he was elected to the house of representatives, this being his second term.

REPRESENTATIVE PLUMB, OF ILLINOIS,

is another who did not enter congress until he was 69. He is a wonderfully vigorous old gentleman.

Mr. Vandiver, of California, is 71 and is still vigorous. A half dozen times this session he has climbed to the top of the dome with visiting constituents.

Mr. Granger, of Connecticut, is 71, and Mr. Seull, of Pennsylvania, is 70.

OTHER OLD SENATORS.

But to return to the senate.

There is Senator Sawyer, of Wisconsin. He will be 72 in September, and is yet an inveterate smoker and hard worker.

Then there is Dawes, of Massachusetts, who will be seventy-two in October. He has been in congress thirty-one years and at the expiration of his present term will be seventy-six years of age. He is yet in good health.

Senator Eli Saulsbury, the tall man from Delaware, is seventy. He has been in the senate seventeen years, all of which time he has drank and smoked freely, but in moderation, and continues to do so.

Senator Evarts is seventy, and shows his age. From appearances one would judge him the oldest member. He is, however, yet vigorous. This is his first term, having taken his seat in '85, but had previously belonged to two cabinets.

WADE HAMPTON,

of South Carolina, is seventy, and still enjoys a gallop over the country roads around Washington on pleasant afternoons. He keeps a saddle horse here and is as fond of a ride as he was thirty years ago, although he now wears a cork leg, the result of his horse falling upon him.

SENATOR BROWN.

Reagan, of Texas, is just seventy, and our Senator Brown is sixty-seven. Senator Brown, while his appearance, on account of his patriarchal white beard, would indicate his age, is nevertheless one of the most active members of the senate, as his record will show. There is not one senator who is more attentive to the interests of his state than Senator Brown, nor is there one who is so successful with his measures. This is only due to work. While other senators are very often absent from the chamber it is an exception when Senator Brown is not there. It is not exaggeration to say that he is the most regular member of that body, although one of the oldest.

Henry Clay remained in the senate until he was seventy-five, and John Quincy Adams was eighty-one when he died on the floor of the old house—now statuary hall.

Why should not Allen G. Thurman live out the term to which he will be elected, and many years thereafter? He is as vigorous in mind as in his earlier days, and barring slight attacks of rheumatism he is yet in excellent health.

E. W. B.

The State Printing.

From the Macon Telegraph of 8th inst.

The bids for the public printing of the state were opened today, and the contract awarded to W. J. Campbell, manager of the job department of THE CONSTITUTION. There were three bidders: W. J. Campbell, of the Constitution Publishing company; George W. Harrison, of the Franklin printing house, and J. H. Estill, of the Savannah News. The contract was let out for a period of two years. Mr Campbell, the successful competitor, is a young man of fine business qualifications, and fully competent to do the work for the state in an excellent manner

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39½ East Alabama street.

H. Y. Snow and Shomo Bros. will have fine car Virginia cabbages to arrive Monday or Tuesday sure. Merchants, leave orders for something fine.

The greatest boon ever conferred upon smokers came in the shape of the Grand Republic Cigarros and Buffos. They combine both mint and economy. Sold by all reliable dealers.

A Brief Bear Story.

From the Richmond Religious Herald.

The subject of publications was before the Presbyterian synod in North Carolina, and a very sprightly speaker arose and spoke as follows: "Some of our Sunday school publications are of a questionable character. Not long ago I was glancing over one of these, when I happened to light upon an account of some matters in Texas, and pretty soon I found myself in the midst of a very graphic account of a fight between a man and a bear. Presently came to this sentence: 'As this book is intended for Sunday reading, we must make this story of the bear fight short.'"

If you are in the galls of bitterness and bonds of iniquity, and want to reach the arcadian land, smoke Grand Republic Cigarros and Buffos. It is the only route for the dreamer's paradise. Sold by all reliable dealers.

GREELEY AND MEDILL.

How the New Yorker Made His Western Brother Foot the Bill.

New York Letter.

At the dinner given the other day at the Union League club to Charles A. Dana a good little story was told by Mr. Medill. On some particular occasion years ago Mr. Medill's paper took the other side on a question in which the New York Tribune was vitally interested. Horace Greeley was greatly offended at this, and Mr. Medill was told about it and thought he would drop in on the veteran journalist and try and explain his position. So he made a call on Mr. Greeley in his sanctum. He found Mr. Greeley at work seated at a huge desk, which was littered all over with papers and scraps of writing. At one little corner of the desk, bent nearly double, Horace Greeley was scribbling away. "How do you do, Mr. Greel y?" said Mr. Medill in a mellifluous tone of voice. There was no response. "How do you do, sir," repeated the visitor, soothingly. Still no answer. A third time the courteous inquiry after Mr. Greeley's health was made, and this time there came a characteristic reply from the offended Jupiter of the press. "How de-do, d—— you!" said the shrill, piping voice of Mr. Greeley. "I came to have a talk with you and to ask you to take lunch with me afterward," explained the visitor. "D—— you, I wouldn't take lunch with you," was the retort. But Mr. Medill, knowing his man, stayed [illegible] plain to Mr. Greeley, whose bristling, porcupine ways gradually disappeared, and he finally said: "Well, come on. I'll take lunch with you, but you'll have to pay for it, d—— you!"

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Excursion Tickets from Atlanta, good from Saturday morning till Monday night, $3.35; from Athens $2.55.

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"Ho, Everyone That Thirsteth!"
—ESPECIALLY YOU—
REFUGEES FROM FLORIDA!

Come to Grantville, Ga., 51 miles from Atlanta, where there is a good variety of mineral water, also as good cold freestone water as in the world. The air is pure and healthy. There is absolutely no sickness of any kind in town. Good accommodations, with reasonably low prices, at Sewell Hotel. For further information address P. J. SEWELL, Proprietor Sewell House.

Ho! for Kansas City!

In order to give the people of the south an opportunity to visit Kansas City and the Northwest, the Memphis Route will on
TUESDAY, AUGUST 14TH
sell round trip tickets Birmingham to Kansas City and return for
THIRTEEN DOLLARS.

Tickets will be good to return on any train leaving Kansas City prior to August 24th, allowing purchasers ample time to look about the metropolis city of the northwest which with its electric cable and elevated roads and its magnificent public buildings is second to none in the United States. Think of it, 1,500 miles for Thirteen Dollars. Southern merchants should take advantage of this opportunity to visit their western connections. For further information call on

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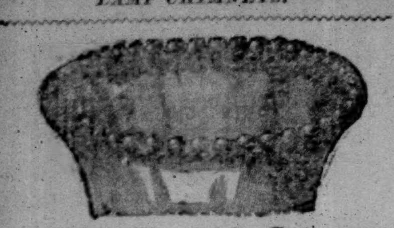

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The best and surest Remedy for Cure of all diseases caused by any derangement of the Liver, Kidneys, Stomach and Bowels. Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Constipation, Bilious Complaints and Malaria of all kinds yield readily to the beneficent influence of

PRICKLY ASH BITTERS

It is pleasant to the taste, tones up the system, restores and preserves health.

It is purely Vegetable, and cannot fail to prove beneficial, both to old and young. As a Blood Purifier it is superior to all others. Sold everywhere at $1.00 a bottle.

Dr. Woolley's

INVIGORINE

TAKE

For Weak NERVES, KIDNEYS, BAD BLOOD, Nervous Prostration, DYSPEPSIA, and all Languid or Debilitated Conditions,

For Loss of NERVE POWER from whatever cause, FEEBLENESS from old age, WEAKNESS from Excesses. In stages of Puberty & Change of Life, INVIGORINE regulates, strengthens & quiets

PRICE $1.00. Sold by your Druggist. Manufactured by B. M. WOOLLEY & CO., Atlanta, Ga.

At wholesale by Lamar, Rankin & Lamar, Smith & Bradfield, A. G. Candler & Co., and A. J. Haltiwanger. 8p

HEALTH IS WEALTH

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT is guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain, resulting in insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of Power in either sex, Involuntary Losses and Spermatorrhœa caused by over-exertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. Each box contains one month's treatment. $1.00 a box, or six boxes for $5.00, sent by mail, prepaid on receipt of price.

WE GUARANTEE SIX BOXES

To cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with $5.00, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by

JACOBS'S PHARMACY, Sole Agents,
Marietta and Peachtree Sts., Atlanta, Ga.
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35 MEDALS·AWARDED·TO·

BENSON'S

Cures Pleurisy, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Backache, Weakness, Colds in the Chest and all Aches and Strains.

CAPCINE

Beware of imitations under similar sounding names. Ask for Benson's and take no other.

PLASTER

THE·BEST·IN·THE·WORLD

ARP AND THE BOOM.

He is in the Midst of One of Them.

PROPERTY FAST ADVANCING

But the Tax Assessor Has His Off-Eye on It.

For the Constitution.

It is pretty hot around these parts, but we are fixing to make it hotter. The furnace work has begun. We are going to cook iron and then make it into stoves to cook bread and meat and make it into steel rails for our railroads to haul us something to cook. It takes a power of hot work to keep these poor carcases of ours in good condition. I would have been a rich man but for this everlasting cooking business that never stops nor tires. But we are all built that way, and so the business goes on.

The furnace ball opened yesterday, and Dr. Pratt and Mr. Martin are busy looking over the ground and directing the surveying and leveling and platting and locating. Very soon the grading will begin, and there will be plenty of work for the toilers. The white man will plan and the negro will execute. He will shovel and dig and lift and drive the steel and mine the ore and lay bare his brawny arms and sweat and toil, and crack his jokes and sing his song and eat his humble fare and enjoy his rest and never complain.

It is most astonishing how much life and vigor these manufacturing industries instill into a community. Even the prospect of them is awakening and stimulating and everybody moves around with a livelier step and a brighter countenance. "Major," said an old lady friend to me, "do you think the boom has come sure enough?" "Oh yes," said I, "there is a right smart boom down town." "And can I get any more for my property?" "Oh yes," said I, "good property like yours is in demand, do you want to sell?" "Bless your soul, no I don't want to sell. I expect to live and die right here, but I just wanted to feel like my property was worth more than it was."

"Oh, yes," said I, "the tax assessors will convince you of that. I expect they will nearly double your taxes for the next year." So there is no pleasure without its pain.

The real estate men are circulating pretty lively now trying to get options. That is a new word to the children and so I had to explain and tell them that if I was willing to sell my home for five thousand dollars, I would say to one of the real estate agents: "If you sell my place within ten days you may have all you get over five thousand dollars." So then he would have an option for ten days. These real estate men are all so anxious to get hold of property to sell for other people that they pay something for these options. One asked Mr. White what he would take for his lot and workshop, and he said he would take eight hundred dollars. "What will you take for your option?" said the agent. "Twenty-five dollars," said Mr. White. "For how long?" said the agent. "Until sun down," said Mr. White as he hammered away on a bureau. Our people won't give long options now for property is rising pretty fast. It is now up to just about its prime cost. Two years ago a storehouse that cost two thousand dollars to build, could have been bought for fifteen hundred with the lot thrown in. That same store house and lot will bring twenty-five hundred now. But property can't be boomed beyond its fair value in Cartersville. There is too much of it. There is not a town in Georgia that has such beautiful subrubs for improvement. Situated on a high plateau with gently rolling surface and good drainage and beautiful views of the surrounding mountains and fast flowing streams on every side, she offers inviting homes and good business prospects to those who are seeking homes, no matter whether they come from the north or from the south. The Pratt Henderson company that have just located their steel work and manganese works here are delighted with their selection. Mr. Martin said to me yesterday: "You have the loveliest and most attractive country I have ever seen." That company made a thorough inspection of all inviting localities around us, from Sheffield to Birmingham and chose Cartersville, and will invest $150,000 here at once. Within three months farming lands adjacent to the town have risen from $40 to $100 an acre, as was proven by a guardian's sale at public outcry last Tuesday. There will be a demand for the products of these lands, and the last crop of cotton is now upon them that will ever be seen.

These mechanics and laborers will want something to eat. There will be more consumers than producers. Mr. Camp, who farms near Rome, planted ten acres in sweet potatoes last year and netted eight hundred dollars profit. What encouragement is there to a hen to lay eggs at ten cents a dozen? Cobe says she is too much ashamed to cackle, and just drops it and goes along. Now, we expect to see before long a hundred teams hauling iron ore and manganese to our furnoces, and hundreds more digging and mining and working in the furnaces, and they and their families will be hungry three times a day, and want watermelons or peaches or apples between meals. The stove factory is to follow the furnace, and we are going to make horse shoes, and nails, and axes, and stone hammers, and most anything else that can be made out of iron.

Evan Howell says the finest turnout he saw at Long Branch last summer was carrying a man he supposed was Vanderbilt, or Astor, or an English lord or a French count, and so he got out of the way quick and took off his hat as the fellow passed, and then he found out he was a Connecticut chap, who had made a fortune making hairpins. I believe I will make some hairpins or fish hooks or carpet tacks or buckles or buttons or something. They say a man can make more money out of little things than big ones. I think that I could keep busy making such things for my own family. Good gracious! If I was a merchant what a splendid trade I would have from one family.

We have contracted for waterworks and gas works, and the next thing will be an ice factory and a street railroad, and we are just obliged to have a railroad to Gainesville with a branch going up to Coosawattee. One industry calls for another and all of them will help the farmers. They need help. It looks like everything gets help but farming. I see that those everlasting rascals up north have formed a bagging trust to put up the price three cents a pound, and that will take a million and a half more out of the farmers' pockets. Most every business has a trust, a pool, a combination to speculate upon the people, but the farmers can't get trusted at all, unless they mortgage their crops and pay about fifty per cent for advances. The merchant advances forwards but the poor farmer advances backwards. A merchant told me that he had to charge big interest on account of the risk he took in advancing—the risk of drought and storms and caterpillars and boll-worm—the risk of dead horses, and stolen mules, and the farmer dying, and his widow gobbling up the crop, and lawyer's fees, and doctor's bills for the last sickness, and a money panic, and a war in Europe——." "That will do," said I; "I see it all now. I didn't know it was so risky. I don't think you charge enough. You ought to do like Dr. Wildman did when he cured a nigger of the smallpox. He just took the whole nigger for pay."

Our people are watching the Farmers' Alliance with a good deal of interest. Can they do anything, and will they do it? Many efforts have been made heretofore to unite the farmers for their mutual benefit and have failed, and now we have anxious doubts about the alliance. But may be they have a better plan. Experience is a good schoolmaster. If they were mean enough to form a cotton trust for two years and hold all they made, what a howl there would be! It wouldn't be so mean either, for they make the cotton, and if it costs eight cents a pound to make it they ought to have twelve and a half cents for it. But those speculators who get up corners and trusts and monopolies don't make anything that they deal in. They are like the vampires that hover over the weary traveler as he sleeps by the way, and fan him with their wings and suck all his blood and leave him to die.

A man who will plot and scheme a corner on the necessaries of life is a thousand times more guilty than one who steals to supply his own wants. The chaingang is too good for him.

We had another reunion here yesterday—a gathering of the survivors of the old Eighteenth, General Wofford's regiment, the one he raised when he was a colonel, and the one that always claimed the right to lead the brigade when attacking the enemy. It is wonderful how a brave commander can infuse his fighting spirit into his men. I went to school with Tatum Wofford and my earliest recollection of him was when he had a fight with a bigger boy because the boy imposed upon a little boy and kicked him for nothing, and Tatum took it up and whipped him. When he was sixteen he ran away from school and went to Mexico to fight the Mexicans for imposing on Uncle Sam, and later on he went to fighting Uncle Sam for imposing on him. He never did like imposition. How well his soldiers loved him was proven by the way they followed his lead in every battle, and now at every reunion they call for his child, his only child—the daughter of the regiment and she comes. If there was another war I believe they would give Miss Lena a sword and follow her like the French followed Joan of Arc. As Miss Winnie Davis is the daughter of the confederacy, so is Lena Wofford the daughter of the regiment, and she meets with them and presides at their banquet, and the old soldiers reverently kiss her hand and shed a patriotic tear for auld lang syne. All this may seem childish and sentimental, but a man who does not appreciate it hasn't got enough patriotism in his bosom to defend his own fireside.

BILL ARP.

"GO SLOW."

It Is Those Who Can Wait Who Succeed.

Prentice Mulford in New York Star.

"Give to each proportioned thought its act."—Hamlet. Which simply means "go slow," and when in a hurry wait till your hurry is over.

A "proportioned thought" is a clear thought. It is the plan which one sees perfectly outlined in his or her mind, as you may see on paper the architect's plan for a building. To carry out this "proportioned thought" in the mind with the body, it is necessary to go slow in order to get ahead fast.

Let us, then, learn to imitate nature. The sun never hurries while setting. Neither does a hen. Both set in harmony with nature's laws. Were the sun in as chronic a condition of hurry as are one-half of us miserable sinners, we should have sunrise half an hour after sunset, and no night to sleep in; were hens in as great a hurry about setting as we are about living, there would soon be no broods of chickens brought to light, and with the failure of chickens there would soon be failure of eggs!

What if mother earth hurried her orbit 'round the sun, and completed a year in six months? Would she be any better off, or we be any better off with rent doubling up on us?

Go slow. It's the old hunter who kills the most ducks, because he waits for hours where they come to feed, instead of rampaging over miles of country like the young man searching for ducks to shoot, and showing the ducks himself and his gun and what he's after. Hurry reveals lots of secrets which, from a business and most practical point of view, it pays better to keep to yourself. Hurry shows your opponent your cards and your "hand" in your face. What is time good for but to use to think in, and isn't time money.

Go slow. It's the little touches, the merest "dabs," the finest possible shadings of the picture that produce the "effect," and these, on the artist's part, are the result of study, time, repose, deliberation. The artist paints his mood of mind as well as the picture. He must not even move his brush or mix his colors in a hurry. There's a thought in every shading and an idea in every hair's touch of his brush, and these can't be transferred to canvas at 2:40, breakneck pace.

Go slow. Ideas are not hatched by straining and grabbing for them. They come to you when the mind is in a mood to receive them. You would call a farmer a fool to throw his seed on unplowed ground a month before the proper season for planting because he was in a hurry for the crop. There's a vast amount of human effort made about as sensible.

Go slow. Many of the things a man hurries after are not worth the hurrying for. A young man was once in a great hurry to get married. He got married. Within a year's time he was in as great a hurry to get unmarried. He got unmarried. Soon he was in a great hurry to get married again. But this is no way to rush into such a serious and important business. Had he gone slow at the start he would probably have saved himself lots of trouble, expense and sad experience.

I Told You So.

Mr. E. A. Ireland, of Breen, Phillips & Co., Nashville, Tenn., says: "I was afflicted with Piles for twenty years, and I tried every remedy offered me; finally used the Ethiopian Pile Ointment. It gave me instant relief, and has effected a permanent cure." Sold at wholesale by A. G. Candler & Co., Atlanta, Ga., and D. W. Curry, Rome, Ga. Retail at Jacobs' Pharmacy, Atlanta, Ga.

The Egyptian Heaven.

Earth was not to the Egyptians what it is to us, writes Professor Maspero, a globe carried safely through space by the laws of gravitation; everybody in Egypt knew that it was a flat, oblong, quadrangular slab, more like the upper board of a table than anything they could imagine. It was surmounted by a flat, iron roof stretching at some distance from it, and supported by four strong pillars, which prevented it from falling and crushing what was underneath. Thus the world was like a two storied house, the various parts of which might be connected, as they are in our houses, by a staircase, or by a ladder. The Egyptians supposed that there was somewhere in the west a tall ladder which went up straight from earth to heaven. Gods and goddesses watched it day and night. Nobody was allowed to climb it unless he knew the password, and, even after giving it, those poor souls were in danger of never reaching the top who were not helped by the hand of some piteous divinity. Once on the solid floor of the firmament, they traveled northward until they came to the brink of the boreal ocean: there they found the ferry boat or the ibis of Thot, the judge Osiris and his assessor, the island of the happy, where they settled forever and ever among the indestructible stars, as indestructible as any of them.

After Three Years.

W. F. Walton, of Springfield, Tenn., says: "I have been suffering with Neuralgia in my face for three years. I purchased a box of Dr. Tanner's Infallible Neuralgia Cure and took eight of the pills. I have not felt any symptoms of Neuralgia since. Sold at wholesale by A. G. Candler & Co., Atlanta, Ga., and D. W. Curry, Rome, Ga. Retail at Jacobs' Pharmacy, Atlanta, Ga.

Original Stanza by Father Ryan.

From the Richmond State.

The following lines were written in 1883 and sent to a lady friend in Richmond by the late Father Ryan, poet-priest of the south, while he was on a visit to this city. They were never before published and have now added interest as a relic of a singularly-gifted scholar and Christian too early gone to his reward:

In the eclipses of your soul,—
Ah! me: then shadows fall
On you and me, and all,—
I wonder where the regions whence they roll.
And when you cry,
Oh! God! give more of rest and less of Night;
And when you sigh,
Oh! Christ! give less of dark and more of Light,
Then read these lines of mine
And may my blessing shine
And brighten every day
That meets you on your way.

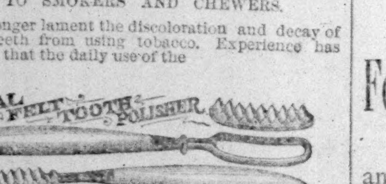
ABRAM J. RYAN.

Angostura Bitters, the most efficacious stimulant to excite to excite the appetite, keeps the digestive organs in order.

INVENTION'S LATEST BLESSING

TO SMOKERS AND CHEWERS.

No longer lament the discoloration and decay of your teeth from using tobacco. Experience has proved that the daily use of the



naturally and effectually removes all deposits on and around the teeth and restores and perfectly preserves the natural lustre and smoothness of the enamel, and benefits the gums. A luxury. An economy. A necessity. For Old and Young. First cost, 60 cents, for holder and box of 18 Felt Polishers, latter only need be renewed, 25 cents per box; holder imperishable; at all dealers, or mailed by

HORSEY M'F'G CO., Utica, N. Y.
At wholesale by A. J. HALTIWANGER.
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Rich and Poor,

Prince and Peasant, the Millionaire and Day Laborer, by their common use of this remedy, attest the world-wide reputation of Ayer's Pills. Leading physicians recommend these pills for Stomach and Liver Troubles, Costiveness, Biliousness, and Sick Headache; also, for Rheumatism, Jaundice, and Neuralgia. They are sugar-coated; contain no calomel; are prompt, but mild, in operation; and, therefore, the very best medicine for Family Use, as well as for Travelers and Tourists.

"I have derived great relief from Ayer's Pills. Five years ago I was taken so ill with

Rheumatism

that I was unable to do any work. I took three boxes of Ayer's Pills and was entirely cured. Since that time I am never without a box of these pills." Peter Christensen, Sherwood, Wis.

"Ayer's Pills have been in use in my family upwards of twenty years and have completely verified all that is claimed for them. In attacks of piles, from which I suffered many years, they afford greater relief than any other medicine I ever tried."—T. F. Adams, Holly Springs, Texas.

"I have used Ayer's Pills for a number of years, and have never found anything equal to them for giving me an appetite and imparting energy and strength to the system. I always keep them in the house."—R. D. Jackson, Wilmington, Del.

"Two boxes of Ayer's Pills cured me of severe

Headache,

from which I was long a sufferer. —Emma Keyes, Hubbardston, Mass.

"Whenever I am troubled with constipation, or suffer from loss of appetite, Ayer's Pills set me right again."—A. J. Kiser, Jr., Rock House, Va.

"Ayer's Pills are in general demand among our customers. Our sales of them exceed those of all other pills combined. We have never known them fail to give entire satisfaction."—Wright & Hannelly, San Diego, Texas.

Ayer's Pills,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Dealers in Medicine.

COUNTY BONDS FOR SAEL

WILL BE SOLD UNLESS SOONER DISPOSED of on the first Tuesday in September next, in Watkinsville, Oconee county, Ga., twenty-four coupon bonds issued by said county, of the denomination of $500 each bearing interest at 6 per cent payable semi-annually, $1,000 of said bonds become due the 15th of July 1889, and $1,000 to become due on the 15th of July in each succeeding year until they are all paid off, the last bond falling due in 1900. The county is out of debt and the bonds will be paid promptly both interest and principal as they become due.

D. W. JACKSON,
Chairman.
S. D. HARDIGREE,
Sec. Board of Com. of Roads and Rev. of said County.
sun 6t

PROPOSALS FOR PUBLIC BUILDINGS. ASSISTANT Quartermaster's office, Atlanta, Ga., August 1, 1888. Sealed proposals in triplicate, subject to usual conditions, will be received at this office until 11 o'clock a. m. (central time), Friday, August 31st, 1888, at which time and place they will be opened in the presence of attending bidders for the construction of the following described public buildings, on the military reservation near Atlanta, Ga., viz: Two (2) double barracks, two (2) double sets of officers' quarters, one (1) set hospital steward's quarters. The government reserves the right to reject any or all bids or parts thereof. Blank proposals, plans and specifications and instructions to bidders, terms of contract, etc., will be furnished on application to this office. Envelopes containing proposals should be marked "Proposals for public buildings," and addressed to the undersigned.

J. W. JACOBS,
Captain and A. Q. M., U. S. A.
Aug. 1, 5, 12, 19, 29, 30.

REAL ESTATE.

SAM'L W. GOODE, R. H. WILSON
ALBERT L. BECK.

SAM'L W. GOODE & CO.,

AGENTS.

The $1,050 Bargain Was Sold Thursday.

Today We Offer You a Better One.

HERE IT IS!

$2,100

For three new 4 room painted, plastered and weatherboarded houses, with front verandas. Close in and on good, level lots. All the houses are not yet completed, and so soon as they are will rent readily for $10 each, $360 a year for all. 15 PER CENT ON THE INVESTMENT. Where can you do better? Call at once and secure the bargain.

SAM'L W. GOODE & CO.

A FINE BARGAIN.

$1,350

For one of the most complete small suburban places near the city. It is just 4½ miles from the city limits and one mile from the Decatur depot, on a good public road, in one of the finest neighborhoods in the county. 5 acres with a long road front. 150 choice fruit trees in full bearing and many of the finest grape vines loaded down with fruit. Improvements—Neat 4-room cottage, in good repair, stable, chicken house, etc. A lovely little home. Belongs to a non resident who is going to sell it at once.

SAM'L W. GOODE & CO.

$3,500

For Merritts Ave Cottage.

Neat and choice, fine Lot, side and rear alley, gas, paved street and sidewalk in street. Only 1½ blocks from Peachtree street. Best neighborhood in the city. Terms easy.

SAM'L W. GOODE & CO.

The above are special bargains and will be sold this week. Call early and get one.

SAM'L W. GOODE & CO.

CLOTHING, FURNISHING GOODS, ETC.

Special Sale of Mid-Summer Goods!

LIGHT WEIGHTS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

You can find your idea of a comfortable summer outfit in our complete stock.

SEE OUR PRICES ON

Men's, Boys' & Children's Suits

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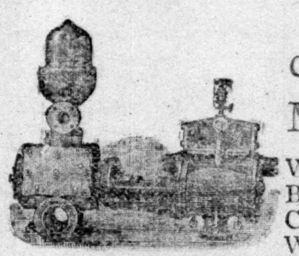
42 and 44 Whitehall St.

GENERAL MILL SUPPLIES, ETC.

BROWN & KING,



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Glazed and enameled Tile Hearths and Facings, Hard Wood and Marbleized Iron Mantels, Plain and Fancy Grates,

GAS FIXTURES,

Refrigerators, Ice Cream Freezers, Water Coolers, Baby Carriages. Agents for Knowles's Steam Pump, Climax Gas Machine, Otto Gas Engine, Hancock Inspirators, Wrought Iron Pipe for Water and Gas. ATLANTA, GA.

COAL!

If you wish the best, most elegant and lumpiest grate and stove coal that is mined in the earth, we furnish it. And it is our pride to give 2,000 HONEST POUNDS for a ton, and when you buy from us you will CERTAINLY get it. We also have a large cargo of the very best Anthracite Egg and Nut Coal on the way. Don't buy until you get our prices.

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CHINNEY TOPS,
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LIME!

PLASTER PARIS,
FIRE BRICK
FIRE CLAY,
MARBLE DUST.

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SCIPLE SONS,
ATLANTA, GA.

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Corner Seventh and E Streets.

EISEMAN BROS.,

THE ONLY

MANUFACT'RING CLOTHIERS

We have just received instructions from Mr. Eiseman, who is East, to reduce stock at a sacrifice, to make room for fall purchases. Now, in order to do this, we have selected a lot of suits that have been $12.50, $13.50, $15.00, $16.50, some even as high as $18.00, and reduced them to

$9.90!

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The Only Manufacturing Clothiers

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VOL. XXI.

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8,000 yards best Calico
Cents.

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Cents Yard.

620 pieces best Ginghams 5 c
Yard.

221 pieces Nuns' Veiling
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To be cleared out without
to value.

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36 inches wide, former pri
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BARGAI

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3,000 Remnants French Woolen D
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Your Own Pri

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This is a Bonanza!

Black Goods at one-half the cost

This department has always been
in this business, and you have the
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Light-weight Fall Dress Goods.

Double Width Dress Goods 15c; w

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grate and stove coal that is mined in the earth, we
ST POUNDS for a ton, and when you buy from us you
go of the very best Anthracite Egg and Nut Coal on

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IMPORTANT CHANGES IN CONTEMPLATION!

The Necessity is Imperative.

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8,000 yards best Calicoes 4½ Cents.

Entire Stock Printed Lawns 2 Cents Yard.

620 pieces best Ginghams 5 cents Yard.

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To be cleared out without regard to value.

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36 inches wide, former price 12½ cents, now 6½ cents.

16 cents India Linens now 10 cents.

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Remants Dress Goods!

3,000 Remnants French Woolen Dress Goods thrown upon the front center tables at

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This is a Bonanza!

Black Goods at one-half the cost of importation.

This department has always been a feature in this business, and you have now the opportunity to purchase these goods at one-third their value.

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—YOU CAN FOR THE—

NEXT TEN DAYS

—BUY—

Fall and Winter Goods

For one-third the price which will obtain them a month hence.

BONANZAS

—IN—

White Saxony Flannels,
White Shaker Flannels,
White Twilled Flannels,
Red Plain Flannels,
Red Twilled Flannels,
Bleached Cotton Flannels,
Brown Cotton Flannels.

Blankets, Comforts, Lap Robes,

Ladies' and Misses' Merino Underwear Childrens Woolen Underwear. Gents Merino Underwear.

ALL! ALL! ALL!

At Giving Away Prices!

IMPERATIVE CLOSING SALE!

DRY GOODS, CARPETS, ETC.

FOR THIS WEEK

We Shall Offer the Following

GREAT BARGAINS!

And Many Others Too Numerous to Mention.

M. RICH & BROS.

40 pieces Corded Piques at 4 cents worth 7.

100 pieces Printed Lawns at 2½ cents, sold at 5 cents.

1,000 yards of Remnants Ginghams, Lawns, Satines, Prints, etc., all at 5 cents.

500 REMNANTS of DRESS GOODS

We offer them all at just half price. They are great Bargains.

M. RICH & BROS.

10 pieces Turkey Red Table Linen at 25 cents.

10 pieces Bleached Table Damask, all Linen, at 40 cents, regular price 60 cents.

40 dozen all Linen Towels, large size, at 5 cents, sold formerly at 10 cents.

100 white Crochet Bed Spreads at 75 cents, worth $1.25.

30 dozen Bleached Linen Doilies, Red Borders, at 50 cents. Just the thing for restaurants.

50 dozen ⅝ Bleached Table Napkins at 75 cents.

10 cent Handkerchiefs at 5 cents.

15 cent Handkerchiefs at 10 cents.

25 cent Handkerchiefs at 15 cents.

Ladies' Fast Black Ethiopian Hose, warranted not to fade, at 40 cents.

Ladies' Solid Hose at 5 cents, worth 10.

Gents' British full regular made Hose at 15 cents.

Gents' Shirts reduced from $1.00 to 75 cents.

All of our 75 cents Shirts at 50 cents.

All of our Boys' Shirt Waists at 35 cents.

3,000 yards assorted Dress Goods in Remnants. Some very nice goods among them. We offer them, to close out, at 50 cents on the dollar. M. RICH & BROS.

We have taken the costs off all our Parasols, and you can buy them at your own price.

Our August Clearance Sale

—OF—

CARPETS

Carpets, Curtains,

SHADES AND FANCY GOODS

Is the most attractive ever made by us, and will easily distance all competition.

500 Mosquito Nets at $1.25 Each.

This month we will make it to your interest to buy your Carpets for the fall. Of course everybody knows that we can afford to sell goods for less profit in July and August than in the regular season as we have great quantities of goods on our floors and we must keep them moving and keep our force busy.

150 Shades at 25 cents each, complete on rollers.

IMPORTED CARPETS

Ours is the only house in Atlanta which has received, this season, at our custom house large invoices of

ENGLISH AND SCOTCH CARPETS!

These goods were especially selected by our European buyer in person, which gives us a very great advantage over those who buy through agents or commission houses, as we are thus enabled to give our customers the benefit of the commission, saved by personal purchases. Besides this we select such styles as suit Atlanta trade.

Double width Velvets, Brussels and Tapestries from England.

Royal Axminsters and Wiltons from Scotland and England.

Genuine Persian Rugs and Curtains.

500 Mosquito Nets at $1.25 Each.
500 Extra Size at $1.75.

Round Nets! Square Nets! Bar Nets! Besides the very large stock of ready made nets, we take orders for any style of fine Bobbinet nets, which can be made up on short notice.

If you want a mosquito net send to or telephone
The Leaders of the Carpet Trade.

We offer Big Bargains in Dress Goods, Silks, and Plushes. We want the room they take up for our Fall Stock. Come! It will pay you to buy them now.

Just received for the early Fall Trade, a full line of Colored Ribbons, Ladies' and Children's Hosiery and Underwear, Ladies' Ready-made Underwear, besides a beautiful line of Handkerchiefs, which will be opened this week.

M. RICH & BROS.,

54 and 56 Whitehall. 14, 16 and 18 E. Hunter.

DRY GOODS.

THE BEE HIVE,

30 Whitehall Street.

Our large trade of the past week shows how much the great bargain sale at the BEE HIVE was appreciated. This great sale will be continued the coming week with many additional bargains sent us by Mr. A. P. Eagleston, who is in New York.

In our

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT

we are offering special values to those who need an early fall dress.

All our finest grade of Albatross Suitings put down to 35c. About 250 remnants of all wool dress goods from 2 to 10 yards in length, your choice on Monday 25c per yard. These goods are worth from 50c to $2 per yard.

If you need anything in the way of dress goods this is an opportunity offered you but seldom to buy the best grade of goods at prices much below cost.

SILKS! SILKS!!

We have a superp stock of black and colored silks and satins which we shall offer for the balance of this month at rock bottom prices.

Look at this! An elegant quality of Black Gros Grain Silk for 75c per yard which we guarantee pure silk and not to crack or break in wear. A handsome Black French Faille Silk 85, usually sold at $1.25.

Satin Rhadamas all the fancy shades 75. Faille Silks in the popular shades $1. All our Figured India Silk now 65c. You will save money on Silks by examining the stock at the BEE HIVE.

Our White Goods and Embroideries must be closed out at once regardless of cost. We must have the room for new goods. Just give us a call and you will be surprised at the bargains we are offering in these lines. Ladies' Silk Gloves in black and colors 15c.

10 dozen Ladies' Silk Mitts in colors reduced to 15c per pair.

83 Fancy Satin Fans, must be closed out at once at some price.

HOSIERY. HOSIERY.

A job lot of 250 dozen Ladies' and Children's Hose received last Friday, on our bargan counter Monday

50 dozen Ladies' black Ingrain Hose, full regular, 15c, always sold at 25c.

75 dozen Ladies' colored Ingrain Hose, split feet, 25c, worth 50c.

☞25 dozen of very fine gauze Fancy Stripe Cotton Hose 25c.

50 dozen "Schoppers" fast Black Hose, 25c.

50 dozen of Children's Black Ribbed Hose, size 6 to 7½, 25c; 8 and 8½, 35c. These hose are the celebrated French C. & G. make and were imported to sell at 50c per pair

25 dozen Gents' Fine Black Lisle Thread Hose 25c.

LINENS! LINENS!

10 pair of 72 in. full bleached Table Damask at 49c, were bought to sell at 75c. Without any exageration we are selling the best Towel for 25c that was ever offered in Atlanta. Extra large Huck Towels 10c.

Best French Satines 20c, were 40. Best Ginghams 10c. Best Scotch Zephyr Ginghams 20c.

Don't forget that the Bee Hive is the place to do your trading.

EAGLESTON BROS.,
30 WHITEHALL STREET.

LUMBER!

DOORS, SASH, BLINDS

MANTELS, MOULDINGS, SCROLL WORK, NEWEL BALUSTERS, RAILS, WINDOW GLASS, BUILDERS' HARDWARE, ETC.

REMEMBER, I MANUFACTURE MY OWN GOODS, AND AM HEADQUARTERS FOR ALL KINDS OF BUILDING MATERIAL. WRITE FOR ESTIMATES.

su we W. L. TRAYNHAM 74 Decatur St., ATLANT, GA.

EXCELSIOR MANF'G CO. CHARTER OAK STOVE 612-18 N. MAIN ST. ST. LOUIS, MO.

IDEAL BROILING.

Broiling can be done in the oven of the Charter Oak Range or Stove with the Wire Gauze Oven Door, more perfectly than over the live coals.

Lay the steak, chops, ham or fish on a wire broiler or meat rack, placing it in an ordinary bake pan to catch the drippings.

Allow it to remain in the oven with the door closed 15 or 20 minutes. No turning is required. At the end of this time it will be found nicely cooked ready to serve. THIS IS THE IDEAL WAY TO BROIL MEATS.

There is no taint of coal-gas or smoke, and the meats are more tender and better in flavor than those broiled over the coals. The convenience or broiling in the oven will be appreciated by every house-keeper, and adds another to the many reasons why the Charter Oak Range or Stove with the Wire Gauze Oven Door should be preferred to all others now in the market.

SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED CIRCULAR AND PRICE LISTS.

For Sale by A. P. STEWART & CO., Atlanta, Ga.

GUARANTEE COMPANY.

R. F. LAWTON, President. HOWARD M. SMITH, [illegible]

THE GUARANTEE CO. OF GEORGIA.

CAPITAL STOCK $50,000.00.

now thoroughly organized and equipped to carry on a general guarantee business. Bonds of suretyship urnished to employes of banks, railroads, transportation companies and mercantile firms, and to parties ccupying positions of public and private trust, such as administrators, executors, guardians, etc. Also oans upon improved real estate guaranteed.

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R. F. LAWTON,
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Office in Merchants' National Bank Building, 356 Second Street, Macon, Ga.

☞ Agents Wanted june24—sun tues thurs

MURRAY HALL,

J. G. CHRISTOPHER, Prop'r.

Florida's Summer & Winter Resort on the Atlantic Coast. 16 Miles from Jacksonville.

* Pablo Beach, Fla.

ONLY FOURTEEN (14) HOURS' RIDE FROM ATLANTA.

Thermometer at 3 p. m. last July averaged 80 degrees; nights very cool.

Rates—Per day, $3.00; per week, $14.00 and $17.50, or $25.00 and $35.00 for two persons occupying same room.

Forty miles of the finest beach in the world.

june17—tu th su

A. G. MORGAN,
Of Kentucky, Manager.

CUMBERLAND ISLAND HOTEL

CUMBERLAND ISLAND, GA., NEAR BRUNSWICK.

Thoroughly renovated. New cottages. Railroad from steamer landing to hotel, and hotel to beach. Finest fishing and bathing on Atlantic coast.

NOW OPEN FOR RECEPTON OF GUESTS

All trains make close connection at Brunswick with the elegant steamer City of Brunswick at 7:00 a. m. daily; returning, arrives at Brunswick 7:30 p. m. daily. United States mail service.

W. H. BUNKLEY, Proprietor, Bunkley, Ga.

SECURITY INVESTMENT COMPANY.

The Georgia Security Investment Company:

OF ATLANTA, GA.

CAPITAL - - - - - - $500,000.00

L. J. HILL, President.
JOHN KEELY, Vice-President,
W. R. HAMMOND, Secretary.
HALL & HAMMOND, Attorneys.

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JOHN H. REYNOLDS, Rome, Ga.
JAMES W. ATWATER, Thomaston, Ga.
A. P. WRIGHT, Thomasville, Ga.
D. F. ALLGOOD, Trion Factory, Ga.
ED. Y. HILL, Washington, Ga.

This Company negotiates five year 7 per cent Loans on Improved Farm Property, or 6 per cent Loans on Improved City Real Estate, and guarantees the prompt payment thereof. Parties wishing a safe and profitable investment with prompt returns, will consult their interest by addressing either member of the board or

L. J. HILL, President, Atlanta, Ga.

Sun Wky

S. S. S.

THE POLITICAL CALDRON BOILS.

Fulton Democracy Bubbling.

Harmony at Last Restored.

In order to give the public an intelligent conception of the views of the people on the most important questions agitating the public mind, we give the following interviews:

The West Point Leader, Miss., says: "We find, after dealing with the Swift Specific Company for a long time that they are honest, clever gentlemen. This, in connection with their truly meritorious remedy, accounts for their unprecedented success. They do an extensive business throughout all this country, and we have yet to hear of the first complaints made against them."

Knoxville, Tenn., July 2, 1888.—S. S. Co., Atlanta, Ga.—Gentlemen: A few years ago a severe case of blood poison manifested itself upon me, and I began taking S. S. S. The medicine had the desired effect, and in a short time my system was entirely cleansed. The medicine I found to be everything claimed for it, and will always be grateful for what it has done for me. E. A. Staley.

Chattanooga, Tenn., July 2, 1888. Gentlemen—In January last, while working on the Daily Gazette, in Augusta, Ga., I contracted a bad case of blood poison. Sore after sore made its appearance on my body until, like Job, I was covered from head to foot. I had the best medical attention but did not improve. For thirty days I was a horror to myself and an abhorence to my friends. Finally I left Augusta and landed in Chattanooga two months ago. My sufferings were intolerable, and I was on the point of ending my life. A printer whom I had known in Augusta told me to try Swift's Specific. In desperation I commenced taking it. My appetite soon returned and then I began to improve rapidly. The sores began to heal and to disappear, and soon they were all gone. Today there is but one evidence of the terrible ordeal through which I passed—a scar on my right leg. Everything else is gone, and I am a well man; John M. Rearden, Augusta, Ga., 1013 Calhoun st.

Chattanooga, Tenn., June 28, 1888.—S. S. Co., Atlanta, Ga.: Gentlemen—About four years ago my blood gave strong indications of poison, and in a short time my general condition was very bad. I began taking S. S. S., and in a few days the improvement was noticeable. I continued to take the medicine until my blood was perfectly pure, and my entire system cleansed. I feel sure that I owe my present perfect health to your medicine. But for it, I believe I would have had a long and serious illness, and probably been an invalid the balance of my life. I shall always say a kind word for Swift's Specific. Yours to command, Joe Mitchell, late of Mitchell & Gifford.

UNBOUNDED GRATITUDE.

Gentlemen: About two years ago I had a breaking out on my leg which gave me almost intolerable pain from its itching and burning. I used the simple remedies at hand, but the disease continued to spread, covering over a third of my limb. The physicians called it eczema. The first doctor done me no good, and I tried the second, third and fourth with the same result. One of them said I would never be well. I have used everything I knew that was recommended for blood diseases. No one who saw my swelled and inflamed leg, which looked as if the blood would burst out of it, ever thought there was anything but torture for me. I candidly confess that I owe my present health to Swift's Specific, which, in my estimation, is invaluable as a blood purifier. Gratefully yours, Mrs. Julia DeWitt, 2227 N. 10th street, St. Louis, Mo. June 27, 1888.

St. Louis, June 28, 1888.—The Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.: Gentlemen—I contracted malaria in Galveston, Texas, and doctors told me I had broken bone fever, and that it was not at all dangerous, so I let it alone until I got to Boston, when I became unable to travel any further. Remembering what I had heard about S. S. S., I determined to try it. I have used one small and two large bottles up to date, and I am a new man physically. I recommend it to the world as a wonderful blood purifier and general renovator. I will always be found advocating S. S. S. wherever I go, and my business carries me to every town of any importance in the United States. I cannot praise this medicine too much. Yours respectfully, J. W. Butz, representing Union Manufacturing Co., Indianapolis, Ind.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. The Swift Specific Co., Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga

SOCIETY'S DOMINION.

What is Going on Among the People of Atlanta.

A BRAVE GEORGIA LADY,

And a Pretty Incident at Tallulah Falls.

Everybody admires a brave woman. When bravery is combined with youth and beauty the admiration awakened by it is intense.

Miss Lamar Rutherford figured in a little incident the other day which, while probably insignificant to her, certainly showed the heroine. It was early last Sunday morning, while the guests of the Cliff house at Tallulah falls were still sleeping sweetly, a train hand on the little railroad which leads to the falls met with a terrible accident. The alarm was given, and as soon as possible some of the guests hurried out. There they found Miss Rutherford, whose cottage is just across the railroad from the hotel, seated on the platform and holding the bleeding head of the injured man while she bathed the wound and administered stimulants.

Dr. Willis F. Westmoreland, Jr., was fortunately at the hotel and was soon on the scene. The man, it seems, had, while intoxicated, been struck by the morning engine and had been literally scalped. After the wound had been washed, the doctor sewed it with a needle and some embroidery silk furnished by Miss Rutherford, and the poor fellow was removed to his little home near by. During the entire operation, Dr. Westmoreland was assisted by Miss Rutherford and Mr. Tom Cobb Jackson.

⁂

There is another pretty story connected with this incident, in which Mr. Tom Cobb Jackson figures.

Mr. Jackson was one of the earliest to come to the assistance of the wounded man and assisted in removing him to the cottage in the woods which he called his home. Here were found the wife and mother, with several small children, the eldest a daughter about ten years old. This child had a remarkably bright and pretty face—she was a regular mountain beauty—and she at once won the hearts of all the members of the party. With a wealth of rich brown hair, and beautiful blue eyes shaded by long dark lashes, she was a dream of beauty.

Mr. Jackson, like the others, was attracted by the child's appearance, and a talk with her showed that she was as bright as she was pretty. The spectacle of the little one, doomed to a life of mountain drudgery, moved his heart, and he decided if it was in his power to give the child a chance for an education. He broached the subject to the girl's parents and found that they were willing. He has, therefore, adopted the child, and will send her to Lucy Cobb institute to be educated.

⁂

Tallulah is a popular place during this season of the year. The Cliff house and the other hotels are filled with visitors, many of them Atlanta people. The grand scenery and the fresh mountain air are the chief attractions, but there is much besides. The breaking down of some portions of the path around the falls detracts somewhat from the pleasure of the climb. This necessitates a double climb, as it were, but it is a climb amid the prettiest scenery in the United States.

The four falls with that mighty rush of water, the beautiful horseshoe bend with the blue Carolina mountains in the distance, and the entire chasm in its awful grandeur as seen from the Devil's pulpit—can anything be more attractive?

⁂

There are quite a number of Atlanta people at the Cliff house. Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Knowles and their children have been there for some time, and have returned to Atlanta. Mrs. W. H. Venable and her beautiful little ones are here. Mr. and Mrs. C. P. N. Baker and Miss Maude Baker, are among the hotel's guest; and there are many others.

⁂

Mrs. Greenleaf, of New Orleans, Miss Greenleaf and Miss Spelman, who were for some time guests of the Sweetwater Park hotel, are now at the Cliff house, Tallulah.

⁂

Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Fitzgerald, of Capitol avenue, entertained a few of their friends on Friday evening at tea, in honor of their guest Miss Fannie Berrien, of Rome. The tea was a delightful affair and the evening was highly enjoyed by the fortunate guests.

⁂

Mr. Alfred L. Fowler, of THE CONSTITUTION, left Friday for Cumberland Island, where he will spend several weeks enjoying all the pleasures that the great Atlantic coast can furnish.

⁂

The residence of Mr. Buyce, 64 Cone street, was the scene of a grand reunion on Friday evening. It was tendered by Miss Buyce as a compliment to her esteemed guest, Miss Beatrice Christian, of Powder Springs. It was unique as well as enjoyable, and well becoming the hospitality of the genial host and hostess, whose quiet grace and social benevolence instilled mirth and happiness into all. Miss Christian was the recipient of many graceful compliments, whose popularity in Powder Springs is felt by her many friends in the gate city. A delicate dejeuner was served in the spacious dining room, and all with one accord expressing their appreciation of the kindly entertainment, took their leave amidst many promises of meeting soon again. Those present were: Mrs. Buyce, Miss Beatrice Christian, Miss Hattie Anderson, Miss Buyce, Miss Gertrude Merchant, Miss Lula Bell, Miss Callie Cochrane, Miss Georgia B. Jordan, Miss Minnie Hall, Miss Flora Jordan, Miss A. M. Anderson, Mr. Buyce, Mr. Lucius Upshaw, Powder Springs; Mr. Hersher Upshaw, Atlanta; Mr. T. N. Camp, Powder Springs; Mr. W. S. Duncan, Atlanta; Mr. D. C. Camp, Atlanta; Mr. Bob Hardage, Powder Springs; Mr. E. L. Van Zandt, Mr. Pat O'Connor, Mr. Paul Hubbard, Mr. Charles Gerredean, Atlanta; Mr. Bascom Glenn, Powder Springs; Mr. J. F. Shirley, Atlanta.

Atlantians and Their Friends.

Mrs. W. Otho Beall, who has been spending several weeks in Carrollton and Carroll county, where she visited relatives, has returned home. She and her baby daughter, Vivian, are very much improved in health.

Mr. C. W. Carlton, Brunswick's rising young architect, was in Atlanta a few days this week. He goes to Carrollton to attend to professional work down there.

Mrs. C. W. Carlton and her sons, Hal and Ernest, are off for a few weeks' visit to Carrollton.

Mrs. Ben Daniels, of Knoxville, is visiting relatives at 22 Bartow street.

Miss Rebecca Greenwald, of Gadsden, Ala., is visiting her friend, Miss Lena Hartman, on Formwalt street.

Miss Dosia Anderson is visiting friends in Edwardsville, Ga.

Miss Hettie Crichton, who has been spending the summer at Gainesville, will be the guest of friends in Atlanta for a few weeks.

Mrs. J. E. Clower, of Chattanooga, nee Miss Minnie Flynn, of Atlanta, is visiting her sisters, the Misses Flynn, at their home, No. 200 Fort street.

Master Harry McCoskle, the bright little son of popular Harry McCoskle, of Chattanooga, is in the gate city making many friends.

Prominent among the arrivals at the Kimball during the past week were Mr. Thos. Plummer, of Hickman, Ky., and his sister, Miss Maud White, of Brookville, Fla. They attended the Chautauqua, where they were entertained by Mr. J. Early Lee, of Alabama. Mr. Lee is a brother of Dr. J. W. Lee, of this city.

Miss Mary Pattillo is visiting relatives in Renfroe, Ala.

Miss Corrie Ivy, of this city, is visiting Miss Lelia Akin and Miss Jennie Morris, of Chattanooga, Tenn. She will visit Cartersville and Smyrna before returning.

Miss Lula Pattillo has returned from a visit to friends and relatives in Cartersville.

Mr. T. J. Kelly will spend today at Strickland springs with his family.

Miss Bertha Martin has returned home from Lexington and, accompanied by her sister, Miss Sybil Martin, will leave Monday for Lawrenceville to spend a few months.

Miss Mamie A. Dwyer, of Savannah, is visiting Mrs. M. Nalty, 197 South Forsyth street.

Miss Kitty Smith, daughter, of Mr. James Smith, of Sparta, is in Atlanta, enjoying a pleasant visit at the delightful home of Mr. A. C. Bruce.

Miss Eunice Elder, an accomplished young lady of this city, is visiting friends in LaGrange. She will be gone several weeks.

Madison.

The sixth reunion of the Third Georgia regiment, held in this city on the 8th and 9th was one of the most interesting and most successful ever held, and the grand finale was the ball tendered by the Madison Home Guards complimentary to the daughters of the Third Georgia regiment.

A large platform, nearly a hundred feet square, was erected joining the reception rooms on the reunion grounds, and the floor was as smooth and perfect as skilled carpenters could make it with kiln dried, three inch flooring. The authorities loaned a large number of street lamps and with several locomotive head-lights, kindly furnished by the railroad, the large outdoor ballroom was brilliantly lighted.

The night was perfect, and cool, refreshing breezes fanned the cheeks of the dancers and kept away that languor incident to a close hall.

The music was furnished by Bearden's orchestra of ten pieces, and as the enchanting strains were wafted on the evening air, the grand march opened the programme of the most enjoyable dance ever given in the state.

One of the unique features was the programme, every dance being complimentary to the veterans, guests and distinguished sons of the south. The following is the

ORDER OF DANCE.

	Grand March	Third Georgia Regiment
1.	Quadrille	Daughters of the Regiment
	Waltz	Miss Lizzie Snead
2.	Quadrille	Our Guests
	Waltz	Madison Young Ladies
3.	Lancers	Our Chaperones
	Waltz	Madison Home Guards
4.	Quadrille	Panola Guards
	Polka	Our Captain
5.	Quadrille	Colonel Snead
	Waltz	Governor Gordon
6.	Lancers	Madison
	Waltz	Adjutant Kell
7.	Quadrille	Executive Committee
	Waltz	Senator Colquitt
8.	Quadrille	General Longstreet
	Waltz	Greene Rifles
9.	Lancers	Hon. H. H. Carlton
	Polka	Our Lieutenants
10.	Quadrille	Putnam Rifles
	Waltz	Hon. Seaborn Reese
11.	Quadrille	The Boys in Gray
	Waltz	Walton Guards
12.	Lancers	President Cleveland
	Waltz	Daughter of the Confederacy
13.	Virginia Reel	The South's Uncrowned King
	Medley—Home, Sweet Home.	

No city has ever been honored by the presence of more accomplished and beautiful young ladies than those who graced this occasion. Atlanta, Augusta, Macon, Athens, Montgomery, Covington, Oxford and other cities and towns sent fair representatives to join in the closing festivities of the Third Georgia reunion.

Below is a partial list of the participants:

Miss Lizzie Snead, Augusta, and J. E. Godfrey.
Miss Kate Mitchell, Athens, and W. R. Mustin.
Miss Maude Talmadge, Athens, and J. E. Martin.
Miss Hemphill, Atlanta, and Robt. Fowler.
Miss Gibbs, Atlanta, and N. C. Edwards.
Miss Jones, Atlanta, and C. W. Richter.
Miss Mittie Pou, and Lee Trammell.
Miss Pauline Pou, and E. P. Upshaw.
Miss Rosa Stovall and W. A. Knowles.
Miss Alice Sims, Covington, and Robert Usher.
Miss Mamie Corley, Oxford, and Charlie Bennett.
Miss Lena Stovall and Bert Simmons.
Miss Mamie Crowe, Albany, and E. Evans.
Miss Maude Overby and S. Nathan.
Miss Carrie Hough and W. E. Shepherd.
Miss Maggie Bell, Montgomery, and F. D. High.
Miss Helen Wright and A. S. Hilsman.
Miss Sallie Mustin and W. A. McDowell.
Miss Fannie Mustin and John Farrer.
Miss Kittie Walton and Ed Miller.
Miss Emma High and Tom Miller.
Miss Dena Sanders and Henry Farlow.
Miss Fowler, Newnan, and B. M. Blackburn.
Miss Bessie Mann and Robert Taylor.
Miss Dell Freeman, Macon, and R. W. Andrews.
Miss Annie Williams, Mississippi, and Z. H. Clark
Miss Hattie Hill and Edwin Robertson.
Miss Katie Newton, Monticello, and H.W. Bullard,
Miss Fitzpatrick and Henry Fitzpatrick.
Miss Veal, Athens, and G. J. Turnell.

On Monday evening a most delightful german was danced at the residence of Mr. M. A. Mustin. Several couples found great pleasure in the merry whirl of the waltz on this occasion, and the remembrance of the event will cause their hearts to throb with emotion, when, in after years, they "think of the joys they have tasted." Misses Mustin and their visitors, Misses Williams, did everything in their power to add to the pleasures of their guests.

On Wednesday evening a most delightful reception was tendered Miss Lizzie Snead, "daughter of the regiment," by Mrs. L. H. Foster. The young people of this city are indebted to this excellent lady, Mrs. Foster, for many exceedingly pleasant hours spent at her home, and the occasion above mentioned could not be surpassed for rare pleasure. The gallant host and lovely hostess greeted their guests with a cordiality which, of itself, was enough to assure them that they were welcome. After spending several very pleasant hours in conversation, the guests repaired to the dining hall in the following order: Charlie M. Furlow with Miss Lizzie Snead, of Augusta; J. E. Godfrey with Miss Mittie Pou; Mr. J. H. Turnell, with Miss Maggie Bell, of Montgomery, Ala.; Mr. H. T. Shaw, with Miss Maude Talmadge, of Athens; Mr. Lee Trammell, with Miss Alice Newton, of Monticello; Mr. S. A. Turnell, with Miss Helen Rogers, of Barnesville; Mr. Dick Oliver, of Waynesboro, with Miss Susie Shaw; Mr. Sam Bullard, Shadydale, with Miss Fannie Baldwin; Mr. L. H. Foster, with Mrs. Snead, Augusta, and Dr. A. K. Bell, with Mrs. L. H. Foster. After partaking of the elegant refreshments, the party spent the remainder of the evening by listening to sweet music furnished by the young ladies.

On the same evening quite a crowd of young people gathered at the residence of Mr. A. W. Foster, and waltzed away the evening hours to the strains of sweet music from Bearden Bros.' famous orchestra.

Easton.

Mr. Will Evans, once a resident of this place, but now a handsome and prosperous young man of Panama, South America, spent several days with friends here recently. He stands very high in our community, and has a host of friends who received him and gave him a hearty welcome back to old Georgia. When he resided here he was connected with the Richmond and Danville railroad, and was regarded as an excellent man of business. He left here a few days past to visit relatives in North Carolina, and the first of next month will start for South America again, much to the regret of many friends. He possesses many sterling qualities, and is certain to make his way in the world. We wish him much success.

Miss Lena Plaster is visiting relatives in Acworth.

Miss Anna Johnson has returned home, after a most delightful visit to friends in South Carolina.

Miss Lilla Head visited Miss Ellen Luckie, of Atlanta, last week.

Mr. Ed Liddell, a popular young man of the East Tennessee road, is on a visit to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Liddell.

A large number of our best citizens visited the Piedmont Chautauqua last Friday; also a large crowd will go Saturday to hear Rev. Dr. Talmage.

Messrs. Frank Planter and Jim Liddell of Constitution, made our town a flying visit last Sunday.

Mr. Dannie Bearse, one of Montgomery's gallant young men, is on a visit to relatives here.

Miss Nannie Johnson, one of our charming young ladies, has returned home, after a pleasant visit to friends in the gate city.

Mrs. Cotton and her two daughters, of Acworth, visited relatives here last week.

Miss Lizzie Plaster was the guest of Miss Lula Robertson, of Atlanta, this past week.

Miss Holbrook, of Doraville, is in town, the guest of Miss Nettie Cheshire.

Gainesville.

Misses Mamie Williams and Carrie McKee of Atlanta; Josephs, of St. Augustine, Fla.; Kitti Freeman, of Macon; and Annie Tyson, of Brunswick, are at the Arlington.

Misses Hattie and Carrie Fowler, of Atlanta, after spending several days with the family of Professor Mitchell, have returned home.

Mr. J. T. (Whack) Bailey, of Augusta, has been in the city during the week, and the smile which he wore was childlike and bland.

Mrs. Mell and Mickleberry, of Atlanta, are comfortably quartered at the Camp house for the summer.

Miss Hettie Crichton, a charming young lady of Columbus, is spending the summer here, and is stopping at Professor's LaHatte's.

Mrs. T. R. R. Cobb and Mrs. A. L. Hull, of Athens, and Mrs. Hoke Smith, of Atlanta, are stopping at the Florida house.

Mr. Toombs DuBose, of Washington, the grandson of Hon. Robert Toombs, is spending the summer at Oconee White Sulphur springs, and finds time and inclination to come over to Gainesville occasionally.

Mrs. C. A. Hawkins, of Birmingham, Ala., is visiting Mrs. J. N. Dorsey, her sister, on North Green street.

The ball at the Arlington hotel on Thursday evening was a very enjoyable affair. A large crowd was in attendance and the hours passed away rapidly. Wurm's orchestra of Atlanta discoursed sweet music for the evening and everybody enjoyed Mr. Taylor's efforts to please them very much. The balls given at this popular and fashionable hotel are tony affairs, and demonstrate the fact conclusively that Mr. Taylor knows exactly how to manipulate affairs to make both young and old enjoy life.

The grand lodge of the state, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, hold their annual meeting here on the 15th and 16th instants, and Mr. Taylor is making arrangements on a grand scale to entertain them. The Arlington will be headquarters for the order while here and a grand ball will be given in honor of them on the evening of the 15th at the Arlington. Handsome invitations have been issued and an immense crowd is expected.

Grantville.

Among the guests at the Sewell house from Montgomery, Ala., are Mrs. J. R. Adams, Master Charles Adams, Master Willie Adams, Miss Pauline Adams, Mrs. F. S. Jett, Master Paul Jett, Master Eugene Jett. They are greatly pleased with the improvement in health from the use of the iron water from the springs in Grantville park.

Jefferson.

On last Tuesday night a delightful entertainment was given by the talented young ladies and gentlemen of our city. The main features consisted of songs, tableaux, etc. Though very hurriedly gotten up, each one acted well their part, showing the careful training of an experienced and accomplished hand. In the farce, a heavy shower, Mr. Bob Ross deserves special notice. His acting was perfect and elicited much applause. The vocal music by the beautiful and accomplished Miss Tudia Hunter quite captivated the audience; also the instrumental music by Misses Williamsons and Duke, assisted by Mr. Jack Bennett. At 11 o'clock the audience left well pleased to seek the arms of Morpheus and dream of the beauty and intellect displayed by the amateurs of Jefferson. Among the visitors present were noticed Judge N. L. Hutchens, Hon. Pope Barrow, Colonels G. C. Thomas, Andrew J. Cobb, Ed Brown, John L. Ritch and Mr. J. W. Jones, of Athens; Colonel James M. Merritt, Maysville; Judge J. B. Estes, Colonel H. H. Dean, Gainesville; Colonel W. M. Simpkins, Harmony Grove, and Colonels John Stricklin and D. W. Meadows, Danielsville.

Jonesboro.

Rev. Sam Scott, of Conyers, has returned home after assisting in a protracted meeting at the Presbyterian church.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Young, after a visit to her father, Mr. E. L. Hanes, has returned home to Atlanta.

Mr. and Mrs. James Hanes, of Dormainey's Mills, are visiting relatives at this place.

Miss Nannye Crockett has returned from Forsyth.

Miss Kittie Chatfield, after a pleasant visit to Stockbridge, has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. Tom McLendon are guests of his mother, Mrs. D. L. Coleman.

Miss Margaret Crawford, of Lovejoy, is visiting Jonesboro.

Mr. Red Hambrick, an old citizen of this place, but late of Florida, is with us again.

Mr. and Mrs. Richards, of Florida, are visiting friends here.

Miss Jessie Fuller, of West End, paid us a visit this week.

Dr. D. S. Holt has gone to Culloden to engage in the drug business.

Miss Minnie Carmichael, of Jackson, is visiting the Misses Harper.

Lexington.

Mrs. Dr. William King, (Aunt Susie) of Atlanta, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Howard.

Dr. Eugene Foster, of Atlanta, is visiting Dr. Chedel and family.

Mr. William Henry Faust, of Texas, is visiting his brother, W. E. Faust, in the county.

Misses Melson and Pinston, of Coweta county, are visiting Mr. E. J. Reynolds and family.

Mr. Henry Parks and Misses Carrie and Leila Holleyman are making many friends here.

Captain W. H. Deadwyler, who is running the Lexington hack line, is doing well. The traveling public should remember him.

Colonel J. T. Olive made an able address to the citizens of Crawford Wednesday night.

Colonel W. G. Johnson is now in Madison county making a most successful canvas.

Solicitor William M. Howard, the talented prosecutor for the state, is visiting Atlanta.

Mrs. M. E. Echols, of Pittsburg, Pa., is expected here on a visit this week.

Mrs. Sarah Lumpkin and Master Sam Olive are in Atlanta to spend the week.

Hamilton McWhorter has returned from a business trip to Atlanta.

Montezuma.

On Monday evening quite a number of Montezuma's "young society people" met at the old croquet grounds, where they enjoyed, until a late hour, each other's company and the night air. Refreshments consisting of all the procurable delicacies were served and heartily enjoyed by all present. The mery party dispersed after enjoying a most delightful evening. Following are those that were present: Mrs. Eugene McKenzie, chaperon; Miss Eliza Carmichael with Bub Wicker, Miss Mattie Wilson with Jake Happ, Miss Cellie Moore with Hugh Bond, Miss Maurie Robinson with Claud Patrick.

Mr. Dan Boran, formerly of Montezuma, but now of Americus, was in Montezuma Tuesday.

Mr. Joe Eichbaum and family are visiting Salt Spring, Ga.

Miss Nan Hudson, of Oglethorpe, is visiting friends and relatives here.

Last Tuesday evening quite a number of young ladies and gentlemen met at the residence of Miss Ida Hangabooks, where they enjoyed, until a late hour, a most delightful time. Those present were: Misses Eula Averette, Minnie Gardner, Nannie Hudson, Nannie Prator, Cora Smith, Estelle Smith, Estelle McKenzie and Willie Holt; H. A. Pickard, W. H. McKenzie, D. S. Harrison, John D. Stewart, C. S. Wicker, Miss Clara McKenzie, with Dow Hamilton, Miss Pearlie Rosser, with Dan Walters, Miss Nettie Happ, with Otto Brown, Miss Fannie Wicker, with Tom Easterlin, Miss Lillie Lewis, with W. G. Easterlin, Miss Rosa Lee Patrick, with Howard Walters, Miss May Patrick, with Willie Key, Bell, Miss Lula Lewis, with Dana Norris.

STAGS.

Dock Hamilton, Robt. Black, Arthur Norris, Oscar McKenzie, Burnam Hunter, Clarence Patrick, Robt. Averette, Arthur Wilson, Eddie McKenzie, Fish Bell, Boy Easterlin.

Misses Minnie Gardner and Lizzie Slappy, two charming young ladies from Andersonville, visited friends and relatives here the past week.

Norcross.

Quite a pleasant german was held at the Brunswick last Saturday night. It was largely attended.

Mr. R. O. Campbell, of Atlanta, was in town one day last week.

Mrs. M. W. Johnson and her son, Mr. J. L. Johnson, are at the Brunswick.

Messrs. H. C. Peeples and Tom Conkling were up last Sunday.

Miss Eula Ketner, who has been stopping at the Brunswick, returned to her home in Atlanta, Monday.

Messrs. R. L. Palmer, T. J. Peeples, Blair Ballard and Frank Jones, of Atlanta, were registered at the Brunswick last Sunday.

Mr. W. P. Becker, of Atlanta, was here last Wednesday.

Mrs. C. A. Reed and family, of Atlanta, are at the Brunswick.

Colonel A. W. Hill, of Atlanta, with his family, are at the Brunswick for the summer.

Mr. B. M. Blount and family, of Atlanta, are at the Brunswick.

Mr. John Jones and family, of Atlanta, who have been spending the summer here, returned home last Monday.

Miss Alma Knox is visiting relatives in Duluth.

Mr. Will Harwell, of Atlanta, was here last Sunday.

Miss Pearl Born is visiting relatives in Suwanee.

Mr. W. T. Shockley has returned from a visit to Dahlonega, Porter Springs and vicinity.

Music, Sermons and rest at Chautauqua today in the cool woods. Dr. Talmage tonight at 7 o'clock.

The grandest of living preachers at Piedmont Chautauqua today. Dr. Talmage preaches at 7 o'clock.

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDING JUNE 30, 1888, OF THE CONDITION AND AFFAIRS OF THE

UNITED STATES BRANCH NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY,

Of London, organized under the laws of the Kingdom of Great Britain, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia, in pursuance of the laws of said state.
Principal office:

I. CAPITAL.

1. Whole amount of capital stock		$ 15,000,000	
2. Amount paid up in cash		1,500,000	
3. Amount in notes of stockholders			
These notes are secured as follows:			

II. ASSETS.

1. Market value of real estate owned by the company (less the amount of incumbrances thereon) as specified in Schedule A. annexed to annual statement filed in office of insurance commissioner		80,588 40	
2. Loans on bond and mortgage (duly recorded and being first liens on the fee) as shown in schedule B attached to annual report, filed in office of insurance commissioner			
3. Interest due on all said bond and mortgage loans, $......; interest accrued thereon, $....: total			
4. Value of land mortgaged, exclusive of buildings and perishable improvements			
5. Value of the buildings mortgaged (insured for $...... as collateral)			
6. Total value of said mortgaged premises			
7. Amount of other loans			
8. Secured as per schedule herewith attached.			
STOCKS AND BONDS OWNED ABSOLUTELY BY THE COMPANY			
9. Total par value	$ 987,150 00		
Total market value	1,185,255 62		
A detailed account is embodied in annual report filed in office of insurance commissioner			
10. Stocks, bonds and all other securities (except mortgages) hypothecated with company as collateral security for cash loaned by the company, with the par and market value of the same and the amount loaned on each:			
Total par value			
Total market value			
Amount loaned thereon			
A detailed account is embodied in annual report, filed in office of insurance commissioner			
11. Cash in company's principal office		$ 2,335 09	
12. Cash belonging to the company deposited in bank (name bank) National Bank of Commerce			
National Bank of Commerce, New York	$ 13,393 27		
	20		
National Bank of Boston	7,149 34		
Merchants Loan and Trust Co., Chicago	4,459 16		
First National Bank, Cincinnati	2,424 46		
Total		27,426 43	
Total cash items			$ 29,761 52
13. Amount of premium notes upon which policies have been issued			
14. Interest due and accrued on stocks not included in "market value" uncollected			
15. Interest due and accrued on collateral loans and uncollected			
16. Cash in the hands of agents and in course of transmission			
17. Bills receivable, not matured, taken for fire, marine and inland risks			118,591 47
All other assets, both real and personal, as per schedule attached, viz: Rents due and accrued, $..; due from other companies for re-issuance on losses already paid			
Total assets of the company, actual cash market value			1,414,197 01

III. LIABILITIES.

1. Losses due and unpaid	
2. Gross losses in process of adjustment, or in suspense, including all reported and supposed losses	
3. Losses resisted, including interest, costs and other expenses thereon	
4. Total gross amount of claims for losses	
5. Deduct re-insurance thereon	
6. Net amount of unpaid losses	83,696 92
7. Net premium reserve and all other liabilities, except capital, under the life insurance or any other special department	
8. Unused balances of bills and notes taken in advance for premiums on open marine and inland policies or otherwise, returnable on settlement	
9. Amount of dividends declared and not yet due	
10. Dividends declared and remaining unpaid or uncalled for	
11. Cash dividends to stockholders remaining unpaid	
12. Due and accrued for salaries, rent, advertising and for agency and other miscellaneous expenses	
13. Amount of borrowed money	
14. All other demands against the company, absolute and contingent, due and to become due, admitted and contested, viz:	15,983 50
Unearned premiums given in detail in annual statement	654,983 07
Total	754,663 48
15. Total amount of all liabilities except, capital stock, scrip and net surplus	
16. Joint-stock capital actually paid up in cash	
17. Scrip outstanding	
18. Surplus beyond all liabilities	659,533 53
19. Aggregate amount of all liabilities	1,414,197 01

TO BE ANSWERED BY COMPANIES DOING AN INSTALLMENT BUSINESS.

1. Amount of unearned premiums represented by installment notes—being the whole amount of such notes........ $

IV. INCOME DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1888.

	ON FIRE RISKS.	ON MARINE & LAND RISKS.	
1. Gross premiums and bills in course of collection at close of last six months	$ 112 135 60		
2. Deduct amount of same not collected			
3. Net collected	112,125 60 10 00		
4. Gross premium on risks written and renewed during the last six months	575,981 29		
5. Total	688,106 89		
6. Deduct premiums and bills in course of collection at this date	118,591 47		
7. Entire premium collected during the last six months, cash, $...., notes $	569,515 42		
8. Deduct re-insurance and return premiums	97,483 65		
9. Net cash actually received for premiums	472,031 77		472,031 77
10. Received for interest on bonds and mortgages			
11. Received for interest and dividends on stocks and bonds, collateral loans and from all other sources			9,221 50
12. Income received from all other sources, omitting increase, if any, in value of securities, viz: Rents, $——			
Total			481,253 27
13. Received for call on capital, $——; for increased capital, $——; total, $——			
14. American branches of foreign companies will please report amount of remittances from home office during the year		85,000	
15. Aggregate amount of income actually received during the last six months in cash			

V. EXPENDITURES DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1888.

	ON FIRE RISKS.	ON MARINE & LAND RISKS.	
1. Gross amount actually paid for losses, including $....; losses occurring in previous years			
2. Deduct all amounts actually received for salvages (whether on losses of the last or of previous years, $....; and all amounts actually received for re-insurance in other companies, $...... Total deductions			
3. Net amount paid during the last six months of the year for losses	$ 339,448 95		$ 339,448 95
4. Cash dividends actually paid stockholders			
5. Scrip or certificates of profits redeemed in cash, and interest paid to scripholders			
6. Paid for commissions on brokerage			80,557 86
7. Paid for salaries, fees and other charges of officers, clerks, agents and other employes			33,878 93
8. Paid for state, national and local taxes in this and other states			17,629 28
9. All other payments and expenditures, viz:			51,638 62
Total			
10. American branches of foreign companies will please report amount sent to home office during last six months		$15,020 00	
Aggregate amount of actual expenditures during the last six months of the year in cash			522,648 64

A copy of the Act of Incorporation, duly certified, is attached to the annual statement in the office of the insurance commissioner.

STATE OF NEW YORK, COUNTY OF NEW YORK—Personally appeared before the undersigned, Henry H. Hall, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the manager of the New York department of the Northern Assurance Co., and that the foregoing statement is correct and true. HENRY H. HALL.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this second day of August, 1888, JOHN A. HILLERY,
A Commissioner of Deeds for Georgia in the city, county and state New York.

J. H. KETNER, Local Agent.

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, ETC.

OUR BIG CLEARANCE SALE!

John Ryan's Sons will begin on tomorrow, and continue during August, their regular clearance sale of all summer goods preparatory to receiving the immense fall stock which will begin to arrive August 15th.

Special Prices Have Been Made.
Big Bargains in the Dry Goods Line May be Looked for.
Big Cuts in Prices.

200 pieces Lace Striped Lawns and P. Ks. 8 cents, reduced to 4½. 326 pieces fine Marseilles 15 cents, now 8. 122 pieces Plaid India Linens 12½ cents, now 6¼. 137 pieces Checked Nainsook 12½ cents, now 6½. 422 pieces Fancy White Goods 12½ cents, now 7 cents. 113 pieces Dress Goods 18 cents, now 10 cents; good early fall styles. 279 pieces left of those 40-in. Etamine Cloths 8 cents yard. 20,000 yards of Printed Lawns, just opened, at 2½ cents, regular 5 cents goods. 87 pieces of those fine Pacific Lawns only 7 cents yard. 200 pieces of Oriental Laces, 8 to 15 in. wide, on Bargain Table reduced to 12½ cents: awfully cheap. 28 pieces all that's left of those fine Crinkled Seersuckers worth 18 cents, at 8 cents this week. One lot of Ladies' fine Black Lisle Hose at 33⅓ cents. One lot of Children's full regular Black Hose at 15 cents. 360 pieces fine Colored Mull Embroidery, all colors, on Bargain Table at 6¼ to 25 cents yard.

We Are Cutting Prices on All Summer Goods.
We Ask Your Inspection.

We will not carry goods from one season to another. Every successive season finds us with entirely new lines of goods. We have put the knife deep into prices.

John Ryan's Sons

THEY ARE DOUB

Political Glimpses
York, New Jersey,

EFFECT OF THE TARI

It Will be a Hard Fight i
Doubtful States

NEW YORK, August 11.—[Speci
had not been for his prominence in
tariff fight, President Cleveland's
would have been practically unani
The speaker was one of the mos
democratic leaders, an M. C. who h
from Washington to confer with th
managers upon matters of impor
state.
He voiced the general sentime
cratic leaders. Were it not for the
tion, were the lines no more closely
in 1884, there would not be the le
of Cleveland's re-election. But wi
sharply defined—well, there is th
there are the candidates, and you
see one of the hardest fought poli
in the history of the country.
Without the tariff issue it woul
easy victory; with the tariff issue i
democratic victory, but it will be
hard fight. That is the way the
figurer figure.

EASTERN DOUBTFUL STAT

There are two sections of the co
just now attract great attention.
section is within the confines of t
Indiana; the eastern section emb
states—New York, Connecticut
Jersey.
As New York goes, so goes the
It is an old adage which has of
true. As New York goes, so go N
and Connecticut would be nearer
The situation in New York is on
to encourage the democratic mana
York has been an every-other-tin
presidential elections, but this yea
will be broken. Everything look
cratic victory, but it is not a victory
be won without work.
The republican newspapers talk

LACK OF HARMONY

in democratic ranks, and unfortun
is some truth in that talk. There i
shutting our eyes to the exact stat
Governor Hill is too good a democra
in glove with the mugwump and
than-thou element in the democ
which is represented by the Times a
Post, and those papers are saying so
unpleasant things about the govern
papers pose as the president's strong
the natural effect of their attitude
dissensions.
It is believed, however, that Mr.
and Mr. Hill are on perfectly goo
that they understand each other
This being the case, there will b
all elements in the party and the
ticket, national and state, will rec
big majority in the empire state.
enthusiasm for the "Old Roman"
tory.

AS TO NEW JERSEY.

New Jersey will go with New
situation in the two states is esse
same, with the exception that th
state democracy knows no factional
The state is doubtful, with so strong
toward democracy that it is usually cla
democratic. This year, however, the
question will play a big part in the
In the manufacturing cities—and a g
centage of New Jersey's populatio
braced in them—there are very ma
tionists, and it is fair to presum
Harrison will gain some votes. Whe
gains will be sufficient to have any
the electoral vote, time alone can te
The greatest factor toward demo
cess in New Jersey is the strength
hibition party. The prohibitionists
of their recruits from republican
they are going to get a good many
Fiske is popular at his home. He po
votes as a candidate for governor
party lines were closely drawn as th
in the presidential race, and it is fa
sume that he will increase this vote
didate for president. All of which
Mr. Cleveland and Mr. Thurman.

THE NUTMEG STATE.

And now Connecticut!
Connecticut is classed as the most
from a democratic standpoint, of
states. The protection sentiment
strong and is going to make a big h
democratic vote.
At the outset the chances were
against the ruling party, but by pr
service Chairman Barnum the ou
been brightened. The party has a
on its hands in that state—there c
doubt of it. As in New Jersey, th
tion vote is going to act as an aid to
The democracy is united, and unde
ership of Colonel Barnum will mak
fight. It is but a fair statement of
however, to say that the republicans
advantage as the fight opens.

MR. BRICE IS CONFIDENT.

As a political manager, Colonel B
to be a student of the Johngee
school; he claims everything with c
Colonel Brice has a large head, an
to be full of good, hard sense. He
as much a tariff reformer as Mr.
"but", he adds, "there is no sense i
that the issue of the campaign. As
Cleveland with his courage, his hon
istration, and his faithfulness to h
lost sight of."
The truth is mighty!
Mr. Brice claims Michigan, Minn
consin, Iowa, Illinois, and possibly
two of the heretofore republican
Cleveland. In which case, New
diana, Connecticut and New Jerse
be needed. This is claiming with a

THE REPUBLICAN POSITIO

was doubtless outlined by Mr. Blain
make the tariff the one issue and
fight solely on that. In this Mr. Bl
his statesmanship, for it is the only
which the republicans can have a
chance to win.
Will they win on that? They n
is more likely that they will not.

A BAG OF SHOT ORDER

Fear of a Collision Between the W
Blacks in Alabama.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., August 11.—[
A telegram was received here toni
constable at Fitzpatrick's station,
ing that there was danger of a co
tween the races at that point toni
dering a bag of shot to be sent th
train. There was danger of serio
at this same place on Monday last,
election, when the negroes stole the
from the whites and only gave it
the point of shot guns. Ever since
fence there have been dark mutter
approaching storm, and it is thoug
cloudburst is near at hand. No
threatening nature has been heard
since the election, and nothing
thought of the matter until tonigh
telegram calling for shot was receiv
there be trouble it will likely be ser
negroes down in that section outn
whites two to one.

MONTHS ENDING JUNE 30, 1888, OF THE CONDITION
AIRS OF THE
ORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY,
ngdom of Great Britain, made to the Governor of the
aid state.

CAPITAL.
$ 15,000,000
1,500,000

ASSETS.
80,588 40
ABSOLUTELY BY THE COMPANY
$ 987,150 00
1,185,255 62
$ 2,835 09
$ 12,393 27
20
7,149 34
4,459 16
2,424 46
Total 27,426 43
$ 29,761 52
118,591 47
1,414,197 01
LIABILITIES.
3,696 92
15,983 50
654,983 07
Total 764,663 48
659,553 58
1,414,197 01
DOING AN INSTALLMENT BUSINESS.
FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1888.
ON FIRE RISKS. ON MARINE & LAND RISKS.
$ 112 135 60
112,125 60
10 00
575,971 20
888,106 89
118,591 47
569,5154 2
97,433 65
472,031 77
472,031 77
9,221 50
Total 481,253 27
85,000
FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1888.
ON FIRE RISKS. ON MARINE & LAND RISKS.
$ 339,448 95 $ 339,448 95
80,557 86
83,878 93
17,629 28
51,638 62
$15,020 00
522,648 64
is attached to the annual statemhnt in the office of
Personally appeared before the undersigned, Henry
that he is the manager of the New York department of
statement is correct and true. HENRY H. HALL.
day of August, 1888, JOHN A. HILLERY,
Georgia in the city, county and state New York.

CE SALE!

during August, their regular
immense fall stock which will

Made.
ay be Looked for.

ed to 4½. 326 pieces fine Mar-
ts, now 6½. 137 pieces Checked
s 12½ cents, now 7 cents. 113
s. 279 pieces left of those 40-in,
just opened, at 2½ cents, regular
's yard. 200 pieces of Oriental
awfully cheap. 28 pieces all
8 cents this week. One lot of
en's full regular Black Hose at
on Bargain Table at 6½ to 25

mer Goods.
n.

very successive season finds us
into prices.

s Sons

THEY ARE DOUBTFUL.

Political Glimpses of New York, New Jersey, Etc.

EFFECT OF THE TARIFF BILL

It Will be a Hard Fight in All the Doubtful States.

NEW YORK, August 11.—[Special.]—"If it had not been for his prominence in forcing the tariff fight, President Cleveland's re-election would have been practically unanimous."

The speaker was one of the most prominent democratic leaders, an M. C. who had run over from Washington to confer with the campaign managers upon matters of importance to his state.

He voiced the general sentiment of democratic leaders. Were it not for the tariff question, were the lines no more closely drawn than in 1884, there would not be the least question of Cleveland's re-election. But with this issue sharply defined—well, there is the issue and there are the candidates, and you're going to see one of the hardest fought political battles in the history of the country.

Without the tariff issue it would have an easy victory; with the tariff issue it will be a democratic victory, but it will be won after a hard fight. That is the way the democratic figurer figure.

EASTERN DOUBTFUL STATES.

There are two sections of the country which just now attract great attention. The western section is within the confines of the state of Indiana; the eastern section embraces three states—New York, Connecticut and New Jersey.

As New York goes, so goes the union.

It is an old adage which has often proven true. As New York goes, so go New Jersey and Connecticut would be nearer the truth.

The situation in New York is one calculated to encourage the democratic managers. New York has been an every-other-time state in presidential elections, but this year that rule will be broken. Everything looks to democratic victory, but it is not a victory which can be won without work.

The republican newspapers talk of

LACK OF HARMONY

in democratic ranks, and unfortunately there is some truth in that talk. There is no use of shutting our eyes to the exact state of affairs. Governor Hill is too good a democrat to be hand in glove with the mugwump and the holier-than-thou element in the democratic party which is represented by the Times and Evening Post, and those papers are saying some mighty unpleasant things about the governor. As these papers pose as the president's strongest friends the natural effect of their attitude is to stir up dissensions.

It is believed, however, that Mr. Cleveland and Mr. Hill are on perfectly good terms and that they understand each other thoroughly. This being the case, there will be a union of all elements in the party and the democratic ticket, national and state, will receive a good big majority in the empire state. Tammany's enthusiasm for the "Old Roman" augurs victory.

AS TO NEW JERSEY.

New Jersey will go with New York. The situation in the two states is essentially the same, with the exception that the mosquito state democracy knows no factional fights.

The state is doubtful, with so strong leaning toward democracy that it is usually classed as democratic. This year, however, the tariff question will play a big part in the contest. In the manufacturing cities—and a goodly percentage of New Jersey's population is embraced in them—there are very many protectionists, and it is fair to presume that Mr. Harrison will gain some votes. Whether these gains will be sufficient to have any effect on the electoral vote, time alone can tell.

The greatest factor toward democratic success in New Jersey is the strength of the prohibition party. The prohibitionists get most of their recruits from republican ranks, and they are going to get a good many. General Fiske is popular at his home. He polled 19,000 votes as a candidate for governor when the party lines were closely drawn as they will be in the presidential race, and it is fair to presume that he will increase this vote as a candidate for president. All of which will help Mr. Cleveland and Mr. Thurman.

THE NUTMEG STATE.

And now Connecticut!

Connecticut is classed as the most doubtful, from a democratic standpoint, of the three states. The protection sentiment is very strong and is going to make a big hole in the democratic vote.

At the outset the chances were decidedly against the ruling party, but by pressing into service Chairman Barnum the outlook has been brightened. The party has a big fight on its hands in that state—there can be no doubt of it. As in New Jersey, the prohibition vote is going to act as an aid to Cleveland. The democracy is united, and under the leadership of Colonel Barnum will make a gallant fight. It is but a fair statement of the facts, however, to say that the republicans have the advantage as the fight opens.

MR. BRICE IS CONFIDENT.

As a polical manager, Colonel Brice seems to be a student of the Johngee Thompsom school; he claims everything with confidence.

Colonel Brice has a large head, and it seems to be full of good, hard sense. He says he is as much a tariff reformer as Mr. Cleveland, "but", he adds, "there is no sense in making that the issue of the campaign. As it now is, Cleveland with his courage, his honest administration, and his faithfulness to his duty is lost sight of."

The truth is mighty!

Mr. Brice claims Michigan, Minnesota, Wisconsin, Iowa, Illinois, and possibly only one or two of the heretofore republican states for Cleveland. In which case, New York, Indiana, Connecticut and New Jersey will not be needed. This is claiming with a vengence.

THE REPUBLICAN POSITION

was doubtless outlined by Mr. Blaine. It is to make the tariff the one issue and make the fight solely on that. In this Mr. Blaine shows his statesmanship, for it is the only issue upon which the republicans can have a ghost of a chance to win.

Will they win on that? They may, but it is more likely that they will not.

A BAG OF SHOT ORDERED.

Fear of a Collision Between the Whites and Blacks in Alabama.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., August 11.—[Special.]—A telegram was received here tonight from a constable at Fitzpatrick's station, Ala,, stating that there was danger of a collision between the races at that point tonight, and ordering a bag of shot to be sent there by first train. There was danger of serious trouble at this same place on Monday last, during the election, when the negroes stole the ballot box from the whites and only gave it up again at the point of shot guns. Ever since that occurrence there have been dark mutterings of an approaching storm, and it is thought that the cloudburst is near at hand. Nothing of a threatening nature has been heard from there since the election, and nothing more was thought of the matter until tonight when the telegram calling for shot was received. Should there be trouble it will likely be serious, as the negroes down in that section outnumber the whites two to one.

THEY WERE LOYAL

And Their Claims Passed Through All Right.

WASHINGTON, August 11.—[Special.]—The Chattanooga Catholic church war claim, which passed the house yesterday, was a peculiar one. It was for the material of the church used by General Thomas in fortifying the city.

General Grosvenor, of Ohio, who had personal knowledge of the facts, explained them to the house. When the union army captured the place and began to fortify it, they found the church of St. Peter and St. Paul in process of construction. The works were of cut stone and about half completed. A great deal of dressed marble, much of it nicely cut, was lying about the grounds. It was all used for military purposes.

After the war, General Thomas's, quartermaster made an investigation as to the value of the property there and reported that after deducting the value of stone returned there was a fair claim against the government of $18,729.

As to the question of loyality, the large majority of the members were union men, and many of them entered East Tennessee union regiments. The pastor of the church was such an outspoken loyalist that he was shot by bushwhackers and afterward died of his wounds. The churches of other denominations had previously been made by the quartermasters department as good as before they were taken by the government, namely, a Presbyterian church, which was paid $4,600; the Cumberland Presbyterians, $2,450, and the Protestant Episcopal, $3,640.

At the close of General Grosvenor's explanation, the bill passed without objection. The bill directs the payment of $18,729 to the Catholic bishop of Nashville.

Ulysses V. Whipple, of Georgia, having served a satisfactory probationary term of six months, has received an absolute appointment to a clerkship of the $900 class in the office of the general superintendent of the life saving service. E. W. B.

MR. NORWOOD AS A NOVELIST.

The Retiring Congressman to Figure in a Literary Role.

WASHINGTON, August 10.—[Special.]—Georgia is not only represented in congress by great statesmen and shrewd politicians, but it has recently been developed that she sends men of no mean literary ability to represent her in the halls of congress. This talent would probably never have been developed had it not been for the very dull days in the house while that body is waiting for the senate to act upon the tariff. But this very tariff delay may be the cause of a fortune for Mr. Norwood.

Since the passage of the Mills bill in the house, Mr. Norwood has been engaged in writing a novel, to be entitled "The American Politician." The book is now well under way, and I understand from a particular friend of Mr. Norwood's, who has read that portion already completed, that it is highly interesting, and, in his opinion, will prove a great success. It will be a general history of American politics woven into an an interesting story with the typical American politician as the hero. The plot will be laid here, and the great balls and society events of the capital will be woven into the story. The peculiarities of cabinet receptions, and those of one cabinet officer in particular, when a negro introduces the guests to the host and the hostess will be graphically portrayed with a humorous discription of the many mistakes made by the servant. The book is said to contain considerable rare wit, which is calculated to capture the reading public.

Mr. Norwood will give no information about the contents of his book except to acknowledge that he is preparing one on the American politician.

But Mr. Norwood is not the only literary character in the delegation, for Mr. Candler is now engaged during his spare moments, in editing an historical novel, being prepared by a brilliant young Georgia authoress. And Major Barnes, as all Georgians know, is still collecting peculiar letters received by the different congressmen, which he intends publishing in book form as soon as he accumulates a sufficient number.

THE CONFEDERATE RECORDS.

Mr. Ingalls Right When He Said They Were Tampered With.

WASHINGTON, August 11.—[Special.]—It is probable that a committee of congress may soon call upon Senator Ingalls to prove some of the statements which he is alleged to have made last March in a letter written to an old friend in Massachusetts.

This letter, which was printed in Boston, bore the date of March 24, and was addressed to a gentleman named Knowlton. In it Senator Ingalls said, among other things, that the official records of the rebellion were being colored and untruthful matter inserted in behalf of the southern confederacy, and that it was a part of the conspiracy to destroy the manuscript in order to remove the evidences of the fraud.

The letter also said that the confederacy is in full controll of the capitol, and that in the Corcoran gallery of art in this city no picture of a union general is hung, although there are portraits of several confederate officers in uniform.

Colonel Marsh, chairman of the house committee which has been investigating the rumors that Colonel Lasalle, in charge of the rebellion records publication, had inserted unofficial matter in them, is now anxious to look into the truth of Senator Ingalls's more serious and explicit charges. Colonel Marsh, the referee, proposes to bring a resolution into the house on Monday enlarging the scope of the investigation, so that Senator Ingalls may be summoned to testify as to the truth of his statements. There has been considerable talk on the subject among the democrats in the house, and the resolution, when presented, will probably be adopted.

A NASHVILLE ASSIGNMENT.

The O. I. Luce Manufacturing Company Goes Into Liquidation.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., August 11.—[Special.]—The business community was surprised today by the assignment of the O. I. Luce Manufacturing company. At a meeting of the stockholders held yesterday, a resolution was adopted that the company go into liquidation and wind up its affairs. The directors were authorized to make the assignment to Mark S. Cockrill, and it was decided that the asignees should take immediate charge of the affairs, convert the assets into money and devote the same to the payment of indebtedness. The president and secretary were authorized to make the assignment. In compliance with these resolutions, O. I. Luce, president and A. A. Morse, secretary, filed today with the county register the necessary papers of assignment. The assets of the company consist of the factory located in West Nashville, stock on hand, machinery, etc., also lands in White and Putnam counties and all interest said company has in claims transferred as collateral.

The liabilities of the company amount to about $350,000 and the assets amount to about $500,000. The largest creditors mentioned in the schedule are J. H. Aklen, $5,000; West Nashville Land Improvement company, $20,000; DeWitt Wire Cloth company, $18,841; Nashville Land Improvement company, $40,000; J. G. DeWitt, $12,222; demand note, $4,000; notes indorsed by J. G. DeWitt and J. A. Hudson, $4,500; O. I. Luce assigned to J. A. Hudson, $24,721; T. E. Fite, trustee, $5,700; Tennessee Range company, $1,414; Hooven, Owens and Rentschlen company, $2,000.

A HEROIC YOUNG LADY.

She Holds a Mad Dog in Her Arms to Save Her Brothers and Sisters.

RALEIGH, N. C., August 10.—[Special.]—Yesterday, near Hickory, Samuel Burkley's dog ran mad and dashed among the family, biting as he went. The eldest child of Burkley, aged 17, seeing the danger to which her little brothers and sisters were exposed, with great heroism caught and held the dog until the children could get in the house. Casting the dog as far from her as she could she ran for the door, but was overtaken and severely bitten on the hip before she got into the house. She was also bitten on the hand while holding the dog.

After thus getting away the dog bit two cows and then came back to the house, and when the children spoke to it through a window endeavored to get at them. The heroic young lady ran to a neighbor's, who shot the dog. A physician cauterized the wounds.

A SOLDIER'S GRAVE

Receives All That is Mortal of the General of the Army.

THE SERVICES AT THE GRAVE

The Interment at Arlington National Cemetery.

WASHINGTON, August 11.—The last rites for the dead were today performed according to the ordinances of the Roman Catholic church for Philip Henry Sheridan, general of the army of the United States, and his body was laid to rest in the beautiful Arlington, city of the soldier dead. The event was marked by a general suspension of public business. The ceremonies throughout were in keeping with the character of the man. A strict adherence to an almost unmilitary simplicity in all the arrangements, a heavy wheeled artillery caisson for his hearse, the procession of a single thousand erect and steady soldiers who had seen service, best befitted the closing scenes in the life of se great a soldier.

St. Matthew's church, where the remains of General Sheridan had lain in state since Thursday afternoon, and where the principal burial services were held, is an ancient edifice of modest proportions with stuccoed exterior walls, and but for its classic pillared front, would attract little attention from a stranger. But in it have worshipped many whose names are illustrious in history. It is the most popular Catholic church in Washington, and for many years it has numbered among its communicants members of many foreign legations resident here, cabinet ministers, senators and representatives in congress. The interior of the church is in keeping with its exterior, plain and unpretentious.

At 9 o'clock the doors of the church were thrown open, and such of the large crowd assembled outside as had received tickets of admission were permitted to enter. They were conducted to their seats by a corps of aids in full military uniform, under the direction of Colonel John M. Wilson, of the corps of engineers.

Some time before the ceremonies commenced, carriages containing members of the diplomatic corps, the joint committee of congress, senators and representatives in congress, began to arrive and the body of the church was speedily filled. Among the prominent persons noted were Senators Ingalls, Edmunds, Evarts, Hoar, Dawes, Jones of Nevada, Dolph, Hale, Allison, Sawyer, Chandler, Farwell and wife, Justice Harlan and wife, Solicitor General Jenks, and the commissioners of the district.

At about 9:30 the pall bearers, headed by General Sherman in full uniform, entered at the left door and filling up the aisle took seats at the left of the catafalque. Soon after, the joint committee of congress appeared and were conducted to seats reserved for them in front and to the right of the catafalque, four of them occupying General Sheridan's pew. They wore white sashes and were headed by Senators Gray and Hampton, and among them were ex-Confederate General Joseph Wheeler, of Alabama, and one-armed General Charles E. Hooker, of Mississippi.

About 9:40 the president and Mrs. Cleveland and Secretaries Fairchild and Vilas came in and took seats in a front pew on the right of the center aisle, and just in the rear of the chairs which had been provided for them.

Mrs. Folsom, Secretary Bayard and Postmaster-General Dickinson followed, and were seated in the vicinity.

About five minutes after the presidential party had been seated, Mrs. Sheridan arrived and was escorted to her seat at the left of and near the casket. She was deeply veiled and leaned upon the arm of Colonel Sheridan. They were accompanied by General and Mrs. Rucker and son, Miss Rucker, Mr. John Sheridan, the general's brother, and his wife.

Meanwhile the diplomatic corps, many of them attired in full court dress, had been seated to the extreme right and front of the church. Army surgeons, Drs. O'Reilly, Yarrow and Dr. Lincoln, who was several times called in consultation during the general's illness, Colonel Blunt and Colonel Kellogg, of General Sheridan's staff, occupied seats to the left of the main aisle and immediately in the rear of Mrs. Sheridan. The rear of the church was occupied by a large number of members of congress, and officials of the army, and navy and public officials. Wide galleries and all the available seats in the church were occupied before the burial services began. Large wreaths, crosses, and baskets of beautiful flowers, the gift of the Grand Army, Loyal Legion, and other organizations, and of friends filled the open spaces in front of the side altars.

At just 10 o'clock, twenty-two acolytes entered from the sacristy, and, filing right and left, took seats beside the black palled catafalque. They were followed by eight dominicans wearing heavy black and white habits and ten surpliced priests chanting "Miserere." At the conclusion of this service, Fathers Ryan, Kervick and Mackin, deacon, sub-deacon and celebrant of the mass, entered the sanctuary. They were followed by Right Rev. John P. Foley, bishop-elect of Detroit, and two priests. Cardinal Gibbons was last to enter. He wore a red cossack, white surplic and purple cape, with long gold chain supporting a pectoral cross upon his breast and red "zuccneta" upon his head.

Kneeling at the altar he offered prayer. Taking his seat on the throne the celebration of solemn requiem mass was begun. In accordance with request of Mrs. Sheridan "Schmidts Mass" one of the simplest in musical composition, was sung by the church choir with organ accompaniment. At the offertory "O Christ Salvator Mundi" was sung. The ceremony occupied forty minutes.

When it was concluded Cardinal Gibbons ascended the pulpit and began his sermon. At 11 o'clock the cardinal descended from the pulpit and, taking his place in front of the throne, a black and gold mantle was placed upon his shoulders and a bishop's mitre upon his head by attendant priests.

A number of priests with lighted tapers took their places on either side of the casket. Meanwhile the dominicans and the male voices of the choir sang "In Libera Me."

The cardinal, who had taken his seat at the head of the casket, removed his mitre and sprinkling the casket with holy water and swinging a censer, pronounced absolution. At the conclusion of this ceremony the "Benedictus" was chanted and the solemn and impressive service was ended.

Eight sergeants from the Third artillery marched down the aisle, and, lifting the casket upon their shoulders, bore it from the church, the audience standing. Immediately followed the artillery officer carrying the general's headquarters' flag. The pall bearers, headed by General Sherman and Speaker Carlisle, had meanwhile taken their places in the carriages provided for them. Mrs. Sheridan and other members of the family and friends followed the casket down the aisle, and after them came the presidential party and other distinguished persons.

While services were in progress, a caisson was placed in a position to receive the casket, and the general's horse was led to a place immediately behind. The horse is a dark bay, and was bought by General Sheridan in Chicago about four years ago. It was bridled and saddled just as when last ridden by the general. The general's military boots were in the stirrups with the toes pointing backwards. The animal was led by a tall sergeant in full uniform. All the horses used by General Sheridan during the war are dead, and "Guy," who was used on this occasion, is an animal which had been longest in the general's service as his personal saddle horse.

In accordance with the wishes of Mrs. Sheridan, the funeral was a strictly military affair and the escort was formed precisely as prescribed by the army regulations for an officer of the rank, as follows:

Battalion of cavalry, two batteries of light artillery, marine band, third artillery band, battalion of foot artillery, clergy in carriages, body bearers, artillery sergeants, caisson having remains, general's horse, Mrs. Sheridan and family, cabinet, judiciary, congressional committees, diplomatic corps, representatives of the Loyal Legion and the Grand Army of the Republic, citizens.

Just before the close of the services, General Schofield and his aides arranged themselves in front of the troops and prepared to receive the funeral party. As the body was borne from church the bell tolled and the marine band played the hymn "Nearer My God to Thee." The soldiers stood at present arms, and nearly all the citizens removed their hats. The best of order was preserved and the crowd seemed inspired by the solemnity of the occasion.

When all had been arranged the column moved slowly in the direction of the cemetery.

Slowly passing along the main street of ancient Georgetown, over the lofty new bridge that spans the Potomac, then up the winding, well-kept military road that leads through the cavalry post of Fort Myer, the funeral cortege at last gained the open heights, commanding a panoramic view of the river and the city of Washington. It entered the western gateway of Arlington National cemetery, where, as far as the eye could reach to right and left, under the spreading branches of majestic oaks, the grass is thickly dotted with the gleaming marble headstones that mark the graves of the sixteen thousand union soldiers.

At 1:20 p. m., the cavalry escort with Major-General Schofield at the head, came to a halt beside the old Lee mansion, and soon afterwards the rear of the cortege advancing slowly to themusic of a pealing military dirge, emerged from the shadowy city of the dead and broke up into groups among the scattered trees on the open greensward. When the booming of cannon announced the passage of the cortege through the grounds of Fort Meyer, squads and platoons of police, mounted and on foot, made their appearance and drove back the large crowd of people who had gathered on the hillside, to a position further south, where they were massed and crowded, and the blue coats were formed to keep the immediate neighborhood of the grave free from intrusion.

The cavalry filed to the left, and forming in line, stood in silence, overlooking the field. The artillery of the escort, breaking from the line, passed out of sight to the left and came in along the foot of the hill, where guns were prepared for their allotted service. The infantry, with pieces reversed, with crape-trimmed colors, barely stirred by the gentle eastern breeze, moved obliquely across the field, and at the word halted and formed hollow square. Hoarse commands were shouted, aides galloped here and there, buglers sounded commands, and for a time there was all the pomp and circumstance of a grand military display; but with the coming of the dead silence fell upon the masses and men and horses stood like a statue as the hearse came to a halt. The clergy in flowing robes headed the procession from the carriages to the grave.

Bishop Elect John F. Foley, of Detroit, the brother of Bishop Thomas Foley, of Chicago, who married General Sheridan, was the officiating priest. Next came the pall bearers—General Sherman and Secretary Endicott, Speaker Carlisle and Secretary Whitney, walking at the head, and behind them, leaning heavily upon the arm of Colonel Sheridan came the grief-stricken widow. The mourners included John Sheridan, brother of the deceased, General and Mrs. Rucker, parents of the widow, her brother and sister, and the military staff and several other intimate friends of the general.

President and Mrs. Cleveland and the committees of the two houses of congress, with bared heads, followed the mourners.

Eight sergeants of artillery now lifted the casket from the caisson and bore it with slow, careful steps down to the mouth of the open grave, placing it there upon the rods ready to be lowered to its resting place, when the ground should have been consecrated by priests. After a moment of reverent silence the elear voice of the bishop-elect was heard uttering the words of blessing.

With sprig of fir plucked from a neighboring branch, holy water was sprinkled over the grave and the casket was lowered by the sergeants. The regular burial service, brought the religious features of the absequies to an end.

The priests stood aside and remained in a group near the head of the grave; every breath was hushed while the widow came a step forward and for one brief moment looked upon the casket which held her beloved dead. As she turned away, the other mourners in a body paid their tribute of love and respect and then at a signal the artillery fired a salute of seventeen guns. The Loyal Legion of Honor moved up in line and looked in upon the still uncovered casket and then filed away.

The great hollow square now contained but one figure, that of the starlwart cavalry bugler who stood at ease facing eastward, his bugle under his arm at the head of the grave.

There was a hoarse command at the left, echoed and passed on down the line of infantry, a rattle of steel, a moment of expectation and then the simultaneous flash and roar of five hundred muskets. Again and again the volley was repeated. Then the bugler came to attention, raised his bugle to his lips and blew "taps," signals for "lights out," the military equivalent for good night. The tones were low, mellow and tremulous at the start, but with each succeeding phrase swelled, clear and shrill, commanding, waking the tardy echoes from the surrounding banks of foliage, which came back to blend again with a long drawn wail at the end as the last echo died away; and just as the shadow of the towering buckeye fell across and covered the grave, as with a pall, the groups of living turned silently homeward and left the dead to his solitude.

BURIED UNDER THE BRICK.

Heroic Work of Chattanooga Firemen to Reach the Unfortunate.

CHATTANOOGA, August 11.—[Special.]—As the dreary hours roll on the death roll of the victims of Thursday nigght's fire is increasing. Fifteen names of those who are missing have been reported to the chief of the fire department. At 10 o'clock tonight, it is pretty well settled that there are yet five persons buried under the red hot brick in the Shelton and Howard building, but it is impossible to get at these bodies for a day or two, on account of the heat. The fire department is still throwing water on the ruins, but there are so many large timbers burning beneath the red hot brick, that it is impossible to accomplish much in the way of cooling them off. The heat is so intense that the workmen are almost stifled while trying to reach the remains of the dead.

Business has almost been suspended ever since the fire and the whole city is living in painful suspense almost afraid to know the worst. There were a large number of strangers in the city on the night of the fire, many of whom did everything they could to aid in saving the goods in the burning buildings. To-morrow will be spent in hunting for the dead and every effort will be made to try and recover the bodies of some of those who are known to be buried in the mines.

LYNCHED BY NEGROES.

A White Man Set Upon by Five Negroes—No Trace of Him.

RALEIGH, N. C., August 10.—[Special.]—News has been received of the lynching of an unknown white man, supposed to be from Yancey county, by five negroes in Henderson county.

A negro named Henry Summer has told the story of the affair. It is as follows: Two white men met three negro women, one of whom, Lottie Corpening, is a notorious prostitute. From some cause or other the men had a quarrel with the women, which finally resulted in the knocking down of the Corpening woman by one of the men. All three of the women then set upon the men, one of whom fled and made his escape. His companion could not get away, and was being beat unmercifully, when five negro men came up. They set upon the man and, after beating him into insensibility, went to a house near by and returned with a rope. The white man was then taken away by the negroes, and has not been seen or heard of since. One of the negroes has told another negro that the party "treated him like they treated that negro over in Ashville."

All of the negroes have been arrested and jailed at Hendersonville. Their names are Will Corpening, John Ramsey, George King, Abe King and Henry Summer, the latter being a witness of the affair. The negro woman claims to have been outraged by the white man. Considerable excitement exists in Henderson over the matter. A searching party has been organized and the woods and the creeks of that vicinity are being searched for the body of the missing man.

It is a Law.

WASHINGTON, August 11.—The river and harbor bill becomes a law without the president's signature. No memorandum is written, but the president stated this afternoon that while the bill contained items to which he could not sign his approval, the great bulk of the work provided for is so important to the best interests of the country that he was unwilling to obstruct it by a veto.

THERE IS NO INCREASE

Reports From Florida Are Not Discouraging,

THOUGH PEOPLE ARE LEAVING

Other Cities Quarantined—There is No Fever at Waycross.

WASHINGTON, August 11.—The following dispatches from the yellow fever districts were received at the marine hospital bureau today:

JACKSONVILLE, August 11.—Surgeon General John B. Hamilton: Two new cases during the last twenty-four hours, making a total of twelve; one convalescent, three seriously ill. Two deaths—J. J. Perkins and Lucius R. Tuttle—black vomit in both cases. The autopsy of former by Dr. Guiteras confirmed the diagnosis absolutely. Ten remaining under treatment. [Signed] NEAL MITCHELL, M. D.,
President Duval County Board of Health.

FROM FERNANDINA.

FERNANDINA, August 11.—Fernandina has put on rigid quarantine against Jacksonville and all points in south Florida. No person, baggage or freight is allowed to enter this county from the infected or suspected places. Trains are all inspected at three points, Baldwin, Callahan and Hartroad Junction. [Signed] M. A. MAHONEY,
Collector of Customs.

AT MANATEE.

MANATEE, August 10.—Hamilton Washington: Three cases for ninth, two cases for the tenth. No cases at Palmetto. Nearly all the people there have gone: (Signed.) MURRAY, Surgeon.

Savannah's Quarantine.

SAVANNAH, Ga., August 11—[Special.]—The health authorities have been perfecting the quarantine against Jacksonville to-day. Under the present system no one is apt to run the risk of coming in unless he is a Savannanian anxious to get home. No Jacksonville mail was brought in to-day. One lot that got in south over the junction was sent back to Waycross for fumigation. The authorities there will not allow the fumigating to be done in town.

A fugitive from Jacksonville was discovered to-night walking into the city and was arrested and locked up.

Passing Through Albany.

ALBANY, Ga., August 11.—[Special.]—A Brunswick and Western train was stopped early this morning by Albany's health officer at junction two miles away. It contained 58 Jacksonville refugees, who, after breakfasting at Albany's expense, were carried through the city at noon in closed cars, bound for Macon and Atlanta. At a meeting of the council today it was decided that no more cars from Jacksonville will be allowed to enter the city.

Partial Quarantine at Macon.

MACON, Ga., August 11.—[Special.]—The East Tennessee train arriving at Macon this morning from Florida brought eight car loads of people refugeeing from Jacksonville and neighboring places. Very few of the refugees stopped over in Macon, and the bulk of them continued northward.

Information was received by the Central authorities here this morning that 48 refugees had missed connection at Albany with the train due in Macon at 5:40 a. m. These refugees are quarantined two miles outside of Albany, and will not be allowed to enter the city except on a train that will carry them right through to either Montgomery or Macon without stopping. They are not allowed to come into the city and wait for the train. It seems that the Central railroad takes passengers at Albany both by the Savannah, Florida and Western and Brunswick and Western railroads, but owing to the fact that the Brunswick and Western has been so irregular in making connection at Albany, and which has been throwing the Southwestern train far behind its Atlanta connection at Macon, that the Central has now made a rule to wait only an hour at Albany, and as the Brunswick and Western was two hours behind today the Southwestern train left, and thus forty-eight refugees were forced to wait outside of Albany. The Central also waits at Albany only long enough to make connection at Montgomery with the Louisville and Nashville road. Perhaps some of these forty-eight refugees are going via Montgomery, and not coming via Macon.

This morning the board of health of Macon met at the city hall at nine o'clock, with City Physician Walker chairman, and secretary, George A. Dure, to discuss the yellow fever situation. It was first suggested that Macon go into absolute quaransine against Jacksonville, but this was not adopted, but it was resolved that a partial quarantine be observed, to-wit: that trains with refugees be allowed to pass through the city, but none of the refugees will be permitted to stop over in Macon.

A penalty of $1,000 fine or imprisonment twelve months on the chaingang, will be imposed on any conductor who allows a sleeping car from a yellow fever infected district to stop within the city limits.

MR. CHRISTOPHER SPEAKS.

Mr. John G. Christopher, proprietor of Pablo Beach, said that when he left Florida yesterday there had not been a single genuine case of yellow fever in Jacksonville, but the people had become panic stricken and were fleeing in great fright.

No Fever at Waycross.

WAYCROSS, Ga., August 11.—[Special.]—Citizens here are indignant over the telegram sent to the Savannah Morning News by Dr. Guiteras that there was two cases of yellow fever here. Surgeon-General Hamilton, in his telegram, denies the report. The reason for that statement was that Dr. Guiteras was sent back to Jacksonville by Dr. Frank C. Folks, mayor of this city, and to injure the town, Dr. Guiteras made that false and damaging statement, which is entirely without foundation. Excitement here is growing.

Gainesville's Invitation.

GAINESVILLE, Ga., August 11.—[Special.]—While numbers of cities in the state are quarantined against Jacksonville and other points in Florida, Gainesville, the paradise of the health and pleasure seeker, opens wide her gates and invites the unfortunate citizens to come and partake of her sparkling water, cool and refreshing breezes and wholesome diet. The atmosphere is too pure here for any epidemic to take up its abode, and the city extends a cordial welcome to all those who ar fleeing from the awful scourge.

Chattanooga's Action.

CHATTANOOGA, August 11.—[Special.]—Chattanooga today established a quarantine against Jacksonville and all yellow fever infected points. A car load of Jacksonville refugees who were en route to Chattanooga were met at the depot by the mayor and board of health, and were not permitted to remain over. They went north.

The city council held a special meeting at 8 o'clock tonight and decided that it would not only support the board of health in their action in declaring quarantine against Jacksonville, but advise similar action against all other infected districts and cities where Jacksonville refugees are allowed to congregate. The county authorities were called upon to join the city officers in enforcing the order of the board of health. A quarantine station has been established five miles from the city. No trains will be allowed to enter from the south without having been first thoroughly inspected by the health officers.

Birmingham's Quarantine.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., August 11.—[Special.]—The city board of health today declared a quarantine against Jacksonville and all towns in Florida where yellow fever is known to exist. The quarantine will be rigidly enforced. Quite a number of refugees passed through here last night, having run the blockade at Montgomery.

A Lively Experience.

Bob Lawshe, Cap Craig, Durell Key and Will Turner, arrived in Atlanta last night. These are four of the boys who did their level best to win the pennant for Atlanta in the state baseball league. They did not intend to return to Atlanta just at this date, but the yellow fever and a sheriff with two big pistols are responsible for the change in their plans. A reporter for THE CONSTITUTION met Bob Lawshe last night and his story of their return trip is rather interesting. The boys left Atlanta about two weeks ago, under contract to play ball with the Jacksonville club. They arrived in that city and played several games there, leaving that city on Monday last, going to Pensacola. At Pensacola they enlisted with the state troops and went to the encampment at Magnolia Beach. This was the best of the trip, in Lawshe's opinion, but it didn't last long. In answer to a reporter's question as to what caused him to leave the encampment, Lawshe said:

"Well, the yellow fever scare got started and Pensacola quarantine against the encampment. That settled it and we got orders to break camp on Thursday at 3 o'clock, and got a notice at the same time that a train would leave the beach at 4 o'clock."

"That was pretty quick work wasn't it?"

"Yes; but we got on the train just the same. The train was watched closely and when we got to Tallahassee guards were stationed at the doors of every coach, and it was impossible to leave the train."

"To what point had you bought tickets?"

"All of us had tickets to Fernandina, but the conductor put us off the train a few miles from Callahan, and he would have put us off there, but the train was too closely watched."

"What was his reason for putting you off the train?"

"I guess he was afraid to carry us any further, and he acted as though he was doing the proper thing. When he put us off, we started to walk back towards Callahan, but we changed our minds very suddenly about that."

"What changed your intention of going to Callahan?"

"We met a sheriff with two big pistols, and he pointed them right in our direction. There was a health officer along with him, but the pistols settled the matter. The sheriff told us that it was eight miles to one station, four to another, and sure death if we tried to go to Callahan. He said we could take our choice, and we did."

"How far did you walk after the sheriff had his interview with you?"

"We were lucky after we got away from him, and while resting at a water tank a few miles from Callahan were picked up by an engineer, who said he would take chances on being discharged before he would leave us there. So we rode to within about a mile of Waycross and walked around the town in order to avoid the guard stationed on that side. We got to the depot and bought tickets to Jesup."

"Did you have any trouble at that point?"

"Our only trouble here was in keeping out of sight of the health officers till the train started and then we were all right, but I don't think any of us will want any more Florida experience till they have a frost. It's worse than getting beaten at baseball, and I for one am glad to get back to Atlanta."

GOING IT ALONE.

Two Coal Cars Crash Into an Engine—An Engineer Crushed to Death.

DENVER, Col., August 11.—A singular accident occurred yesterday on the Denver, Utah and Pacific railway, near Canfield. At that point the track runs direct to Mitchell coal mine. The grade is very steep, and it is customary to ship loaded coal cars to the main track without the assistance of an engine. Yesterday the engineer of a passenger train, upon approaching the branch track, stopped and whistled as usual. He had just started his engine again and reached the crossing, when twy heavily laden cars d s ending the grade, dashed directly into the eng ne. The engine was derailed, and as it fell, Engineer George Hopkins was carried beneath it. A lever pinned him to the ground, gradually squeezing him to death, although with not sufficient force to crush any bones. The fireman was also badly injured, but was spirited away by officials of the road. Had the accident occurred a second later, a closely packed passenger car would have been wrecked, with most disastrous results.

Has Finished His Work.

RALEIGH, N. C., August 11.—[Special.]—A man named Drummond, from the United States treasury department, who has been here some days, quietly examining the affairs of the smashed State National bank of this city, finished his work today and left. He finds no new facts. The lawyers would not allow him to talk with White, the cashier, who was aided by President Cross in robbing the bank. Statements to the comptroller of currency, it is found, were all signed by White.

Mr. Sam Noble Dangerously Ill.

ANNISTON, Ala., August 11.—[Special.]—This has been a blue day for Anniston. Mr. Samuel Noble, the founder of the model city, was taken suddenly ill yesterday afternoon, which so prostrated him that he is lying in a very critical condition today from inaction of the heart. He is not only Anniston's, but Alabama's best friend. His death at this time would be a great calamity.

The Second Adventists.

RALEIGH, N. C., August 11.—[Special.]—The Piedmont conference of the Second Adventists is in session at Wilmington. Churches in North and South Carolina are represented. Eighteen new churches, with thirteen hundred members, have been organized since the last meeting of the conference. Tomorrow the Quakers will begin their annual meeting at High Point. The attendance will be very large, and members of that faith from all parts of the United States will be present.

He Went Insane.

RALEIGH, N. C. August 11.—[Special.]—Robert Lesson Porter, the man who was in jail here some time under suspicion that he was the notorious wife murderer, Scott Partin, has become insane and has fled from the city. Since Porter was released from custody he has been with a fellow Irishman here named John Lee. Porter was always of unsound mind, and last week he began to get worse. He was watched, but last night contrived to escape and fled to the woods.

His Body Filled With Lead.

ST. LOUIS, August 10.—A special to the Post Dispatch from Springfield, Mo., says: "Bearden, the negro who shot and fatally wounded Officer Palmer on Wednesday, was captured today, but not until his body had been filled with lead. He was placed in the Springfield jail which is now surrounded by a mob of 300 men, who threaten to lynch the desperado. The negro is so badly wounded, however, that it is thought he will die.

Baseball Yesterday.

At Washington—Washington 1; Chicago 4. Basehits—Washington 11; Chicago 5. Errors—Washington 4; Chicago 3. Batteries—Widner and Mack; Krock and Flint.

At Philadelphia—Detroit 0; Philadelphia 1. Base hits—Detroit 6; Philadelphia 3. Errors—Detroit 3 Philadelphia 3. Batteries—Getzein and Wells; Casey and Clements.

At New York—New York 2; Pittsburg 3. Basehits—New York 5; Pittsburg 4. Errors—New York 6; Pittsburg 2. Batteries—Titcomb and Murphy; Morris and Carroll.

At Boston—Boston 10; Indianapolis 8. Basehits—Boston 15; Indianapolis 9. Errors—Boston 1; Indianapolis 5. Batteries—Conway and Hines; Boyle and Myers.

At Cincinnati—11 innings—Cincinnati, 5; Brooklyn 6. Basehits—Cincinnati 11; Brooklyn 11. Errors—Cincinnati 4; Brooklyn 6. Batteries—Viau and Baldwin; Hughes and Clark.

At Kansas City—Kansas City 12; Cleveland 3. Base hits—Kansas City 19; Cleveland 11. Errors—Kansas City 2; Cleveland 7. Batteries—Sullivan and Donohue; Blakely, Striker and Snyder.

At Louisville—Louisville 7, Baltimore 6; Basehits—Louisville 9; Baltimore 12. Errors—Louisville 7; Baltimore 0. Batteries—Ewing and Vaughan; Smith and Cants.

At St. Louis—St. Louis 5; Athletic 5. Basehits—St. Louis 8; Athletic 6. Errors—St. Louis 4; Athletic 4. Batteries—Hudson and Boyle; Seward and Robinson.

Weekly Bank Statement.

NEW YORK, August 11.—The following is a statement of the associated banks for the week ending today:

Reserve decrease	$2,643,550
Loans increase	4,087,500
Specie decrease	1,734,600
Legal tenders decrease	359,300
Deposits increase	2,198,600
Circulation increase	28,300

The banks now hold $24,306,825 in excess of the 25 per cent rule.

FOREIGN NEWS.

James O'Kelly, journalist and M. P., was sentenced to four months imprisonment on charge of making speeches inciting to intimidation.

Parliament will adjourn on Monday until November 6.

At Paris the labor exchange has been reopened.

Mr. Greenwood has resigned the editorship of the St. James Gazette, resenting the pressure put upon him by the owner of the paper.

Lord Salisbury spoke on the Parnell commission bill in the house of lords yesterday, and was replied to by Baron Herschell. The bill passed its second reading.

THE CONSTITUTION:
Published Daily and Weekly

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Park Row, New York City.

ATLANTA, GA., AUGUST 12, 1888.

Hon. Allen D. Candler.

Hon. Allen D. Candler has intimated to our Washington correspondent that he will vote for any measure in substance that reduces the duties on necessities, and at the same time get rid of the surplus in our treasury, if it comes before the house in a shape he can vote on it. That is the right line, and is what our people expect of a congressman. No one who knows Mr. Candler will doubt his firmness and courage to do right whenever he acts on any public question, and if we had more men like him in congress there would not be such an everlasting higgling over this tariff question. The tariff question has dwindled down to a scramble for position, and there ought to be conservatism enough in the house and senate to devise a plan to get rid of the surplus and make a proper reduction of the tariff so as not to injure our industries.

There is certainly a great opportunity for statesmanship on this line. Mr. Candler has not lost an opportunity to strike a blow at the iniquitous internal revenue system, and in this he has been consistent. He represents a district that has felt the cruel oppression of this law in the past, and if he held any other views it would be from other motives than to serve his constituents. No man in our congressional delegation is readier to lay aside personal preferences, and respond, not in a listless, indifferent way, but with zeal and energy to the wishes of his constituents.

Governor Proctor, of Vermont, who is largely interested in quarrying marble in that state, wrote to Messrs. Clement & Bain, who own the largest marble quarry in the world, which is located in Mr. Candler's district, that to Mr. Candler more than any other man is due the credit for restoring the duty on marble that had been originally put on the free list in the Mills bill.

Mr. Candler's course in congress has been approved by his constituents, and his course in trying to get rid of the surplus, and reduce taxes on necessities of life, even if it does injure the whisky ring, will make him the coming man in Georgia.

BROTHER BLAINE'S return opens up the republican campaign. It needs something of this kind, especially in Indiana, where Candidate Harrison has talked all enthusiasm to death.

A Word to Secretary Whitney.

It is understood that Secretary Whitney feels disinclined to grant the request for the transfer of the marines at Pensacola to Atlanta for the remainder of the hot season. The secretary, it is said, is in favor of sending the marines to Norfolk, as he is under the impression that they desire to go to Atlanta for their own pleasure.

The yellow fever advices from Florida are of such a serious nature that Secretary Whitney cannot afford to trifle with a very grave matter. The marines are in danger at Pensacola, while in Atlanta they would be perfectly safe. Why should the secretary ignore the healthiest city in the south, and give the preference to Norfolk, which in times past has been a famous yellow fever hole?

In this instance we are on the side of the marines. They have shown good judgment in asking to be sent to Atlanta, and Secretary Whitney has shown decidedly bad judgment in suggesting Norfolk.

NOVELIST HOWELLS says that people nowadays would not enjoy novels in the style of Thackeray. Nevertheless, there are more inquiries at the public libraries for Thackeray's works than for the works of Novelist Howells.

Herr Most Comes Out From Under the Bed.

Herr Johann Most, the pestiferous socialist who hid under a woman's bed when the New York police wanted him, was one of the recent witnesses before the congressional immigration committee.

When asked about the number of socialists in the world, Herr Most said that there were about 50,000,000. He distributed them as follows: Germany, 800,000; Austria, 300,000; Italy, 500,000; and Spain, 200,000. He said that Russia, Denmark, Belgium and the Netherlands were full of them. In the United States they number 2,000,000.

He frankly said that the socialists proposed to get rid of the capitalists, and reconstruct society, making it one vast operative commonwealth.

The congressional committee made a mistake in calling this dirty wretch out from under the bed. His testimony or his guess work is without any value. He does not merit the attention of our congressmen; the watchfulness of the police is all that is required in his case.

When Most made his last break he was let off with a few months in prison. His next violation of the law should land him behind the bars for a long term. This is the best way of dealing with such advanced reformers.

EDITOR CHARLES EMORY SMITH, of Philadelphia, has already taken charge of Brother Blaine. Now let some conservative person take charge of Candidate Harrison.

The Blaine Campaign.

A correspondent writes to inquire if Mr. Harrison, the republican candidate for president, "would meet with as rousing a reception in New York as it was intended Mr. Blaine should have." In asking this question, our correspondent has struck the key-note of the republican campaign. Candidate Harrison might go to New York today, and be practically unnoticed. He would undoubtedly be given a formal and perfunctory reception, but the heartiness, the enthusiasm and the clamor that Brother Blaine excites among republicans would be entirely lacking.

The truth is, the republican situation is a very peculiar one. The party is overwhelmingly for Brother Blaine, and Candidate Harrison is an amiable and a harmless figure-head. He was nominated by the Blaine men in order to get rid of Sherman and Gresham. These men have an individuality of their own, and do their own thinking, while Harrison is a plain country lawyer, who has all he can do to remember when it is meal time.

There can be no doubt that his nomination was a master-stroke of policy on the part of the Blaineites, for whether the campaign is successful or disastrous, they will have their own way with the candidate. If the party is defeated, they will declare that Blaine could have been elected. If the party is successful, they will say that the success is due to the power and influence of Brother Blaine.

It is a lovely campaign altogether, and the reason it is so lovely is because Brother Blaine is the issue. The republican party is a Blaine party, and its success means the success of Brother Blaine's ideas. We observe that the Maine statesman, in his New York address, had a good deal to say about protection, in one way and another; but the best protection this country can have is a result next November that will protect it from Blaineism in politics.

THE bull pen system is now only a fragrant memory.

The Chautauqua.

People may say what they please about the Chautauqua being a failure. It is not a failure. Financially, it may be so considered, this year, but the good results from the work that has been done there this summer alone will be felt in this state for years. The distinguished men who have been there, and who are to come, have added very much to the entertainment of our people, not to say anything of what has been done in the interests of culture.

It ought not to be expected that an enterprise of such magnitude would move off without some friction and attain in sixty days the eminence that similar institutions have reached in other parts of the country after years of struggling. If it should prove a failure it will be a reflection on the good people of this state, and not on the managers. They have certainly done their work well. It is an easy matter to criticise what has been done. It would probably have been better to have located it nearer our city, where it would have been in easy reach of street car lines—but it was located where it is by the majority of the men who furnished the money for the improvements, and it does not lie in the mouth of any of us to object to this, if we disapprove the plan, unless we are willing to step forward and furnish money to duplicate the improvements and locate them where we want them.

It gives to our people, rich and poor, pleasant recreation during the dull summer months, and at the same time an opportunity for entertainment and instruction not to be found anywhere else in the south; and it deserves the encouragement of all who want our country to be happy and prosperous.

JAMES WHITCOMB RILEY announces authoritatively that he will never marry. His heart was broken years ago by the belle of Grasshopper valley.

Is Harrison a Candidate?

There seems to be a very queer condition of affairs in Indiana. Governor Porter declined to be renominated for governor, although all the arrangements had been made, and he was thought to be a candidate. He refused to be a candidate, however, on the ground that his "integrity," or something of that sort, would suffer. We have observed before now that the tenderest part of a professional republican is the place where his integrity ought to be, and the less integrity he has ever had the sorer the spot.

In place of Porter, the republicans have nominated a congressman named Hovey, whose chief attainments seem to be of a negative character. Hovey, however, appears to be a pretty good republican, and he will no doubt be voted for by a good many republicans. But what the public would like to know is why Porter refused to make the race. When he speaks of his integrity, he talks like a democrat, and yet, as he is a republican, we are inclined to believe that he is drawing on his imagination.

On top of Porter's remarks about his republican integrity comes a report in the shape of a New York dispatch to the Detroit News, in which it is stated on the authority of one of the attaches of the republican national headquarters that Benjamin Harrison will not accept the republican nomination. It is stated that his letter refusing the republican nomination is already written, and that the ground for his withdrawal is ill-health. The dispatch, however, goes on to state that the true reason is his jealousy of the homage paid to Blaine.

All this, however, is mere stuff and nonsense. Harrison was a very eager candidate before the convention, and he knew that if he was nominated at all it would be as the Blaine candidate, in a Blaine campaign that would mean either the success or the defeat of Blaine. Therefore Mr. Harrison will continue to be the candidate, and he will go down with Blaine.

WE publish in another column a letter from the brilliant pen of Mrs. W. H. Felton on "The Best Methods of Taxation for the Republic." As the question is one of such general discussion at present, it will be read with more than the usual interest which attaches to the contributions of this well known lady. THE CONSTITUTION is open for a discussion of the question through its columns, and will be glad to give place to any reply to Mrs. Felton's argument, with the proviso that such reply shall appear over the name of its author, and shall occupy reasonable space.

A WEATHER PROPHET drowned himself in New Jersey, the othey day. The members of the signal service should be watched.

THE NEW YORK Press says: "The good old Saxon word 'begin' has almost vanished from print and is seldom heard in conversation. There is not a writer who can be mentioned, after a somewhat careful study of the field, who does not use the word 'commence' either through habit or preference. Few modern newspaper men can be found who will use the word 'begin' except under orders. The Sun, which is something of a purist, always 'commences' on its editorial page. There was once an exception to this almost universal rule when the World was under the direction of Mr. Marble. Placed in the hands of every writer on that paper was an index expurgatorius, which not only denounced such words and prases as 'in our midst,' 'it would seem,' 'reliable,' 'role,' etc., but 'commence' as a substitute for 'begin.' Under the new management of that paper, however, everything 'commences' and nothing 'begins.' The Tribune, for some years, insisted upon the use of 'begin,' but it, too, would seem to have permitted the word to fall into 'innocuous desuetude.'" The Press should pursue its researches. The word "begin" can be found in a few southern books and newspapers.

THE BIG DAILIES are becoming more personal than ever. The New York World is showing up the mashers in Central park, and publishing their names with a circumstantial account of their conduct. The Chicago Times is giving the names of the men who pay girls starvation wages and mistreat them. If this sort of thing is to go on every rascal in the country will be crying out for a reform in the present style of journalism.

IT IS WORTHY of note that the death rate of New Orleans has decreased from sixty-three per thousand in 1839 to twenty-six per thousand in 1888. It is also said that the chances of life for infants under one year and adults over seventy are much better in New Orleans than in New York. The northern papers are calling attention to these facts and giving all the credit to General Butler, who they claim taught the New Orleans people sanitary methods. This is all nonsense. There has been just as big a decrease in Atlanta's death rate since the summer of 1864, but nobody says that it is due to General Sherman. On the contrary, Sherman's absence since that time explains it all.

THE NEW YORK TIMES has an editorial headed "Stimulated Immigration." If it meant stimulated immigrants it had a lively subject to deal with.

THE ST. LOUIS REPUBLIC sticks to it that Brooks ought not to have been hanged upon the testimony of a detective who was put into his cell to worm himself into the prisoner's confidence.

IN CHICAGO, the other day, a woman and her child were found starving. The mother had given her last bit of bread to her daughter and had fallen on the floor utterly exhausted. The sufferers were removed to a hospital. Their neighbors claimed that they were not aware of the family's destitute circumstances.

THE YELLOW FEVER scare in Florida, south Georgia, and along the coast, has assumed the proportions of a panic. Unreasoning fear makes people fall easy victims when an epidemic is in their midst. Cool judgment is needed in order to enforce the proper sanitary and quarantine regulations.

MAYOR HEWITT, of New York, has done a foolish thing in bringing libel suits against the editors who charged him with oppressing the poor. There is not one chance in a hundred of a verdict in his favor.

GEORGE L. PERKINS, who recently celebrated his one hundredth birthday, has no rules for exercise and diet. He has simply lived like a sensible man, enjoying everything that suited his tastes in moderation.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: How many members of the house and senate, and how many people have they employed during the session? What does it cost per annum? CITIZEN.

There are just 401 members of the house and senate, and to wait upon them and run errands and hold open the doors as they pass in and out, and carry the cards of their callers and take care of the thousands of bills they put in, they have employed about 400 people, who are paid the snug little sum of $684,000 for doing so. Every member has one employe, and for the service of the same there is paid an average of about $1,800 each. A total of $880,000 is required to pay the salaries of the senators, and for the compensation of the members of the house $1,695,000 is to be provided, and this brings the salaries of our law-makers to a total of over $2,000,000 per year. It costs a little less than $150,000 per session to pay the mileage of the members, and the country pays $50,000 to purchase the stationery for members and officers of the house alone in any one session. The treasury pays $52,000 for reporting the debates, whether congress sits for one month or for twelve, as the official reporters, like most of the clerks, are paid by the year, though they seldom do more than twelve months' work in the twenty-four months that make up a congressional term.

How Gladstone First Met His Wife.

From the Pall Mall Gazette.

The golden wedding of Mr. and Mrs. Gladstone which is being quietly celebrated today recalls a reminiscence of the day, now more than half a century distant, when Mrs. Gladstone first saw her future husband. It was at a dinner party in London where the younger Miss Glynne's attention was directed by an eminent statesman who was by her side to a tall, handsome young member of parliament who sat opposite. "Do you see that young man?" said he, "note him well, and mark my words. If his life is spared he will one day be prime minister." Miss Glynne naturally took keen note of Mr. Gladstone, but they did not speak, no was it until some time afterward that she made his acquaintance in Italy. The prediction, however, has been thrice fulfilled, and Mrs. Gladstone will probably have the gratification of seeing it fulfilled a fourth time before long.

Much More Binding.

From the New York Sun.

"Papa," said a beautiful girl, "young Mr. Thistle has written me a note in which he asks me to be his wife."

"Written you a note? Why in thunder didn't he come himself?"

"It would have been pleasanter that way, no doubt, papa; but I suppose he feels a little timid, and, besides, papa, think how much more binding the note is."

A COUNTRY EDITOR'S VIEWS.

Watermelon Time in Smithville—A Rise in Coffee, Etc.

From the Smithville News.

What's the use of a nine column paper in the hands of a three column editor?

A rise in coffee is reported. Evidently boardinghouse coffee is not meant, as that is generally too weak to rise.

The deaf and dumb man who spent a night in the Smithville guardhouse, is now pleading his own case in Albany.

Our office goat is getting to be very popular with the fair sex. He makes a specialty of poems on perfumed paper.

Sam Jones now charges an admission fee of fifty cents to his meetings, and the papers are howling. The devil charges a dollar and a half, and nobody murmurs.

The famous Smithville band, as a token of the high esteem in which the editor is held by the members of that talented organization, marched to the gate of his elegant residence and tendered him a highly complimentary serenade on Wednesday evening last. The music was excellent, some of the airs rendered being the old favorites—"Suwance River," Annie Laurie," and one or two selections from "Il Trovatore" were given with fine effect. After the conclusion of these delightful performances, the editor appeared on the balcony in his dressing gown, and addressed the band as follows:

"Gentlemen of the Smithville Band: Allow me to thank you for the marked compliment you have paid a sleeping citizen on this auspicious occasion. I never thought to be thus honored by you, as I had not publicly announced my candidacy for the legislature, and was on good terms with the last one of you. What have I done to deserve it? I can only answer, 'Nothing.' You have just aroused me from a nightmare in which all my creditors were after me, and had just about got the best of me, and my gratitude is yours forever! The Smithville band is an organization of which we are all proud. From what I have heard this evening I am confident that it can keep any neighborhood awake six nights of the week, and yet leave them without rest on the seventh. Its orphean music can charm away, with golden, melting cadence, the rude dreams that haunt the pillow of the man who has trifled with too much beef for supper, and tonight it came o'er me

'Like the sweet south
That breathes above a bank of violets,
Stealing, and giving odor!'

Gentlemen, you have earned your supper. Walk in and clean us out of house and home."

Loud cheers greeted these remarks, and the band then entered and regaled themselves with well water, American sardines and all the cold greens on the premises.

FROM MRS. W. H. FELTON.

"The Best Methods of Taxation for the Republic."

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: The dissatisfaction which ominously prevails among the laboring classes in the north and northwest, plainly declares that there is some error in theory, as well as serious mistakes in practice, in our system of administering the government of the United States. The creation and distribution of wealth appears to aggravate and grind down the masses, whose necessities and consequent poverty are ever present and compulsory.

Any suggestions upon this complex and difficult subject looking to a solution of the difficulty should be received in the true spirit of inquiry, unmixed with partisan bias. The truth is what we need. All inquiry which tampers with the truth is unworthy of consideration. Those who take their sentiments on trust are not expected to give attention to the abstract truths of this subject. Party prejudices and passions are now dealing with tariff and free trade, and have reached a point where a man will find to be true exactly what he wishes to be true—and any just and proper conclusion, if reached through such channels, will be the result of accident, rather than of method and investigation.

Scientists and political economists have a great crown of maxims relating directly to this great social and industrial problem—but the masses have never considered either the maxims or the conclusions derived therefrom—and the necessity is upon us to meet this great national question now with ignorance and prejudice at the ballot box. The overwhelming importance of the issue to the whole country is my apology for presuming to enter THE CONSTITUTION with this paper. It sometimes happens, as the good book tells us, that the great things of the world are "confounded" by smallness and weakness—with simple truth for their real strength

The government of a great nation or commonwealth is very much like the government of a family. There must be a legal head, responsible for its guidance and direction, to whom the minors and dependent members owe respect and confidence. The government, like the family, must be supported, its necessities supplied and its accounts paid on demand. Its protection from outside foes is equally to be considered with its privileges to inside friends. A nation which considers either loss or gain, free trade or tariff to the exclusion of its oppressive feature, will be ill regulated and "lop-sided" in its movement. To adjust the equilibrium is the demand of the hour.

The great question before the country today is whether the producer or the consumer is the more valuable citizen to the republic. The free trade doctrinaires tell us, "don't tax the nation for the benefit of the producing class. Take care of the consumer and let the producer take care of himself."

Another maxim: "The interests of individuals and the interest of the public, which is but an aggregation of individuals, coincide." Again: "To raise the wages of labor is to impair the fund out of which wages are paid." Again: "All commodities should be rendered as cheap as possible." Again: "The distress of the country is owing to taxes and the expenditure of government."

This presents the free trade view of the subject under discussion, in its essential features. Let us examine these ideas or dogmas in detail.

Is it true that the producing class is self-protecting in this country and needs no help from the government? To state the case in these words would appear to indicate its fallacy. The advocates of a protective tariff meet the argument by the following statement: "A nation, whether it consume its own products or with them purchase from abroad, can have no more value than it produces." Therefore, our supreme policy would be to cultivate the producing powers of our country at all hazards—under all circumstances. Take Ireland for example. So long as Ireland was able to place a duty on its own manufactures—notably its linen goods—so long did it prosper. As soon as home rule was abrogated, and free trade became the dominant policy in Great Britain—then Ireland collapsed, and became an outcast among the nations of the earth. Compare Ireland with the little state of Belgium, with its diversities of manufacture and general production. Statistics go to prove that Belgium with a protective tariff made a paradise of a sandy soil, while Ireland with unexcelled fertility is the poorest nation or people on the continent of Europe. We are told that the custom duties of Turkey have ever been low. I would ask if the dominions of the sultan illustrate a satisfactory free trade policy? Germany was a free trade country in its former decay, but reviving prosperity was coeval with the adoption of a protective policy.

There is another illustration I would like to call to the notice of American citizens, namely the unexampled growth of the United States under a protective policy. It is a question yet unsolved whether any manufacturing country could reach success without a protective policy. As you carefully watch young plants, young animals, aye, young children, so must we watch the infant industries of the nation.

Next, is it true that the interest of the particular individual always coincides with the interests of the general public? Is it not a fact to the contrary that private interest or private enterprise looks only to the present and not to the future good? Is it not also true that public interests often, perhaps always, such as railroads, public works, etc., require a present sacrifice or self-denial for the future good? Suppose Egypt in the time of the Ptolomies had opened the door to all foreign goods and left the land of the Nile to take its chances in the general scramble, would the pyramids be known to us? Suppose the Egyptians in the age of Joseph had said to the Israelites, "Walk up and possess the land," who would have owned Egypt in the next century? Who should govern America?

As in family, so in state. The father who bought shoes for all the neighbor's children and let his own brood take chances in the general scramble for their own, would be called an indifferent father—to say the least of him. Likewise the nation, which makes no choice in its helping capacity, and allows the producers on this side of the water to contend with the pauper horde of freer trading countries, will not only be overrun by this pauper horde, but will degrade our labor to the same low estate. It may be a present good to buy a suit of woolen goods at a low figure, but after American woolens are driven out, the free traders in England will raise their prices to meet our necessities; and, as in the case of our cotton, we may refuse their goods, get out of the way for their East Indian importations or take their selfish prices in silence. The purchase of a foreign commodity signifies the power to produce another merchantable commodity. In the last analysis it means gold and silver—principally the more valuable metal. In our own country the purchase stands for trade and barter. A silver dollar or a greenback dollar will buy as much as a gold dollar on American soil. When our home markets are broken down by foreign production and competition, then it will be the gold only or the sheriff's hammer. Who is ready for this change? I aver that the interest of every American citizen is my interest. In time of war my neighbor's strong arm is pledged to my defense. In time of peace his labor is assessed for the preservation of good government. If I must make a choice, I choose my friends. If I must favor anybody, I throw the balance of trade in their favor. If I must make a sacrifice of my time, labor or property, I prefer to help my neighbor first—afterward the outside world. Lastly; is it true that the distress of the country is owing to taxes, and the expenditure of government?

Just here I opine, we find "the fly in the ointment." If I saw the free traders or the tariff defenders reducing public expenses or relieving taxes demanded for the support of the horde of public officials, who feed at the public crib, then I should be more ready to buy in the "cheapest market," no matter who was helped or hurt. This government requires a vast sum of money to pay the office holders. Their name is legion. They are the flush, fat people of the land. Their money must come by the month. If the rest of us feed on husks and ever-old, never-ceasing promises for reform and retrenchment. The question that concerns us, on the outside, (whose labor foots this enormous bill) is simply, what way of raising tax money will annoy us least, and come the easiest to our over-burdened shoulders? I am sure direct taxation could never continue long in a republic. Our people fret and chafe against the internal revenue system because an armed official can enter our doors, arrest or shoot down offending citizens. A trial by jury is every free man's right, and this whisky and tobacco tax should take its place with all other taxation, to be settled by the states—not the federal government. The custom duties are the easiest—least annoying and least oppressive of any taxation peculiar to the United States. "Let well enough alone"—gentlemen! You do our voting, be careful that you prove worthy of his duty and trust confided to you!

MRS. W. H. FELTON.

He Was in the Field.

From the Minneapolis Tribune.

Tramp—"No, thank you mum; no pie this morning. I merely called to inquire how your husband will vote. I am a candidate."

Lady of the house—"Oh, you're in the field?"

Tramp—"Yes, mum; haven't slept in a house for six weeks."

STEEL IN THE SOUTH.

The Great Seat of Steel Production—North Georgia Full of the Ore.

Heretofore the great production of steel in the United States has been at Pittsburg and north of that point for the palpable reason that the great bulk of what are known as Bessemer ores lie nearest to manufacturing centers already established.

The principal shipping point of these ores has been at Marquette, on the south shore of Lake Superior, whence millions of tons have been transported by water over six hundred miles to Cleveland, thence by rail one hundred miles to Pittsburg; the average cost to the consumer at that point being, say $7 per ton.

These ores are sold with a guarantee to contain over 60 per cent of metallic iron, with a low limit of phosphorus; they are called Bessemer ores because the pig metal produced from them, being almost entirely free from phosphorus, can be immediately utilized in making steel by the Bessemer process, in the converter, whence the metal is decarbonized, and subsequently supplied with the requisite amount of carbon by the introduction of ferro-manganese, or spiegel, thereby converting the whole mass into steel; it is the method in general use for the manufacture of steel rails, boiler-plate and bridge work. Other ores, containing too high a percentage of phosphorus are classed as non-Bessemer, because the pig produced from such cannot be directly utilized in the Bessemer converter, but must be first dephosphorized in the open hearth or by the basic process before transformation into steel.

This class of ores abound in the south. Northern Georgia is full of them; by the application of the Pratt process to the blast furnace all these ores can be utilized in the production of steel, and juxtaposed as they are, to an inexhaustible supply of manganese ores of superior quality, they present the grandest opportunity for development in the entire south. With the erection of iron furnaces and steel plant such as will be built at Cartersville, Bartow county, Ga., the steel center of the south will unquestionably be established at that point.

Phosphorus has a strong affinity for iron, and when combined, their separation becomes a problem for the chemist; it is the bete-noir of the steel maker, rendering the metal "cold short," i. e. brittle and easily broken when cold; and phosphorus much oftener than frost, is the cause of many of those dreadful calamities occuring in the winter; incomplete dephosphorization, a broken rail, a mass of writhing humanity is a natural sequence.

This chemical affinity brings about unaccountable relations between the elementary substances; the lightest friction of a match is sufficient to dissipate its phosphorus into the air, the little heat generated being sufficient to cause a dissolution of partnership, and the formation of a new combination; but wedded to iron, the fury of the hottest flame of the ordinary blast furnace urged to a heat of nearly three thousands degrees cannot divorce it. True to its affinity it flows from the furnace with the molten iron, there to remain until a stronger affinity overcomes its devotion to its metallic mate.

This, then, is the problem, how can we, at the least cost bring about a separation, eliminate this objectionable element, and obtain a metal easily convertible into steel. How can we profitably produce such a metal from the cheap and abundant ores of the south containing, as they do, so large a percentage of phosphorus?

It would not be promising too much to say that the problem has been already solved by one of the ablest and most practical chemists; that a series of experiments, already made in a large blast furnace, has demonstrated to a certainty that under these favorable conditions that phosphorus can be annihilated by advantageous working of the Pratt process, contrary to the general opinion entertained by iron masters. These desirable conditions exist in the blast furnace while it is in active operation, and it is there when the iron is in its nascent state that economical dephosphorization will take place; it is there that this, the grandest triumph in metallurgy of the present century will be accomplished.

It would be impossible to estimate the amount of material wealth created by so simple a triumph of mind over matter, to enumerate the grand developments made possible, or the innumerable industries that will spring up around the birthplace of so practical a solution to so difficult a problem, a solution that the iron masters of the world have sought in vain for centuries; nor would it be amiss here to mention the immense profits to be derived by those fortunate enough to be identified with the interest of the two great companies organized to carry out on a large and liberal basis the plans already formulated. Within ten days the ground will be broken for the erection of two seventy-five ton iron furnaces; a steel plant and rolling mill will follow.

What this means to the south, what this means to the vast field of industry of the world it is utterly impossible to predict or conceive, what changes it may bring about it would be folly to forecast; already plans have been matured to demonstrate the fact beyond peradventure, and it should be the pride of every citizen of Georgia that within the limits of their own state, from ores dug from her own soil, smelted in her own furnaces, manufactured in her own rolling mills, the first steel rails ever produced south of Pittsburg from native metal, will go out in competition with the trade.

Cartersville will enter the arena, the youngest and sturdiest giant in the south, and with her trenchant blade wielded by sinews of steel, disown the gladiators of the ring and place the laurels she has won where they belong; a crown of glory brighter than kings can ever win or monarchs wear—a tribute to the transcendant genius that sent her forth to battle with the world.

"FROM GRAVELOTTE TO SEDAN."

General Sheridan's Magazine Article for "Scribner's" on the Campaign in France.

From the New York World.

Just a few days before General Sheridan's death Scribner & Co. received from the family of the general the first magazine article which he ever wrote. The general had written it months ago, and it bore marks of having been carefully revised. He called the article "From Gravelotte to Sedan." General Sheridan kept a careful record of his European experiences. His position as a non-combatant observer of a great war is without a precedent. He was invited by the German government to accompany the German headquarters, and he became the intimate companion of the two great leaders of the German war movement, Bismarck and Von Moltke. Sheridan's style is like the man, simple and unpretentious. He makes many shrewd comments on those about him, and naively inserts some compliments paid him by the great German leaders. He relates a number of interviews with Bismarck, which show the iron chancellor to be a thoroughly companionable man and good fellow. He declared to Sheridan that he began life with tendencies "all towards republicanism," but that Germany was not "sufficiently advanced for republicanism."

Sheridan was with Bismarck when the great statesman sprung from his carriage with a pistol in each hand and cleared the streets of the village of Garge. He was also with him when he dismounted abreast of the carriage of the defeated Napoleon. Sheridan's description is very interesting and graphic. He says Bismarck saluted the emperor "in a quick, brusque way which seemed to startle him." A trained reporter could not have given a better description of the meeting between the two men. All the way through the article the general has avoided military technicalities, and seemed to instinctively select only dramatic incidents. He tells many curious stories about Von Moltke, and shows the old soldier to be an entertaining host and agreeable companion. The article will not appear until November.

VERY BRIEF.

Johann Most says that there are 500,000 socialists in the United States. This is most absurd.

Harriet Beecher Stowe continues to receive $1,500 a year from royalties on "Uncle Tom's Cabin."

William Riley, a bookmaker at the Saratoga race course, has made $25,000 since the meeting at that track opened.

Larry Donovan was drunk when he made his fatal leap from Hungerford bridge. He jumped on a wager of $15.

Sitting Bull, the renegade Sioux, says he is getting to be an old man. He has been an old rascal a good many years.

The United States senate has proved that on a very hot day it can stand only two hours of oratory from Wm. M. Evarts.

The latest news regarding Lord Lonsdale is that on May 22d he was at Chipewyan, hurrying northward. He may yet pass the pole at a canter, and come down on the other side.

Professor William Pepper has presented his valuable medical library to the university of Pennsylvania, and also a large sum of money. The university's friends call it a case of Pepper and salt.

Lady Jane Henrietta Swinburne, mother of Algernon Charles Swinburne, has entered her ninetieth year. Her good health is owing in part to the fact that she seldom reads her son's poems.

Cornell university recently examined the records of all men who had engaged in inter-collegiate contests since the opening of the institution to determine the influence of the pursuit of athletics upon scholarship. It was concluded that athletics, kept within reasonable limits, was not in conflict with the educational purpose of the institution. Crew men averaged 70 per cent, ball players 73 and track athletes 76 in scholarship for the year; 70 per cent was necessary for graduation.

THE TALK OF THE CITY.

"One thing that Atlanta has improved in during the past two years is her road ways, and the opportunities for pleasant drives are continually increasing." This is the expression of a gentleman who appreciates Atlanta and is now making one of his annual visits here. There is no doubt that he is correct in his statement that Atlanta has improved in this respect; but there are still greater opportunities to be taken advantage of.

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***

Rev. Dr. H. C. Morrison, in answer to an inquiry yesterday, said: "I reached New York on the 13th of June, and after consulting the best surgical skill of the city, I determined upon treatment by 'intubation.' Accordingly, on the fifth day after my arrival, the operation was performed by which the tube, which had been worn outside and in the front part of the throat, was removed and an 'O'Dwyer tube' inserted inwardly through the mouth and fixed to remain in the throat. From that hour he began to breathe naturally and to improve. His improvement is slow but constant. It is but a question of time. I have no doubt of his entire recovery, and have left him with his mother and in the physician's hands, from whence I hope, in a few weeks, to bring him home sound and well. I found most of the city pastors absent from the city, being away on their usual summer vacation. I remained most of the time with my sick boys, and when he was better I carried him a trip to 'Coney Island,' which place I found well attended and full of life. Also a visit to 'West Point,' where we much enjoyed the scenery and the military drill. We had many kind and cheering letters and telegrams from my members and friends in Atlanta, which were as balm to our heavy hearts in the anxious hours. None ever had more sincere and substantial sympathy than we have had, and none can appreciate it more fully. No man ever served a nobler people than I have found in my charge, and among those outside of my own church. I am now at home for duty, and will be happy to meet my friends and my flock on Sunday morning."

***

Yesterday J. L. Owens, a court bailiff, Neal Martin, a constable, and A. W. McMichael, a policeman, lal of Columbus, submitted to Governor Gordon an application for the reward offered for the arrest, with proof to convict, of one Emmanuel Smith, who burned Reese's barn in Muscogee county, on the 14th of February, 1888. An application for said reward was also filed by R. F. Carter, A. J. Jenkins and Emanuel David. The governor reserved his decision.

***

Some time ago the officials of the Columbus exposition made application, through Governor Gordon, to the war department at Washington asking that three United States officers be detailed to inspect the encampment of the state militia at the exposition. Adjutant-General Kell received a letter from Washington yesterday, stating that so great is the demand for officers for this kind of work that only one officer can be sent to Columbus. The letter contained an order instructing Captain Frank C. Grugan of the Second artillery, stationed at Huntsville, Ala., to proceed to the Columbus exposition next fall and inspect the encampment.

***

Colonel A. E. Buck, said yesterday: "There is a clamor for a speech from Major McKinley in Atlanta. But it will be impossible for him to speak in Atlanta. He will make but one speech and that will be at the Chautauqua at four o'clock in the afternoon. Ample accommodation will be made on the trains to carry the people down to hear him, and I have been informed by the Chautauqua authorities that provision will be made for all colored people who desire to hear the speech. He will speak on Tuesday, August the 21st, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon."

***

Captain A. E. Orr and Mr. Henry H. Tucker, Jr., have returned from a pleasure trip to New York state, where they spent a month "seeing the country and the people." Half of that time was spent in tramping. They traveled on foot from Kingston, on the Hudson river, through the mountains and among the Central lakes to Niagara falls.

***

Messrs. Spier Smith and W. M. Brooks, two popular and well known Atlanta business young men, will leave the city this afternoon for Niagara falls and Toronto, Canada. They will be absent about two weeks. Their many friends wish them a pleasant trip and a safe return.

***

On yesterday suit was commenced by Judge John D. Cunningham and Mr. James W. Austin, as attorneys for Mrs. Mattie Gresham, widow of Thomas G. Gresham, deceased, for $5,000 due on a policy of insurance issued by the Equitable Accident Insurance company, of Ohio, on the life of her husband.

***

THE CONSTITUTION stated erroneously yesterday that Mrs. Dr. W. H. Felton presented the banner to the Eighteenth Georgia at its reunion on Thursday. It was the gift of the ladies of Cartersville.

READY FOR BUSINE

An Ideal Drug Store, with
mopolitan Arrangement

TO BE OPEN ALL NIGH

How and Where to Buy M
cines.

Having completed the construction o
new store at the intersection of Decatu
Line streets with Peachtree, opposite th
sian well, we are pleased to announce t
friends that we are now ready for bus
and invite their continued patronage. A
ciating, as we do,

"That the highest aim man can attain
Is conquest over human pain,"

we shall make the compounding of physi
prescriptions and the handling of P
DRUGS AND MEDICINES the especial featu
our business.

We have obtained, and expect to co
the agency of leading foreign and Ame
houses manufacturing chemicals of the h
standing, buying them under the origina
insuring their absolute purity.

We shall have in our house a practical
ist, a graduate of the leading school of
macy in this country, who will take char
the manufacturing of pharmaceutical pre
tions, connected with our retail business.

Open All Night,

At the earnest solicitation of the physi
of Atlanta, who have had more or less tr
in having their medicine prepared in the
time, we have decided to accede to
wishes, and shall, beginning on the 20
this month, have a competent prescripti
to take charge of our night work, avoidin
uncertainty of the old night bell system
assuring to the public prompt and re
night service.

DR. FRED B. PALMER,

so well and favorably known as one o
most reliable druggists of Georgia, will
the prescription department, and will be
to see his many friends and customers a
more convenient location, who, like the

OLD EAGLE,

comes back to the

ORIGINAL STAND,

where under its shadow, hopes to furthe
standard of

DRUGS AND MEDICIN

MR. WILLIAM B. FREEMAN

is also associated with us, and bearing
does, the highest reputation of integrit
well as accuracy, comment is unnecessa
to his reliability in the position that he wi
cupy.

Flattering ourselves to the extent tha
have the best force of any house south
hope to merit a still larger share of the
patronage of Atlanta.

AS TO PATENT MEDICINES.

Already controlling the largest retail
ness in Atlanta, we of course sell more
prietary medicine, having by far the l
demand, and being in a position to o
these patent medicines cheaper than any
house, we not only SELL THEM as CH
but can and do meet all competition. W
not present any parallel column, giving
figures against the trade, but rise above such
position, and merely state that we meet com
petition legitimately, selling the well known
articles as cheap as any one, and compoundi
our prescriptions accurately and at a rea
able rate of profit.

OUR STOCK

is the most complete of any retail house i
south. We shall carry every article tha
demand requires, ordering such articl
may not be had, upon short notice.

PERFUMERY AND TOILET ARTICLES.

Being the southern depot for THE WA
A. TAYLOR COMPANY, the largest man
turers of perfumery in the south, our po
in handling this line of goods cannot be
anged, and our assortment is of the finest
beyond comparison.

Taylor's Premium Cologne.
Hazzard, Hazzard & Co. No. 6 Cologne
Atwood Cologne.
Burnet Cologne.
German Farina Cologne, and all othe
eign and American brands.
Lubin's Extract.
Atkinson's Extract.
Lunborg Extract.
Colgate Extract.
Full line of foreign and American ext
Brushes, Combs and Toilet Powder.
Tooth and Nail Brushes.
Bath Brushes and Sponges, and in fact
article carried in a first-class drug store.

SODA WATER DEPARTMENT.

We have the finest and latest improv
paratus in the city, and shall dispense
fruit juices, with rock candy syrup; ke
constantly on hand all the leading m
water, both on draught and in bottles.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

A practical and experienced judge o
line will endeavor to keep on hand the
and leading brands.

With the above announcement, we
you to call and see us, examining the m
upon which we shall conduct our busines

Stoney, Gregory &

At the old stand of C. L. Stoney & Co.
lanta, Ga.

Music, Sermons and res
Chautauqua today in the
woods. Dr. Talmage tonight
o'clock.

Dr. Talmage will preach to
at 7 o'clock at the Tabernac
Chautauqua.

Remnants in Embroider
Fine goods in g
lengths. Your pr
Chamberlin, Johns
& Co.

The grandest of living preac
at Piedmont Chautauqua t
Dr. Talmage preaches at 7 o'c

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UMBRELLAS AND PARAS
See our goods. Cha
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Rev. Dr. H. C. Morrison, in answer to an inquiry yesterday, said: "I reached New York on the 15th of June, and after consulting the best surgical skill of the city, I determined upon treatment by 'intubation.' Accordingly, on the [illegible] day after my arrival, the operation was performed by which the tube, which had been worn outside and in the front part of the throat, was removed and an 'O'Dwyer tube' inserted inwardly through the mouth and fixed to remain in the throat. From that hour he began to breathe naturally and to improve. His improvement is slow but constant. It is but a question of time. I have no doubt of his entire recovery, and have left him with his mother and in the physician's hands, from whence I hope, in a few weeks, to bring him home sound and well. I found most of the city pastors absent from the city, being away on their usual summer vacation. I remained most of the time with my sick boys, and when he was better I carried him a trip to 'Coney Island,' which place I found well attended and full of life. Also a visit to 'West Point,' where we much enjoyed the scenery and the military drill. We had many kind and cheering letters and telegrams from my members and friends in Atlanta, which were as balm to our heavy hearts in the anxious hours. None ever had more sincere and substantial sympathy than we have had, and none can appreciate it more fully. No man ever served a nobler people than I have found in my charge, and among those outside of my own church. I am now at home for duty, and will be happy to meet my friends and my flock on Sunday morning."

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Yesterday J. L. Owens, a court bailiff, Neal Martin, a constable, and A. W. McMichael, a policeman, all of Columbus, submitted to Governor Gordon an application for the reward offered for the arrest, with proof to convict, of one Emanuel Smith, who burned Reese's barn in Muscogee county, on the 14th of February, 1888. An application for said reward was also filed by R. F. Carter, A. J. Jenkins and Emanuel David. The governor reserved his decision.

***

Some time ago the officials of the Columbus exposition made application, through Governor Gordon, to the war department at Washington asking that three United States officers be detailed to inspect the encampment of the state militia at the exposition. Adjutant-General Kell received a letter from Washington yesterday, stating that so great is the demand for officers for this kind of work that only one officer can be sent to Columbus. The letter contained an order instructing Captain Frank C. Grugan of the Second artillery, stationed at Huntsville, Ala., to proceed to the Columbus exposition next fall and inspect the encampment.

***

Colonel A. E. Buck, said yesterday: "There is a clamor for a speech from Major McKinley in Atlanta. But it will be impossible for him to speak in Atlanta. He will make but one speech and that will be at the Chautauqua at four o'clock in the afternoon. Ample accommodation will be made on the trains to carry the people down to hear him, and I have been informed by the Chautauqua authorities that provision will be made for all colored people who desire to hear the speech. He will speak on Tuesday, August the 21st, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon."

***

Captain A. E. Orr and Mr. Henry H. Tucker, Jr., have returned from a pleasure trip to New York state, where they spent a month "seeing the country and the people." Half of that time was spent in tramping. They traveled on foot from Kingston, on the Hudson river, through the mountains and among the Central lakes to Niagara falls.

***

Messrs. Spier Smith and W. M. Brooks, two popular and well known Atlanta business young men, will leave the city this afternoon for Niagara falls and Toronto, Canada. They will be absent about two weeks. Their many friends wish them a pleasant trip and a safe return.

***

On yesterday suit was commenced by Judge John D. Cunningham and Mr. James W. Austin, as attorneys for Mrs. Mattie Gresham, widow of Thomas G. Gresham, deceased, for $5,000 due on a policy of insurance issued by the Equitable Accident Insurance company, of Ohio, on the life of her husband.

***

THE CONSTITUTION stated erroneously yesterday that Mrs. Dr. W. H. Felton presented the banner to the Eighteenth Georgia at its reunion on Thursday. It was the gift of the ladies of Cartersville.

READY FOR BUSINESS.

An Ideal Drug Store, with Cosmopolitan Arrangements.

TO BE OPEN ALL NIGHT.

How and Where to Buy Medicines.

Having completed the construction of our new store at the intersection of Decatur and Line streets with Peachtree, opposite the artesian well, we are pleased to announce to our friends that we are now ready for business, and invite their continued patronage. Appreciating, as we do,

"That the highest aim man can attain
Is conquest over human pain,"

we shall make the compounding of physicians' prescriptions and the handling of PUREST DRUGS and MEDICINES the especial feature of our business.

We have obtained, and expect to control, the agency of leading foreign and American houses manufacturing chemicals of the highest standing, buying them under the original seal, insuring their absolute purity.

We shall have in our house a practical chemist, a graduate of the leading school of pharmacy in this country, who will take charge of the manufacturing of pharmaceutical preparations, connected with our retail business.

Open All Night,

At the earnest solicitation of the physicians of Atlanta, who have had more or less trouble in having their medicine prepared in the night time, we have decided to accede to their wishes, and shall, beginning on the 20th of this month, have a competent prescriptionist to take charge of our night work, avoiding the uncertainty of the old night bell system, and assuring to the public prompt and reliable night service.

DR. FRED B. PALMER,

so well and favorably known as one of the most reliable druggists of Georgia, will be in the prescription department, and will be glad to see his many friends and customers at his more convenient location, who, like the

OLD EAGLE,

comes back to the

ORIGINAL STAND,

where under its shadow, hopes to further the standard of

DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

MR. WILLIAM B. FREEMAN

is also associated with us, and bearing as he does, the highest reputation of integrity as well as accuracy, comment is unnecessary as to his reliability in the position that he will occupy.

Flattering ourselves to the extent that we have the best force of any house south, we hope to merit a still larger share of the drug patronage of Atlanta.

AS TO PATENT MEDICINES.

Already controlling the largest retail business in Atlanta, we of course sell more proprietary medicine, having by far the larger demand, and being in a position to obtain these patent medicines cheaper than any other house, we not only SELL THEM as CHEAP, but can and do meet all competition. We do not present any parallel column, giving wrong figures against the trade, but rise above such a position, and merely state that we meet competition legitimately, selling the well known articles as cheap as any one, and compounding our prescriptions accurately and at a reasonable rate of profit.

OUR STOCK

is the most complete of any retail house in the south. We shall carry every article that the demand requires, ordering such articles as may not be had, upon short notice.

PERFUMERY AND TOILET ARTICLES.

Being the southern depot for THE WALTER A. TAYLOR COMPANY, the largest manufacturers of perfumery in the south, our position in handling this line of goods cannot be challanged, and our assortment is of the finest, and beyond comparison.

Taylor's Premium Cologne.
Hazzard, Hazzard & Co. No. 6 Cologne.
Atwood Cologne.
Burnet Cologne.
German Farina Cologne, and all other foreign and American brands.
Lubin's Extract.
Atkinson's Extract.
Lunborg Extract.
Colgate Extract.
Full line of foreign and American extracts.
Brushes, Combs and Toilet Powder.
Tooth and Nail Brushes.
Bath Brushes and Sponges, and in fact every article carried in a first-class drug store.

SODA WATER DEPARTMENT.

We have the finest and latest improved apparatus in the city, and shall dispense pure fruit juices, with rock candy syrup; keeping constantly on hand all the leading mineral water, both on draught and in bottles.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

A practical and experienced judge of this line will endeavor to keep on hand the best and leading brands.

With the above announcement, we invite you to call and see us, examining the method upon which we shall conduct our business.

Stoney, Gregory & Co.,

At the old stand of C. L. Stoney & Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Music, Sermons and rest at Chautauqua today in the cool woods. Dr. Talmage tonight at 7 o'clock.

Dr. Talmage will preach tonight at 7 o'clock at the Tabernacle at Chautauqua.

Remnants in Embroideries

Fine goods in good lengths. Your price. Chamberlin, Johnson & Co.

The grandest of living preachers at Piedmont Chautauqua today Dr. Talmage preaches at 7 o'clock

Dr. Talmage will preach tonight at 7 o'clock at the Tabernacle at Chautauqua.

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS.

See our goods. Chamberlin, Johnson & Co.

Music, Sermons and rest at Chautauqua today in the cool woods. Dr. Talmage tonight at 7 o'clock.

THE DUNNINGS.

Susie Dunning Buried Yesterday and the Case Being Investigated.

Susie Dunning was buried yesterday.

The watch sent out to guard the body served at least to prevent a repetition of the scene that occurred over the body of the girl Matilda who died about a week ago.

No inquest was held over the body yesterday as Judge Manning did not believe there was sufficient evidence of foul play.

The detectives are still at work on the case and the web is being wove slowly.

An interesting feature of the case is the fact that in event of the old lady's death the two negro children of Maggie Dunning, the eldest daughter that married the negro Peacock in Ohio, fall heirs to Maggie's portion of the estate.

The laws of Ohio recognize the marriage as legal and her heirs are undoubtedly the legal heirs.

In the mean time the old woman is alone at her home, drunk.

WHO IS HE?

A Drunk Man on Wheat Street—Thought to Be Wanted Somewhere.

Dr. G. W. Ward, the Great Electric Physician, has astonished and amazed the people of all profession with his great and wonderful vegetable compounds in every city and county he has ever traveled through. These internal and external remedies are adapted to the cure of almost all chronic complaints. Further information can be had by consulting

DR. G. W. WARD.

Now who is he?

There is on last year's book the description of a man named G. W. Ward, with several aliases, a slick, plausible genius, who delivers lectures on Palestine and the far east and contributes part of the proceeds to religious institutions.

The man that was arrested was found sleepy drunk on Wheat street. He rode back in Black Maria and slept all the way to the stationhouse.

The card given above was taken from his pockets when he was searched, and the question now is:

"Who is he?"

ON A TELEGRAM.

A Man From Macon is Arrested Last Night by Captain Wright.

As the East Tennessee train rolled into the depot last night it was boarded by Captain Jim Wright, and when the captain stepped off the train he was accompanied by a well dressed gentleman named Lee Dunn.

The captain's partner was a Macon man and arrested on a telegram from a hotel proprietor in Macon.

The telegram charged him with cheating and swindling. Mr. Dunn says it's a board bill of $5 or $6 and the captain says if that's so he's sorry he arrested him.

Sunday School Reunion at the North Avenue Mission.

On Sunday last the North Avenue mission Sabbath school of the First Baptist church underwent a thorough reorganization, and has started out with very encouraging prospects. The school is equiped with the very best of officers and teachers, and will be without question a power for good in the community. Mr. Ed White, Jr., was elected unanimously as superintendent, while Mr. James F. Byrd was continued as assistant. Mr. J. L. Awtry is secretary, and Mr. Williams his assistant, and Mr. Walker Horsey will act as chorister.

On Friday last, the members of the First Baptist having made generous contributions for the purpose a reunion was held which will certainly be long remembered by those, especially the children, who attended.

After a programme of music by the children of the school and the invocation of God's blessing, refreshments were served by Messrs. Davidson & Marselll, consisting of ice cream, cake and fruit, Messrs. White, Hornady, Awtry and Blue serving as waiters. A large crowd was present and the exercises were altogether thoroughly enjoyed. The First Baptist church has great reason to be proud of this branch of their work.

Mrs. Wallace's Funeral.

The funeral of Mrs. S. L. Wallace was quite largely attended yesterday at the Hunter street Christian church. The services were conducted by Rev. T. M. Harris and the remains interred at Westview cemetery.

Turned Loose.

Mr. T. H. Avary, a railroad man on the East Tennessee road, was arrested yesterday for stealing several articles from the Johnson house, on Marietta street. The prosecutor came before Judge Owens however, and asked that the case be dismissed. It was dismissed, and the young man will leave for his home in Opelika at once.

Chief Joyner, accompanied by the chiefs of the fire departments at Augusta and Macon, Ga., Greenville, S. C., and Selma, Ala., left Atlanta yesterday to attend their national convention at Minneapolis, Minn. They went north via the Western and Atlantic road, leaving the city at 1:35 p. m.

Dr. Talmage will preach tonight at 7 o'clock at the Tabernacle at Chautauqua.

PERSONAL.

MR. W. S. WEBSTER, of Columbus, is in the city.

DR. W. H. LEYDEN, skin diseases, No. 48½ Marietta street, room 11. sun tues thulm

DR. GARRETT, dentist, sets teeth, $3 to $8. 66½ Whitehall street, first floor room, 4.

M. M. MAUCK, wall paper and paint dealer PAPER hanger, house and sign painter.

WINK-TAYLOR, proprietor of the Arlington, Gainesville, Ga., runs the best hotel in that city. mon-wed&sun.

MR. T. H. AUSTIN has gone to Milwaukee on a business trip. He was accompanied by his mother, who goes to Monteagle, Tenn.

LEO RICH, of Birmingham, Ala., who has been visiting relatives in the city, leaves for home today.

MR. MILTON RATHBURNE, a prominent young lawyer of Richmond, was in Atlanta yesterday on business.

MR. J. C. RICHARDSON, of Starke, Florida, and his lady, nee Miss Janie Looney, are stopping with Professor Looney, at Angier Terrace, No. 26 Capitol avenue.

MISS LILIAN HOMESLEY, late of the Conservatory of Music of Cincinnati, arrived last night at Professor Looney's, on Capitol avenue, where she will soon resume her studies in the Georgia Capitol Female College and Southern Conservatory of Music.

MISS NELLIE WYLIE, daughter of A. C. Wylie, formerly of Atlanta, now of Kansas City, Missouri, is spending a week with Miss Dora Grosse, 325 Courtland avenue.

MR. FLEMING C. CAPERS, of Quincy, Fla., is one of the refugees from the yellow fever. He was in Atlanta yesterday, and went to Greenville, S. C., last night.

MR. E. C. CHICHESTER, of New Orleans, who has been in Atlanta several days, returned home yesterday.

MR. JAMES L. CAMPBELL, of Greenville, S. C., passed through the city last night, on his way from Jacksonville, Fla.

MR. JAS. W. AUSTIN, the attorney, will leave the city tomorrow evening for San Francisco, Cal., where he goes on a matter of professional business. He will return to Atlanta the first week in September. Parties having business with Mr. Austin during his absence are requested to call on Mr. L. B. Austin, Jr., at office 6½ Whitehall street, or Judge Cunningham, 3½ Whitehall.

MR. THOMAS H. MORGAN, architect, is on a visit to New York, studying the latest and most improved appliances in sanitary plumbing.

JUDGE J. F. WATSON, of Lee county, was in the city yesterday. Judge Watson is one of the most prominent men in his section, and has made a wonderfully efficient judge of the Lee county court.

MESSRS. JOHN CHAMPION and Fred Wiebins of Hartwell, Ga., passed through Atlanta yesterday on their way to Chautauqua.

MRS. DR. COUSINS, with her charming daughters, Miss Sue and Miss Katie, were visiting relatives in the city yesterday.

PROFESSOR GEORGE FREDERICK HOLMES, of the University of Virginia, spent yesterday in Atlanta. Mr. Holmes will leave Salt Springs for Virginia next Thursday.

Ladies

In delicate health needing a gentle yet effective laxative will find the California liquid fruit remedy, Syrup of Figs, pleasing to the taste, acceptable to the stomach, and perfectly safe in all cases. It is the most easily taken and pleasantly effective remedy known to cure and prevent costiveness, to dispel headaches, colds, and fevers, and strenthen the kidneys, liver, and bowels, and is therefore a favorite remedy with ladies. For sale by all druggists.

A GREAT MULTITUDE

Goes Out to Piedmont Chautauqua

TO LISTEN TO DR. TALMAGE

He Lectures Again Today—A Great Work Ahead.

Today's Programme.

9:30. Sunday school.
10:00. Sermon—Rev. W. L. Davidson.
3:00. Address—P. M. Von Finklestein—Missionary Work in Palestine.
5:00. Chautauqua Sunday Vesper service.
6:30. Song service—Professor Case.
7:00. Sermon—Dr. T. DeWitt Talmage.

Dr. T. DeWitt Talmage will preach tonight at 7 o'clock at the tabernacle at Chautauqua. The music throughout the day will be grand. The band will be led by an orchestra, and the chorus will be led by Dr. C. C. Case and Professor McIntosh. An immense chorus has been organized and there will be service of song, vespers and sermons all day. Dr. Davidson will preach in the morning at 11 o'clock. Mr. Van Finklestein will tell of missionary work in Palestine at four o'clock. At 5:30 there will be Chautauqua vesper service. At 6:30 song service, conducted by Professor Case, and at 7 o'clock sermon by Dr. Talmage. During the day Mr. Turpe will play cornet solos, including "Nearer My God to Thee," "Rock of Ages," and other old hymns. It will be a grand day at Chautauqua, and ten thousand people will find easy facilities for transportation and enjoyment there.

Remember, you can leave this morning at 8 o'clock, at 8:55, 9:25, 11:48, 1:25 p. m., 5 p. m., and 5:30 p. m., and return at 9:45 a. m., 3 p. m., 4:15 p. m., 9 p. m., 9:15 p. m., and 9:30 p. m.

Mr. J. H. Gardner, master of trains on the Georgia Pacific, reached Salt springs last night and will remain there all day to-day and guarantees that there will be enough cars to carry everybody comfortably, with rapid schedules and everything that anybody can ask.

Go out to Chautauqua today. Go at any time you get ready, in the morning or afternoon, hear the music and sermon and take a day's rest with your family in the woods, and tonight hear the greatest living preacher in one of his grandest sermons.

Below is given the programme at the Chautauqua this week. Read each day's programme separately and see the splendid attractions offered and be sure to take advantage of them. This will be as interesting as the week which has just closed, and in saying this everything that can be said in favor of the programme has been stated. Each day is filled with special attractions and every hour in the day can be pleasantly and profitably spent. A better programme could not be prepared. But read it; it speaks for itself.

Monday, August 13.

9:00. Chorus rehearsal—Professor C. C. Case.
10:00. Sunday-school; normal.
11:00. Lecture—Mr. Leon H. Vincent—Thackeray.
2:30. Prelude—Rogers Band.
3:30. Concert—Professor C. C. Case, director. Signors Vitale and Peuelti and Herr Hugo Tuerpe will participate, assisted by other musicians.
5:00. Chorus rehearsal.
7:30. Lecture—P. M. Von Finklestein—The Bedouin or Arabs of Palestine.

Tuesday, August 14.

9.00 a. m. Chorus rehearsal—Professor C. C. Case.
10.00 a. m. Sunday-school—Normal.
11.00 a. m. Lecture—Mr. Leon H. Vincent, "Robert Browning."
3.00 p. m. Musicale—Herr Hugo Turpe.
4.00 p. m. Closing exercises of the Chautauqua College. Addresses by Mr. H. W. Grady, Dr. Gillett and members of the faculty.
5.00 p. m. Chorus rehearsal.
7.30 p. m. Lecture—P. M. Von Finklestein, "Life and Scenes in Palestine."

Wednesday, August 15.

9.00 a. m. Chorus Rehearsal—Professor C. C. Case.
10:00 a. m. Sunday-school Normal Class.
11:00 a. m. Lecture—Mr. Walter B. Hill, Macon, Ga. The Best Hundred Books.
3:00 p. m. Band Concert—The Rogers Band.
4:00 p. m. Recognition of the graduates of the C. L. S. C. Recognition service. Address—Dr. A. H. Gillett. Distribution of diplomas.
5:00 p. m. Chorus Rehearsal—Professor C. C. Case.
7:30 p. m. Concert—Signors Vitale and Peuelti.
8:00 p. m. Chautauqua Camp Fire.

Thursday, August 16.

9:00 a. m. Chorus Rehearsal.
10:00 a. m. Sunday School Normal.
11:00 a. m. Lecture—Rev. C. H. Strickland, D. D.
2:30 p. m. Musicale—The Rogers Band.
3:30 p. m. Lecture—Mr. M. T. Lymaga. Japan and the Japanese.
5:00 Chorus—Rehersal.
7:30 Lecture—Rev. W. L. Davidson—"In and About Shakspeare's Home."

Friday, August 17.

9:00 a. m. Chorus—Rehearsal.
10:00 a. m. Sunday School Normal.
11:00 a. m. Lecture—Rev. W. P. Thirkield, B. Ph. D.—"Manhood, Its Pattern and Inspiration."
2:30 p. m. Concert—Rogers Band.
3:30 p. m. Lecture—Wallace Bruce, Esq., Poughkeepsie, N. Y.—"Landmaks of Scott."
5 p. m. Chorus, rehearsal, Professor C. C. Case.
7:30 p. m. Lecture, Dr. A. H. Gillett—The story of Petra and the Smaitic Peninsula, with Stereopticon illustrations.

Saturday, August 18.

9:30 a. m. Chorus rehearsal. Professor C. C. Case.
10 a. m. Sunday school normal.
11 a. m. Lecture, Wallace Bruce—"Womanhood in Shakespeare."
2:30 p. m. Band concert.
3:30 p. m. Concert, under the direction of Professor C. C. Case.
5 p. m. C. L. S. C., "Round Table."
7:30 p. m. Lecture, Rev. W. L. Davidson—From the Italian Lakes to Vesuvius.

Yesterday at Chautauqua.

Yesterday was beyond all question the best day that Chautauqua has yet had. Fully six to eight thousand people were out, and everybody was delighted. A magnificent programme was arranged for the day, and was carried out to the letter.

Mr. P. M. Von Finlestein's illustrated lecture on "City Life Among the Jews" was magnificent, and proved a genuine hit. His manner of illustrating his lectures with real persons, attired in costumes appropriate to the lecture, is unique, and adds much to the interest of the lecture.

Mr. Leon H. Vincent delivered a splendid literary lecture on "Some Eccentricities of Authors," which was highly appreciated by all who heard it. His lecture was a purely literary one of the highest order, and reflected great credit on him.

DR. TALMAGE LAST NIGHT.

It was proper that so great a day and so great a week should be closed with a grand lecture by a grand man, and Dr. Talmage was called on to deliver the closing lecture of the most successful week that Chautauqua has yet experienced.

Fully eight thousand people were in the tabernacle at half-past seven o'clock last night, the hour set for Dr. Talmage's lecture on "The Bright Side of Things." When Dr. Talmage made his appearance on the platform, the air was filled with shouts of applause, the waving of handkerchiefs, and for a few minutes the crowd was submerged under the wave of six or eight thousand white handkerchiefs.

Dr. Talmage began his lecture by saying that most people made their own clouds, or sunshine, themselves, and were entirely responsible for most of their troubles. He was glad that his lot had been cast upon this particular planet; this world is a beautiful world, and he could think of nothing to add to it in the way of improvement. He could think of no color half so pretty as blue for the sky; he could think of no more appropriate or beautiful color than green for the grass, and so on through the entire list. He was particularly glad to live at this particular time, and would not give ten years of the life at this time, for five hundred years in the time of Methuselah. The great trouble was that men and women, too, fail to appreciate the vast number of gifts that have been bestowed upon them, in looking for a single cross, or disappointment. Some men go to the opera house and never hear anything except discordant sounds, no matter how sweet may be the music or how harmonious. His lecture was brimful of wit and humor and anecdotes, which he introduced to illustrate it, and kept the crowd intensely interested from first to last night. It was an effort worthy of so great a man, and reflected credit on him. His immense audience hung on every word, and no lecturer at Chautauqua has so thoroughly interested his audience as did Dr. Talmage last. His description of the burning of the Smithsonian institute was truly grand, and gave to the audience the best idea of his eloquence.

RELICS OF ROBINSON CRUSOE.

What Mementoes Travelers Find on the Island of Juan Fernandez.

Great care, says W. E. Curtis, in his recent book on Spanish-American capitals, has been taken to preserve the relics of Alexander Selkirk's stay upon the island, and his cave and huts remain just as he left them. In 1868 the officers of the British man-of-war Topaz erected a marble tablet to mark the famous outlook from which Mr. Crusoe, like the ancient mariner, used to watch for a sail, "and yet no sail from day to day." The inscription reads: "In memory of Alexander Selkirk, mariner, a native of Largo, county of Fife, Scotland, who lived upon this island in complete solitude for four years and four months. He was landed from the Cinque Ports galley, 96 tons, 16 guns, A. D. 1704, and was taken off in the Duke, privateer, on February 12, 1709. He died lieutenant of H. B. M. S. Weymouth, 47 years. This tablet is erected upon Selkirk's lookout by Commodore Powell and the officers of H. B. M. S. Topaz, A. D. 1868." No one ever goes to Juan Fernandez without bringing away rocks and sticks as relics of the place. There is a very fine sort of wood peculiar to the island, which makes beautiful canes, as it has a rare grain and polish as well.

Carried His Fighting Tools Along.

From the Warrenton, Ga., Clipper.

There is a very good joke going the rounds to the effect that one of our most dignified citizens, a public officer and Christian gentleman, went out in the country to hold a Sunday-school last Sunday afternoon. It looked a little cloudy, and so the gentleman decided to carry his overcoat along with him. It turned out that his prudence was the part of wisdom, for after he had commenced to conduct the exercises of the Sunday-school it began to pour down rain. One of the boys of the school went out and brought in the gentleman's overcoat. Just as he threw it upon the bed out dropped a pistol and huge knife. Such confusion! The women screamed, the children ran under the bed at the sight of such dangerous weapons, and the gentleman felt called upon to explain, which he did by saying that he did not know anything about the weapons in the coat pockets. He supposed that one of his boys must have put them there. This explanation was not altogether satisfactory, but it relieved the embarrassment. We know a good deal more about this matter, but as the gentleman referred to is a big man and has a reputation for being a good shot, we forbear.

The Young Men's Christian association members have Mr. P. H. Snook to thank for placing in the parlors of the association's new building an elegant plush chair as an endowment, and they all join heartily in expressing their appreciation of this useful present.

Dr. Talmage will preach tonight at 7 o'clock at the Tabernacle at Chautauqua.

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The grandest of living preachers at Piedmont Chautauqua today. Dr. Talmage preaches at 7 o'clock,

Music, Sermons and rest at Chautauqua today in the cool woods. Dr. Talmage tonight at 7 o'clock.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kind, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., New York.

At Wholesale by H. A. Boynton
Wyly & Greene, Atalnta, Ga.

FURNITURE!

I am selling fine Bed Room and Parlor Suits, Sideboards, Hat Racks, Wardrobes and other articles of fine Furniture at COST for CASH. A large lot of all grades of Furniture cheap for cash, or a small advance on time. When you want to buy give me a call. I can accommodate you.

A. G. RHODES,
85 Whitehall St.

WATCH CLUBS.

CLUBS WATCHES.

"Thanks, Awfully."

We have succeeded beyond our most sanguine expectations in getting some of our opponents to advertise the unequalled merits of our CLUB WATCHES. Had it not been for their generous assistance we would not have been able to organize

SEVEN CLUBS IN FOUR WEEKS!

Our success has been unparalleled—because investigation shows that we are giving a watch that no one else can duplicate for the price.

Seven Clubs will draw on Tuesday afternoon.

Eighth Club Forming This Week!

Join now—one dollar per week.

J. P. STEVENS & BRO.,
JEWELERS,
47 Whitehall Street.

COAL! COAL!

7,000 TONS OF THE CELEBRATED **SPLINT COAL**
—FOR SALE BY—
MOSS & MORSON,
OFFICE AND YARD SIMPSON STREET AND RAILROAD.
TELEPHONE 356. d6m un Fetz&Ph P. O. BOX 424.

BOOTS! SHOES! SLIPPERS!

JOHN M. MOORE

No. 33 Peachtree Street.
MEN'S, LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S FINE FOOTWEAR.
MAIL ORDERS GIVEN CAREFUL ATTENTION.
TELEPHONE 177: maydt6—f 5p

SHOES, SLIPPERS, ETC.

John Ryan's Sons

Have some new and startling bargains in their Shoe Department to offer tomorrow. Our immense trade daily increasing and new Bargains every day. See the following and compare with any shoe dealers. You will find prices about half:

169 pairs "Thos. Bolton's" Ladies' fine Curacoa Kid button Shoe at $2.00; price elsewhere $3.50.

237 pairs "Wright & Peters" Ladies' Bright Dongola Kid button Shoes $2.50; shoe dealers' price $4.00.

291 pairs "J. & T. Cousins" Ladies' genuine hand-sewed Kid button Shoes $3.00; shoe dealers' price $5.00.

131 pair fine Ladies French Kid button Boots $3.50, worth $6.00.

360 pairs Ladies' Curacoa Kid Common Sense button Shoes $2, worth $3.50.

227 pairs Ladies' hand-turned Kid Boots $1.75.

460 pairs Men's Calf Seamless, all styles, $1.75.

360 pairs Men's Calf Opera Toe $2, worth $3.

275 pairs Children's Kid hand-turned Shoes $1.25; price elsewhere $2.

800 pairs Misses' Kid and Goat spring heel Shoes only $1.

360 pairs Children's Kid and Goat spring heel, tip and plain, at 75c.

800 pairs Men's fine French Calf Shoes, new line just made for us, handsomest and finest goods ever shown south. We ask your inspection.

JOHN RYAN'S SONS.

GEORGIA CITIES.

News of the Day From the Great Centers.

DOINGS IN MACON YESTERDAY

Transfer of the Macon Telegraph—The Amount Paid, Etc.

MACON, Ga., August 11.—[Special.]—Colonel J. H. Estill, proprietor of the Savannah Morning News, is in the city and has taken charge of the Telegraph. The transfer has been made, Manager Campbell has retired, and Mr. F. G. Bell, of Savannah, who accompanied Colonel Estill to Macon, seems to be temporarily in charge, though we understand that Colonel Estill has not appointed any one as permanent business manager.

Mr. Bell has had, so we understand, long experience in the newspaper business, and is thoroughly competent in every particular for the successful discharge of the duties connected with the paper.

The price paid for the Macon Telegraph has never been made public, and it was variously estimated at from $27,000 to $33,000—$30,000 being the amount of the average opinion.

Mr. Charles Campbell, late manager of the Telegraph, and Colonel David E. Blunt today applied to the court for an order of sale for the benefit of heirs of the estate of Jas. H. Campbell. It was in this way THE CONSTITUTION representative learned the price paid for the property. The total amount is $27,428.14, twenty-two and one-tenth shares being bought by Colonel J. H. Estill, and four tenths of one share remaining the property of S. T. Coleman and others. The trade was for $7,000, and assumed debts to the amount of $20,428.14.

THE NEW CARRIER'S MISHAP.

Mr. Outler Receives an Unpleasant Initiation From a Texas Pony.

MACON, Ga., August 11.—[Special.]—Mr. N. S. Outler, the newly appointed letter carrier, vice Cass Rozar, resigned, has made a bad start.

It was reserved for the ever unreliable Texas pony to give Mr. Outler a most unexpected and undesirable initiation. This morning while Mr. Outler was out on Tattnall square, making his rounds, riding, he leaned over to give a letter to a person, and the pony made a sudden jump, which caused Mr. Outler to fall to one side, he not having hold of the bridle at the time. The saddle twisted and slipped under the pony, throwing Mr. Outler heavily to the ground. In falling his foot caught in the stirrup. The pony now began to kick and plunge, and Mr. Outler's position became very perilous. Fortunately the pony was quite small, and Mr. Outler being rather heavy, the animal seemed to think he would have some difficulty in dragging Mr. Outler, and he was content to only back and plunge. Finally Mr. Outler freed his foot from the stirrup, and the pony broke into a run, but was stopped about two hundred yards away. While Mr. Outler was hanging by the stirrup, the horse struck Mr. Outler rather a severe blow on the top of the head with his foot.

A DIFFICULTY.

Was the Drummer From Macon?—Conductor Dick Harris's Action.

MACON, Ga., August 11.—[Special.]—We are informed that on Thursday night on the East Tennessee there came near being a very serious difficulty, and but for the prompt interference of cool and brave men some one might have been killed.

The exciting scene occurred between Judge Ware, of Jesup, and a drummer, but whether the drummer was from Macon could not be learned.

Judge Ware took a seat in the first class car and left his baggage on it, went out and in a few moments returning with Mrs. Ware, found the drummer occupying his seat, and expressed the belief that the drummer had moved his baggage and taken possession of the seat. This the drummer emphatically denied, and hot words passed between him and Judge Ware, both were going into another car. Returning the quarrel was renewed and the drummer drew a pistol, and doubtless would have fired, but for the quick interposition of Mr. James Bishop, of Eastman, who saw the movement of the drummer and prevented him using the pistol. Finally the belligerents were prevailed upon to desist their disputing, but not until several ladies in the car were badly frightened.

It is said that the prompt and cool action of Conductor Dick Harris had considerable effect in quelling the difficulty.

THE GUN TOURNAMENT.

The Macon Gun Club Ships Two Crates of Live Pigeons.

MACON, Ga., August 11.—[Special.]—The Macon gun club will no doubt be represented by a crack team at the great interstate shot at Savannah on the 20th and 21st instant, under the auspices of the Forest City Gun club.

On Thursday Secretary Etheridge of Macon shipped to Savannah two crates of live pigeons to be used in the shot, and the Charleston club will also furnish a good supply.

President Kieffer, of the Forest City club, writes that the prospects for a fine shoot are very bright. Quite a number of clubs have promised to be represented. It is thought that between fifteen and twenty clubs, representing from 100 to 125 men, will engage in the shoot. We believe Macon can send a team that would win the prize.

A STRANGE DISAPPEARANCE.

What Became of the Man Who Left His Valise Behind.

MACON, Ga., August 11.—[Special.]—Last night, a man, whose name up to this writing is unknown to the police, sat his valise down in front of the door of the express office, entered the office, walked to the water cooler, looked around for moment or so, and then went out of the side door leading into the alley by the wall of the yard of the union depot, and has not since been seen about the express office. He left the valise setting where he placed it in front of the door, and has not returned for it. The valise was picked up and put inside the office to await the call of its owner. It may be carried to the city hall and examined by police authorities, and its contents may reveal to whom it belongs.

COUPONS TO BE PAID.

Green & Bateman Prepared for the September Payment.

MACON, Ga., August 11.—[Special.]—Next month the September payment of the six per cent coupon bonds of the Covington and Macon road will be due.

Green & Bateman, of New York, are prepared to make the said payment at their office. These bonds are worth par and interest, and the payments are made in March and September. The payment last March was promptly met. The Covington and Macon bonds are considered gilt edge in the northern markets, and are considered a most valuable investment.

Temporary Sanitary Inspector.

MACON, Ga., August 11.—[Special.]—Sanitary Inspector Hemington is a hard worked man just at present, and during the Florida yellow fever scare has his hands full. It is probable that under the circumstances Mayor Price will appoint a temporary assistant inspector, in order that every reasonable precaution in regard to health may be taken and observed.

400,000 Words.

MACON, Ga., August 11.—[Special.]—Stenographer Barnes has finished taking in type writing from short hand notes the evidence in the recent trial of the Sheppard insurance case. The record made 400,000 words, probably the most voluminous testimony ever given in Bibb superior court. It consists of nearly 200,000 more words than the celebrated Woolfolk case.

Sale of Ponies.

MACON, Ga., August 11.—[Special.]—This morning there was a sale of Texas ponies at Powers's stables. Quite a number were sold, amid much merriment, at prices ranging from $22 to $28.

Monthly Meeting.

MACON, Ga., August 11.—[Special.]—Last night at the hospitable residence of Mr. C. C. Wilder, on Pine street, the Juvenile Missionary society held its regular monthly meeting. There was a large attendance, and the proceedings were very enjoyable.

After the transaction of the business of the meeting delightful refreshments were served.

Off to the White Mountains.

MACON, Ga., August 11.—[Special.]—Judge and Mrs. Emory Speer, Miss Eugenia Speer and Miss Laura Speer, of Athens, sailed last evening, and are now en route on the steamship "City of Macon" from Savannah for Boston, on their way to the White mountains. They will probably remain north until the first of October.

Personal Points.

MACON, Ga., August 11.—[Special.]—Captain W. A. Davis went to the Piedmont Chautauqua today.

Judge H. M. Herman has returned from a trip to Atlanta.

Colonel E. C. Machen will spend tomorrow at Machen, on the Covington and Macon road.

Mr. W. G. Solomon went to Atlanta this morning.

Mr. F. G. Bell, of Savannah, is in the city.

Hon. J. H. Estill, of Savannah, is in the city.

Miss Lucy Watson left this afternoon for Gainesville, Nacoochee Valley and other points in North Georgia to spend the summer.

Mr. Thad C. Sturgis, general passenger agent of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad, is at the Hotel Lanier.

Among those at the Hotel Lanier (Florida refugees) are Mr. John G. Christopher, the well known proprietor of the Pablo Beach hotel, who is accompanied by his wife and children; Mrs. Jennie Moore and Ray Moore, of Pablo; Frank J. Herb, W. C. Fry, of Pablo; G. H. Fleming and R. Murphy, of Jacksonville.

WITH OUR EXCHANGES.

A Few Items of Interest Culled From Our State Papers.

The Home Journal says that the Perry Chautauqua is in session every afternoon (Sundays excepted) from four to six o'clock—shady side of the courthouse corridors. One of the especially stringent rules of the organization is that not more than three persons are allowed to lecture at one time.

***

A gentleman of Sparta has a pet coon. Last Sunday evening he made his appearance in the Presbyterian church during the discourse of Rev. Mr. Dixon. He remained quiet some time, then went into the pulpit, climbed upon one of the two tall-backed chairs, twisted himself around about the top, viewed the congregation from several different positions, then mounted upon the stand, drank water from the pitcher, thrust one foot then another into it, laved his physiognomy and then ambled back to one of the pulpit windows and planted himself, with a satisfied look on his countenance, apparently for the rest of the sermon. But the minister did not seem to put much confidence in the moral qualities of his visitor, so he requested that the animal be disposed of before services were further proceeded with. W. A. Burwell came to his relief and drove his coonship from the window and premises.

***

Postmasters occasionally strike puzzling addresses. Mr. Giddings, says the Talbotton New Era, called our attention the other day to a letter directed as follows: "Mr. Blank Blank, care of Mr. C. H. Matthews, Efftseelanchia, Talbott county, Ga." What postoffice do you suppose the writer was after? He was trying to write, Ypsilanti. This is as queer a mistake as was that made by the man who wished to direct a letter to Forsyth and who wrote it Percise.

***

Pat Mansfield and his wife, of Bartow county, discovered some commotion in a hen's nest, and on investigation found a large snake coiled up with the old hen and her brood. Pat secured a hoe and severed his snakeship in twain. For several minutes they were amused watching the head half fight the other piece, which was kept up with fury till death put an end to the struggle.

***

A female swindler, calling herself Mrs. A. Davidson, has been playing a pretty game in Kingston. She stopped at the Cloud house several days. She had three little children with her, and said they were her grandchildren. She claimed to be from Sacramento, Cal., and was on her way to her old home near Staunton, Va., and represented herself to be the widow of Colonel John Davidson, and that she was in very easy circumstances, and left Kingston to go to Rome to provide for some poor relatives, and was to have returned in a few days. She went around Rome with a real estate agent to buy a considerable amount of property for her grandchildren and the family of Mr. John P. Davidson. She left Rome to go to Kingston to pay her board bill of $11 at the Cloud house, and $1.50 in change she borrowed from J. M. Davidson. She did not come by Kingston, and failed to pay her board bill and borrowed money in Rome.

DOTS FROM DAWSON.

New Cotton Coming to Market—Schools to Open Soon.

DAWSON, Ga., August 11.—[Special.]—It is not an unusual sight now to see loads of new cotton, as much as four bales on a wagon, drive into town every day. There has been no rain for three weeks in this county, except a few partial showers, and, as a consequence, the hot weather has already injured cotton materially, and is causing it to open rapidly. Present indications are that the crop will be gathered by the middle of October, or earlier.

Mr. W. H. Harrison, recently of Andersonville, has been made express agent at this place. Mr. Harrison is a worthy young man, attentive to business, and will no doubt fill this office acceptably to the citizens of Dawson.

Dawson is to have both of her schools opened for the next scholastic year. On the first Monday in September the South Georgia Male and Female college will begin its fall session under the presidency of Professor M. L. Parker, who has conducted it so successfully during the last two years. Professor Parker possesses the reputation of one of the foremost educators of the state, and the trustees of this school are fortunate in retaining his services. On Wednesday, September 5th, Rev. B. W. Davis will open a school in the Owen Nelson institute for girls and young ladies only. Mr. Davis has had a number of years' experience as a teacher, and enjoys a fine reputation as an instructor, and under his control Dawson will no doubt soon have an excellent female school.

From the present outlook Dawson will very soon become a genuine health resort and instead of allowing some of her population to spend a part of their summers at Gainesville, Salt Springs, and elsewhere, the people of middle and north Georgia will be invited to spend the summer here and enjoy the best of artesian water and health. Notwithstanding the apparent very warm weather the average temperature has not been, during the entire summer, more than 87°, and its maximum has not been beyond 97°. There has been but one case of fever among the white citizens since the beginning of the present year, and this record will compare favorably with any town in Georgia.

COLUMBUS CHRONICLES.

The Runnells Case in Court—A Little Excitement.

COLUMBUS, Ga., August 11.—[Special.]—In the superior court this morning the case of Mr. Charles Runnells was called for trial on two charges, viz: Larceny after trust and forgery. He waived examination in the larceny after trust case, and was bound over to the November term of court in the sum of $1,500. He came to trial on the charge of forgery, but the case was continued and he was required to give a bond of $1,000 for his appearance at the November term. Both bonds were signed by Mr. Markham. The court adjourned until November.

Great excitement was created tonight by a report that the seven convicts who escaped from the Chattahoochee brick company's camp had invaded the premises of Mrs. Blackmar, on Fourth avenue. A detachment of police was at once sent to the spot, but no convicts were found. A negro woman in the yard says the convicts came to her and asked for an ax to cut their shackles. She gave an alarm and the convicts fled.

Work on the steeple of the Catholic church was commenced today. The steeple will cost $3,500.

Dr. Talmage will preach tonight at 7 o'clock at the Tabernacle at Chautauqua.

ALL ABOUT ATHENS.

A Heated Contest for City and County Offices.

HOW THE BOYS GET LIQUOR

News and Gossip of All Kinds From the Classic City.

ATHENS, Ga., August 11.—[Special.]—Our city is on the verge of a very heated contest for county and city officers. Dr. J. A. Hunnicutt, one of our best and most popular citizens, has announced for mayor, and it is reported that he will be opposed by Dr. E. S. Lyndon. No candidates have as yet been announced for aldermen, but a double set will doubtless be brought out in all the wards. There is a regular scramble for several county offices, but the most interesting contest will be between Messrs. Asa M. Jackson and S. M. Herrington for ordinary. Both candiates are strong and popular gentlemen. Dr. J. C. Orr, ex-postmaster, opposed Mr. C. J. O'Farrell for county treasurer. Dr. Orr would doubtless make an efficient officer if elected, but in opposing Mr. O'Farrell he encounters one of the best officials, and one of the most universally popular gentlemen in Georgia. An effort will be made to have a nomination by primary election for both city and county offices, but the suggestion meets with bitter opposition, as it is feared, that to go into a nomination would jeopardize party interests. The negroes have a majority of 146 over the whites in Clarke county, and will vote almost to a man against the nominee. Besides, we have a large independent white vote that will not abide the result of a primary election. There will be plenty of independent candidates, too, to vote for if a nomination is forced. Clarke county at this time is badly divided, the late legislative contest having caused a great deal of bitterness and antagonism that it will take years to heal. A nomination could not be forced at a more unfortunate time.

The race between Messrs. Brown, Russell and Mitchell, for solicitor-general, attracts a good deal of attention in Athens.

It is reported that a few days since Mr. E. T. Brown addressed a letter to Mr. R. B. Russell, proposing to submit their respective claims to the democrats of Clarke county on the day of the election, a separate box, of course, to be used, Mr. Brown stating that if he did not receive a majority of the votes cast he would retire from the race, if Mr. Russell would do the same. Mr. Russell declined the test, saying that the issue had already been made when his candidate (Mr. Tuck) defeated Mr. Brown's candidate (Mr. Mell) for the legislative nomination. Several letters passed between these gentlemen, said to be of a decidedly interesting character, but nothing came out of the correspondence.

HOW THEY WORK IT.

How Liquor is Obtained by the Guzzlers in Dry Counties.

ATHENS, August 11.—[Special.]—The desperate straits to which old soakers in prohibition towns are reduced in order to get a drink of whisky is often amusingly pitiful. A man in Athens, who has a sick wife, whose disease demands the constant use of spirits, is a bigger feller than President Cleveland. In fact, he looks and walks like the proverbial goose that lays the golden eggs. He is the most popular man, too, in the city, and is courted, caressed and cajoled on every hand. Whenever one of the boys gets dry, all he has to do is to hunt up one of these fortunate individuals, who, armed with a doctor's prescription, marches to some drugstore, and will soon return with the long-felt want concealed under his coat tail. It is true that he has to pay at the rate of six dollars per gallon for wkisky that cost the druggist about a dollar and fifteen cents—but it will make drunk come alle samee. Enormous quantities of liquor are thus sold in Athens that never sees a sick room.

Watkinsville, Oconee county, is another prohibition town that has not even drug stores to fall back on, and the old soakers are reduced to still more dire extremities. The base of most patent medicines is alcohol, and the lovers of the ardent in that town made such a raid on these preparations that the town council had actually to enact an ordinance prohibiting the sale of S. S. S., B. B. B., Jamaica ginger, pain killer and even of Bradfield's Female Regulator. This latter medicine was a great popular favorite among the drinkers, for it contains a large per centage of spirits which can be easily separated by putting the bottle down and let the medicine properties settle at the bottom. There is said to be a very respectable drunk in two bottles of Bradfield's Female Regulator.

But the hardest case comes from Eatonton. A short time since a drunken painter came to that town, and from the quantities of alcohol he bought to mix with his paints he created distrust with the druggists, who refused to sell him any more alcohol unless he permitted them to stir it into the white lead themselves. This he consented to do, but, to the surprise of the druggists, their customer continued to get drunk, when it was discovered that he would set his tub of paint aside, and when the alcohol rose to the surface would actually skim it off and drink it. There is nothing more poisonous than white lead, and how the stomach of the poor drunkard stood such a dose is incomprehensible.

FINE CROPS.

Encouraging Reports From Over a Dozen Counties.

ATHENS, Ga., August 11.—[Special.]—A gentleman who has just returned to Athens from an extended trip by private conveyance through a dozen counties in this section, brings rather encouraging reports from the crops. He says, as a general thing, both corn and cotton are very promising, and if no disaster overtakes the crops, an abundant harvest will be gathered. The country seems to alternate in dry and wet streaks, but even in the former belts enough rain has fallen to insure a fair yield. An unusally large area has been planted in corn, and, what is unusual, but uplands and bottoms seem to have "hit." The corn crop is now about made, and fodder pulling has commenced. The cotton plant is smaller than usual, but where worked is very heavily fruited. There is a small June crop, and one of the largest July crops of bolls ever seen. Farmers are hopeful and in fine spirits.

A Restraining Order.

ATHENS, Ga., August 11.—[Special.]—Judge Lumpkin has issued a restraining order to prevent the Macon and Covington road from occupying with their track Hickory street in this city. This is the street the Georgia railroad gave to the city for street purposes. Only the Macon and Covington and the city are restrained from taking any further action until the hearing of the bill which is filed for Saturday, August 25th. Judge Lumpkin would have set the case for a somewhat earlier hearing, except for the fact that next week he goes to Hancock to try the contested whisky election cases and the week later he holds Glasscock superior court. Judge Hutchens was disqualified on account of being a stockholder in the Georgia railroad, at whose instance this bill was filed.

Death of Mr. James Carlton.

ATHENS, Ga., August 11.—[Special.]—Mr. James Carlton, one of our oldest and best citizens, died last night at the advanced age of ninety-three years. The deceased was the father of twelve children, all of whom are dead but four—two sons and two daughters. Hon. H. H. Carlton, member of congress from the 8th district, and James Carlton Carlton, cashier of the National bank, are his sons. Mr. Carlton was born in King and Queens county, Va., and removed to Athens sixty years ago, where he has continually resided until the time of his death. Kind-hearted and good he was greatly grieved. His funeral will take place tomorrow at 11 o'clock from the First Methodist church, and the remains will be laid to rest in Oconee cemetery.

A New Daily in Athens.

ATHENS, Ga., August 11.—[Special.]—There is no talk lately about the new daily paper to start in Athens next fall. It is understood that $15,000 have been subscribed, and the editorial management tendered to a well-known journalist of this city, who, however, declined the offer. Hence, the venture hangs fire, but the money to start the paper can be raised at twenty-four hours' notice.

OFFER NO RESISTANCE.

Deputy Collector Gantt and the Moonshiners.

ATHENS, Ga., August 11.—[Special.]—About a year ago the manufacture of illicit liquor was extensively carried on in the counties around Athens, Madison being full of moonshine stills. These violators of the revenue laws have been so successfully raided that they are now pretty well thinned out. Yesterday Deputy Collector Gantt had applications from two moonshiners to start up government distilleries. This business, too, has been suppressed without oppressing any one. Mr. Gantt, in making his raid, always goes in his buggy, sometimes alone, and seldom carrying more than one man with him. He has never met with the slightest resistance, but has been treated always with the greatest kindness and politeness by the men from whom he has taken the stills, the moonshiners themselves often assisting him to tear down and mash up their "coppers," and tie them behind his buggy. This certainly speaks well for the men engaged in this illicit and unpopular business in our section.

Judge Lyle Happy.

ATHENS, Ga., August 11.—[Special.]—Judge James R. Lyle, nominee for the senate from this district, was in Athens today, looking supremely happy. It is reported that Judge Lyle will be opposed by Mr. Middlebrook, of Newton, who will make the race as an independent. The judge says that since he has captured the nomination he has no fears for his election. Judge Lyle is a strong anti-Russell man, but it is not known whether he will support Messrs. Brown or Mitchell.

The Jug Trains.

ATHENS, Ga., August 11.—[Special.]—While Athens is a prohibition city, a large amount of liquor is sold and consumed in it. Every train comes ladened with jugs, while some of the bar-rooms in Madison county, six miles distant, run daily express wagons here; besides, the city is honey combed with "blind tiger" lairs. You see very few drunken men, however, on the streets, the liquor generally being consumed in offices, places of business and at home.

A Surgical Institute in Athens.

ATHENS, August 11.—[Special.]—It is understood that an association of leading physicians in Georgia, who make a practice of specialties, have decided to establish a surgical institute in this city. There is not a better location in the south for such an enterprise, for we have here a fine climate, pure air, delicious water, and convenient railroad facilities.

Athens Municipal Affairs.

ATHENS, Ga., August 11.—[Special.]—It is reported that ex-Mayor J. H. Dorsey will oppose Captain D. C. Oliver for chief of police next year. It is also said that an effort will be made to elect a council pledged to displace the present police force. The election of a mayor and one alderman will secure the old officers in their places.

The Prosperous Graphic.

ATHENS, Ga., August 11.—[Special.]—We understand that the Evening Graphic has made arrangements to buy a press and outfit, and will shortly begin printing the paper in its own office. Mr. H. L. Cranford is now furnishing the material. This movement shows that the Graphic is a success and a fixture for Athens.

Will Move to Athens.

ATHENS, Ga., August 11.—[Special.]—It is reported that Mr. Isaac Lowe, engaged in the liquor business in Greensboro, contemplates opening a drug store in Athens, in Dr. Carlton's new building. Mr. Lowe has a host of warm friends in Athens, and is a man who will succeed in whatever he undertakes.

Repairing the Old College.

ATHENS, Ga., August 11.—[Special.]—The old rock college is being overhauled and remodeled, so that it will scarcely be recognized. The building has been repainted and put in thorough repair, the grounds terraced and a large hothouse built.

Injured by the Drought.

ATHENS, Ga., August 11.—[Special.]—The past few days the drought and hot sun have done serious injury to cotton and late corn. Gardens are literally burned up. Fortunately early corn was made before the drought set in.

JAILED FOR RAPE.

The Awful Crime of a Harris County White Man.

HAMILTON, Ga., August 11.—[Special.]—A young white man by the name of Phillips was put in jail at this place a few days ago for committing rape upon a little negro girl, about eight years old. He lived at Waverly Hall, in this county, and while a work in Shiloh district, it is said, enticed the girl off in the woods, pretending to send her back with a jug he had in the woods and wanted the mother of the girl to keep it until he returned to her house, and when off from the house he committed this crime. The doctor who examined the girl said she was in a very critical condition. Phillips was arrested and brought before this girl, and she told him he was the man that did it. It is reported by good people that this is the third attempt of this kind. Evidence is very strong against him. Phillips has a wife and three small children, and is about thirty-three years old.

Rev. Simon Peter Richardson.

WATKINSVILLE, Ga., August 11.—[Special.] Rev. Simon Peter Richardson, presiding elder for this circuit, whom THE CONSTITUTION took to task for his article in the Banner-Watchman against the german, has purchased the Woodis place, containing one hundred acres of land, on the outskirts of this village and on the line of the Covington and Macon road. He paid $1,500 for this property, the trade being negotiated by Mr. John T. Anderson, real estate agent, of Athens. It is understood that Mr. Richardson intends to retire from the ministry and will make Watkinsville his home.

Lightning at Chipley.

CHIPLEY, Ga., August 11.—[Special.]—An electrical storm prevailed here last evening never before witnessed by this people. For two hours the electricity was a continual flash, followed by claps of thunder, wrecking and reeling the houses, the very earth quivering as in a balance. The oldest citizens were aroused and pronounced it as unparalleled. The secretary's office of the state alliance was struck, and much damage was done to the hall. It was set on fire but extinguished.

Capture of a Murderer.

SANDERSVILLE, Ga., August 11.—[Special.]—Dan Thomas, who murdered John Dyer at Tennille, some time since, and it is said, has killed several others at different points, a regular desperado, was caught in Savannah on Thursday, brought to this place by Sheriff Wall last night and safely lodged in jail. His murder is considered to have been one of the most cold booded nature, and great gratification is felt over his capture.

Will Have Opposition.

WATKINSVILLE, August 11.—[Special.]—Hon. F. P. Griffith, who has represented Oconee county for three terms in the legislature, is again in the arena, but it is not assured that he will have a walk-over this time. It is said that he will be opposed by either Sheriff Overby, or Mr. Watt Johnson, either of whom would make a very strong race. Mr. Griffith, however, is related to nearly half the county, and is an exceedingly popular man besides.

Charged With Murder.

SAVANNAH, Ga., August 11.—[Special.]—Weidner, the grocer who shot Burke Tuesday night, is to have a hearing before a bench of magistrates next week. He is in jail now on a warrant for murder. Although the coroner's jury brought in a verdict of voluntary manslaughter, the magistrates will be apt to say he is guilty of murder.

To Resume Track Laying.

WATKINSVILLE, August 11.—[Special.]—Preparations are now being made to resume track laying on the Covington and Macon railroad. Crossties have been scattered along the road bed, as far as this place, and there are two carloads of iron at Greenwood. Our town is preparing for a big barbecue as soon as the iron horse prances into this burg.

POLITICS IN GEORGIA.

J. V. Walker was nominated for the legislature from Union county in the primary last Wednesday.

The democratic mass meeting in Sparta yesterday instructed delegates to the congressional convention to vote for Hon. Samuel Barnett.

The negroes of Douglas county held a mass meeting yesterday, and decided to put out no candidates for office, but to vote as a unit in the coming election.

The grandest of living preachers at Piedmont Chautauqua today. Dr. Talmage preaches at 7 o'clock.

REMARKS FROM ROME

About the Great Exposition Next Fall,

AND PREPARATIONS MADE

Immense Crowds Expected on "Thurman Day."

ROME, Ga., August 11.—[Special.]—The all-absorbing topic in Rome today is the coming exposition. The directors are hard at work. President Towers and Secretary Walton are tireless and energetic, while General Solicitor Ross is diligently "working up" the adjoining counties. Captain A. J. Little, Hon. L. A. Dean, Mr. John Temple Graves, Hon. Seaborn Wright, Mr. W. T. Cheney, Captain John J. Seay, Professor S. C. Caldwell and others are also doing fine work for the exposition. Perhaps the most important factor in the success of this magnificent enterprise is the Tribune of Rome. It is needless to say that our people are proud of this splendid newspaper. The exposition buildings and grounds will be ready before the appointed time. The race track will be one of the best in the south. Innumerable applications for space are being received. At night, the grounds will be lighted by electricity; a fine system of water works will supply fresh, pure water.

The railroads and the dummy line will furnish ample transportation, and nothing will be left undone that will promote the comfort and pleasure of the thousands of visitors that will throng the grounds.

"Thurman Day" will be a grand occasion, and twenty-five thousand visitors are expected at that time. The magnificent Armstrong hotel, which will be opened October 1, the Central hotel, which is being handsomely refitted and refurnished, the Rome hotel, the Sergeant house, besides a large number of elegant private boarding houses, will comfortably accommodate the multitude. Governor Gordon will open the exposition amid the booming of cannon, the sound of music and the cheers of many thousands. The opening of the North Georgia and Alabama exposition will mark an epoch in the history of Rome and the Cherokee country.

REMARKABLE PROSPERITY.

This summer has been, in many respects, a remarkable one for Rome. Trade has been better than ever before known at this season; the streets present the animated appearance usual in the fall and winter. Elegant new buildings are in progress of erection on Broad and adjoining streets. Notwithstanding the large number of new business houses erected within the last year, there are not today five vacant storerooms in the city. There is not an idle mechanic or workman in Rome, and the progress of building is actually retarded by lack of workmen. When, two weeks ago, the trustees of the public schools desired to let the contract for a new school building, it was almost impossible to get contractors to bid for the work, on account of the scarcity of laborers. Real estate agents find it very hard to fill the demand for dwelling houses. There is not one saloon or gambling house in Rome—a city which, with its suburbs, contains a population of from twelve to fifteen thousand. Violations of the prohibition law are few and far between.

ITEMS IN BRIEF.

The election of Mr. John Temple Graves as elector-at-large gives intense satisfaction to the hosts of friends of the brilliant "little giant of the hills."

The beautiful Masonic temple is being frescoed and elegantly refurnished. It will be reopened on October 2d, on which occasion Cherokee and Oostanaula lodges F. and A. M. will have a reunion to which neighboring lodges will be invited.

There were several barbecues and veterans' reunions during the week. The old soldiers fought their battles o'er again amid smiling scenes of peace and plenty. 1861—1888! What a contrast!

The North and South street railroad is rapidly nearing completion. Cars will be put on by September 1st. Broad street will present an animated appearance, with dummies and horse cars running parallel within eight feet of each other.

Forrestville, South Rome and East Rome are now included in the free delivery system. Four carriers are employed.

Broad street is brilliantly illuminated at night by electric lights. It is hoped that the city council will soon make arrangements to have all the streets lighted in this way.

CARTERSVILLE BOOMING.

A Contract Closed for Waterworks—A Rolling Mill and Ice Works, Etc.

CARTERSVILLE, Ga., August 6.—[Special.]—Cartersville is today beginning to realize that she is in the toils of an immense boom. Many transfers at rapidly advancing figures are being made in real estate. Strangers are coming in lively, and the hotels are full. Engineers are in the field laying off the grounds of the Steel and Furnace company, which will be graded and sidetracks put in at once. The work is being superintended by officials of the company—Messrs. Martin, of Birmingham, and Ware, of St. Louis—who are fitting up offices at the St. James hotel.

Our city authorities this afternoon closed a contract with the Jeter & Boardman Gas and Water company, of Macon, Ga., for a fine system of waterworks. This association, under the management of its president and founder, W. A. Jeter, has grown to be one of the wealthiest in the south, and the system of works built by them is pronounced by all experts to be the best in the land, and our people felt satisfied that by identifying such men as compose their association, Cartersville is largely the gainer, and will soon bring the town to the front. As the iron and steel center of the south, her fields of the richest raw material are inexhaustive and warrant such a prediction.

The city authorities also closed a contract with a Boston company represented by Mr. Hiram Blansdell, for gas and electric lights, the work to commence at once. A Boston syndicate has procured a body of land near in and will soon commence several fine residences. House room is very scarce and contractors have all they can do. A rolling mill company with a capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars will be organized Thursday of this week to erect an immense plant here. A rolling mill builder of Pittsburg of national reputation has been already employed. An ice factory is assured. The capital is all organized and will soon commence operation. Startling rumors of gigantic schemes are in the air, which are backed up with plausible evidence and from the outlook there is no realizing the future greatness of the town.

Was Not From Cuthbert.

CUTHBERT, Ga., August 11—[Special.]—In Thursday's CONSTITUTION appeared an article from Macon in regard to a Mrs. Fannie Wesfield, a charitable object, who had turned up in Macon and claimed to be from Cuthbert. No such person lives here and if there was she would not, if an object of charity, be allowed to seek a home elsewhere unless it was in direct opposition to the wishes of our people. There was an old lady here a short time ago answering to that description but she does not reside in this place.

VETERANS' REUNIONS.

The seventh annual reunion of survivors of the Eighteenth Georgia regiment was held at the tabernacle, at Cartersville, yesterday. There was a large attendance, and everything passed off pleasantly.

Company K, Thirty-Fourth Georgia regiment, will meet in reunion at Salem church, Heard county, on the 31st instant. Hon. P. F. Smith is expected to be present and Rev. Jeff Daniel will deliver an address.

The Eleventh Georgia regiment will hold a reunion at Atlanta on Friday, September 7th.

Elbert county veterans will meet in Elberton on the 15th instant.

The reunion of the ex-confederate veterans of Campbell and Douglass counties, which was to have been held at Salt Springs, on the 9th instant, has been postponed on the account of the sickness of the president of the association, and because the people of Campbell ask that it be done, so as to give them all an opportunity to attend.

Music, Sermons and rest at Chautauqua today in the cool woods. Dr. Talmage tonight at 7 o'clock.

A MUSICAL SNAKE.

A Confederate Soldier's Pet Lost and Recovered.

From the Swainsboro, Ga., Pine Forest.

In the year 1864 a confederate soldier from one of the Lousianna regiments came home with one of the young men and spent his furlough at Vineland. The soldier had a pet rattlesnake about two feet long which he carried in an inside pocket of his shirt. The soldier would whistle to the snake "Dixie," "Bonnie Blue Flag," and other popular war tunes which always had a noticeable effect on the little snake. He used the root of some kind of herb as a charm and a circle made on the floor or ground with the root the snake would not dare attempt to cross. One day while out in the field after fodder for his horse the soldier placed the snake in his hat and put it upon the fence, first running his root around the brim of the hat so that the snake could not crawl out, but there came a puff of wind and blew the hat off the fence and the influence of the charm being removed the snake crawled off into a swamp near at hand. The prettiest thing about the snake was that he was beautifully tattooed with different colored inks. The name of the snake was "Dick," the initials of the soldier and his regiment and company and C. S. A. all beautifully and legibly tattooed on the back of the snake. As time passed on and lifted the war clouds and let in the sunshine of peace and prosperity no more was thought of the soldier and his little rattlesnake "Dick," till 1883 (twenty-two years after the war), a negro woman in passing the swamp discovered a very large rattlesnake, which after being killed was found to have twenty-six rattles and two buttons and his hide when stuffed held three pecks of bran, but all the tattooing had grown out. Then how are we to know that it was "Dick?" Why, when the woman assumed a warlike attitude "Dick" sprung his rattles and rattled off Dixie in such notes as would put to blush a regular brass band and to the tune of which up marched about one hundred well armed young rattlesnakes about six feet in length all rattling off "Bonnie Blue Flag."

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The board of directors was addressed
N. B. Owsley, of Quitman, Ga., who a
ted the building of the road through
and Worth, stating that the people o
section wanted the road and would
substantial aid. Committees from I
Hawkinsville and Thomasville we
heard by the board, and they all want
lanta and Florida to build to the tow
represented.

What Route Will It Take.

In the discussion at the directors' m
regarding the extension of the Atlan
Florida, various routes were suggested,
line to Jacksonville or to the seacoa
Brunswick, being the two most prominen
mentioned. The preliminary surveys, whi
will be ordered at once, will determine th
final route of the road, and no definite
tion will be made until these surveys ar
pleted and examined. There has be
preliminary survey made on a line fr
present terminus of the road at Fort Va
Thomasville, and this line may cut a fi
the southward extension. There is
reason to doubt that the Atlanta and
is going to tidewater, and will be built
idly as possible when the final location
pleted, and, as THE CONSTITUTION has pr
ly remarked, success to it!

The Georgia Improvement Compa

The Georgia Improvement company
option on the contract for building the
sion of the Atlanta and Florida road.
event that this company fails to take
tage of its option, bids will be advertis
The Georgia Improvement company
large interest in the Atlanta and Flori
it is to be presumed will accept their
and continue as contractors in its exten

To Fort Valley.

The last rail that could be laid wi
present supply of iron was put down
Atlanta and Florida yesterday, and th
which left this city at 4 o'clock last
ran to within half a mile of the center
town.

Suits Against Railroads.

Several damage suits against differen
roads were filed yesterday in the office of t
of the superior court. Mrs. M. E. Plaster s
Richmond and Danville Railroad comp
$337.50, claiming that through the neglig
said company two cows belonging to h
killed and several others injured.

A. B. Dunning enters suit against the Geo
cific railroad company for $5,000 damag
claims that he was seriously injured in a
between a freight and passenger train at M
creek. He was then working as an agent
Southern express company.

Seaborn M. Smith asks $15,000 damages
Western and Atlantic railroad company for
received on June 21, 1888, in the tunnel at
Hill. He claims that he was a stranger as
the nature of the tunnel, and entered it
being warned of his danger by any one.
one arm cut off and the other hand
mashed.

Mrs. Sophia Jones, sues the Western
lantic railroad company for $15,000 damage
count of the killing of her husband Morton
on the 21st of June, in the tunnel at Tunn
Jones was along with Smith, and it is claim
likewise ignorant as to the nature of the tun

Mrs. Jane H. Cooper, sues the Richmo
Danville railroad company for $5,000 d
She was in the car used for refreshments at
cursion to Tallulah Falls, when the car
detached, and through the negligence of t
company, as she avers in her petition, ca
collision with some other cars, throwing h
and injuring her severely.

Wiley G. Cooper, husband of Jane H. Coop
the Richmond and Danville railroad c
for $1,700, claiming it on account of his being
of the domestic services of his wife, and fo
reasons.

Resignation of Sol Haas.

Sol Haas, who is well known as the
manager of the Richmond and Danville sy
reported to have resigned his position and i
have accepted a similar position with th
peake and Ohio and the "Big Four" Allian
Mr. Haas's resignation will prove quite a s
in railroad circles, and the systen that has
his services evidently know a good man wh
see him.

Chautauqua Travel.

Travel to Chautauqua yesterday w
mense, but today's attractions will tax the
capacity of the roads. The one cent a mi
from all points within the state, brough
crowds to the city, and the travel to the C
qua today will be simply immense. Talmage
traction wherever he goes.

August Publications.

R. A. Williams has just issued hi
Western Railway Guide for August, and a
touches up the points of interest along the M
and Little Rock, and the Gould lines
slighted either. The August number of th
ern Travelers' Guide, published by J. R. W
been issued, and as usual contains valuab
mation for the people who patronize the

A Conductor's Experience.

"One of the greatest nuisances in th
rience of conductors," said an old-timer ye
"is the negligence of tourists to read thei
correctly. Excursion tickets and limited
tickets are void three, five or seven days aft
and conductors are required to take them
demand of holders the full fare. Conducto
the date of sale as one day, while the p
usually insists upon regarding the followin
first date, and an invariable kick ensu
the confiding tourist discovers that he has
one day too long and is riding upon the va
The conductor has no option in the matter
compelled to obey orders, collect fare
distance traveled after the date of the
The remedy of the holder [illegible] applic

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NEWS OF GENERAL INTEREST

The Atlanta and Florida to Make a Preliminary Survey.

Aaron Haas, president; L. J. Hill, vice-president; R. J. Lowry, treasurer; J. K. Brunner, secretary, and T. O. Troy, superintendent, are the newly elected officers of the Atlanta and Florida road, and THE CONSTITUTION wishes them success in their administration.

The following members of the board were present at the director's meeting yesterday, which was held at 10 o'clock a. m.:

Aaron Haas, L. J. Hill, J. W. Rucker, L. F. Blalock, W. A. Hemphill, S. B. Hoyt, R. J. Lowry, C. A. Collier, H. C. Harris, T. F. Langston and J. K. Brunner.

The first business before the meeting was the election of a president and Mr. Aaron Haas was unanimously chosen to fill this important position. In accepting the honor Mr. Haas made a neat little speech, expressing his confidence in the future of the road, and pledging his best efforts to secure all the prosperity possible for the Atlanta and Florida. THE CONSTITUTION has already stated its belief that Mr. Haas will give the road a careful administration, and takes this occasion to repeat its prediction. The policy of Mr. Haas's administration has been outlined in his letter to the stockholders, showing his great interest in the success of the road, and giving evidence of a strong desire to put it on a paying basis.

President Haas has just returned from New York, where he made arrangements for the delivery of two new engines, purchased new rolling stock, and leased fifty freight cars for the use of his road. This addition to the equipment of the Atlanta and Florida will put it in good shape to handle the increasing traffic.

The other officers were elected unanimously and their interest in the road, as well as their reputation as business men, insures an economical and conscientious discharge of the duties in their departments. Mr. T. O. Troy, who was elected superintendent, is a new man to the Atlanta and Florida, but he comes from the Richmond and Danville with first-class recommendations, and will doubtless prove a valuable man.

The election of officers was followed by a general discussion of the financial condition and prospects of the road, and the unanimous sentiment in favor of its extension southward was developed. The alliances and connections necessary for the success of the Atlanta and Florida were also discussed at some length, but these matters will remain private, as a matter of policy.

The matter of extension was put in tangible shape by a resolution introduced by Mr. S. B. Hoyt. It reads as follows and was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the president of this company is authorized to place a surveying corps in the field at once for the purpose of locating the extension of the Atlanta and Florida southward.

The board of directors was addressed by Mr. N. B. Owsley, of Quitman, Ga., who advocated the building of the road through Dooly and Worth, stating that the people of that section wanted the road and would give it substantial aid. Committees from Dupont, Hawkinsville and Thomasville were also heard by the board, and they all want the Atlanta and Florida to build to the towns they represented.

What Route Will It Take.

In the discussion at the directors' meeting, regarding the extension of the Atlanta and Florida, various routes were suggested, an air-line to Jacksonville or to the seacoast at Brunswick, being the two most prominently mentioned. The preliminary surveys, which will be ordered at once, will determine the final route of the road, and no definite location will be made until these surveys are completed and examined. There has been one preliminary survey made on a line from the present terminus of the road at Fort Valley to Thomasville, and this line may cut a figure in the southward extension. There is now no reason to doubt that the Atlanta and Flordia is going to tidewater, and will be built as rapidly as possible when the final location is completed, and, as THE CONSTITUTION has previously remarked, success to it!

The Georgia Improvement Company.

The Georgia Improvement company has an option on the contract for building the extension of the Atlanta and Florida road. In the event that this company fails to take advantage of its option, bids will be advertised for. The Georgia Improvement company has a large interest in the Atlanta and Florida, and it is to be presumed will accept their option and continue as contractors in its extension.

To Fort Valley.

The last rail that could be laid with the present supply of iron was put down on the Atlanta and Florida yesterday, and the train which left this city at 4 o'clock last evening ran to within half a mile of the center of the town.

Suits Against Railroads.

Several damage suits against different railroads were filed yesterday in the office of the clerk of the superior court. Mrs. M. E. Plaster sues the Richmond and Danville Railroad company for $337.50, claiming that through the negligence of said company two cows belonging to her were killed and several others injured.

A. B. Dunning enters suit against the Georgia Pacific railroad company for $5,000 damages. He claims that he was seriously injured in a collision between a freight and passenger train at Muscadine creek. He was then working as an agent for the Southern express company.

Seaborn M. Smith asks $15,000 damages of the Western and Atlantic railroad company for injuries received on June 21, 1888, in the tunnel at Tunnel Hill. He claims that he was a stranger as regards the nature of the tunnel, and entered it without being warned of his danger by any one. He had one arm cut off and the other hand severely mashed.

Mrs. Sophia Jones, sues the Western and Atlantic railroad company for $15,000 damages on account of the killing of her husband Morton Jones, on the 21st of June, in the tunnel at Tunnel Hill. Jones was along with Smith, and it is claimed was likewise ignorant as to the nature of the tunnel.

Mrs. Jane H. Cooper, sues the Richmond and Danville railroad company for $5,000 damages. She was in the car used for refreshments at an excursion to Tallulah Falls, when the car became detached, and through the negligence of the said company, as she avers in her petition, came into collision with some other cars, throwing her down and injuring her severely.

Wiley G. Cooper, husband of Jane H. Cooper, sues the Richmond and Danville railroad company for $1,700, claiming it on account of his being deprived of the domestic services of his wife, and for other reasons.

Resignation of Sol Haas.

Sol Haas, who is well known as the traffic manager of the Richmond and Danville system, is reported to have resigned his position and is said to have accepted a similar position with the Chesapeake and Ohio and the "Big Four" Alliance lines. Mr. Haas's resignation will prove quite a sensation in railroad circles, and the system that has secured his services evidently know a good man when they see him.

Chautauqua Travel.

Travel to Chautauqua yesterday was immense, but today's attractions will tax the carrying capacity of the roads. The one cent a mile rate, from all points within the state, brought large crowds to the city, and the travel to the Chautauqua today will be simply immense. Talmage is an attraction wherever he goes.

August Publications.

R. A. Williams has just issued his New Western Railway Guide for August, and as usual touches up the points of interest along the Memphis and Little Rock, and the Gould lines are not slighted either. The August number of the Southern Travelers' Guide, published by J. R. Watts, has been issued, and as usual contains valuable information for the people who patronize the railroads.

A Conductor's Experience.

"One of the greatest nuisances in the experience of conductors," said an old-timer yesterday, "is the negligence of tourists to read their tickets correctly. Excursion tickets and limited regular tickets are void three, five or seven days after date, and conductors are required to take them up and demand of holders the full fare. Conductors count the date of sale as one day, while the purchaser usually insists upon regarding the following day as the first date, and an invariable kick ensues when the confiding tourist discovers that he has tarried one day too long and is riding upon the variation. The conductor has no option in the matter, and is compelled to obey orders to collect fare for any distance traveled after the [illegible] of the ticket. The remedy of the holder [illegible] application to the general passenger department, where, if any error has been made, it will be rectified."

Conductor Hall Stabbed.

JACKSON, Ga., August 11.—On Thursday, near Juliette, Captain Henry Hall, conductor on one of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad construction trains, was severely cut by a negro, one Steve Shannon, who was a work hand under him. The cause of the negro's passionate outbreak was that Captain Hall had that morning knocked the negro down several times for insubordination, using only his fists for weapons. The negro is at large. Captain Hall's condition is considered a very critical one. He was brought to Jackson, and Dr. Lancaster, of Flovilla, rendered all the attention possible.

They Want Mail Boxes.

Commercial travelers are urging the post-office department to establish letter boxes at all railway stations. The object is to enable employes of the railway mail service to collect at the stations the mail that may be left there by travelers going in other directions, thus gaining more or less time. The measure for mail boxes at railway stations is already before the department at Washington, and looked upon as a practical and needed improvement.

Brief Mention.

Mr. J. M. Dugger has resigned his position as auditor for the Atlanta and Florida railroad and his successor will be appointed in a few days.

Major Henry Fisk, vice-president of the Terminal system, has forwarded to the family of the late Colonel John N. Dunn a beautiful tribute of respect to the memory of his friend.

The yellow fever scare at Florida points has not affected train service from that section as yet, but even a railroad man can be excused for taking a leave of absence when Yellow Jack is abroad in the land.

The Queen and Crescent now boasts a through line from Birmingham to Louisville via the Alabama Great Southern, the Cincinnati Southern and the Louisville Southern. On August 14 (next Tuesday) the first through train will be put on to operate between the two stations named.

Mr. G. W. Parrott, recently elected a director of the Atlanta and Florida road, has tendered his resignation, owing to the demands of private business. His successor will be elected at the next meeting of the board.

Charlie Jones, traveling passenger agent of the Kansas City, Fort Scott and Birmingham road, was in the city yesterday.

The sale of Chautauqua tickets will be large today and the travelers can avoid the rush at the depot by buying their tickets at No. 13 Kimball house block.

Captain J. H. Latimer, of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis, has just returned from a successful advertising trip.

Mr. J. Walker, of the Texas Pacific road, is spending his leisure hours at Blount Springs, Ala.

IVY STREET HOSPITAL.

The Case of Suit on Account Decided Yesterday Morning.

It was decided yesterday in Judge Manning's court that the Southern Medical college is responsible for the debts of Ivy street hospital.

Notice was immediately given of an appeal. The amount involved is $55. So the case will probably be carried before a jury of the superior court.

The case is an interesting one and an important one, for the reason that there are a number of exactly similar cases in other justice courts.

[Communicated.]

Judge Hammond as a Yielder.

While I am not a partizan of either Hammond or Rice in the pending senatorial race, we all must admit that Judge Hammond is a magnanimous yielder for a man who wants to serve the people as bad as he seems, purely on a moral question.

It will be remembered, a few years ago some lawyers got the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia rather tangled. It was charged that the friends of the Western and Atlantic railroad wanted to hamestring it—I do not know—but anyhow, it was thought necessary that the road should be put in the hands of a receiver, and that part of it lying in Georgia should be emasculated, and turned over to its rivals. It is not necessary to go into this subject now more than to call attention to the fact that Judge Hammond as judge of the superior court passed an order appointing a receiver. There was very great indignation there as I well remember. Something like the artesian well meeting. It was held in the chamber of commerce. It passed some very scorching and plain resolutions. Judge Hammond's friends said it was "mob law" but he finally yielded when he found all but a few of the citizens of Atlanta who indorsed his course. In fact, the largest part of the citizens belonged to the mob, and it is well for us they did, for it averted a terrible calamity to the state and city.

Then, again, we had not more that three months ago a state prohibition convention. Judge Hammond, who is now asking another party to indorse him by making him their nominee, wrote a resolution in which he proposed to cut the Gordian knot of prohibition agitation by a sumptuary law with one swoop of his Damascus scimetar. He not only wrote it, but urged the bold moralists before him to adopt it. They did so. It went to the country and not a single county in the state indorsed it, but on the other hand every county that acted on it repudiated it in the strongest terms.

What did Judge Hammond do? Why he yielded and modified like a little man.

Then this late bull pen business. The man that wrote the resolution says that Hammond knew all about it before Dash Smith introduced it. More than a dozen of Hammond's friends have admitted that Hammond knew all about it before it was given to the public. When the cry was raised then against the outrage, (because there never was a greater one than the bull pen resolutions) Judge Hammond and friends immediately began to halloo—independent! bolter! repeater! and such like mild epithets, and I really began to think that the judge had some gum in him, and was going to stand even if he knew he was wrong—but he yielded, and we have a primary for which our good citizens ought to be thankful. But all this satisfies me that Judge Hammond has not got gum enough in him to stick two piss ants together.

FAIR PLAY.

PAVEMENT PARAGRAPHS.

A great many improvements are being made at Grant's park now.

The streets of Atlanta are in splendid condition. Nelson street is being paved with Belgian block.

The people anxiously await the completion of the dummy line.

Several new buildings are going up in West End.

The Young Men's library has received some valuable books recently.

The handsome residence, which Dr. Armstrong is building at the corner of Jones and Washington streets, will soon be finished.

The piano factory is nearly completed.

All the ice factories in Atlanta have made money this summer.

The Gate City Guard has received several new members lately.

The members of the Confederate Veterans' association are beginning to prepare for the grand fair which is to be held next month.

Mr. Frank R. Walker, Tom Woolfolk's lawyer, has managed to get the case up to the supreme court. He is more hopeful now than ever before.

Atlanta is now a city of refuge.

The Atlanta Philosophic society held an interesting meeting last night.

A countryman yesterday sold a wagon load of watermelons at one cent each.

A handsome brick building at the corner of Wheat and Calhoun streets is nearing completion.

A thief entered Mr. John B. Redwine's residence a few nights ago, and stole his coat, the pockets of which contained valuable papers, some money and a beautiful pocket chess board. Mr. Redwine did not mind the loss of the money and the papers, but is inconsolable over the loss of the chess board.

The Rev. C. H. Strickland, an eloquent preacher of Nashville, Tennessee, is at the Kimball house.

Colonel W. J. Pollard, of Augusta, is at the Kimball house.

Mr. W. B. Merriman, of Calnboy, Texas, is visiting friends in Atlanta.

The Rev. L. S. Maccune, of Shreveport, Louisiana, will spend today at Salt Springs.

Mr. James G. Simms, of Chattanooga, was in the city yesterday.

Mr. John L. English, of New York, was at the Markham house yesterday.

The last issue of the Georgia Cracker contains an excellent portrait of Judge C. H. Strong, the highly esteemed clerk of the superior.

Most of the celery consumed in Atlanta is raised on a farm just beyond the city limits.

The new flag of the Atlanta Zouaves is much admired.

The committee of the city council appointed to take into consideration the Woodward ordinance relating to railway companies, will meet next Tuesday night.

JEWELRY.

STILSON,
JEWELER,
55 WHITEHALL ST.
Reliable Goods,
Fair Dealing.
Bottom Prices.

VELOCE COLUMBIA.
New Bicyle. Latest style. Perfectly safe and very fast. J. H. NUNNALLY, Sole Agent.
36 Whitehall street.

FOLSOM'S EUROPEAN HOTEL
And Reading Room Restaurant
Nos. 14 to 22 Marietta St., Atlanta, Ga.
L. B. FOLSOM, Proprietor.

A central and convenient hotel, nearly opposite artesian well, less than two blocks from Union Depot, State Capitol and Postoffice, and quite near leading business houses, banks, etc. Rooms, well furnished, neat and attractive, can be engaged by day, week or month at reasonable rates.

READING ROOM RESTAURANT, first floor, open day and night, where guests can obtain meals or lunches, at any hour, at prices to suit their desires. Folsom has made European plan popular in Atlanta, and fair trial will show its advantages. Elaborate six hundred dollar Fanning Machine keeps Restaurant cool in hottest days and free from flies. Call and be convinced. un uun

MIDDLE GEORGIA COLLEGE
(Male and Female.)
—JONESBORO, GA.—
B. T. HUNTER..............................President.

Fall term will begin Monday, September 3, 1888. Circulars giving full information sent on application to the President, or to A. C. BLALOCK, Secretary Board Trustees.
su wky tf

PRICE 50c

COMPLEXION DR. HEBRA'S VIOLA-CREAM

SEND FOR CIRCULARS.

Without injury positively removes Freckles, Livermoles, Pimples and blemishes of the skin. Is not a wash or powder to cover defects, but a remedy to cure. At druggists or securely mailed, for 50c. G. C. BITTNER & Co., Toledo, O.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

WANTED—TWO GENTLEMEN, OR GENTLEman and wife, "who prefer northern method of cooking," to take board in a cool, healthy locality with small family, front room, first floor. No other boarders. Terms $4 per week. Address I. G. Kirkland. No. 63 Alexander st., city.

WANTED—BY A BOOKKEEPER OF SEVERAL years experience a position after the 1st of September. Can furnish the best of references. Address B. No. 2. care of Constitution.

FOR SALE — BARROOM, FIXTURES AND stock. Will sell cheap. A first class bar and good stand. Address No. 11 E. Mitchell st.

ELEVEN CENTS

Is the Price Paid for the First Bale of Cotton in Atlanta.

Atlanta's first bale of cotton, decorated with red cards and a red flag, stood on the sidewalk in front of Maddox, Rucker & Co's. cotton warehouse, yesterday morning. It was shipped to that firm by W. A. Pye, of Forsyth, Ga., and classed strict low middling.

The auction of Atlanta's first bale of the crop had been advertised by Maddox, Rucker & Co., and the time set for the sale found several buyers on the ground, and though the bidding was not particularly lively, they managed to get considerable sport out of the sale. Mr. Fowler, the auctioneer, used his sarcasm in a good-humored way, and crowded the closing figure up to 11 cents. Mr. F. N. Graves taking in the first bale and first honor at this figure.

As Atlanta expects to handle about 200,000 bales of cotton this season, it is probable that the buyers did not take much interest in the first bale and are saving their ducats and energies for later shipments.

Guessing on the Crop.

The guesser as to the size of the crop for 1888 has opened the season and almost any estimate of the crop, ranging from six to seven million bales, can be obtained on application. The reports sent out from the agricultural department at Washington would seem to indicate an increase over last season's crop but the predictions of well posted cotton men are covering a wide field and some of them must be wide of the mark.

It is rather early in the season for a good guess, but Atlanta will take care of her share of the crop and this will prove the most interesting feature of the promising season of 1888.

GREGG VS. GREGG.

The Case Called in Judge Landrum's Court Yesterday Morning.

The possessory warrant sworn out by Mr. J. R. Gregg against his wife, Mrs. Annie Gregg, for the recovery of certain letters, was continued yesterday morning in Judge Landrum's court.

Mrs. Gregg was present in court with her father, Mr. T. W. McArthur.

The letters were produced in court, and one at a time were identified by Mr. Gregg as the letters left in the possession of his wife, and in his absence taken from a box in which his papers were kept.

The attorneys, Mr. Mayson for Mr. Gregg, and Messrs. Haygood and Douglass for Mrs. Gregg, concluded their arguments.

Decision in the case was reserved until Monday.

There is a nice point in law involved in the case. The defense argues that a possessory warrant cannot hold when brought by a husband against a wife, or vice versa. This is because a possessory warrant is a quasi criminal proceeding partaking of the nature of a warrant for larceny, and it is as impossible for the possessory warrant to hold as for the charge of larceny to hold when brought by a husband against his wife.

A number of authorities were quoted on both sides of the question. The judge will render his decision Monday morning.

Odd lots infine Draperies. See and price them at Chamberlin, Johnson & Co.

The Woman's Christian Home.

The ladies in charge of this home at No. 49 West Peters street, are under many obligations to our good citizens for their liberal donations of vegetables, fruit, meat, milk and other eatables during the past month, and ask a continuance of the same. This home, which was opened in 1885 without a dollar in hand to pay even the first month's rent, has been wonderfully sustained, having sheltered and fed hundreds of helpless women and children. It has been a haven of rest for the homeless widow and orphan and unfortunate who had nowhere to go. The sick will after this be sent to the King's Daughters' hospital, on Pryor street, while the children of working women will find a home here, as also will homeless women until they can find employment. Don't forget the Woman's Christian home, and meet with us every Friday at 4 p. m.

ONE OF THE BOARD.

Price no object in clearing out the immense stock of remnants. Chamberlin, Johnson & Co.

CLOTHING.

THIN SUMMER CLOTHING!
Alpaca, Sicilian, Mohair and Flannel
COATS AND VESTS!
Buy One and Keep Cool!
GEORGE MUSE,
N. B.--SUITS MADE TO ORDER. 38 WHITEHALL ST.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

The Stand-bys from Shore to Shore!

This is Quaqua, was king of the Hottentots, a tribe of South Africa but now an employe of

NELMS & DECKNER,
Wholesale Cigars and Tobacco.

He meets our northern salesman:

"Well, Leany, what do you do and what do you eat?"

"I travels South Africa for Nelms & Deckner, and eat high prices. Sells Seal of America Segars. Smoking one now. Don't you smell de herbanner? What do you do, Jedge?"

"I travel the Northern States for the same firm. Ah, shake old pard, we are the boys that down HIGH PRICES and starve out the middlemen."

For many reasons we are creating a REVOLUTION in the Cigar and Tobacco trade, as we save our customers THE BROKERAGE THAT THEY HAVE ALWAYS HAD TO PAY, and furnish them in small lots

DIRECT FROM FACTORY AND AT FACTORY PRICES

We have four planks in our platform:
First—Rock bottom.
Second—One price.
Third—All goods as represented.
Fourth—Will be brought out in next Sunday's Constitution.
Send us your orders, naming price and we guarantee satisfaction.

NELMS & DECKNER
No. 3 E. Alabama Street.

CLOTHING.

James A. Anderson & Co.

Stand from Under!
LOOK OUT FOR SQUALLS!
GrandClearanceSale

To make room for our Fall Stock will sell our entire Summer Stock at prices that cannot be equalled in the city for the next two weeks.

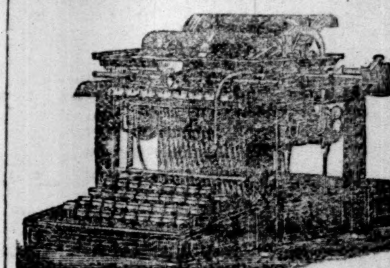
See for Yourselves and be convinced.

JAS. A. ANDERSON & CO.,
41 Whitehall St.

THE HAMMOND TYPEWRITER.

The best Writing Machine in the world. Type Writer supplies for all machines. Cabinets and desk. Fine [illegible] paper. A. F. COOLEDGE, Agent [illegible] Georgia [illegible] Alabama, No. 21 Alabama St., Atlanta, Ga.

Our UNQUALIFIED CHALLENGE
IS UNACCEPTED!
REMINGTON
STANDARD



TYPEWRITER.

For Speed and Durability—UNRIVALVED.
For ease of Manipulation and Quality of Work UNEQUALED.
THE RIGHT-HAND OF STENOGRAPHERS.
THE BUSINESS MAN'S FRIEND.
Finest stock of typewriters and typewriter supplies in the South at No. 2½ Marietta street.
W. T. CRENSHAW,
Exclusive Dealer for Georgia, South Carolina, Alabama and Florida.

CARPETS. ETC.

THE BIG BOOM IN OUR CARPET DEPARTMENT

John Ryan's Sons

Although having bought 600 rolls of Carpets in the month of June, have been forced to duplicate their orders so great has been the demand. We are now opening our fall line of Carpets, consisting of 2,000 rolls of Ingrains, Tapestry, Body Brussels, Velvets and Moquettes, and ask an inspection from anyone wishing anything in this line. We are simply without competition in this line. No house south carries one-fifth the stock, no house has the assortment, and as regards prices, we are simply unmatchable.

Ingrain Carpets at 30 cents.
Ingrain Carpets at 40 cents.
Ingrain Carpets at 50 cents.
Ingrain Carpets at 60 cents.
Ingrain Carpets at 70 cents.
Tapestry Carpets at 55 cents.
Tapestry Carpets at 65 cents.
Tapestry Carpets at 75 cents.
Body Brussels Carpets at 75 cents.
Body Brussels Carpets at 85 cents.
Body Brussels Carpets at $1.00.
Velvet Carpets at $1.00.
Ingrain Carpets at 35 cents.
Ingrain Carpets at 45 cents.
Ingrain Carpets at 55 cents.
Ingrain Carpets at 65 cents.
Tapestry Carpets at 50 cents.
Tapestry Carpets at 60 cents.
Tapestry Carpets at 70 cents.
Tapestry Carpets at 80 cents.
Body Brussels Carpets at 80 cents.
Body Brussels Carpets at 90 cents.
Velvet Carpets at 90 cents.
Moquette Carpets at $1.25.
Moquette Carpets at $1.50.

Besides Carpets, we have opened an enormous line of Window Shades, Rugs, etc., at low prices.

JOHN RYAN'S SONS

A MUSICAL SNAKE.

A Confederate Soldier's Pet Lost and Recovered.

From the Swainsboro, Ga., Pine Forest.

In the year 1864 a confederate soldier from one of the Lousianna regiments came home with one of the young men and spent his furlough at Vineland. The soldier had a pet rattlesnake about two feet long which he carried in an inside pocket of his shirt. The soldier would whistle to the snake "Dixie," "Bonnie Blue Flag," and other popular war tunes which always had a noticeable effect on the little snake. He used the root of some kind of herb as a charm and a circle made on the floor or ground with the root the snake would not dare attempt to cross. One day while out in the field after fodder for his horse the soldier placed the snake in his hat and put it upon the fence, first running his root around the brim of the hat so that the snake could not crawl out, but there came a puff of wind and blew the hat off the fence and the influence of the charm being removed the snake crawled off into a swamp near at hand. The prettiest thing about the snake was that he was beautifully tattooed with different colored inks. The name of the snake was "Dick," the initials of the soldier and his regiment and company and C. S. A. all beautifully and legibly tattooed on the back of the snake. As time passed on and lifted the war clouds and let in the sunshine of peace and prosperity no more was thought of the soldier and his little rattlesnake "Dick," till 1885 (twenty-two years after the war), a negro woman in passing the swamp discovered a very large rattlesnake, which after being killed was found to have twenty-six rattles and two buttons and his hide when stuffed held three pecks of bran, but all the tattooing had grown out. Then how are we to know that it was "Dick?" Why, when the woman assumed a warlike attitude "Dick" sprung his rattles and rattled off Dixie in such notes as would put to blush a regular brass band and to the tune of which up marched about one hundred well armed young rattlesnakes about six feet in length all rattling off "Bonnie Blue Flag."

A PLUCKY WOMAN.

She Holds an Assailant at Bay With a Pistol.

MEANSVILLE, Ga., August 11.—[Special.]—Meansville was terribly wrought up today on account of three negro boys coming down from Chattanooga Wednesday. They were tramps. An attempt was made to force an entrance into the Atlanta and Florida depot at Meansville last night, but was unsuccessful, as the windows and doors were securely fastened.

Today an attempt to assault Mrs. Kimbrough, the wife of a section hand on the Atlanta and Florida, was made, which, but for her pluckiness and familiarity with the revolver, would have succeeded. The negro was walking down Railroad street, when he met her returning from a neighbor's, and as she had passed him he turned and followed her. He asked for bread and she gave it to him. He then remained around the house, and Mrs. Kimbrough reached her revolver and ordered him away. He returned next morning and again demanded bread. She refused to give it to him and again gave him some good advice and gently persuaded him to leave in less time than it takes to tell at the muzzle of a revolver.

When her husband came home she laid the trouble before him, and he immediately set out in search of the negro and found him at the Atlanta and Florida depot. He pulled his revolver and it failed to fire, and he then struck the negro over the head with it, and then tied him and carried him to his house. His wife recognized him and begged her husband not to kill the boy, which he agreed to, and he set the negro on the railroad, and he went off towards Atlanta.

Tom Smith's Ride.

From the Talbotton, Ga., New Era.

J. Tom Smith, of Talbotton, had one horseback ride he will never forget. It was not perilous, but it was terrible.

Liberty Hill church is a few miles north of Box Spring. The church is near the public road, and on the opposite is a burying ground, with numerous rail pens over the graves, built as though to prevent the dead from getting out. Tall pines surround the church and graveyard; there is no dwelling within sight, and it is a gloomy spot on a bright morning.

Tom Smith started home from a neighbors late one summer evening. A heavy cloud was approaching, vivid lightning flashed incessantly, peals of thunder rent the air, and when Tom Smith reached the church it was night, and he decided to go within until the threatening storm had passed. The church door was open as shown by the lightning; but Smith thought nothing of that; it was usually open. Riding up to the door he dismounted, stepped inside the church and held his horse by the rein. A flash of lightning revealed to Smith an object at the further end of the church. The object appeared to move. There was another flash and the object was nearer. "Who is that?" asked Tom Smith. There was no answer. Another flash, and the object was nearer. "Speak, or I shoot!" cried Smith. Still no answer. There was another flash, and the man, ghost or devil, Smith knew not which, was within reach.

Snatching his horse alongside the door Tom Smith almost frantic jumped upon him, and, at once, his awful companion sprang up behind, caught him around the waist, and tightly pinioned Smith's arms to his sides. The horse took fright and then began a ride more terrible than was that of Tam O'Shanters's.

Down the road they went. The lightning flashed; the thunder roared, the rain poured; the wind whistled through the moarning pines; Tom Smith yelled, and his awful companion was as silent as the grave. The horse stopped at a farmhouse gate. The farmer, startled by Smith's yells, ran to the gate with a light. Before Smith could explain, the object behind him jumped to the ground. The farmer raised his light, and they both recognized a man well known in the neighborhood. He was insane, and like Tom Smith had gone into the church to avoid the storm.

Dr. Talmage will preach tonight at 7 o'clock at the Tabernacle at Chautauqua.

A NOVEL REMEDY.

Rheumatism Cured by Sleeping With a Dog at the Feet.

OCONEE COUNTY, Ga., August 11.—[Special.]—Dr. Price, one of our oldest and most honored citizens, has a new remedy for rheumatism. For years the doctor suffered the most excruciating pains from rheumatism, and tried every known remedy without avail. Six years ago one of his sons was in Texas, and while there heard that a hairless Mexican dog, if allowed to sleep at the feet of a rheumatic, was a sovereign panacea for the affliction. He bought one of these little animals and presented it to his father. Dr. Price had no faith in the remedy, but, to gratify his son, decided to give it a test. He said the dog had been thoroughly trained, for so soon as he lay down in bed it sprang in and coiled itself around his feet. The doctor says that in less than an hour the dog gave him evident relief, and in a short time effected a cure. Wherever the pain struck him, he made the dog lie against the place, and the heat from the animal's body drew it out like a mustard plaster. Every night for six years the doctor has slept with his hairless and tailless bedfellow, and says the dog is as clean and kindly as can be. The faithful animal now begins to show the effects of age, and Dr. Price says after its death, if his rheumatic pains return, he will at once send off for another Mexican dog. It is needless to add that there is not a more reliable gentleman in Georgia than Dr. Price.

The grandest of living preachers at Piedmont Chautauqua today. Dr. Talmage preaches at 7 o'clock.

REMEMBERING THE EDITOR.

Guyton, Ga., Chronicle: Mr. James Neidlinger will please accept our thanks for the melon treat at his house last week. We enjoyed it hugely. He and his estimable wife certainly know how to make one feel perfectly at home.

Campbell County News: It was our good fortune to feast on one of Mr. Henry Rivers's fine watermelons, weighing forty-five pounds, this week. Many thanks.

Conyers Weekly: Chief Henderson pulled from his patch this week a muskmelon that weighed thirty-seven pounds. He presented it to Mr. Jim Tilley. This is the largest melon of the kind we ever heard of.

THE NEW DIRECTORY

Of the Atlanta and Florida Elected Yesterday.

NEWS OF GENERAL INTEREST

The Atlanta and Florida to Make a Preliminary Survey.

Aaron Haas, president; L. J. Hill, vice-president; R. J. Lowry, treasurer; J. K. Brunner, secretary, and T. O. Troy superintendent, are the newly elected officers of the Atlanta and Florida road, and THE CONSTITUTION wishes them success in their administration.

The following members of the board were present at the director's meeting yesterday, which was held at 10 o'clock a. m.:

Aaron Haas, L. J. Hill, J. W. Rucker, L. F. Blalock, W. A. Hemphill, S. B. Hoyt, R. J. Lowry, C. A. Collier, H. C. Harris, T. F. Langston and J. K. Brunner.

The first business before the meeting was the election of a president and Mr. Aaron Haas was unanimously chosen to fill this important position. In accepting the honor Mr. Haas made a neat little speech, expressing his confidence in the future of the road, and pledging his best efforts to secure all the prosperity possible for the Atlanta and Florida. THE CONSTITUTION has already stated its belief that Mr. Haas will give the road a careful administration, and takes this occasion to repeat its prediction. The policy of Mr. Haas's administration has been outlined in his letter to the stockholders, showing his great interest in the success of the road, and giving evidence of a strong desire to put it on a paying basis.

President Haas has just returned from New York, where he made arrangements for the delivery of two new engines, purchased new rolling stock, and leased fifty freight cars for the use of his road. This addition to the equipment of the Atlanta and Florida will put it in good shape to handle the increasing traffic.

The other officers were elected unanimously and their interest in the road, as well as their reputation as business men, insures an economical and conscientious discharge of the duties in their departments. Mr. T. O. Troy, who was elected superintendent, is a new man to the Atlanta and Florida, but he comes from the Richmond and Danville with first-class recommendations, and will doubtless prove a valuable man.

The election of officers was followed by a general discussion of the financial condition and prospects of the road, and the unanimous sentiment in favor of its extension southward was developed. The alliances and connections necessary for the success of the Atlanta and Florida were also discussed at some length, but these matters will remain private, as a matter of policy.

The matter of extension was put in tangible shape by a resolution introduced by Mr. S. B. Hoyt. It reads as follows and was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the president of this company is authorized to place a surveying corps in the field at once for the purpose of locating the extension of the Atlanta and Florida southward.

The board of directors was addressed by Mr. N. B. Owsley, of Quitman, Ga., who advocated the building of the road through Dooly and Worth, stating that the people of that section wanted the road and would give it substantial aid. Committees from Dupont, Hawkinsville and Thomasville were also heard by the board, and they all want the Atlanta and Florida to build to the towns they represented.

What Route Will It Take.

In the discussion at the directors' meeting, regarding the extension of the Atlanta and Florida, various routes were suggested, an air-line to Jacksonville or to the seacoast at Brunswick, being the two most prominently mentioned. The preliminary surveys, which will be ordered at once, will determine the final route of the road, and no definite location will be made until these surveys are completed and examined. There has been one preliminary survey made on a line from the present terminus of the road at Fort Valley to Thomasville, and this line may cut a figure in the southward extension. There is now no reason to doubt that the Atlanta and Flordia is going to tidewater, and will be built as rapidly as possible when the final location is completed, and, as THE CONSTITUTION has previously remarked, success to it!

The Georgia Improvement Company.

The Georgia Improvement company has an option on the contract for building the extension of the Atlanta and Florida road. In the event that this company fails to take advantage of its option, bids will be advertised for. The Georgia Improvement company has a large interest in the Atlanta and Florida, and it is to be presumed will accept their option and continue as contractors in its extension.

To Fort Valley.

The last rail that could be laid with the present supply of iron was put down on the Atlanta and Florida yesterday, and the train which left this city at 4 o'clock last evening ran to within half a mile of the center of the town.

Suits Against Railroads.

Several damage suits against different railroads were filed yesterday in the office of the clerk of the superior court. Mrs. M. E. Plaster sues the Richmond and Danville Railroad company for $337.50, claiming that through the negligence of said company two cows belonging to her were killed and several others injured.

A. B. Dunning enters suit against the Georgia Pacific railroad company for $5,000 damages. He claims that he was seriously injured in a collision between a freight and passenger train at Muscadine creek. He was then working as an agent for the Southern express company.

Seaborn M. Smith asks $15,000 damages of the Western and Atlantic railroad company for injuries received on June 21, 1888, in the tunnel at Tunnel Hill. He claims that he was a stranger as regards the nature of the tunnel, and entered it without being warned of his danger by any one. He had one arm cut off and the other hand severely mashed.

Mrs. Sophia Jones, sues the Western and Atlantic railroad company for $15,000 damages on account of the killing of her husband Morton Jones, on the 21st of June, in the tunnel at Tunnel Hill. Jones was along with Smith, and it is claimed was likewise ignorant as to the nature of the tunnel.

Mrs. Jane H. Cooper, sues the Richmond and Danville railroad company for $5,000 damages. She was in the car used for refreshments at an excursion to Tallulah Falls, when the car became detached, and through the negligence of the said company, as she avers in her petition, came into collision with some other cars, throwing her down and injuring her severely.

Wiley G. Cooper, husband of Jane H. Cooper, sues the Richmond and Danville railroad company for $1,700, claiming it on account of his being deprived of the domestic services of his wife, and for other reasons.

Resignation of Sol Haas.

Sol Haas, who is well known as the traffic manager of the Richmond and Danville system, is reported to have resigned his position and is said to have accepted a similar position with the Chesapeake and Ohio and the "Big Four" Alliance lines. Mr. Haas's resignation will prove quite a sensation in railroad circles, and the system that has secured his services evidently know a good man when they see him.

Chautauqua Travel.

Travel to Chautauqua yesterday was immense, but today's attractions will tax the carrying capacity of the roads. The one cent a mile rate, from all points within the state, brought large crowds to the city, and the travel to the Chautauqua today will be simply immense. Talmage is an attraction wherever he goes.

August Publications.

R. A. Williams has just issued his New Western Railway Guide for August, and as usual touches up the points of interest along the Memphis and Little Rock, and the Gould lines are not slighted either. The August number of the Southern Travelers' Guide, published by J. R. Watts, has been issued, and as usual contains valuable information for the people who patronize the railroads.

A Conductor's Experience.

"One of the greatest nuisances in the experience of conductors," said an old-timer yesterday, "is the negligence of tourists to read their tickets correctly. Excursion tickets and limited regular tickets are void three, five or seven days after date, and conductors are required to take them up and demand of holders the full fare. Conductors count the date of sale as one day, while the purchaser usually insists upon regarding the following day as the first date, and an invariable kick ensues when the confiding tourist discovers that he has tarried one day too long and is riding upon the variation. The conductor has no option in the matter, and is compelled to obey orders [illegible] collect fare for any distance traveled after the expiration of the ticket. The remedy of the holder [illegible] application to the general passenger department, where, if any error has been made, it will be rectified."

Conductor Hall Stabbed.

JACKSON, Ga., August 11.—On Thursday, near Juliette, Captain Henry Hall, conductor on one of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad construction trains, was severely cut by a negro, one Steve Shannon, who was a work hand under him. The cause of the negro's passionate outbreak was that Captain Hall had that morning knocked the negro down several times for insubordination, using only his fists for weapons. The negro is at large. Captain Hall's condition is considered a very critical one. He was brought to Jackson, and Dr. Lancaster, of Flovilla, rendered all the attention possible.

They Want Mail Boxes.

Commercial travelers are urging the post-office department to establish letter boxes at all rail way stations. The object is to enable employes of the railway mail service to collect at the stations the mail that may be left there by travelers going in other directions, thus gaining more or less time. The measure for mail boxes at railway stations is already before the department at Washington, and looked upon as a practical and needed improvement.

Brief Mention.

Mr. J. M. Dugger has resigned his position as auditor for the Atlanta and Florida railroad and his successor will be appointed in a few days.

Major Henry Fisk, vice-president of the Terminal system, has forwarded to the family of the late Colonel John N. Dunn a beautiful tribute of respect to the memory of his friend.

The yellow fever scare at Florida points has not affected train service from that section as yet, but even a railroad man can be excused for taking a leave of absence when Yellow Jack is abroad in the land.

The Queen and Crescent now boasts a through line from Birmingham to Louisville via the Alabama Great Southern, the Cincinnati Southern and the Louisville Southern. On August 14 (next Tuesday) the first through train will be put on to operate between the two stations named.

Mr. G. W. Parrott, recently elected a director of the Atlanta and Florida road, has tendered his resignation, owing to the demands of private business. His successor will be elected at the next meeting of the board.

Charlie Jones, traveling passenger agent of the Kansas City, Fort Scott and Birmingham road, was in the city yesterday.

The sale of Chautauqua tickets will be large today and the travelers can avoid the rush at the depot by buying their tickets at No. 13 Kimball house block.

Captain J. H. Latimer, of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis, has just returned from a successful advertising trip.

Mr. J. Walker, of the Texas Pacific road, is spending his leisure hours at Blount Springs, Ala.

IVY STREET HOSPITAL.

The Case of Suit on Account Decided Yesterday Morning.

It was decided yesterday in Judge Manning's court that the Southern Medical college is responsible for the debts of Ivy street hospital.

Notice was immediately given of an appeal. The amount involved is $55. So the case will probably be carried before a jury of the superior court.

The case is an interesting one and an important one, for the reason that there are a number of exactly similar cases in other justice courts.

[Communicated.]

Judge Hammond as a Yielder.

While I am not a partizan of either Hammond or Rice in the pending senatorial race, we all must admit that Judge Hammond is a magnanimous yielder for a man who wants to serve the people as bad as he seems, purely on a moral question.

It will be remembered, a few years ago some lawyers got the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia rather tangled. It was charged that the friends of the Western and Atlantic railroad wanted to hamstring it—I do not know—but anyhow, it was thought necessary that the road should be put in the hands of a receiver, and that part of it lying in Georgia should be emasculated, and turned over to its rivals. It is not necessary to go into this subject now more than to call attention to the fact that Judge Hammond as judge of the superior court passed an order appointing a receiver. There was very great indignation there as I well remember. Something like the artesian well meeting. It was held in the chamber of commerce. It passed some very scorching and plain resolutions. Judge Hammond's friends said it was "mob law" but he finally yielded when he found all but a few of the citizens of Atlanta who indorsed his course. In fact, the largest part of the citizens belonged to the mob, and it is well for us they did, for it averted a terrible calamity to the state and city.

Then, again, we had not more that three months ago a state prohibition convention. Judge Hammond, who is now asking another party to indorse him by making him their nominee, wrote a resolution in which he proposed to cut the Gordian knot of prohibition agitation by a sumptuary law with one swoop of his Damascus scimetar. He not only wro'e it, but urged the bold moralists before him to adopt it. They did so. It went to the country and not a single county in the state indorsed it, but on the other hand every county that acted on it repudiated it in the strongest terms.

What did Judge Hammond do? Why he yielded and modified like a little man.

Then this late bull pen business. The man that wrote the resolution says that Hammond knew all about it before Dash Smith introduced it. More than a dozen of Hammond's friends have admitted that Hammond knew all about it before it was given to the public. When the cry was raised then against the outrage, (because there never was a greater one than the bull pen resolutions) Judge Hammond and friends immediately began to halloo—independent! bolter! repeater! and such like mild epithets, and I really began to think that the judge had some gum in him, and was going to stand even if he knew he was wrong—but he yielded, and we have a primary for which our good citizens ought to be thankful. But all this satisfies me that Judge Hammond has not got gum enough in him to stick two piss ants together.

FAIR PLAY.

PAVEMENT PARAGRAPHS.

A great many improvemens are being made at Grant's park now.

The streets of Atlanta are in splendid condition. Nelson street is being paved with Belgian block.

The people anxiously await the completion of the dummy line.

Several new buildings are going up in West End.

The Young Men's library has received some valuable books recently.

The handsome residence, which Dr. Armstrong is building at the corner of Jones and Washington streets, will soon be finished.

The piano factory is nearly completed.

All the ice factories in Atlanta have made money this summer.

The Gate City Guard has received several new members lately.

The members of the Confederate Veterans' association are beginning to prepare for the grand fair which is to be held next month.

Mr. Frank R. Walker, Tom Woolfolk's lawyer, has managed to get the case up to the supreme court. He is more hopeful now than ever before.

Atlanta is now a city of refuge.

The Atlanta Philosophic society held an interesting meeting last night.

A countryman yesterday sold a wagon load of watermelons at one cent each.

A handsome brick building at the corner of Wheat and Calhoun streets is nearing completion.

A thief entered Mr. John B. Redwine's residence a few nights ago, and stole his coat, the pockets of which contained valuable papers, some money and a beautiful pocket chess board. Mr. Redwine did not mind the loss of the money and the papers, but is inconsolable over the loss of the chess board.

The Rev. C. H. Strickland, an eloquent preacher of Nashville, Tennessee, is at the Kimball house.

Colonel W. J. Pollard, of Augusta, is at the Kimball house.

Mr. W. B. Merriman, of Calnboy, Texas, is visiting friends in Atlanta.

The Rev. L. S. Maccune, of Shreveport, Louisiana, will spend today at Salt Springs.

Mr. James G. Simms, of Chattanooga, was in the city yesterday.

Mr. John L. English, of New York, was at the Markham house yesterday.

The last issue of the Georgia Cracker contains an excellent portrait of Judge C. H. Strong, the highly esteemed clerk of the superior.

Most of the celery consumed in Atlanta is raised on a farm just beyond the city limits.

The new flag of the Atlanta Zouaves is much admired.

The committee of the city council appointed to take into consideration the Woodward ordinance relating to railway companies, will meet next Tuesday night.

JEWELRY.

STILSON,
JEWELER,
55 WHITEHALL ST.
Reliable Goods,
Fair Dealing.
Bottom Prices.

VELOCE COLUMBIA.
New Bicyle. Latest style. Perfectly safe and very fast. J. H. NUNNALLY, So'e Agent.
36 Whitehall street.

FOLSOM'S EUROPEAN HOTEL
And Reading Room Restaurant
Nos. 14 to 22 Marietta St., Atlanta, Ga.
L. B. FOLSOM, Proprietor.

A central and convenient hotel, nearly opposite artesian well, less than two blocks from Union Depot, State Capitol and Postoffice, and quite near leading business houses, banks, etc. Rooms well furnished, neat and attractive, can be engaged by day, week or month at reasonable rates.

READING ROOM RESTAURANT, first floor, open day and night, where guests can obtain meals or lunches, at any hour, at prices to suit their desires. Folsom has made European plan popular in Atlanta, and fair trial will show its advantages. Elaborate six hundred dollar Fanning Machine keeps Restaurant cool in hottest days and free from flies. Call and be convinced. un nun

MIDDLE GEORGIA COLLEGE
(Male and Female.)
—JONESBORO, GA.—
B. T. HUNTER..........President.
Fall term will begin Monday, September 3, 1888. Circulars giving full information sent on application to the President, or to A. C. BLALOCK,
su wky tf Secretary Board Trustees.

PRICE 50¢
COMPLEXION
DR. HEBRA'S VIOLA-CREAM
SEND FOR CIRCULARS
Without injury positively removes Freckles, Livermoles, Pimples and blemishes of the skin. Is not a wash or powder to cover defects, but a remedy to cure. At druggists or securely mailed, for 50c. G. C. BITTNER & Co., Toledo, O.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

WANTED—TWO GENTLEMEN, OR GENTLEman and wife, "who prefer northern method of cooking," to take board in a cool, healthy locality with small family, front room, first floor. No other boarders. Terms $4 per week. Address I. G. Kirkland. No. 63 Alexander st., city.

WANTED—BY A BOOKKEEPER OF SEVERAL years experience a position after the 1st of September. Can furnish the best of references. Address B. No. 2. care of Constitution.

FOR SALE — BARROOM, FIXTURES AND stock. Will sell cheap. A first class bar and good stand. Address No. 11 E. Mitchell st.

ELEVEN CENTS

Is the Price Paid for the First Bale of Cotton in Atlanta.

Atlanta's first bale of cotton, decorated with red cards and a red flag, stood on the sidewalk in front of Maddox, Rucker & Co's. cotton warehouse, yesterday morning. It was shipped to that firm by W. A. Pye, of Forsyth, Ga., and classed strict low middling.

The auction of Atlanta's first bale of the crop had been advertised by Maddox, Rucker & Co., and the time set for the sale found several buyers on the ground, and though the bidding was not particularly lively, they managed to get considerable sport out of the sale. Mr. Fowler, the auctioneer, used his sarcasm in a good-humored way, and crowded the closing figure up to 11 cents. Mr. F. N. Graves taking in the first bale and first honor at this figure.

As Atlanta expects to handle about 200,000 bales of cotton this season, it is probable that the buyers did not take much interest in the first bale and are saving their ducats and energies for later shipments.

Guessing on the Crop.

The guesser as to the size of the crop for 1888 has opened the season and almost any estimate of the crop, ranging from six to seven million bales, can be obtained on application. The reports sent out from the agricultural department at Washington would seem to indicate an increase over last season's crop but the predictions of well posted cotton men are covering a wide field and some of them must be wide of the mark.

It is rather early in the season for a good guess, but Atlanta will take care of her share of the crop and this will prove the most interesting feature of the promising season of 1888.

GREGG VS. GREGG.

The Case Called in Judge Landrum's Court Yesterday Morning.

The possessory warrant sworn out by Mr. J. R. Gregg against his wife, Mrs. Annie Gregg, for the recovery of certain letters, was continued yesterday morning in Judge Landrum's court.

Mrs. Gregg was present in court with her father, Mr. T. W. McArthur.

The letters were produced in court, and one at a time were identified by Mr. Gregg as the letters left in the possession of his wife, and in his absence taken from a box in which his papers were kept.

The attorneys, Mr. Mayson for Mr. Gregg, and Messrs. Haygood and Douglass for Mrs. Gregg, concluded their arguments.

Decision in the case was reserved until Monday.

There is a nice point in law involved in the case. The defense argues that a possessory warrant cannot hold when brought by a husband against a wife, or vice versa. This is because a possessory warrant is a quasi criminal proceeding partaking of the nature of a warrant for larceny, and it is impossible for the possessory warrant to hold as for the charge of larceny to hold when brought by a husband against his wife.

A number of authorities were quoted on both sides of the question. The judge will render his decision Monday morning.

Odd lots infine Draperies. See and price them at Chamberlin, Johnson & Co.

The Woman's Christian Home.

The ladies in charge of this home at No. 49 West Peters street, are under many obligations to our good citizens for their liberal donations of vegetables, fruit, meat, milk and other eatables during the past month, and ask a continuance of the same. This home, which was opened in 1885 without a dollar in hand to pay even the first month's rent, has been wonderfully sustained, having sheltered and fed hundreds of helpless women and children. It has been a haven of rest for the homeless widow and orphan and unfortunate who had nowhere to go. The sick will after this be sent to the King's Daughters' hospital, on Pryor street, while the children of working women will find a home here, as also will homeless women until they can find employment. Don't forget the Woman's Christian home, and meet with us every Friday at 4 p. m.

ONE OF THE BOARD.

Price no object in clearing out the immense stock of remnants. Chamberlin, Johnson & Co.

CLOTHING.

THIN SUMMER CLOTHING!
Alpaca, Sicilian, Mohair and Flannel
COATS AND VESTS!
Buy One and Keep Cool!
GEORGE MUSE,
N. B.--SUITS MADE TO ORDER. 38 WHITEHALL ST.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

The Stand-bys from Shore to Shore!

This is Quaqua, was king of the Hottentots, a tribe of South Africa but now an employe of

NELMS & DECKNER,
Wholesale Cigars and Tobacco.

He meets our northern salesman:

"Well, Leany, what do you do and what do you eat?"

"I travels South Africa for Nelms & Deckner, and eat high prices. Sells Seal of America Segars. Smoking one now. Don't you smell de herbanner? What do you do, Jedge?"

"I travel the Northern States for the same firm. Ah, shake old pard, we are the boys that down HIGH PRICES and starve out the middlemen."

For many reasons we are creating a REVOLUTION in the Cigar and Tobacco trade, as we save our customers THE BROKERAGE THAT THEY HAVE ALWAYS HAD TO PAY, and furnish them in small lots

DIRECT FROM FACTORY AND AT FACTORY PRICES

We have four planks in our platform:
First—Rock bottom.
Second—One price.
Third—All goods as represented.
Fourth—Will be brought out in next Sunday's Constitution.
Send us your orders, naming price and we guarantee satisfaction.

NELMS & DECKNER
No. 3 E. Alabama Street.

CLOTHING.

James A. Anderson & Co.

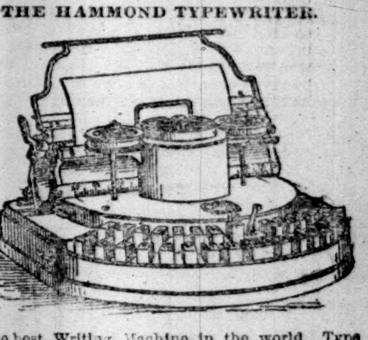
Stand from Under!
LOOK OUT FOR SQUALLS!
GrandClearanceSale

To make room for our Fall Stock will sell our entire Summer Stock at prices that cannot be equalled in the city for the next two weeks.

See for Yourselves and be convinced.

JAS. A. ANDERSON & CO.,
41 Whitehall St.

THE HAMMOND TYPEWRITER.



The best Writing Machine in the world. Type Writer supplies for all machines Cabinets and desk. Fine grades paper. A. F. COOLEDGE, Agent for Georgia and Alabama. No. 21 Alabama St., Atlanta, Ga.

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IS UNACCEPTED!
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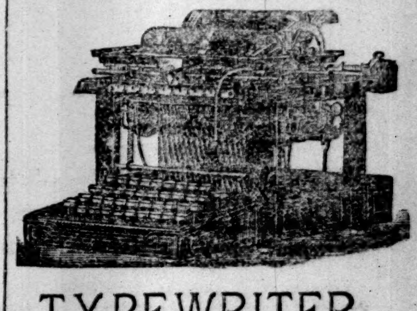
STANDARD



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For ease of Manipulation and Quality of Work UNEQUALED.
THE RIGHT-HAND OF STENOGRAPHERS.
THE BUSINESS-MAN'S FRIEND.
Finest stock of typewriters and typewriter supplies in the South at No. 2½ Marietta street.
W. T. CRENSHAW,
Exclusive Dealer for Georgia, South Carolina, Alabama and Florida.

CARPETS. ETC.

THE BIG BOOM IN OUR CARPET DEPARTMENT

John Ryan's Sons

Although having bought 600 rolls of Carpets in the month of June, have been forced to duplicate their orders so great has been the demand. We are now opening our fall line of Carpets, consisting of 2,000 rolls of Ingrains, Tapestry, Body Brussels, Velvets and Moquettes, and ask an inspection from anyone wishing anything in this line. We are simply without competition in this line. No house south carries one-fifth the stock, no house has the assortment, and as regards prices, we are simply unmatchable.

Ingrain Carpets at 30 cents.
Ingrain Carpets at 40 cents.
Ingrain Carpets at 50 cents.
Ingrain Carpets at 60 cents.
Ingrain Carpets at 70 cents.
Tapestry Carpets at 55 cents.
Tapestry Carpets at 65 cents.
Tapestry Carpets at 75 cents.
Body Brussels Carpets at 75 cents.
Body Brussels Carpets at 85 cents.
Body Brussels Carpets at $1.00.
Velvet Carpets at $1.00.
Ingrain Carpets at 35 cents.
Ingrain Carpets at 45 cents.
Ingrain Carpets at 55 cents.
Ingrain Carpets at 65 cents.
Tapestry Carpets at 50 cents.
Tapestry Carpets at 60 cents.
Tapestry Carpets at 70 cents.
Tapestry Carpets at 80 cents.
Body Brussels Carpets at 80 cents.
Body Brussels Carpets at 90 cents.
Velvet Carpets at 90 cents.
Moquette Carpets at $1.25.
Moquette Carpets at $1.50.

Besides Carpets, we have opened an enormous line of Window Shades, Rugs, etc., at low prices.

JOHN RYAN'S SONS

MISCELLANEOUS.

WATCHES !

For the coming week we shall offer an unusually large and attractive stock from which to select a watch, and we confidently assure our customers that the prices shall be as low as the lowest.

FREEMAN & CRANKSHAW,
Jewelers, 31 Whitehall St.
top 1st col 8p

WM. LYCETT'S ART SCHOOL & CHINA DECORATING WORKS,

67½ Whitehall st., Atlanta, Ga. [Established 1877.] Reduced prices for instruction during the summer months. Oil, water-color, crayon and china painting taught. Cool studios. Correspondence invited. Firing and Gilding China for Amateurs a Specialty. Best assortment of art material at New York prices. Practical information to young ladies desirous of teaching Decorative Art. 1stc8p

44 Marietta St.

To Any One Who is Thinking of Investing in a Watch Club:

It is all nonsense for a man to assert he can sell a watch $10.00 cheaper than his neighbor can sell it. We will sell you a **genuine American movement, full nickel, 15 jewels, with brequet hair spring and patent regulator** in a 14 K solid gold case for $48.00. This watch is worth only $48.00 and you can buy it at that price from most any legitimate dealer. Very likely you could get it through a watch club for $55.00 or $60.00, and it may cost you $75.00 in that way.

These are facts, though not necessarily paralyzing.

J. R. WATTS & CO.,
Jewelers and Opticians.
OPPOSITE THE OPERA HOUSE.
1st col 8p un fre&era

TUESDAY AFTERNOON
Club Drawings
—AT—
J. P. STEVENS & BROS.
SEVEN GOLD WATCHES
Will be drawn at half-past six. 8p

TENTS!
Manufactured by
A. ERGENZINGER,
1c 8p 12 E. Hunter, Atlanta, Ga.

— THE —
ESTEY PIANO
Is rapidly becoming
Most Popular Instrument
Of the present day.
SEE THEM.
CORNER BROAD AND MARIETTA ST
1st col 8th p

THE WEATHER REPORT

Indications for Georgia.

Local rains, followed tonight by fair, warme weather, variable winds.

Daily Weather Report.

OBSERVER'S OFFICE SIGNAL SERVICE U. S. A. }
U. S. CUSTOM HOUSE, August 11—8 p.m. }

All observations taken at the same moment of actual time at each place.

Observations taken at 8 p. m.—Seventy-fifth Meridian time.

STATIONS.	Barometer	Thermometer	Dew Point	WIND. Direction	WIND. Velocity	Rainfall	Weather
Port Eads	30.10	82		SE	6	.00	Cloudy.
Mobile	30.20	78	74	NW	Light	1.06	Cloudy.
Montgomery	30.16	86	70	Cm.	Calm.	.00	Clear.
New Orleans	30.16	78	72	E	6	.00	Cloudy.
Galveston	30.12	84	74	S	6	.00	Clear.
Palestine	30.12	86	74	E	6	.00	Clear.
Pensacola	30.18	80	72	E	Light	.01	Cloudy.
Corpus Christi	30.12	84	76	SE	18	.00	Clear.
Brownsville	30.10	84	76	SE	12	.00	Clear.
Rio Grande	30.12	92	70	E	6	.00	Clear.

LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.

TIME OF OBSERVATION. (Central Time.)							
7 a. m.	30.24	74	71	E	4	.02	Cloudy.
7 p. m.	30.20	84	68	SE	4	.00	Clear.

Maximum Thermometer	88
Minimum Thermometer	70
Total Rainfall	.02

Cotton Belt Bulletin.

Observations taken at 6 p. m.—Seventy-fifth meridian time.

ATLANTA DISTRICT.	Max. Temp.	Min. Temp.	Rainfall
Atlanta, Ga	88	70	.42
Cartersville, Ga	90	68	.00
Columbus, Ga	90	72	.00
Chattanooga, Tenn	91	71	.T
Gainesville, Ga	86	66	.00
Greenville, S. C	98	70	.T
Griffin, Ga	88	70	.01
Macon, Ga	87	72	.T
Newnan, Ga	90	69	.00
Spartanburg, S. C	92	61	.00
Toccoa, Ga	87	71	.00
West Point, Ga	86	74	.00

M. H. PERRY,
Sergeant Signal Corps U. S. Army.

Note—Barometer reduced to sea level.
The T indicates the precipitation inappreciable.
*Trace.

Frank X. Bliley, E. B. Thomas
FRANK X. BLILEY & CO.,
FUNERAL DIRECTORS,
UNDERTAKERS AND EMBALMERS,
No. 61 Pryor street, Atlanta, Ga. Telephone 780.
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PILES, FISTULA AND ALL RECTAL DISeases treated by a painless process. No loss of time from business. No knife, ligature or caustic. A RADICAL CURE guaranteed in every case treated. Reference given.
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W. R. JONES & CO.
PRACTICAL SLATE ROOFERS.
Plain and ornamental roofing done in the best manner, and repairing old slate roof a specialty. Address, Box 316, Atlanta, Ga. Office 12 Loyd street.
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NOTICE.

L BE SOLD AT THE STATIONHOUSE ON uesday, 14th inst., at 12 o'clock m., two e a Jersey, the other a scrub, unless claim- Said calves now in pound.
A. B. CONNOLLY, Chief of Police.

UNIQUE NELSON.

Whose Varied Career Reads Like a Romance.

AN INTERNATIONAL BANK

A Man With Many Wives and Many Places of Abode.

Mr. Abe Fry did not get his diamond earbobs.

But it was not his fault.

He made a noble effort to bag Nelson, and the story of how he failed to interview his man is full of interest.

Mr. Fry ran upon Colonel Brandt at Saratoga, and that gentleman advised him not to go to Canada in search of the jewels, as he did not think there was any chance to recover them from Nelson.

Mr. Fry got to thinking over the matter, and while, of course, he did not like the idea of going on a wild goose chase into her majesty's dominions, the bright thought still haunted him that a jump to Trenton might possibly be crowned with success.

While this vision was dancing as brilliantly in the mind of Mr. Fry as a many-colored Chinese puzzle in a show window, he telegraphed Chief of Police Hintz at Trenton and asked if Nelson was still there. A reply came that he was still in the city and that, although the diamonds were not in Canada, still Nelson was willing to give them up.

Chief Hintz also telegraphed that Mr. Fry had better come on, and added: "Will do all in my power to help you get your diamonds if you will pay me."

This seemed to indicate that the very able chief of police was on the make.

The vision was still dancing in Mr. Fry's mind.

He at length decided to take the trip.

And telegraphed the chief of police to that effect, telling him at what time he expected to reach Trenton.

Nobody in Trenton knew of Mr. Fry's intention except Chief Hintz, and therefore no one could have put Nelson on notice save that functionary. The conclusion would seem to be irresistible that Hintz played into Nelson's hands for a consideration.

When Nelson first reached Canada he went to the town of Campbellford, and when he was arrested at that point he slyly turned over the diamond earbobs to a friend of his named Bluet, who runs a hotel in the place. Bluet put them in his safe.

Nelson had no idea of being sent to the penitentiary for fourteen years for bringing stolen goods into Canada, and for this reason put the diamonds away.

He was taken to Trenton for trial, and after making the compromise with Jacob Haas, and then going through the farce of a prosecution, he found out that Fry was coming.

The train upon which Fry was traveling was due at Trenton at six o'clock in the afternoon. Nelson got wind of this fact on the same day. He became uneasy and made up his mind to leave town at once. It would never do for him to meet Fry.

There would be no train from Trenton to Campbellford before midnight, and Fry would get to Trenton at six o'clock.

Nelson hit upon a nice scheme to save himself and get the diamonds too.

He telegraphed to Bluet at Campbellford to meet him at the train with the package containing the treasure, stating the exact hour at which he would pass through Campbellford en route to Peterborough.

After sending the telegram, Nelson hired a team and shaking the dust of Trenton from his feet, was driven rapidly to Bellville, on the grand trunk line. Here he took the train for Campbellford, and when he reached that point, which is on a branch road, the faithful Bluet met him at the train, handed him the package of diamonds, and the slick robber sped on his way to Peterborough, and then went, nobody knows where.

When the hour of six o'clock rolled around Mr. Fry's train rolled into Trenton.

But the bird had flown.

Mr. Fry went straight to the chief of police and asked for an explanation of Nelson's hasty flight.

Hintz could give no satisfactory explanation. What he said was decidedly crawfishy. Fry would have telegraphed to the authorities at Peterborough to stop Nelson and the diamonds, but, alas! no telegrams are sent from Trenton to that point after dark.

Nelson had ample time to get clean away with his booty—and he got.

If Nelson had stayed in Trenton until Fry got there, one of two things would have happened—either Fry would have gotten his diamonds or Nelson would have gotten fourteen years.

SOME UNWRITTEN HISTORY.

Mr. Fry, while, in Trenton, gathered some interesting points about Nelson's career.

Twenty-five years ago Nelson appeared in the town of Modoc, Ontario, where he opened a small jewelry store. At that time he was a watchmaker. He behaved himself very well for a time, and succeeded in building up a pretty good business. He had loaned money on a number of valuable things.

One morning everything of value in his store and safe was missing. Nelson claimed that burglars had entered the place during the night and robbed him of everything in the place. He was accused of burglarizing his own store, just as he robbed his own safe in Atlanta.

While in Modoc Nelson married a lady named Miss Jennie O'Neil.

His next appearance was as a raftsman on Trent river. He professed to understand the business thoroughly and by this means secured a job.

The truth was that he knew nothing about it. The raft which he ran was wrecked through his ignorance of the business and five men who were on it at the time came very near losing their lives.

The people were greatly incensed against the would-be raftsman and were considering the propriety of lynching him, but he heard of it and made his escape.

Nelson made his next appearance in the vicinity of Trenton as a horse trader. That is a great country for horses. Nelson was a shrewd fellow, and became so successful in his new business that he decided to start a bank.

But he did not open his bank in Trenton. He formed a company, went over to Clifton, near New York, and opened a bank under the name of Dwyer & Co. There was an object in all this.

It was Nelson's custom to go over to Trenton and sell exchange on his Clifton bank.

He also bought horses and gave drafts on his bank in payment. When he had gained the confidence of the people of Trenton, he swindled a bank in that city out of $2,000 by giving drafts on the Clifton institution.

He pocketed the money and fled.

A man named Thompson, who was interested in the Trenton bank, set out to catch Nelson. He traced him to Elmyra, New York, followed him to his room in the hotel, and made him give up every cent which he had stolen, at the point of a pistol.

Seventeen years ago Nelson swindled J. B. Christie, the present postmaster at Trenton, Ontario, out of $1,500. He did this by giving Christie drafts on the Cliffton bank. When Christie presented the drafts it was discovered that Nelson did not have a dollar on deposit.

On the same day that Mr. Fry arrived in Trenton, Christie ascertained that Nelson was the same man who robbed him seventeen years ago. Christie is determined to catch him if he remains in Canada.

While Nelson was running his Clifton bank he married a lady living at Fenton Falls, Ontario. Mr. Fry was unable to find out her name.

Nelson was born at Bowmansville, Ontario, and a niece of his is now living near that town.

These stray points in the life of the man would seem to indicate that he was born a villain, and has always played that role in the drama of life.

If the consecutive history of his life could be written, each succeeding chapter would doubtless be distinguised by a fresh crime.

Bank-robber, diamond-thief, bigamist, wife-deserter, liar and villian in-general—this plunderer of the public still walks the earth to rob it.

He understands the spirit of the age.

He knows that as long as he has a pocketful of silver, and don't rob a hen roost, he will never wear the stripes.

He is the police fixer en grande, and that's what's the matter with Nelson—not forgetting the detectives on the make!

YELLOW FEVER FUGITIVES.

Atlanta Crowded With Floridians, Fleeing from Yellow Jack.

The yellow fever scare is causing an exodus from Florida, and all trains arriving in Atlanta yesterday were crowded with fugitives from the dread disease. There is estimated to be at least 300 people in Atlanta who have come here for safety and have been driven from their homes and business by the dread of the fearful fever.

There is no use in denying the fact that the disease is epidemic at Jacksonville and other Florida points. The testimony of dozens of people substantiate this fact and there is no doubt that everybody who can get away from Florida will do so.

The trains arriving from the south via the East Tennessee were all crowded yesterday and today's arrivals from the infected district will be very large. The Central brought in a number of passengers who were seeking safety from the epidemic. And every one appeared to be glad that they had arrived in Atlanta.

The quarantine is working very effectually at all connecting points in Georgia and Alabama and travelers from Florida are closely guarded, not being allowed to leave the train, and many of them arrived in Atlanta so hungry that the restaurants and hotels were the first places they patronized on their arrival here.

Many interesting incidents transpired at the East Tennessee and Union depots on the arrival of the trains from the south yesterday. Whole families who had left their homes in Florida; old men, young men, ladies and children, were all there, doubtless feeling as strangers in a strange land. But Atlanta's doors are as wide open as ever and they were all comfortably quartered at the various hotels and boardinghouses in the city.

Several gentlemen who arrived in the city from Jacksonville yesterday, were evidently afraid that Atlanta had quarantined against Florida travelers, as they registered from Ohio. The party left for Marietta last evening and before leaving the Markham house, told Colonel Maxwell that they were from Jacksonville, but had registered from Ohio, in order to save any trouble.

There is no inquiry at present for tickets to Florida points, and the travel will all come this way until the present danger of infection is passed.

A Traveler's Statement.

A CONSTITUTION reporter met Mr. S. O. Tuttle, of Omaha, Neb., at the East Tennessee depot yesterday. Mr. Tuttle had just arrived from Jacksonville, where he has been investigating a proposed real estate deal for a syndicate of northern capitalists. He had not finished his business at that point, but he said that did not interfere with his hurry in getting away. In response to the reporter's question as to what he thought of the situation in Jacksonville, Mr. Tuttle said:

"Of course, I could not give a very valuable opinion, as I am not familiar with the disease, but I saw enough to justify me in saying that the fever has got a strong foothold in the city."

"Did you know of any cases, personally?"

"No, I did not. But the night I left I saw men going to several houses and was told that they were gathering up fever patients to take them to the hospital."

"Was there much of a scare in Jacksonville?"

"I should say there was. I tell you that everybody is leaving the town that can get away, and I saw one or two sad partings at the train I came up on. I saw a man bring his family, his wife and two little girls, down to the station in a close carriage, hurry them on the train and bid them good-bye, saying to his wife, with tears streaming down his cheeks, 'I will try and get away tomorrow, if the fever dont get me.' And I saw several other scenes there that were nearly as sad."

"Has the scare affected business?"

"I was not familiar enough with the city to say much on that score, but it cannot fail to be demoralizing to business interests, as several of the merchants have closed their stores and left the city."

In concluding the interview, just before taking his train for the north, Mr. Tuttle said:

"I don't want to witness any more of such scenes as the last forty-eight hours have put before me. Just think of it: Men having to close their business through fear of a fatal disease. Others parting from their families, sending them away to some point of safety, while they remain to look after their little all, taking the chances of death—all for the sake of those they love. It may be heroism, but it is fearful to contemplate, I can assure you. And even those who get away from the infected districts, and start for a point of safety from the fever, have to put up with many hardships and submit to strict quarantine regulations. I don't want any more experience with yellow fever than I had already."

The "Equitable" Always First.

OFFICE ATLANTA AND FLORIDA RAILROAD COMPANY, ATLANTA, Ga., August 10, 1888.—Mr. J. R. Ormond, Resident Agent Equitable Life Assurance Society, Atlanta, Ga.—Dear Sir: Accept my thanks for the prompt settlement by your company of the claim for $7,000 on the life of the late Colonel John N. Dunn. Check received today. Yours truly,

J. K. BRUNNER, Adm'r.

Colonel Dunn died July 16th, and proofs of death were not made out for two weeks afterwards.

Commencement of Cooper-Limestone Institute, Gaffney City, S. C.

The commencement on the 17th and 18th of July was the most largely attended of any in the history of the institute, and to say that it was a great success, is but to reiterate the sentiments expressed by the many visitors in attendance on the exercises.

The operetta entitled "The Fairy Grotto," rendered on the evening of the 17th, under the supervision of Mrs. Mildred Nowell, the highly accomplished music teacher, was gotten up in a manner deserving much praise and credit. All present, who were lovers of attractive and brilliant scenes, and the "concord of sweet sounds" had ample means of gratifying their senses of sight and hearing.

The grotto was realistic to the letter, and the numberless fairies flitting about in gayest colors and glittering tinsel, made it vocal with their glad, sweet songs.

The curtain fell upon a picture of beauty and splendor rarely witnessed.

The music on Wednesday morning was excellent and the time and expression with which each selection was rendered, was indeed another symbol that bespoke the aptness of the pupils, and the artistic teaching of Mrs. Nowell.

The exercises closed Wednesday evening with the French play, "Marguerite: on La Robe Perdue," under the management of Mrs. Nowell, the teacher of French. It was rendered with much spirit and animation, and it was surprising to see what histrionic talent some of the actresses displayed. Certainly, to those present who were not French scholars, "actions" spoke "louder than words;" for the gestures seemed to be almost heard, they spoke so plainly.

The audience seemed highly pleased with the play and many were extravagant in their expressions of praise.

VIRGINIA.

FLANNEL SHIRTS.

One of the handsomest lines ever brought to this city at A. & S. Rosenfeld's, 24 Whitehall street, corner Alabama.

It is good to be rich, but it is a good deal better to be healthy. Smoke Grand Republic Buffos, and give up the deadly paper cigarettes. Sold by all reliable dealers.

FOR RENT,

A large Store House, three stories and basement, on Wall street, Atlanta, Ga. Apply to Thomas L. Bishop, 28 Wall street.
we su

Remnants of Dress Goods at your price at Chamberlin, Johnson & Co.

AT THE COURTHOUSE.

Sixteen Damage Suits Filed in the Clerk's Office Yesterday.

Damage suits seemed to be the order of the day in the clerk's office yesterday.

The suits were sixteen in number, and called for $72,931.50. Of this amount, $26,150 is against the city of Atlanta, and $42,037,50 against railroads.

One little divorce case forced its way into the docket.

Robert Deshill, by his next friend, sues J. B. Hightower and others for $1,000 damages. His petition shows that he was injured by stumbling over a scythe-blade which projected over the sidewalk in front of the store of J. B. Hightower & Co., on Whitehall street.

Henry Woodson enters suit against the city for $2,500 damages. He claims that while crossing a bridge on Markham street he fell through into a branch and struck his head against a sharp rock, inflicting thereby a severe wound. He claims that the city should have kept the bridge in better order.

J. S. Powers brings five suits for damages against the city, four for his children and one for himself. The suits for his children are for $5,000 each and that for himself is for $1,500. He claims that the erection of a large embankment on Foster street, under the direction of the city authorities, caused the children to become sick with the fever and that this disease has impaired the health of each one for life.

He states that the earth used must have contained something noxious in the shape of matter or gas. The suit for himself is on the ground that he is deprived of the services of his children.

Jasper N. Smith asks $1,000 damages from the city, claiming that the city has injured him by tearing down a new rock wall around his lot on the corner of Alexander and Orme streets, and running a sewer across the lot.

C. E. Boynton and others, trustees for a colored Baptist church, located on College street, near Butler, ask $1,150 damages of the city. They claim that the city has thrown up an embankment upon the land owned by the above mentioned church, and has thus closed up all ventilation to the church under construction by covering up the windows with the dirt.

F. T. Foster, of Cincinnati, sues the Piedmont Exposition company for $3,744. He says he was an exhibitor, and that several things were never returned to him, and that he was in other respects damaged.

The railroad suits, six in number and amounting to $42,037, are given in the railroad column.

One little divorce case came in. Alfred Wilburn sues his wife, Lucinda Wilburn, for a divorce, on the grounds that her temper is unbearable, that she has beaten him several times, and that she has committed adultery.

Other Notes.

In Judge R. H. Clark's court, the case of the Southern Granite company came up. Two parties claim a certain portion of granite land, viz.: the Boyd heirs and the Seavy heirs. The management of the Seavy heirs' claims is in the hands of Colonel L. P. Grant, and he leased the land to the Southern Granite company.

The Boyds took possession of it also, and an injunction was asked against them. Judge Clark enjoined them, and ordered the royalty to be paid to Mr. Paul Romare.

Judge Howard Van Epps and family have gone to Athens. Judge Van Epps will return to the city on Saturday, and will hear some motions on Saturday afternoon.

The city court has finished with criminal business until the first Monday in September.

Judge R. H. Clark will hold superior court in DeKalb county next Monday, and will return to the city Monday night.

Return day for superior court will be next Tuesday, the 14th instant. The clerk's office will be kept open until 10 o'clock p. m.

THE NEW CAPITOL.

The Progress of the Work—The Building Will be Ready by the First of Next Year.

Visitors to the new capitol—and there are many who go there every day—are astonished at the progress of the work. It is impossible to understand its scope unless one goes through the buildidg. Yesterday a representative of THE CONSTITUTION made a visit to the new capitol and was shown through it by the superintendent.

The superintendent was asked if he could say whether or not the building would be completed by the first of next January.

"Yes," he replied, "I can say with certainty that the building will be finished, according to contract, and will be turned over to the state by the first day of January, 1889. Everything will be ready then. All the halls, offices and other rooms will be in perfect condition so that they may be occupied by the various department officers of the state. The amount of work yet to be done is not great, and if no accident should occur I see no reason why the building will not be wholly completed by the end of December."

"Will any part of the building be occupied before it is turned over to the state?"

"No," replied the superintendent, "I do not think any part of the building will be occupied before the first of next January. But some of the offices will be ready for occupancy long before that time."

Workmen are now laying the floors and placing the stairways in position. The stairways are made of solid iron, the sides being of Georgia marble. They will be substantial and durable. The large force of plasterers have about finished their work. The work on the dome will be pushed forward and it will be finished in a few weeks. The interior of the building presents an imposing appearance and gives one a much better conception of the extent and character of the structure than can be gained from looking at its exterior. The place is visited by many persons every day. Every person must procure a ticket at the office in order to gain admittance into the building.

Remnants in Table Linens in good lengths will be sold at reduced prices to clear them out. Chamberlin, Johnson & Co.

JUST ARRIVED.

Flannel Overshirts in very handsome designs, in sizes from 14 to 19, at A. & S. Rosenfeld's, 24 Whitehall street, corner Alabama.

For Rent.

One house, ten rooms, with gas, water, electric bells, and all other improvements; one minutes' walk from postoffice. Apply to F. J. Stilson, 55 Whitehall street.

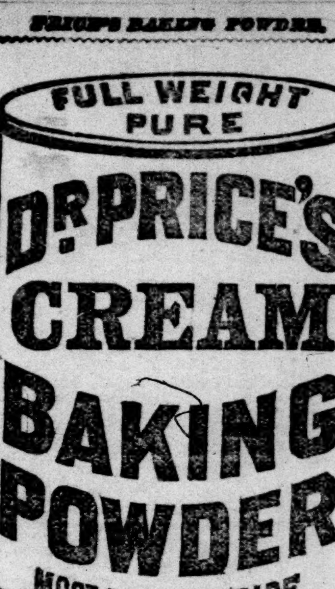
No pleasanter or more home-like place can be found to spend the summer than the Jossey house, Decatur, Ga., five miles from Atlanta, on Georgia railroad. Terms reasonable.

Remnants in Carpets to be closed at once. Chamberlin, Johnson & Co.

H. Y. Snow and Shomo Bros. will have fine car Virginia cabbages to arrive Monday or Tuesday sure. Merchants, leave orders for something fine.

See the new Carpets at Chamberlin, Johnson & Co.

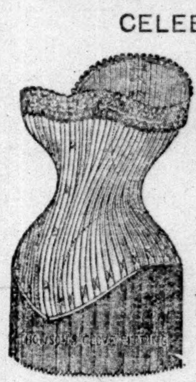
PRICE'S BAKING POWDER.



Its superior excellence is proven in millions homes for more than a quarter of a century. It is used by the United States Government. Endorsed by the heads of the Great Universities as the Strongest, Purest, and most Healthful. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder does not contain Amonia, Lime or Alum. Sold only in Cans.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.,
NEW YORK. CHICAGO. ST. LOUIS
5 or 8p fol and n r m last p

THOMSON'S
CELEBRATED
GLOVE-FITTING
CORSETS



Never have been equal to present make.

MORE POPULAR THAN EVER.

PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED

Three Lengths. Short, Medium and Extra Long. Twelve Grades. Highest Awards Granted.

THE BEST GOODS and CHEAPEST for QUALITY

FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

Thomson, Langdon & Co.
NEW YORK,
Sole Manufacturers.
mar11 th su tu lastpage

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENU

Collector's Office, District of Georgia.

ATLANTA, Ga., August 11, 1888.

ON WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 22, 1888, I WILL sell at Custom House in Atlanta, at 11 o'clock a. m., the following property seized for violation of the United States Internal Revenue Laws, to wit:

One two-horse wagon.
Two mules.
One set harness.
Two copper stills, caps and worms.
46 gallons corn whisky, more or less.

All of the above described property having been duly advertised for thirty days, and no claims filed or bonds given, as required by law, the same will be sold and the net proceeds deposited to the credit of the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States.

THOS. C. CRENSHAW, JR.,
1t Collector.

REGISTRATION NOTICE.

THE BOOKS FOR THE REGISTRATION OF the qualified voters of the city of Atlanta will be opened respectively, for the north and south Atlanta districts at No. 20 North Broad street, and at the county courthouse, on the 24th day of August, 1888 and will close on the 22d day of September, 1888. The registration to be had for the election of governor, state house officers, members of the legislature and constitutional amendments, on the first Wednesday in October, 1888, and for presidential electors and members of congress in November, 1888.

All persons must register in the militia district in which they reside.

JAMES E. WILLIAMS,
Registrar North Atlanta District.
W. H. TURNER,
10t Registrar South Atlanta District.

Every Case Guaranteed

BEWARE OF THE KNIFE,

Ye Poor Sufferers of Rectal Diseases.

But come and investigate the merits of a perfectly painless system of RECTAL TREATMENT as practiced by me, and learn to shun and abhor the antiquated method of the knife, which either kills right out or makes the victims of the cruel system suffer the pangs of the damned while life lasts.

Hundreds of patients have been under my treatment in this city for piles, protruding and bleeding, as well as internal piles, without one moment's loss of time from their business, and with infallible success in every instance.

The same happy results have accompanied my treatment for all other rectal diseases and

FISTULA IN ANO.

This dreaded bugbear yields like a charm to a perfectly painless procedure which has never failed to cure when patiently persevered in, undisturbed by intermeddlers. I extend a cordial invitation to all who may need my services in this specialty, and have the indorsement of many of our best citizens, to some of which I have been known for nearly forty years. Notice my address,

M. L. LITCHTENSTADT, M. D,
Specialist in Rectal Diseases by the Brinkerhoff System, room No. 9, Centennial building.
Correspondence solicited. 8p

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

For Senator.

We are authorized to announce JUDGE W. R. HAMMOND as a candidate for Senator from the Thirty-fifth district, subject to the democratic nomination. tf

I announce myself as a candidate for the Senate from this, the Thirty-fifth district, subject to a democratic primary, if one should be ordered by the executive committee. td FRANK P. RICE.

For Representative.

We are authorized to announce the name of W. H. VENABLE as a candidate for the Legislature from Fulton county, subject to the democratic nomination. tf

JAMES F. O'NEILL is announced as a candidate for the house of representatives from Fulton county bject to a democratic primary if one is held.

MEETINGS.

Stockholders' Meeting Atlanta Glass Co.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Atlanta Glass Company is called to assemble at the office of the Atlanta Constitution, Wednesday, August 15th, 1888, at 11 o'clock a. m. The election of two directors, with other important matters, to be transacted at this meeting makes it imperative that every share be represented in person or by proxy.

ASA G. CANDLER,
aug 5 d 10t Secretary.

The regular monthly meeting of the King's Daughters will be held at the Young Men's Christian association parlors on Monday afternoon, August 13th, at 5 o'clock. A full attendance is requested.

Pay Your City Tax

Now and avoid the great rush in the last few days. You can now be waited on with some ease and satisfaction. Don't wait longer.

E. J. GRIFFIN, C. T. C.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

TURNER—Friends and acquaintances of Mr. and Mrs. William Turner are requested to attend the funeral of the former from Bethel A. M. E. church Sunday morning, August 12th, at 10 o'clock. Burial at Oakland.

DRUGS.

Jacobs' Pharmacy

A Few Words About Prices!

To be able to sell Patent Medicines, Proprietary Articles, Drugs, etc., at prices prohibited by the "Ring," several factors are highly necessary.

In the first place, large stocks must be kept on hand and bought at quantity prices for CASH or short time. To pay in this manner ready money or good credit is essential.

Good credit, or commercial standing, of course, is only given to those who pay promptly, and have discharged all of their debts, and have no encumbrances on stock or property.

The vague promise to meet our prices, so often indulged in by parties without ample stock, cash or credit, is not only indefinite but misleading.

DEMAND PRICES:

Here Are a Few of Ours.

	Jacobs' price.	What you pay.
S. S. S. large	99	$1 75
S. S. S. small	59	1 00
B. B. B	60	1 00
Alcock's Plasters	10	25
Seidleitz Powder, full weight, 12 in a box	35	50
Brewer's Lung Restorer	75	1 00
Insect Powder	15	25
Warner's Safe Cure	83	1 25
Essence Jamaica Ginger, 4 oz	25	50
Tutt's Pills	15	25
Nerve and Bone Liniment	15	25
Mandrake and Buchu	35	50
Brown's Iron Bitters	75	1 00
Hop Bitters	75	1 00
Hall's Hair Renewer	73	1 00
Swan's Down Powder	10	25
Ayer's Hair Vigor	75	1 00
Moxie	40	50
Darby's Fluid	40	50
Lemon Elixir	39	50
Mustang Liniment	19	25
Tarrant's Aperient	85	1 00
Bandoline	10	25
Teethina	19	25
St. Jacob's Oil	40	50
Lubin's Extract	65	75
Beef, Wine and Iron	60	75
Quinine (per grain)	½	1
Scotch Oats Essence	80	1 00
Hood's Sarsaparilla	80	1 00
Pemberton Wine of Coca	75	1 00
Domestic Ammonia, large bottles	25	35
Bay Rum, large size	50	75
Cook's Pills	10	20
Hathorn Water	15	25
Horsey Felt Tooth Brush and handle	50	60
Camphor	30	50
Horsford's Acid Phosphate	39	50
Belladonna Plasters	15	25
Ball's Cough Syrup	19	25
Calder's Dentine	18	25
Benson's Capcine Plasters	17	25
Carter's Little Liver Pills	17	25
Castile Soap "Marseilles" per lb	20	35
Castor Oil, pint	25	35
Chamois Skins	10c to $1 ea.	
Citrate Magnesia (fresh daily)	20	25
Scotts Emulsion Cod Liver Oil	74	1 00
Phillips Emulsion Cod Liver Oil	74	1 00
Moeller's Cod Liver Oil	75	1 00
Cuticura Soap	50c box	75
Cuticura Salve	40	50
Dalley's Salve	19	25
Ely's Cream Balm	38	50
Essence Jamaica Ginger (4 oz.)	25	50
Extract Malt, Hoff's	38	50
Fellow's Compound Syrup	1 18	1 50
Florida Water	25 and 65	35 and 75
Parker's Hair Balsam	39	50
Parker's Tonic	39	50
Imperial Granum	63	75
Millen's Food	39 and 63	50 and 75
Nestles' Food	39	50
Lubius Powder	15	25
Winslow's Syrup	19	25
Pears' Soap	50c box	75
Ayer's, Brandeth's, Carter's, Jayne's, Pillias, Bile Beans, Radway's, Warner's and Wright's Pills	17	25
Seven Barks	39	50
Shaker's Extract	48	60
Soda Mint Tablets	19	25
Sponges, all kinds		
Vaseline (4 oz)	10	25
Ext Witch Hazel (½ pints)	25	50
Bromidia	85	1 00
Brushes, Hair, Tooth, Nail, Shaving, Flesh, Blacking at low prices		
Copaiba Capsules	15	25
Black Crook, guaranteed		
Combs, all kinds, all shapes, all prices.		
Davidson's Goods, Syringes, Atmozer's Nipples, etc., at cut rates		
Humphrey's Specifics	19, 38 and 77	25, 50 and $1
Jacobs's Pile Cure, the very best, guaranteed	25	
Oriental Tooth Paste	48	60
Sal Muscatelle	74	1 00
Juniper Tar	18	25
August Flower	63	75
Godfreys Cordial Paregoric, Turpentine Sweet Oil, Spt Nitre, Batesman Drops Castor Oil, Harlem Oil	5	10
Hunyadi Water	28	35
Hamlins Wizard Oil	38	50
Henrys Carbolic Salve	18	25
Kidney Wort, dry and liquid	88	1 00
Hogans Magnolia Balm	50	75
Lactopeptine	83	1 00
Mustard Plasters, package	15	25
Ponds Extract	39	50
Pain Killer	18, 39 and 79	25, 50, 1 00
Pierce's Favorite Prescription	78	1 00
Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery	78	1 00
Packer's Tar Soap	18	25
Quinine Pills, 2 gr. per doz	12	25
" " 3 " " "	18	35
" " 5 " " "	30	50
Epsom Salt, package	5	10
Sages Catarrh Cure	38	50
Sozodont	63	75
Saunders Face Powder	34	50
Radway's Ready Relief	39	50
Simmons's Liver Regulator, liquid and dry	79	1 00
Toilet Paper	10	15
" "	15	25
Sponges, full assortment		
Syringes, full assortment		
Omega Syringes	1 00	1 25
Atomizers 25c to 1 59		
Borax in pkgs	10	25
" "	25	50
Brown's Bronchial Troches	18	25
Boschee's German Syrup	63	75
Bromo's Choralum	39	50
Crude Carbolic Acid, per gal	25	
Copperas	3	5 to 10
P. & W. Cream Tartar	50	65
Prepared Chalk, pkgs	10	20
Carbolic Soap	10	25
Clark Johnson's Syrup	39	50
Cod Liver Oil, Norwegian, (pints)	59	1 00
Cologne, fragrant in name and quality 1 25 pint, guaranteed the finest in market or money refunded.		
Extract Peppermint, Lemon, Vanilla, Bitter Almond, Cinnamon, Strawberry, Raspberry, Celery, etc., etc.	15	25

ALL GOODS IN PROPORTION

Exact change given. Medicine tumblers free to customers.

NOTE.—In enumerating the articles comprised in this list we give space to only a few of the many Patent Medicines, Toilet Articles, Drugs, Infant foods and dietetic preparations for the sick that comprise our stock, all of which are reduced in price, that will enable you to make a big saving by purchasing at

J COBS.